

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 21-Jan-2009

Revision Date 04-Oct-2023

Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	<u>1-Butanol</u>
Cat No. :	393750000; 393750010; 393750025
Synonyms	n-Butanol; n-Butyl alcohol, Butan-1-ol
Index No	603-004-00-6
CAS No	71-36-3
EC No	200-751-6
Molecular Formula	C4 H10 O
REACH registration number	01-2119484630-38
1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals
Uses advised against	No Information available
.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	e safety data sheet
• •	
Company	
	EU entity/business name
	Thermo Fisher Scientific
	Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium
	UK entity/business name
	Fisher Scientific UK
	Pichon Mondow Bond

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland: Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: **145 (24hr)** Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad) Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

1-Butanol

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



- Hazard Statements H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
 - H302 Harmful if swallowed
 - H315 Causes skin irritation

 - H318 Causes serious eye damage
 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation
 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Category 3 (H226)

Category 4 (H302) Category 2 (H315) Category 1 (H318) Category 3 (H335) (H336)

1-Butanol

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
1-Butanol	71-36-3	EEC No. 200-751-6	99	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336)

REACH registration number	01-2119484630-38

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and e	ffects, both acute and delayed
	Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

1-Butanol

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)	Class 3		
Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances	Storage class - SC 3 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte		
	https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits		

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE -** 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
1-Butanol		50ppm STEL; 154mg/m ³	STEL / VLCT: 50 ppm.	50ppm VLE; 154mg/m ³	STEL / VLA-EC: 50 ppm
		STEL	STEL / VLCT: 150	VLE	(15 minutos).
			mg/m³.		STEL / VLA-EC: 154
			-		mg/m ³ (15 minutos).
					TWA / VLA-ED: 20 ppm
					(8 horas)
					TWA / VLA-ED: 61
					mg/m ³ (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
1-Butanol		100ppm TWA; 310mg/m³ TWA	TWA: 20 ppm 8 horas	15ppm STEL; 45mg/m ³ STEL	TWA: 50 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 tunteina STEL: 75 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 230 mg/m ³ 15 minuutteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
1-Butanol	MAK-KZGW: 200 ppm	Ceiling: 50 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15	STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15	Hud
	15 Minuten	Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³	Minuten	minutach	Ceiling: 25 ppm
	MAK-KZGW: 600 mg/m ³	Hud	STEL: 310 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8	Ceiling: 75 mg/m ³
	15 Minuten		Minuten	godzinach	
	MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8		TWA: 100 ppm 8	_	
	Stunden		Stunden		
	MAK-TMW: 150 mg/m ³		TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8		
	8 Stunden		Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
1-Butanol	TWA: 100 mg/m ³	kože	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr.		TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8
	STEL : 150 mg/m ³	STEL-KGVI: 50 ppm 15	STEL: 60 ppm 15 min		hodinách.
	_	minutama.	Skin		Potential for cutaneous
		STEL-KGVI: 154 mg/m ³			absorption
		15 minutama.			Ceiling: 600 mg/m ³

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
1-Butanol	Nahk TWA: 15 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 45 mg/m ³ 8 tundides. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 90 mg/m ³ 15 minutites.		skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m ³ TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 300 mg/m ³	STEL: 90 mg/m ³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 45 mg/m ³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	STEL: 50 ppm STEL: 150 mg/m ³ Skin notation
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania

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1-Butanol

1-Butanol TWA: 10 mg/m³ Ceiling: 30 ppm Ceiling: 90 mg/m³ TWA: 15 ppm IPRD TWA: 45 mg/m³ IPRD Oda TWA: 33 ppm 8 of TWA: 33 ppm 8 of TWA: 30 mg/m³ TWA: 40 mg/m³ STEL: 66 ppm 1 minute STEL: 200 mg/m³	3 ore 3 8 ore 1 15 m ³ 15
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Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
1-Butanol	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 0418	Ceiling: 310 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 30 ppm	
	MAC: 30 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	
	_	TWA: 310 mg/m ³	STEL: 100 ppm 15	Binding STEL: 90	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 310 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 15 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 45 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	
1				Hud	

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
1-Butanol					1-Butanol (after
					hydrolysis): 10 mg/g
					Creatinine urine (end of
					shift)
					1-Butanol (after
					hydrolysis): 2 mg/g
					Creatinine urine (before
					beginning of next shift)

