# Thermo Fisher

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/8
Revision Date 25-Apr-2024
Version 3

ALFAA36516

## 1,4-Dioxane-d8

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 1,4-二噁烷-d8, 99% (同位素)

Product Description: 1,4-Dioxane-d8

Cat No.: 36516

**Synonyms** Diethylene dioxide; Diethylene ether; p-Dioxane

CAS No 17647-74-4 Molecular Formula C4 D8 O2

**Supplier** Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidColorlessPetroleum distillates

## **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

May form explosive peroxides. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Hydroscopic.

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3

#### **Label Elements**



Page 2/8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

#### Signal Word

#### **Danger**

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

## **Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

#### **Health Hazards**

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %		
1,4-Dioxane-[2lh8]	17647-74-4	100		

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

## **General Advice**

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

## **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Page 3/8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

None reasonably foreseeable. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water may be ineffective.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Storage**

Keep in a dry place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep under nitrogen. Purge open drums with

Page 4/8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

nitrogen before resealing. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

#### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

#### **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.  To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.  Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141  When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Page 5 / 8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

\_\_\_\_\_

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Colorless Physical State Liquid

Odor Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold No data available

pH No information available 4444

Melting Point/Range12 °C / 53.6 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range100 °C / 212 °FFlash Point12 °C / 53.6 °F

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate

No data available

Flammability (solid,gas)

Not applicable

Liquid

Explosion Limits

No data available

Vapor Pressure 29 mmHg @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 3 (Air = 1.0) (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.120

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility No information available Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

180 °C / 356 °F

No data available

No data available

**Explosive Properties** 

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC4 D8 O2Molecular Weight96.17

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability** May form explosive peroxides. Stable under normal conditions. Hygroscopic.

**Hazardous Reactions**None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Excess heat. Exposure to air. Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist

air or water. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Materials to avoid Halogens. oxygen. Reducing Agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Product Information**No acute toxicity information is available for this product

(a) acute toxicity;

Page 6/8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Category 2 (f) carcinogenicity;

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

**Target Organs** None known.

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or that are not

degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Persistence and Degradability No information available

No information available **Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Mobility in soil No information available

**Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

Page 7/8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN1165
Proper Shipping Name DIOXANE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

## IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1165
Proper Shipping Name DIOXANE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

## <u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1165
Proper Shipping Name DIOXANE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

X = listed, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS).

	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	, – ,	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
1,4-Dioxane-[2lh8]	-	-	X	-	241-628-7	-	-	-	-		-	-

#### **National Regulations**

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

**Training Advice** 

Page 8/8 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024

1,4-Dioxane-d8

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

## Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative. Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

## **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**