

ALFAA39153

Lead(II) titanium(IV) isopropoxide, 5% w/v in isopropanol

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	异丙醇钛(IV)铅(II), 99.9% (metals basis), 5% w/v异丙醇溶液
Product Description:	Lead(II) titanium(IV) isopropoxide, 5% w/v in isopropanol
Cat No. :	39153
Molecular Formula	PbTi(OC3 H7)6
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State Liquid	Appearance Yellow - Brown	Odor Alcohol
	Emergency Overview	
Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes se unborn child. Toxic	rious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Mo	

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

Label Elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection

Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable.

Health Hazards

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Environmental hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	95.00
Lead(II) titanium(IV) isopropoxide	N/A	5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

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Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Powder. Water spray. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Store under an inert atmosphere.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 350 mg/m ³ STEL: 700 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 983 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 983 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1230 mg/m ³
			OCU The United Kin	ndem - European Union

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400	IDLH: 2000 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm 15 min	
	STEL: 400 ppm	ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	STEL: 1250 mg/m ³ 15	
		(Vacated) TWA: 980	TWA: 980 mg/m ³	min	
		mg/m ³	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hr	
		(Vacated) STEL: 500	STEL: 1225 mg/m ³	TWA: 999 mg/m ³ 8 hr	
		ppm			
		(Vacated) STEL: 1225			
		mg/m ³			
		TWA: 400 ppm			
		TWA: 980 mg/m ³			

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS6/3 Lead and inorganic compounds of lead in air Laboratory method using flame or electrothermal atomic absorption spectrometry MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard	l - EN 166)		
Hand Protection	Protective gloves				
Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments	
Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)	

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Lead(II) titanium(IV) isopropoxide, 5% w/v in isopropanol

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Physical State	Yellow - Brown Liquid	
Odor Odor Threshold	Alcohol No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	No data available	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	No information available	
Flash Point	12 °C / 53.6 °F	Method - No information available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	No data available	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Immiscible	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat	,	
Component	log Pow	
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Properties		Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula	PbTi(OC3 H7)6	
Molecular Weight	609.29	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Moisture sensitive.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. No information available.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Water. Acids. Halogens. Acid chlorides. Acid anhydrides. Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). lead oxides. Titanium oxides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Isopropyl alcohol	5045 mg/kg (Rat) 3600 mg/kg (Mouse)	12800 mg/kg (Rat)	72.6 mg/L (Rat)4 h
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available		
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 2		
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
	Limited evidence of a carcinog	jenic effect	
(g) reproductive toxicity;	Category 1A		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3		
Results / Target organs	Central nervous system (CNS))	
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs	No information available.		
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available		
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Inhalation of high vapor conce tiredness, nausea and vomitin		s like headache, dizziness,

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
	flow-through	h 9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	Photobacterium phosphoreum 5 min

Persistence and Degradability Persistence Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary May persist, based on information available. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.				
Bioaccumulative Potential	May have some potential to bioaccumulate				
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	No data available			
Mobility in soil	Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility				
Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance				
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERAT	TIONS			
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.				
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.				
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not empty into drains.				
	SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMA	TION			

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN1219
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL

Lead(II) titanium(IV) isopropoxide, 5% w/v in isopropanol

Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group Marine Pollutant	UN1219 ISOPROPANOL 3 II This product contains a chemical which is listed as a marine pollutant according to IMDG/IMO
IATA	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1219 ISOPROPANOL 3 II
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	-	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Isopropyl alcohol	X	Х	Х	Х	200-661-7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-29363

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date	08-May-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Legend

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CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemic	y
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime
Transport Association	Dangerous Goods Code
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data	
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index,	RTECS
Physical hazards On basis of test data	

Physical hazards	
Health Hazards	
Environmental hazards	

On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet