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ALFAAA11944

Antimony(III) chloride

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| 产品说明: | 氯化锑(III), 99+% |
|----------------------------|---|
| Product Description: | Antimony(III) chloride |
| Cat No. : | A11944 |
| Synonyms | Trichlorostibine; Antimonous chloride; Antimony(III) chloride |
| CAS No | 10025-91-9 |
| Molecular Formula | Cl3 Sb |
| Supplier | Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608 |
| Emergency Telephone Number | For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US: 001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US: 001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887 |
| E-mail address | begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com |
| Recommended Use | Laboratory chemicals. |
| Uses advised against | No Information available |

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

| Physical State | Appearance | Odor |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
| Solid | White | pungent |
| Causes severe skin burns and eye dama | Emergency Overview age. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic Hygroscopic. | |

Classification of the substance or mixture

| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | Category 1 B |
|--|--------------|
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation | Category 1 |
| Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) | Category 3 |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |

Label Elements



Antimony(III) chloride

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Hygroscopic.

Health Hazards

Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. May cause respiratory irritation.

Environmental hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Other Hazards

Hygroscopic. Absorbs moisture from air and becomes liquid. Reacts with water and forms HCI. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS No | Weight % |
|----------------------|------------|----------|
| Antimony trichloride | 10025-91-9 | >95 |

Note

Note 1: The concentration stated or, in the absence of such concentrations, the generic concentrations of this Regulation (Table 3.1) or the generic concentrations of Directive 1999/45/EC (Table 3.2), are the percentages by weight of the metallic element calculated with reference to the total weight of the mixture

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediate medical attention is required.

Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Water.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Corrosive material. Reacts violently with water. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Do not expose spill to water. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water because of violent reaction.

Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Corrosives area. Keep under nitrogen.

Specific Use(s)

Antimony(III) chloride

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

| Component | China | Taiwa | n | ٦ | hailand | | Hong Kong |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Antimony trichloride | - | TWA: 0.5 n | ng/m³ | TWA | .: 0.5 mg/m ³ | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Component | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIC | SH | The United King | dom | European Union |
| Antimony trichloride | TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ | (Vacated) TWA: 0.5 | IDLH: 50 | 0 mg/m³ | STEL: 1.5 mg/m ³ | ³ 15 | |
| - | | mg/m ³ | TWA: 0. | 5 mg/m ³ | min | | |
| | | _ | | - | TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ | 8 hr | |

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

| Eye Protection | Goggles (European standard - EN 166) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Hand Protection | Protective gloves |

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Butyl rubber | See manufacturers | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| | recommendations | | | |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| Skin and body protection | Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure |
|----------------------------|---|
| Respiratory Protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly |
| Large scale/emergency use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 |
| Small scale/Laboratory use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. |

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| | Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Hygiene Measures | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. |
| Environmental exposure controls | Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. |

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance Physical State | White Solid | |
|---|--|---|
| Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits | pungent No data available Strongly acidic 73 °C / 163.4 °F No data available 223 °C / 433.4 °F No information available Not applicable No information available No data available | @ 760 mmHg Method - No information available Solid |
| Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat Autoignition Temperature | No data available Not applicable No data available No data available 100 g/l (25°C) No information available er) No data available | Solid |
| Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties | No data available Not applicable No information available No information available | Solid |
| Molecular Formula Molecular Weight | Cl3 Sb 228.11 | |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Stability | Reacts violently with water. May react with metals and lead to the formation of flammable hydrogen gas. Hygroscopic. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Hazardous Reactions | Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. |
| Hazardous Polymerization | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Avoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water. |
| Materials to avoid | Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Fluorine. Metals. |

Hazardous Decomposition Products antimony. Hydrogen chloride gas. Antimony oxide.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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| Product Information | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| (a) acute toxicity; | | | |
| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
| Antimony trichloride | LD50 = 525 mg/kg (Rat) | | |
| (b) skin corrosion/irritation; | Category 1 B | | |
| (c) serious eye damage/irritation; | Category 1 | | |
| (d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory | No data available | | |
| Skin | No data available | | |
| (e) germ cell mutagenicity; | No data available | | |
| (f) carcinogenicity; | No data available | | |
| | There are no known carcinoge | nic chemicals in this product | |
| (g) reproductive toxicity; | No data available | | |
| (h) STOT-single exposure; | Category 3 | | |
| Results / Target organs | Respiratory system | | |
| (i) STOT-repeated exposure; | No data available | | |
| Target Organs | No information available. | | |
| (j) aspiration hazard; | Not applicable Solid | | |
| Other Adverse Effects | See actual entry in RTECS for | complete information | |
| Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed | Possible perforation of stomac | . Use of gastric lavage or eme h or esophagus should be inve ge to the delicate tissue and da | stigated: Ingestion causes |
| | SECTION 12. ECOLOGIC | AL INFORMATION | |
| Ecotoxicity effects | | ay cause long-term adverse eff term adverse effects in the env d water system. | |
| | | | |

Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special Persistence and Degradability pre-treatment is necessary May persist, based on information available. Persistence Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste Degradation in sewage treatment plant water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

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| Mobility in soil | The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in t environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential | This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance | | | |
| | SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS | | | |
| | | | | |
| Waste from Residues/Unused Products | Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. | | | |
| Contaminated Packaging | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. | | | |
| Other Information | Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. | | | |

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

| UN-No | UN1733 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Proper Shipping Name | ANTIMONY TRICHLORIDE |
| Hazard Class | 8 |
| Packing Group | II |
| IMDG/IMO | |
| UN-No | UN1733 |
| Proper Shipping Name | ANTIMONY TRICHLORIDE |
| Hazard Class | 8 |
| Packing Group | II |
| IATA | |
| UN-No | UN1733 |
| Proper Shipping Name | ANTIMONY TRICHLORIDE |
| Hazard Class | 8 |
| Packing Group | II |
| Special Precautions for User | No special precautions required |

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

| Component | The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition) | goods GB | TCSI | IECSC | EINECS | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | AICS | KECL |
|----------------------|--|----------|------|-------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|----------|
| Antimony trichloride | Х | Х | Х | Х | 233-047-2 | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | KE-01889 |

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Note

Note 1: The concentration stated or, in the absence of such concentrations, the generic concentrations of this Regulation (Table 3.1) or the generic concentrations of Directive 1999/45/EC (Table 3.2), are the percentages by weight of the metallic element calculated with reference to the total weight of the mixture

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

| Prepared By | Health, Safety and Environmental Department |
|------------------|--|
| Creation Date | 09-Apr-2010 |
| Revision Date | 06-Mar-2024 |
| Revision Summary | New emergency telephone response service provider. |

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

Chemical incident response training.

Legend

| CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances | TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
|---|---|
| WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic | TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative |
| ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor | IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound) |

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage,

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transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet