

ALFAA31113

Pentacarbonyliron

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: Product Description:	五羰基铁 Pentacarbonyliron
Cat No. :	31113
Synonyms	Pentacarbonyl iron
CAS No	13463-40-6
Molecular Formula	C5 Fe O5
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe : +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe :001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State Liquid	Appearance Brown	Odor No information available
Emergency Overview Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Fatal if inhaled. Causes damage to organs. Fatal if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 2
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 2
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1

Label Elements

**Signal Word****Danger****Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H300 + H310 + H330 - Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable.

Health Hazards

Fatal if inhaled. Causes damage to organs. Very toxic if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. . Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. The product is insoluble and sinks in water. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Other Hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	13463-40-6	>95

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**General Advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Remove all sources of ignition.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Extremely flammable.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	TWA: 0.25 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 0.23 mg/m ³		-

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.2 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 0.1 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 0.8 mg/m ³ (Vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m ³ (Vacated) STEL: 0.2 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 1.6 mg/m ³	IDLH: 0.4 ppm TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 0.23 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.2 ppm STEL: 0.45 mg/m ³	STEL: 0.03 ppm 15 min STEL: 0.24 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hr TWA: 0.08 mg/m ³ 8 hr	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls**Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Pentacarbonyliron

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Nitrile rubber	recommendations			
Neoprene				
PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Inorganic gases and vapours filter Type B Grey conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Brown	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	No information available	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	-20 °C / -4 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	103 °C / 217.4 °F	@ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	-15 °C / 5 °F	Method - No information available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	35 hPa (20°C)	
Vapor Density	6.74 (Air = 1.0)	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	1.490	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Insoluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		

Pentacarbonyliron

Component	log Pow	
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	3	
Autoignition Temperature	49 - °C / 120.2 - °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Properties		Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula	C5 Fe O5	
Molecular Weight	195.9	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Halogens. Amines.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	LD50 = 40 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 56 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 0.32 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory	No data available
Skin	No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

Pentacarbonyliron

Target Organs

Respiratory system, Blood, Liver, Gastrointestinal tract (GI), Central nervous system (CNS), Eyes, Kidney, Skin.

(j) aspiration hazard;

No data available

Other Adverse Effects

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Iron, pentacarbonyl-		EC50: = 130 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: = 150 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 30 min

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence
Degradability

Persistence is unlikely.
Not relevant for inorganic substances.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	3	No data available

Mobility in soil

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and sinks in water The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility

Endocrine Disruptor Information
Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No

UN1994

SAFETY DATA SHEET**Pentacarbonyliron**

Proper Shipping Name IRON PENTACARBONYL
Hazard Class 6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group I

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1994
Proper Shipping Name IRON PENTACARBONYL
Hazard Class 6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group I

IATA

FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

UN-No UN1994
Proper Shipping Name IRON PENTACARBONYL FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
Hazard Class 6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group I

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Iron, pentacarbonyl-	X	X	X	-	236-670-8	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-27863

National Regulations**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date 25-Jan-2011
Revision Date 16-May-2024
Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

Pentacarbonyliron

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic**TWA** - Time Weighted Average**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer**PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate**VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)**Key literature references and sources for data**<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet