Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/9 Creation Date 04-Jun-2010 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024 Version 4

ALFAA36636

2-Chloroethanol

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 2-氯乙醇

Product Description: 2-Chloroethanol

Cat No.: 36636

Synonyms Ethylene chlorohydrin

CAS No 107-07-3 Molecular Formula C2 H5 Cl O

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidClearPetroleum distillates

Emergency Overview

Flammable liquid and vapor. Fatal if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 2
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 1
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 1

Label Elements



Page 2/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H300 + H310 + H330 - Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

Health Hazards

Very toxic if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Ethylene chlorohydrin	107-07-3	>95

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Page 3/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Very toxic. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Page 4/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Ethylene chlorohydrin	Skin	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	-
	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	TWA: 3.3 mg/m ³		

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Ethylene chlorohydrin	Ceiling: 1 ppm	Skin	IDLH: 7 ppm	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min	
	Skin	(Vacated) Ceiling: 1	Ceiling: 1 ppm	STEL: 3.4 mg/m ³ 15	
		ppm	Ceiling: 3 mg/m ³	min	
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 3		Skin	
		mg/m³			
		TWA: 5 ppm			
		TWA: 16 mg/m ³			

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Natural rubber See ma	hrough time Glove thickness anufacturers - mendations	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
-----------------------	---	------------------------------	---

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

Page 5/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear Physical State Liquid

Odor Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 6-7 500 g/l aq.sol

Melting Point/Range -63 °C / -81.4 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 129 - 130 °C / 264.2 - 266 °F

Flash Point 55 °C / 131 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower 5 Vol%
Upper 16 Vol%
Vapor Pressure

6.6 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.78 (Air = 1.0) (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.200

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowEthylene chlorohydrin1.06

Autoignition Temperature

425 °C / 797 °F

Decomposition Temperature

No data available

Viscosity 3.4 mPa s at 20 °C

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular Formula C2 H5 Cl O Molecular Weight 80.51

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Moisture sensitive.

Page 6/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

Hazardous Reactions No information available.
Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Bases. Metals. Strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	Component LD50 Oral		LC50 Inhalation			
Ethylene chlorohydrin	LD50 = 71 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 67 mg/kg (Rabbit)	0.11 mg/L/4h (37 ppm) (Rat)			

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
No data available
No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effectsThis product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	shwater Fish Water Flea		Microtox	
Ethylene chlorohydrin	LC50: 30.8 - 41.2 mg/L,	EC50: 212 mg/L/48h	EC50: 72 2 mg/L/72h	EC50 = 390.8 mg/L 15	

Page 7/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

	96h flow-through		min
	Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50 = 9000 mg/L 9 h
	LC50: 49 - 84 mg/L,		EC50 = 9600 mg/L 17 h
	96h static (Pimephales		-
	promelas)		
L	C50: 26.4 - 34.5 mg/L,		
	96h flow-through		
	(Oryzias latipes)		
L	C50: 19.2 - 24.1 mg/L,		
	96h flow-through		
	Lepomis macrochirus)		
	LC50: 35 - 40 mg/L,		
	96h flow-through		
	Pimephales promelas)		
]	, ,		

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Expected to be biodegradable

Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethylene chlorohydrin	1.06	No data available

Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN1135

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3

Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1135

Page 8/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group 1

IATA FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

UN-No UN1135

Proper Shipping Name ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN, FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Inventory of Hazardous											
	Chemicals	12268 -										
	(2015 Edition)	2012										
Ethylene chlorohydrin	Х	Х	Х	Х	203-459-7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-05650

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

 Creation Date
 04-Jun-2010

 Revision Date
 26-Apr-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ALFAA36636

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 9/9 Revision Date 26-Apr-2024

2-Chloroethanol

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet