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ALFAA13666

# Cobalt(II) chloride, ultra dry

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	氯化钴(II)
Product Description:	Cobalt(II) chloride, ultra dry
Cat No. :	<b>13666</b>
Synonyms	Cobalt dichloride; Cobaltous dichloride.
CAS No	7646-79-9
Molecular Formula	Cl2 Co
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US</b> :001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US</b> :001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State	Appearance	<b>Odor</b>
Solid	Blue	Slight
ausing genetic defects. May damage fer	<b>Emergency Overview</b> cause allergy or asthma symptoms or brea tility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aqua damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause can	

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists	Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Respiratory Sensitization	Category 1
Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

#### Label Elements

Cobalt(II) chloride, ultra dry



**Signal Word** 

Danger

## Hazard Statements

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H350i May cause cancer by inhalation
- H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P280 Wear protective gloves
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
- P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

#### Response

- P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
- do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

- P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
- Disposal
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

# **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

# Hygroscopic.

#### **Health Hazards**

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes eye burns. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer by inhalation.

#### Environmental hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

#### Other Hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS	
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Component	CAS No	Weight %

Cobalt(II) chloride, ultra dry

Cobalt(II) chloride

7646-79-9

>95

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

None reasonably foreseeable. Causes severe eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

# Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

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Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid dust formation. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

#### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Cobalt(II) chloride	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³			Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (As Co) STEL: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (As Co)	

#### <u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

#### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

#### **Exposure Controls**

#### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard	I - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protectiv	re gloves		
Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)

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PVC	
Inspect gloves before use.	

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

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Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

# SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Physical State	Blue Solid	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point	Slight No data available 4.9 @ 20°C 735 °C / 1355 °F No data available	50 g/l aq.sol
Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	1049 °C / 1920.2 °F No information available Not applicable No information available No data available	@ 760 mmHg Method - No information available Solid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents	40 mmHg @ 770 °C Not applicable No data available No data available Soluble No information available	Solid
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/war Component Cobalt(II) chloride Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity	ter) log Pow 0.85 No data available No data available Not applicable	Solid
Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No information available No information available	Cond

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Molecular Formula	Cl2 Co
Molecular Weight	129.84

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Hygroscopic.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Avoid dust formation. Exposure to moist air or water.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Product Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Cobalt(II) chloride	586 mg/kg ( Rat )		
b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available		
c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1		
d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	Category 1 Category 1		
	May cause sensitization by skin	contact	
e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Category 2		
	Mutagenic effects have occurre	d in experimental animals	
f) carcinogenicity;	Category 1B		
	The table below indicates wheth	ner each agency has listed ar	ny ingredient as a carcinoge

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Cobalt(II) chloride	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; Reproductive Effects	Category 1B May impair fertility.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	No information available.

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(j) aspiration hazard;

Not applicable Solid

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling delayed of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

# SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Cobalt(II) chloride	Cyprinus carpio:	1.1-1.6 mg/L 48h		
	LC50=0.33 mg/L 96h			

# Persistence and Degradability So Persistence So Degradability No Degradation in sewage Co treatment plant Wo

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. Not relevant for inorganic substances. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Cobalt(II) chloride	0.85	No data available

Mobility in soil	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils
Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
	in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN3077
Proper Shipping Name	Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Cobalt (II) chloride
Hazard Class	9
Packing Group	III

## Cobalt(II) chloride, ultra dry

## IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN3077
Proper Shipping Name	Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Cobalt (II) chloride
Hazard Class	9
Packing Group	III
IATA	
UN-No	UN3077
Proper Shipping Name	Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Cobalt (II) chloride
Hazard Class	9
Packing Group	III
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB										
Cobalt(II) chloride	X	-	X	Х	231-589-4	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-06095

#### **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	10-Mar-2010
Revision Date	23-Apr-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

#### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
	Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

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#### **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor

#### Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

- TWA Time Weighted Average
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water **vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code **MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet