

SCIENTIFIC

ALFAA38607

Manganese(II) 2-ethylhexanoate, 40% w/w in mineral spirits

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	2-乙基己酸锰(II)溶液
Product Description:	Manganese(II) 2-ethylhexanoate, 40% w/w in mineral spirits
Cat No. :	38607
Molecular Formula	C16 H30 MN O4
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US: 001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US: 001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State Liquid	Appearance Brown	Odor Petroleum distillates		
Emergency Overview				
May cause genetic defects. May cause can	cer. Causes damage to organs through	n prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to		
aquatic life with long lasting effects. Flammable	e liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swall may cause skin dryness or cracking.	owed and enters airways. Repeated exposure		

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

Label Elements

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Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H340 May cause genetic defects
- H350 May cause cancer
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P233 Keep container tightly closed
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

Health Hazards

May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

Environmental hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. The product is insoluble and floats on water.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	60.00
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, manganese(2+) salt	13434-24-7	40.00

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Powder. Water spray. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

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Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Stoddard solvent	-	TWA: 100 ppm		TWA: 100 ppm
		TWA: 525 mg/m ³		TWA: 525 mg/m ³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Stoddard solvent	TWA: 100 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 525 mg/m ³ TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2900 mg/m ³	IDLH: 20000 mg/m ³ TWA: 350 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³	-	
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, manganese(2+) salt		(Vacated) Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 mg/m ³	-	

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

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Glove material Viton (R)	See manufa	cturers	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Inspect gloves before use. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the dange of cuts, abrasion. Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.					ditions, User susceptibility, e.g.
Skin and body prote	ection	Long sle	eved clothing		
Respiratory Protection		When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly			
Large scale/emergency use		Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Type A Brown conforming to EN14387			
Small scale/Laboratory use		Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted			s are experienced. 5; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN
Hygiene Measures		Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.			
Environmental exposure controls		Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.			
	SECT	FION 9.	PHYSICAL AND	CHEMICAL PROPE	RTIES
Appearance Physical State		Brown Liquid			

Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Petroleum distillates No data available No information available No data available No data available 40 °C / 104 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	Method - No information available Liquid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa Component Stoddard solvent Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature	23 hPa @ 20 °C No data available 0.897 g/cm3 Not applicable Immiscible No information available ter) log Pow 6.4 No data available No data available	(Air = 1.0) @ 20 °C Liquid

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Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties No data available No information available

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight C16 H30 MN O4 341.35

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. No information available.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Manganese oxides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Stoddard solvent	5000 mg/kg (orl, rat)	LD50 > 3000 mg/kg (Rabbi	t) LC50 > 5.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h		
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available				
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	No data available				
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available				
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Category 1B				
(f) carcinogenicity;	Category 1B				
	The table below indicates v	whether each agency has listed	d any ingredient as a carcinogen		
Component	EU	UK Germai	ny IARC		
Stoddard solvent	Carc Cat. 1B				

(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available

- (h) STOT-single exposure; No data available
- (i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

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Target Organs	Central nervous system (CNS).				
j) aspiration hazard;	Category 1				
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting				
	SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMA	TION			
Ecotoxicity effects	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.				
Persistence and Degradability Persistence Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary Immiscible with water, May persist. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.				
Bioaccumulative Potential	May have some potential to bioaccumulate; Product has a high potential to bioconcentrate				
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Stoddard solvent	6.4	No data available			
Mobility in soil Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product mobile in the environment due its low water so This product does not contain any known or su This product does not contain any known or su This product does not contain any known or su	Iubility Ispected endocrine disruptors Ispected substance			
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERAT	- 			
	CECTION 13: DIST COAL CONCIDENAT				
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.				
	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.				
Contaminated Packaging	retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), ar	nd can be dangerous. Keep product and			
Contaminated Packaging Other Information	retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), ar	nd can be dangerous. Keep product and of ignition. assigned by the user based on the an be landfilled or incinerated, when in			

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN1268
Proper Shipping Name	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III

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UN-No	UN1268
Proper Shipping Name	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
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IATA

UN1268
Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
3
III

Special Precautions for User

No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Stoddard solvent	-	Х	Х	Х	232-489-3	Х	Х	Х	-		Х	KE-32199
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, manganese(2+) salt	-	-	Х	Х	236-562-0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	-

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date	08-May-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
	Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

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IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards Health Hazards Environmental hazards On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet