

Page 1 / 9 Creation Date 22-Apr-2010 Revision Date 08-May-2024 Version 3

ALFAAA14475

# Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| 产品说明:<br>Product Description:           | 氢溴酸<br>Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid  |
|---|---|
| Cat No. :                               | A14475  |
| Supplier                                | Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.<br>(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)<br>Shore Road, Heysham<br>Lancashire, LA3 2XY,<br>United Kingdom<br>Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506<br>Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608  |
| Emergency Telephone Number              | For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11<br>Emergency Number <b>US</b> :001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99<br><b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US</b> :001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887 |
| E-mail address                          | begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com  |
| Recommended Use<br>Uses advised against | Laboratory chemicals.<br>No Information available   |

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

| F | Physical | State |
|---|----------|-------|
|   | Liqui    | d     |

Appearance Yellow Odor pungent

**Emergency Overview** 

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

## Classification of the substance or mixture

| Flammable liquids.                                 | Category 3   |
|--|--------------|
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation                          | Category 1 A |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation                  | Category 1   |
| Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) | Category 3   |

## Label Elements



## Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

### **Precautionary Statements**

## Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### Response

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

## Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

### Health Hazards

Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. May cause respiratory irritation.

## **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. . The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

# SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component        | CAS No     | Weight % |
|------------------|------------|----------|
| Acetic acid      | 64-19-7    | 67       |
| Hydrogen bromide | 10035-10-6 | 33       |

### Note

Acetic acid, mixture with hydrobromic acid, CAS# 37348-16-6

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### General Advice

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

## Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

### Inhalation

If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove from

## Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

exposure, lie down. Call a physician immediately.

### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean mouth with water. Call a physician immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

### Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from

## Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### Storage

Corrosives area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Store indoors.

## Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Control Parameters**

| Component        | China   | Taiwan                                   | Thailand    | Hong Kong  |
|------------------|---|--|-------------|--|
| Acetic acid      | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | TWA: 10 ppm<br>TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | TWA: 10 ppm | TWA: 10 ppm<br>TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>STEL: 15 ppm<br>STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Hydrogen bromide | Ceiling: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | -  | TWA: 3 ppm  | Ceiling: 3 ppm<br>Ceiling: 9.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                                       |

| Component        | ACGIH TLV      | OSHA PEL                  | NIOSH                         | The United Kingdom            | European Union                 |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Acetic acid      | TWA: 10 ppm    | (Vacated) TWA: 10         | IDLH: 50 ppm                  | STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) |
|                  | STEL: 15 ppm   | ppm                       | TWA: 10 ppm                   | STEL: 15 ppm                  | TWA: 10 ppm (8h)               |
|                  |                | (Vacated) TWA: 25         | TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | TWA: 10 ppm                   | STEL: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     |
|                  |                | mg/m <sup>3</sup>         | STEL: 15 ppm                  | TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | (15min)                        |
|                  |                | TWA: 10 ppm               | STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | _                             | STEL: 20 ppm (15min)           |
|                  |                | TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                               |                               |                                |
| Hydrogen bromide | Ceiling: 2 ppm | (Vacated) Ceiling: 3      | IDLH: 30 ppm                  | STEL: 3 ppm 15 min            | STEL: 2 ppm (15min)            |
|                  |                | ppm                       | Ceiling: 3 ppm                | STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 | STEL: 6.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    |
|                  |                | (Vacated) Ceiling: 10     | Ceiling: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | min                           | (15min)                        |
|                  |                | mg/m <sup>3</sup>         |                               |                               |                                |
|                  |                | TWA: 3 ppm                |                               |                               |                                |
|                  |                | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                               |                               |                                |

#### <u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

## Exposure Controls

### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

## Personal protective equipment

| Eye Protection  | Goggles (European standard - EN 166) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Hand Protection | Protective gloves                    |

Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

| Glove material<br>Butyl rubber<br>Natural rubber<br>Nitrile rubber<br>Neoprene<br>PVC | Breakthrough time<br>See manufacturers<br>recommendations | Glove thickness<br>- | EU standard<br>EN 374 | Glove comments<br>(minimum requirement) |  |
|---|---|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
|---|---|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--|

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| Skin and body protection        | Long sleeved clothing   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Respiratory Protection          | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.<br>To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly   |
| Large scale/emergency use       | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387   |
| Small scale/Laboratory use      | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.<br><b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141<br>When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted |
| Hygiene Measures                | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.  |
| Environmental exposure controls | Prevent product from entering drains.   |

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance<br>Physical State   | Yellow<br>Liquid   |   |
|--|--|---|
| Odor<br>Odor Threshold<br>pH<br>Melting Point/Range<br>Softening Point   | pungent<br>No data available<br>< 1<br>No data available<br>No data available  |   |
| Boiling Point/Range<br>Flash Point<br>Evaporation Rate<br>Flammability (solid,gas)<br>Explosion Limits   | No information available<br>39 °C / 102.2 °F<br>No data available<br>Not applicable<br>Lower 5.4 vol%  | <b>Method -</b> No information available Liquid |
| Vapor Pressure<br>Vapor Density<br>Specific Gravity / Density<br>Bulk Density<br>Water Solubility<br>Solubility in other solvents<br>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa<br>Component<br>Acetic acid | Upper 16 vol%<br>300 mmHg @ 20°C<br>No data available<br>1.420<br>Not applicable<br>Miscible<br>No information available<br>ater)<br>log Pow | (Air = 1.0)<br>Liquid                           |

## Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties 427 - °C / 800.6 - °F No data available No data available

No information available

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Stability                                       | Stable under normal conditions.   |
|---|---|
| Hazardous Reactions<br>Hazardous Polymerization | None under normal processing.<br>Hazardous polymerization does not occur.                             |
| Conditions to Avoid                             | Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. |
| Materials to avoid                              | Strong oxidizing agents.  |

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Product Information**

### (a) acute toxicity; Toxicology data for the components

| Component                             | LD50 Oral                    | LD50 Dermal                   | LC50 Inhalation           |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Acetic acid                           | 3310 mg/kg (Rat)             | -                             | > 40 mg/L (Rat)4 h        |
| Hydrogen bromide                      |                              |                               | LC50 = 2858 ppm (Rat) 1 h |
| (b) skin corrosion/irritation;        | Category 1 A                 |                               |                           |
| (c) serious eye damage/irritation;    | Category 1                   |                               |                           |
| (d) respiratory or skin sensitization | •<br>3                       |                               |                           |
| Respiratory                           | No data available            |                               |                           |
| Skin                                  | No data available            |                               |                           |
| (e) germ cell mutagenicity;           | No data available            |                               |                           |
| (f) carcinogenicity;                  | No data available            |                               |                           |
|                                       | There are no known carcinoge | nic chemicals in this product |                           |
| (g) reproductive toxicity;            | No data available            |                               |                           |
| (g) reproductive toxicity,            |                              |                               |                           |
| (h) STOT-single exposure;             | Category 3                   |                               |                           |
| Results / Target organs               | Respiratory system           |                               |                           |
| recourse, ranger organis              |                              |                               |                           |

## Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

| (i) STOT-repeated exposure;               | No data available  |
|---|--|
| Target Organs                             | No information available.  |
| (j) aspiration hazard;                    | No data available  |
| Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed | Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.<br>Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes<br>severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms<br>of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting |

# **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or that are not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

| Component   | Freshwater Fish      | Water Flea         | Freshwater Algae | Microtox            |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Acetic acid | Pimephales promelas: | EC50 = 95 mg/L/24h | -                | Photobacterium      |
|             | LC50 = 88 mg/L/96h   |                    |                  | phosphoreum: EC50 = |
|             | Lepomis macrochirus: |                    |                  | 8.8 mg/L/15 min     |
|             | LC50 = 75 mg/L/96h   |                    |                  | Photobacterium      |
|             | _                    |                    |                  | phosphoreum: EC50 = |
|             |                      |                    |                  | 8.8 mg/L/25 min     |
|             |                      |                    |                  | Photobacterium      |
|             |                      |                    |                  | phosphoreum: EC50 = |
|             |                      |                    |                  | 8.8 mg/L/5 min      |

| Persistence and Degradability |
|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|

No information available

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Component   | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |  |  |  |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Acetic acid | -0.2    | No data available             |  |  |  |

| Mobility in soil   | The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Endocrine Disruptor Information<br>Persistent Organic Pollutant<br>Ozone Depletion Potential | This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors<br>This product does not contain any known or suspected substance<br>This product does not contain any known or suspected substance  |  |  |  |
|  | SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Waste from Residues/Unused<br>Products   | Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.   |  |  |  |
| Contaminated Packaging   | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.   |  |  |  |
| Other Information  | Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

| Road and Rail Transport  |  |
|--|--|
| UN-No<br>Proper Shipping Name<br>Technical Shipping Name<br>Hazard Class<br>Subsidiary Hazard Class<br>Packing Group | UN2920<br>Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.<br>Acetic acid, Hydrogen bromide<br>8<br>3<br>II |
| IMDG/IMO   |  |
| UN-No<br>Proper Shipping Name<br>Technical Shipping Name<br>Hazard Class<br>Subsidiary Hazard Class<br>Packing Group | UN2920<br>Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.<br>Acetic acid, Hydrogen bromide<br>8<br>3<br>II |
| IATA   |  |
| UN-No<br>Proper Shipping Name<br>Technical Shipping Name<br>Hazard Class<br>Subsidiary Hazard Class<br>Packing Group | UN2920<br>Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.<br>Acetic acid, Hydrogen bromide<br>8<br>3<br>II |
| Special Precautions for User   | No special precautions required  |
|  | SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION   |

## International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

| The | List of   | TCSI  | IECSC   | EINECS  | TSCA   | DSL  | PICCS  | ENCS   | ISHL   | AICS   | KECL   |
|-----|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | goods GB  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Х   | Х   | Х   | Х   | 200-580-7   | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  |
| Х   | Х   | Х   | Х   | 233-113-0   | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  | KE-20187   |
|     | Inventory of<br>Hazardous<br>Chemicals<br>(2015 | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012 | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012 | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X<br>Y Y Y Y | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X 200-580-7 | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X 200-580-7 X | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X 200-580-7 X X | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X 200-580-7 X X X | Inventory of dangerous<br>goods GB<br>Chemicals12268 -<br>2012Image: Chemicals<br>201212268 -<br>2012Edition)XXX200-580-7XXX | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X 200-580-7 X X X X X X | Inventory of dangerous<br>Hazardous goods GB<br>Chemicals 12268 -<br>(2015 2012<br>Edition)<br>X X X X X 200-580-7 X X X X X X X |

Note

Acetic acid, mixture with hydrobromic acid, CAS# 37348-16-6

## **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Prepared By Creation Date Revision Date Revision Summary**  Health, Safety and Environmental Department 22-Apr-2010 08-May-2024 New emergency telephone response service provider.

**Training Advice** 

# Hydrogen bromide, 33% w/w solution in acetic acid

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

## Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime **Transport Association** Dangerous Goods Code ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Dangerous Goods by Road Ships **OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration factor VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**