

ALFAAA14003

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 1,4-二氮双环[2.2.2]辛烷, 98%
Product Description: 1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

Cat No. : A14003
Synonyms Triethylenediamine; TED; BACO; Dabco[®]4
CAS No 280-57-9
Molecular Formula C6 H12 N2

Supplier Alfa Aesar
Avocado Research Chemicals, Ltd.
Shore Road
Port of Heysham Industrial Park
Heysham, Lancashire LA3 2XY
United Kingdom
Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506
Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number Call Carechem 24 at
+44 (0) 1865 407333 (English only);
+44 (0) 1235 239670 (Multi-language)

E-mail address uktech@alfa.com
www.alfa.com
Product Safety Department

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State
Solid

Appearance
White

Odor
Ammonia-like

Emergency Overview

Flammable solid. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Hygroscopic. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable solids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 5
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1

Label Elements

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H228 - Flammable solid
 H302 - Harmful if swallowed
 H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin
 H315 - Causes skin irritation
 H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
 P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
 P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
 P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 P330 - Rinse mouth
 P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction
 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Combustible material. Hygroscopic. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air.

Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Other Hazards

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	280-57-9	>95

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

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Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Combustible material.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures

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against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Storage

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters**Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

Exposure Controls**Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene				
PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

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Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	White	
Physical State	Solid	
Odor	Ammonia-like	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	10.8	10g/l aq.sol
Melting Point/Range	155 - 160 °C / 311 - 320 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	174 °C / 345.2 °F	@ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	62 °C / 143.6 °F	Method - No information available
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable	Solid
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available	
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	2.9 mmHg @ 50 °C	
Vapor Density	Not applicable	Solid
Specific Gravity / Density	1.140	
Bulk Density	No data available	
Water Solubility	46 g/100ml (26°C)	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Autoignition Temperature	350 °C / 662 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	Not applicable	Solid
Explosive Properties		explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula	C6 H12 N2	
Molecular Weight	112.17	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Hygroscopic.
Hazardous Reactions	No information available.
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides. Acids. sodium hypochlorite. copper. Aldehydes.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Ammonia. nitric acid.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	700 mg/kg (Rat)	>2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	>20 mg/L/1h (Rat)
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- (b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2
- (c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1
- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
 Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- (e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 Not mutagenic in AMES Test
- (f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
- (g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- (h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- (i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 Target Organs None known.
- (j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable
 Solid
- Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
- Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects This product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	LC50: 1510 - 1980 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)			

Persistence and Degradability Not readily biodegradable
 Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane		<13 dimensionless

Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

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Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name 1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane
Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name 1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane
Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1325
Proper Shipping Name Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name 1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane
Hazard Class 4.1
Packing Group II

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	-	-	X	X	205-999-9	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-09862

1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date 12-Feb-2015
Revision Date 14-Jan-2021
Revision Summary Not applicable.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet