# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/10 Creation Date 10-Nov-2010 Revision Date 27-Apr-2024 Version 5

ALFAAA15350

# N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: N,N-二甲基甲酰胺二甲基缩醛

Product Description: N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

Cat No.: A15350

**Synonyms** 1,1-Dimethoxytrimethylamine; DMF-DMA

CAS No 4637-24-5 Molecular Formula C5 H13 N O2

**Supplier** Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidColorlessOdorless

**Emergency Overview** 

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. Moisture sensitive.

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Skin Sensitization	Category 1

#### **Label Elements**



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### N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

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#### Signal Word

#### **Danger**

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 - Wear protective gloves

### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P372 - Explosion risk in case of fire

P374 - Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance

P380 - Evacuate area

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

## Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

## **Health Hazards**

May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Is not likely mobile in the environment. Hydrolyses.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Methanamine, 1,1-dimethoxy-N,N-dimethyl-	4637-24-5	>95
Methyl orthoformate	149-73-5	0.1-2.5
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	0.1-0.6
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	0.3
Methyl formate	107-31-3	0.1

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

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#### **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### Inhalation

Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. May cause allergic skin reaction. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

## **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Personal Precautions**

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

## Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### Handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Storage**

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Methyl alcohol	TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm		TWA: 200 ppm
-	STEL: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Skin	_		STEL: 250 ppm
				STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dimethylformamide	TWA: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm
-	Skin	TWA: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methyl formate	-	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	-
-		TWA: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Methyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 200	IDLH: 6000 ppm	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr
	STEL: 250 ppm	ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA; 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr
	Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 260	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL - STEL: 250 ppm	Skin
		mg/m³	STEL: 250 ppm	STEL; 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		(Vacated) STEL: 250	STEL: 325 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL	
		ppm			
		(Vacated) STEL: 325			
		mg/m³			
		Skin			
		TWA: 200 ppm			
		TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
Dimethylformamide	TWA: 5 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 10	IDLH: 500 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	TWA: 15 mg/m³ (8h)
	Skin	ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 5 ppm (8h)
		(Vacated) TWA: 30	TWA: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	min	Skin
		mg/m³		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	
		Skin		TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	
		TWA: 10 ppm		Skin	STEL: 10 ppm (15min)
		TWA: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
					(15min)
					STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)
					STEL: 10 ppm (8h)
Methyl formate	TWA: 50 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100	IDLH: 4500 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	
	STEL: 100 ppm	ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)
	Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 250	TWA: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	min	STEL: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		mg/m³	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	(15min)
		(Vacated) STEL: 150	STEL: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm
		ppm		Skin	(15min)
		(Vacated) STEL: 375			Skin
		mg/m³			
		TWA: 100 ppm			
		TWA: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

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OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

#### **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	< 30 minutes	0.4 mm	Level 2	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Butyl rubber	< 30 minutes	0.7 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Skin and body protection**Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid

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### N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No data available

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Melting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 102 - 104 °C / 215.6 - 219.2 °F

Flash Point 7 °C / 44.6 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 1.3 Upper 17.7

Vapor Pressure No information available

**Vapor Density** No information available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.890

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility hydrolyses

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowMethyl orthoformate0.09Methyl alcohol-0.74Dimethylformamide-1.028Methyl formate-0.21

Autoignition Temperature 155 °C / 311 °F

**Decomposition Temperature** > 100°C

Viscosity No data available

Explosive Properties

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC5 H13 N O2Molecular Weight119.16

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability** Moisture sensitive.

Hazardous Reactions No information available.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces

and sources of ignition. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

Materials to avoid Acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity:

(a) acute toxicity,			
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methanamine, 1,1-dimethoxy-N,N-dimethyl-			LC50 = 12.16 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Methyl orthoformate			LC50 = 40 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Methyl alcohol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Dimethylformamide	3040 mg/kg (Rat)	1500 mg/kg (Rabbit)	>5.58 mg/L/4h (Rat)
		3.2 g/kg (Rat)	

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Methyl formate	LD50 = 475 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 21 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	Ī
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(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Respiratory

Skin Category 1

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-56-1 ( 0.1-0.6 )	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)		
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 ( 0.3 )	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	- non-sensitising

May cause sensitization by skin contact

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Dimethylformamide				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation 2 Generation	NOAEC = 1.3 mg/l (air)
67-56-1 ( 0.1-0.6 )			

**Reproductive Effects** Product is or contains a chemical which is a known or suspected reproductive hazard.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

None known. **Target Organs** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest

pain, muscle pain or flushing

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is

available.

Component Freshwater Fish Water Flea Freshwater Algae Micro	ох
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Methyl orthoformate	Leuciscus idus	Daphnia: EC50: 690		
Wetryr ortholornate	melanotus: LC50: 412	mg/L/48h		
		111g/L/4611		
	mg/L/48h	"		"
Methyl alcohol		EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25
	LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h			min
				EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15
				min
				EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5
				min
Dimethylformamide	Pimephales promelas:	EC50 = 7500 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 7500  mg/L/96h	EC50 = 2000 mg/L 5
·	LC50 = 10.6  g/L/96h	_		min
	Onchorhynchus mykiss:			EC50 = 570 mg/L 240 h
	LC50 = 9.8 g/L/96h			g I
	Lepomis macrochirus:			
	LC50 = 6.3 g/L/96h			
Methyl formate		EC50: > 500 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 240 mg/L, 72h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 17
Wettyrionnate		(Daphnia magna)	(Desmodesmus	h
		(Daprillia Illaglia)	subspicatus)	"
			EC50: = 190 mg/L, 96h	
			(Desmodesmus	
			subspicatus)	
1				

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

**Degradability** Decomposes in contact with water

Dogradability	Becompeded in contact with wat	×11
	Component	Degradability
	Methyl alcohol	DT50 ~ 17.2d
	67-56-1 ( 0.1-0.6 )	>94% after 20d
	Dimethylformamide	100 % (OECD 301E (21d))
	68-12-2 ( 0 3 )	

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Decomposes in contact with water.

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methanamine, 1,1-dimethoxy-N,N-dimethyl-		0.3 - 1.2 L/kg
Methyl orthoformate	0.09	No data available
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Dimethylformamide	-1.028	0.3 - 1.2 L/kg
Methyl formate	-0.21	No data available

Mobility in soil

Hydrolyses Is not likely mobile in the environment

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information		
Dimethylformamide	Group III Chemical				
•	This product does not contain This product does not contain	•			

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**Other Information** 

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

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was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Road and Rail Transport

**UN-No** UN1993

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

**UN-No** UN1993

Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

<u>IATA</u>

**UN-No** UN1993

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name N,N-Dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)		TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Methanamine, 1,1-dimethoxy-N,N-di methyl-	-	-	Х	Х	225-063-3	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-11054
Methyl orthoformate	Х	-	Х	Х	205-745-7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-34363
Methyl alcohol	X	X	Χ	Х	200-659-6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	KE-23193
Dimethylformamide	X	X	X	Χ	200-679-5	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	KE-11411
Methyl formate	X	X	X	Χ	203-481-7	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	KE-17243

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements				
Methyl alcohol	500 tonne	5000 tonne				

### **National Regulations**

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Component	Toxic Chemical Substances Control Act			
Dimethylformamide	Class II (30 wt%)			
68-12-2 ( 0.3 )	TRQ = 50 kg			

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

10-Nov-2010 **Creation Date Revision Date** 27-Apr-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**