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
1-Butanol			n-Butyl alcohol: 2 mg/g		
			creatinine urine after all		
			work shifts for long-term		
			exposure		
			n-Butyl alcohol: 10 mg/g		
			creatinine urine end of		
			exposure or work shift		

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
1-Butanol			DNEL = 310mg/m ³	
71-36-3 (99)				

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

1-Butanol

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	Soil (Agriculture)
1-Butanol	PNEC = 0.082mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 2.25mg/L	PNEC = 2476mg/L	PNEC =
71-36-3(99)	-	0.324mg/kg	-	-	0.0166mg/kg soil
		sediment dw			dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
1-Butanol	PNEC =	PNEC =			
71-36-3 (99)	0.0082mg/L	0.0324mg/kg			
	-	sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard	I - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protectiv	ve gloves		
Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm	Level 6	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm		
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm		
Ohin and hade we testing the lange slowed slothing				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Colorless	
Odor	Alcohol-like	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	-89 °C / -128.2 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	117.6 °C / 243.7 °F	
Flammability (liquid)	Flammable	On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1.4 Vol%	
-	Upper 11.2 Vol%	
Flash Point	35 °C / 95 °F	Method - CC (closed cup)
Autoignition Temperature	340 °C / 644 °F	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Viscosity	2.95 mPa.s (20 °C)	
Water Solubility	80 g/L (20°C)	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/w	ater)	
Component	log Pow	
1-Butanol	1	
Vapor Pressure	6.7 mbar @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	0.810	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	2.6	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Explosive Properties Evaporation Rate Refractive index C4 H10 O 74.12 explosive air/vapour mixtures possible 0.46 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0) 1.390 - 1.400

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reaction	ons
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing Agent. Acid chlorides. copper. Copper alloys. Acid anhydrides.

1-Butanol

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute	toxicity;
Oral	
Derm	al

Inhalation

Category 4 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1-Butanol	LD50 = 700 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3402 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 8000 ppm (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 2
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(f) carcinogenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
(g) reproductive toxicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Target Organs	None known.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
1-Butanol	LC50: 1376 mg/L, 96h	EC50: 1328 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia	EC50: 225 mg/L, 96h
	(Pimephales promelas) OECD	magna) OECD Guideline 202	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
	Guideline 203 : 100000 -	EC50: 1897 - 2072 mg/L, 48h	OECD Guideline 201
	500000 μg/L, 96h static (Lepomis	Static (Daphnia magna)	EC50: > 500 mg/L, 72h
	macrochirus)	EC50: = 1983 mg/L, 48h	(Desmodesmus subspicatus)
	LC50: = 1740 mg/L, 96h	(Daphnia magna)	EC50: > 500 mg/L, 96h
	flow-through (Pimephales		(Desmodesmus subspicatus)
	promelas)		
	LC50: = 1910000 µg/L, 96h static		
	(Pimephales promelas)		
	LC50: 1730 - 1910 mg/L, 96h		
	static (Pimephales promelas)		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
1-Butanol	EC50 = 2041.4 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 3980 mg/L 24 h	
	EC50 = 4400 mg/L 17 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	Degradability
1-Butanol	70 %
71-36-3 (99)	

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
1-Butanol	1	0.64 dimensionless			
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product is water soluble, and may spread environment due to its water solubility. Highly	d in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the y mobile in soils			
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	Substance is not considered persistent, bioac and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).	ccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent			
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or s	suspected endocrine disruptors			
12.7. Other adverse effects	- 1				

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives
Products	on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

ACR39375

Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.
Switzerland - Waste Ordinance	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance, ADWO) SR 814.600 https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

1-Butanol

14.1. UN number	UN1120
14.2. UN proper shipping name	BUTANOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	III

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN1120
14.2. UN proper shipping name	BUTANOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	III

<u>IATA</u>

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1120 BUTANOLS 3 III
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1-Butanol	71-36-3	200-751-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-03867	Х	Х

1-Butanol

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1-Butanol	71-36-3	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1-Butanol	71-36-3	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
-		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
1-Butanol	71-36-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
1-Butanol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
1-Butanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the	Switzerland - Ordinance on	Switzerland - Ordinance of the

1-Butanol

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	Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
1-Butanol 71-36-3(99)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	 TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic 	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
 ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals 	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	21-Jan-2009	
Revision Date	04-Oct-2023	
Revision Summary	Not applicable	

1-Butanol

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet