

ALFAAA14917

tert-Butyl bromoacetate

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 产品说明: Product Description: | 溴乙酸叔丁酯 tert-Butyl bromoacetate |
| Cat No. : | A14917 |
| Synonyms | Acetate, bromo-, T-butyl; Acetic acid, bromo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester |
| CAS No | 5292-43-3 |
| Molecular Formula | C6 H11 Br O2 |
| Supplier | Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608 |
| Emergency Telephone Number | For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe : +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe :001-703-527-3887 |
| E-mail address | begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com |
| Recommended Use | Laboratory chemicals. |
| Uses advised against | No Information available |

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

| Physical State | Appearance | Odor |
|---|------------|---------|
| Liquid | Yellow | pungent |
| Emergency Overview | | |
| Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears). | | |

Classification of the substance or mixture

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Flammable liquids. | Category 3 |
| Acute Oral Toxicity | Category 4 |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | Category 1 B |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation | Category 1 |

Label Elements



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Signal Word**Danger****Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
 H302 - Harmful if swallowed
 H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
 P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
 P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
 P242 - Use non-sparking tools
 P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges
 P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
 P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
 P330 - Rinse mouth
 P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
 P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Flammable liquid.

Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS No | Weight % |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Acetic acid, bromo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester | 5292-43-3 | <=100 |

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

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Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters**Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls**Engineering Measures**

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Natural rubber | See manufacturers recommendations | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| Nitrile rubber | | | | |
| Neoprene | | | | |
| PVC | | | | |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

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are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Appearance | Yellow | |
| Physical State | Liquid | |
| Odor | pungent | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available | |
| pH | No information available | |
| Melting Point/Range | No data available | |
| Softening Point | No data available | |
| Boiling Point/Range | 50 °C / 122 °F | @ 10 mmHg |
| Flash Point | 49 °C / 120.2 °F | Method - No information available |
| Evaporation Rate | No data available | |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | No data available | |
| Vapor Pressure | No information available | |
| Vapor Density | 6.73 | (Air = 1.0) |
| Specific Gravity / Density | 1.338 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Water Solubility | immiscible | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) | | |
| Autoignition Temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data available | |
| Viscosity | No data available | |
| Explosive Properties | | explosive air/vapour mixtures possible |
| Oxidizing Properties | No information available | |
| Molecular Formula | C6 H11 Br O2 | |
| Molecular Weight | 195.06 | |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Stability | Stable under normal conditions. |
| Hazardous Reactions | None under normal processing. |
| Hazardous Polymerization | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products. |
| Materials to avoid | Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. |

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrogen halides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|--|--|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Acetic acid, bromo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester | LD50 = 300-500 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 423 | LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B**(c) serious eye damage/irritation;** Category 1**(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;**

| | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| Respiratory | No data available |
| Skin | No data available |

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available**(f) carcinogenicity;** No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available**(h) STOT-single exposure;** No data available**(i) STOT-repeated exposure;** No data available**Target Organs** None known.**(j) aspiration hazard;** No data available**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains.**Persistence and Degradability**
Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air.

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

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Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN2920
Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name tert-Butyl bromoacetate
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2920
Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name tert-Butyl bromoacetate
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN2920
Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name tert-Butyl bromoacetate
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

X = listed, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), New Zealand (NZIoC), Japan (ISHL).

| Component | The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015) | List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012 | TCSI | IECSC | EINECS | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | AICS | KECL |
|-----------|---|---|------|-------|--------|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---|---|---|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|
| | Edition) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acetic acid, bromo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester | X | - | X | - | 226-133-6 | X | - | X | - | X | - | KE-03612 |

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date 29-Apr-2024
Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

SAFETY DATA SHEET
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End of Safety Data Sheet