

ALFAAA11566

# 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	2-氟苄氯
Product Description:	2-Fluorobenzyl chloride
Cat No. :	A11566
Synonyms	\$1-Chloro-o-fluorotoluene
CAS No	345-35-7
Molecular Formula	C7 H6 CI F
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US:</b> 001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State	Appearance
Liquid	Light yellow

Odor Odorless

**Emergency Overview** 

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1

Label Elements

### 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride



Signal Word

Danger

### Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

### **Precautionary Statements**

### Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

### Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Physical and Chemical Hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

### Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Harmful if inhaled. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

### Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

### Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears) This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Benzene, 1-(chloromethyl)-2-fluoro-	345-35-7	98

### 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### Eye Contact

Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

### Inhalation

Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Combustible material. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Personal Precautions**

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **Environmental Precautions**

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed

### 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### Handling

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

### Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

### Exposure Controls

### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure
<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

### 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

	appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Physical State	Light yellow Liquid	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Odorless No data available No information available No data available 86 °C / 186.8 °F 57 °C / 134.6 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	@ 40 mmHg <b>Method -</b> No information available Liquid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density	No data available 4.99 1.216 Not applicable	(Air = 1.0) Liquid
Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties	Insoluble No information available er) No data available No data available No data available	explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
Oxidizing Properties Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	No information available C7 H6 Cl F 144.58	

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization May react with metals and lead to the formation of flammable hydrogen gas. No information available.

### 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products. Exposure to moisture.		
Materials to avoid	Bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Alcohols. Amines. Metals.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products	<b>s</b> Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF). Hydrogen chloride gas.		
	SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Product Information			
(a) acute toxicity;			
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 B		
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1		
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory	No data available		
Skin	No data available		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product		
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available		
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs	No information available.		
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available		
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.		
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting		

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not empty into drains.

2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

	2-Fluorobenzyl chloride	
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely	
Mobility in soil	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in	
Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance	
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.	
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.	
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.	
	SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
Road and Rail Transport		
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group	UN2920 Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s. 8 3 II	
IMDG/IMO		
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	UN2920 Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s. 8	

UN-No	UN2920
Proper Shipping Name	Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No	UN2920
Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.*
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 2-Fluorobenzyl chloride

### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)		TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Benzene, 1-(chloromethyl)-2-fluo ro-	-	-	Х	-	206-460-0	х	-	Х	-		-	-

### **National Regulations**

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### Prepared By Revision Date Revision Summary

Health, Safety and Environmental Department 22-Apr-2024 New emergency telephone response service provider.

### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	<ul> <li>TWA - Time Weighted Average</li> <li>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</li> <li>PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration</li> <li>LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%</li> <li>EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%</li> <li>POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water</li> <li>vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet