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ALFAA42548

# Calcium hypochlorite

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	次 <b>氯酸</b> 钙
Product Description:	Calcium hypochlorite
Cat No. :	<b>42548</b>
Synonyms	Iosantin; Hypochlorous acid; Calcium oxychloride
CAS No	7778-54-3
Molecular Formula	Ca Cl2 O2
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US:</b> 001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State	Appearance	Odor
Solid	Off-white	Slight chlorine
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting eff		

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Oxidizing solids	Category 2
Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal	Category 1
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

#### Label Elements

#### Calcium hypochlorite



#### Signal Word

Danger

### **Hazard Statements**

- H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer
- H290 May be corrosive to metals
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H302 Harmful if swallowed

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials
- P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles
- P234 Keep only in original packaging
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

- P402 Store in a dry place
- P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
- P406 Store in corrosion resistant polypropylene container with a resistant inliner
- Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Physical and Chemical Hazards

Oxidizing. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. May be corrosive to metals. Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. **Health Hazards** 

Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. **Environmental hazards** 

Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Calcium hypochlorite	7778-54-3	<=100

### Calcium hypochlorite

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Not combustible. Use:. Water spray or fog. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. Decomposes violently at elevated temperatures. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Corrosive material. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.).

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

#### Calcium hypochlorite

Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc) away from spilled material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep at temperatures below 50°C. Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Do not store near combustible materials.

#### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

#### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

#### Exposure Controls

#### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard	I - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protectiv	ve gloves		
Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

**Respiratory Protection** 

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

### **Calcium hypochlorite**

	To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Physical State	Off-white Solid	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Slight chlorine No data available 11.4 100 °C / 212 °F No data available No information available Not applicable Not applicable No information available No data available	<b>Method -</b> No information available Solid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No data available Not applicable 2.350 No data available 200 g/L (20°C) (decomposes) No information available <b>er)</b> No data available No data available Not applicable No information available Oxidizer	Solid
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	Ca Cl2 O2 142.98	

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Thermal decomposition. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Combustible material. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Temperatures above 50°C. Excess heat.

## Calcium hypochlorite

Materials to avoid

Organic materials. Acids. Amines. Ammonia. Alcohols. Reducing Agent. Metals. Strong reducing agents. Combustible material.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride gas. Oxygen.

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity; Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Calcium hypochlorite	LD50 = 850 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 B		
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1		
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
	There are no known carcinoge	enic chemicals in this product	
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available		
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs	No information available.		
(j) aspiration hazard;	Not applicable Solid		
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Possible perforation of stomad	<ol> <li>Use of gastric lavage or emesi- ch or esophagus should be invest ge to the delicate tissue and dang</li> </ol>	igated: Ingestion causes
	SECTION 12. ECOLOGIC		

**Ecotoxicity effects** Very toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
	LC50: = 0.4 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis	0.11 mg/l EC50 48h		
	macrochirus) LC50: 0.049 - 0.16			

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	mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus)
	LC50: 0.055 - 0.1 mg/L,
	96h semi-static
	(Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 0.185 - 0.26
	mg/L, 96h semi-static
	(Cyprinus carpio)
	LC50: 0.561 - 1.41 mg/L, 96h static
	(Pimephales promelas)
	LC50: 0.054 - 0.06
	mg/L, 96h semi-static (Lepomis macrochirus)
	LC50: 0.13 - 0.2 mg/L,
	96h static
	(Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Persistence and Degradability	
Persistence	Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
Degradability	Not relevant for inorganic substances.
Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.
<b>Bioaccumulative Potential</b>	Bioaccumulation is unlikely
Mobility in soil	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the
	environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils
Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste from Residues/Unused	Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of
	in accordance with the European Directives on wests and benerdays waste. Dispace of in
Products	in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in
Products	accordance with local regulations.
Products Contaminated Packaging	
	accordance with local regulations. Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the
Contaminated Packaging	accordance with local regulations. Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN3485
Proper Shipping Name	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY, CORROSIVE
Hazard Class	5.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II

#### IMDG/IMO

UN-No

## **Calcium hypochlorite**

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<u>IATA</u>

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Hazard Class	5.1
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Packing Group	II

**Special Precautions for User** 

No special precautions required

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	-	dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012										
Calcium hypochlorite	X	X	X	Х	231-908-7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-04564

## **National Regulations**

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By
Creation Date
Revision Date
<b>Revision Summary</b>

Health, Safety and Environmental Department 28-May-2010 23-Apr-2024 New emergency telephone response service provider.

## **Training Advice**

Chemical incident response training.

## Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	<b>EC50</b> - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	<b>POW</b> - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

Calcium hypochlorite

**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**