# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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ALFAAA19810

# **Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate**

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 2-氯乙酰乙酸乙酯

Product Description: Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate

 Cat No.:
 A19810

 CAS No
 609-15-4

 Molecular Formula
 C6 H9 Cl O3

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

**E-mail address** begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

### **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidYellowOdorless

### **Emergency Overview**

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1

### **Label Elements**



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### **Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate**

Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

#### **Health Hazards**

Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

#### **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

#### Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %		
Butanoic acid, 2-chloro-3-oxo-, ethyl ester	609-15-4	<=100		

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

### **Eve Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including

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the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

#### Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.

### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Alcohol resistant foam.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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### Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

### **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Butyl rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC  Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations		EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)	
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Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

**Respiratory Protection**No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation

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**Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate** 

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures** 

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

17 g/L

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance** Yellow **Physical State** Liquid

Odorless

No data available **Odor Threshold** 

3.3

-80 °C / -112 °F **Melting Point/Range** 

**Softening Point** No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 200 °C / 392 °F @ 760 mmHg Method - No information available

54 °C / 129.2 °F **Flash Point Evaporation Rate** No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Lower 1.7 Vol% **Explosion Limits** 

0.22 mmHg @ 20 °C **Vapor Pressure** 

**Vapor Density** No data available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.190

**Bulk Density** Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility 17 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component

Butanoic acid, 2-chloro-3-oxo-, ethyl 1.2

ester

220 °C / 428 °F **Autoignition Temperature** 

100 °C **Decomposition Temperature** 

**Viscosity** No data available

**Explosive Properties** 

**Oxidizing Properties** No information available

**Molecular Formula** C6 H9 CI O3 164.59 **Molecular Weight** 

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Excess heat.

Incompatible products.

Materials to avoid Acids. Bases. Reducing Agent. Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride gas.

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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### **Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate**

**Product Information** 

(a) acute toxicity;

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Butanoic acid, 2-chloro-3-oxo-, ethyl ester	402 mg/kg (Rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

No data available (f) carcinogenicity;

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

No data available (h) STOT-single exposure;

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

No information available. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**Ecotoxicity effects** The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very

toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component log Pow Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

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### **Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate**

Butanoic acid, 2-chloro-3-oxo-, ethyl ester	1.2	No data available

Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

**Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH

and harm aquatic organisms.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Road and Rail Transport

**UN-No** UN2920

**Proper Shipping Name** CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

**Technical Shipping Name** Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate

**Hazard Class** 8 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3

**Packing Group** Ш

IMDG/IMO

**UN-No** UN2920

**Proper Shipping Name** CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

**Technical Shipping Name** Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate

**Hazard Class** 

8 3

**Subsidiary Hazard Class** 

Ш **Packing Group** 

IATA

**UN-No** UN2920

CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. **Proper Shipping Name** 

**Technical Shipping Name** Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate

**Hazard Class** 8

**Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3

Ш **Packing Group** 

**Special Precautions for User** No special precautions required

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### International Inventories

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### **Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Butanoic acid, 2-chloro-3-oxo-, ethyl ester	-	-	Χ	Х	210-180-4	Х	-	Х	X	X	Х	-

### **National Regulations**

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Health, Safety and Environmental Department Prepared By

**Creation Date** 20-Nov-2007 **Revision Date** 02-May-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

**Training Advice** 

Chemical incident response training.

### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

On basis of test data Physical hazards **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

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## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

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**Ethyl 2-chloroacetoacetate** 

Disclaimer

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**