

ALFAA18595

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| | |
|---|--|
| 产品说明: Product Description: | 二正丁基二乙酸锡 Di-n-butyltin diacetate |
| Cat No. : | 18595 |
| Synonyms | Dibutylstannium diacetate; Di-n-butyltin diacetate. |
| CAS No | 1067-33-0 |
| Molecular Formula | C ₁₂ H ₂₄ O ₄ Sn |
| Supplier | Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608 |
| Emergency Telephone Number | For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe : +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe :001-703-527-3887 |
| E-mail address | begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com |
| Recommended Use | Laboratory chemicals. |
| Uses advised against | No Information available |

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

| | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Physical State Liquid | Appearance Yellow | Odor vinegar-like |
| Emergency Overview Fatal if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Sensitivity to light. Moisture sensitive. | | |

Classification of the substance or mixture

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Acute Oral Toxicity | Category 2 |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | Category 1 B |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation | Category 1 |
| Skin Sensitization | Category 1B |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity | Category 2 |
| Reproductive Toxicity | Category 1B |
| Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) | Category 1 |
| Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) | Category 1 |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 1 |

Label Elements

**Signal Word****Danger****Hazard Statements**

H300 - Fatal if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
H370 - Causes damage to organs
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P330 - Rinse mouth
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

None identified.

Health Hazards

Very toxic if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. The product is insoluble and sinks in water. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Other Hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS No | Weight % |
|-----------|--------|----------|
|-----------|--------|----------|

| | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----|
| Dibutyltin diacetate | 1067-33-0 | 100 |
|----------------------|-----------|-----|

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling**

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from direct sunlight. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Control Parameters**

| Component | China | Taiwan | Thailand | Hong Kong |
|----------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Dibutyltin diacetate | - | TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ | | STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ |

| Component | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH | The United Kingdom | European Union |
|----------------------|---|--|--|---|----------------|
| Dibutyltin diacetate | TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ Skin | (Vacated) TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ Skin | IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ | STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin | |

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

Exposure Controls**Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment**Eye Protection**

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection

Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Nitrile rubber Viton (R) | See manufacturers recommendations | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection

No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use

Maintain adequate ventilation

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Appearance | Yellow | |
| Physical State | Liquid | |
| Odor | vinegar-like | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available | |
| pH | Not applicable | |
| Melting Point/Range | 7 - 10 °C / 44.6 - 50 °F | |
| Softening Point | No data available | |
| Boiling Point/Range | 139 °C / 282.2 °F | @ 5 mmHg |
| Flash Point | 143 °C / 289.4 °F | Method - No information available |
| Evaporation Rate | No data available | |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | Lower 2 | |
| Vapor Pressure | <0.1 hPa @ 20 °C | |
| Vapor Density | 12.10 | (Air = 1.0) |
| Specific Gravity / Density | 1.310 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Water Solubility | Insoluble | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) | | |
| Component | log Pow | |
| Dibutyltin diacetate | 3.39 | |
| Autoignition Temperature | 479 °C / 894.2 °F | |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data available | |
| Viscosity | <40 mPa.s at 20 °C | |
| Explosive Properties | No information available | |
| Oxidizing Properties | No information available | |

Molecular Formula C12 H24 O4 Sn
Molecular Weight 351.02

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions. Light sensitive. Moisture sensitive.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Metal oxides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Product Information****(a) acute toxicity;**

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Dibutyltin diacetate | LD50 = 32 mg/kg (Rat) | | |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;**Respiratory**

No data available

Skin

Sub-category 1B

May cause sensitization by skin contact

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 1

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

Target Organs

No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Persistence and Degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary
Persistence May persist, based on information available.
Degradation in sewage treatment plant Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|----------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Dibutyltin diacetate | 3.39 | No data available |

Mobility in soil Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and sinks in water The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Should not be released into the environment.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN2922
Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name Dibutyltin diacetate
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2922
Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name Dibutyltin diacetate
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN2922
Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name Dibutyltin diacetate
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group II

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

China, X = listed, Australia, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), New Zealand (NZIoC), Japan (ISHL).

| Component | The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition) | List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012 | TCSI | IECSC | EINECS | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | AICS | KECL |
|----------------------|---|---|------|-------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|----------|
| Dibutyltin diacetate | - | - | X | X | 213-928-8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | KE-10000 |

National Regulations**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date 26-Apr-2024
Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Chemical incident response training.

Legend

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic**TWA** - Time Weighted Average**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer**PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate**VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)**Key literature references and sources for data**<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet