

Page 1/8 Creation Date 24-Nov-2010 Revision Date 27-Apr-2024 Version 3

ALFAA44471

# Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	氢氧化锂, 无水, 99.995% (metals basis)
Product Description:	Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous
Cat No. :	<b>44471</b>
CAS No	1310-65-2
Molecular Formula	Li O H
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US</b> :001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US</b> :001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

	Physical State	Appearance	Odor
	Powder Solid	Off-white	Odorless
<b>Emergency Overview</b> Toxic if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to or Harmful if swallowed. Air sensitive. Hygroscopic.			

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1

#### Label Elements

Γ



## Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

#### Signal Word

Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

- H331 Toxic if inhaled H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H370 Causes damage to organs H302 - Harmful if swallowed

## **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

## Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

## Hygroscopic.

## **Health Hazards**

Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Harmful if swallowed.

## **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Lithium hydroxide	1310-65-2	>95

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with

#### Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Corrosive material. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### Storage

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. To maintain product quality: Store under an

Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

inert atmosphere.

#### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Control Parameters

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Lithium hydroxide				STEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

#### Exposure Controls

#### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Neoprene	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

#### Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### Environmental exposure controls No information available.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Physical State	Off-white Powder Solid	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range	Odorless No data available 14 462 °C / 863.6 °F No data available No information available	0.4 g/L
Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	No information available Not applicable No information available No data available	<b>Method -</b> No information available Solid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents	No data available Not applicable No data available No data available 113 g/L (20°C) No information available	Solid
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	er) Not applicable No data available Not applicable No information available No information available	Solid
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	Li O H 23.95	

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability	Hygroscopic. Air sensitive.	
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.	
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to air. Exposure to moist air or water.	
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Lead. Metals. Carbon dioxide (CO2).	

Hazardous Decomposition Products Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Lithium hydroxide	330 mg/kg(Rat)		LC50 = 960 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 B
--------------------------------	--------------

Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1					
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
(f) carcinogenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product					
(g) reproductive toxicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Target Organs	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met None known.					
(j) aspiration hazard;	Not applicable Solid					
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.					
	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation					
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes					
	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes					
	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation					
delayed	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION					
delayed Ecotoxicity effects Persistence and Degradability	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation         SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION         Do not empty into drains					
delayed Ecotoxicity effects Persistence and Degradability Persistence	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation  SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION  Do not empty into drains  Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.					
delayed Ecotoxicity effects Persistence and Degradability Persistence Bioaccumulative Potential	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation          Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION         Do not empty into drains         Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.         Bioaccumulation is unlikely         The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the					
delayed Ecotoxicity effects Persistence and Degradability Persistence Bioaccumulative Potential Mobility in soil Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation <b>SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION</b> Do not empty into drains  Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. Bioaccumulation is unlikely  The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils  This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance					

## Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

Products	on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.					
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.					
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with high pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.					

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN2680
Proper Shipping Name	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN2680
Proper Shipping Name	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II
IATA	
UN-No	UN2680
Proper Shipping Name	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Lithium hydroxide	X	Х	Х	Х	215-183-4	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	KE-22570

**National Regulations** 

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Creation Date Revision Date Health, Safety and Environmental Department 24-Nov-2010 27-Apr-2024

Lithium hydroxide, anhydrous

#### **Revision Summary**

New emergency telephone response service provider.

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level **PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code **Transport Association** ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road Ships

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## End of Safety Data Sheet