

ALFAAB23317

### Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	正丁醇锆
Product Description:	Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol
Cat No. :	<b>B23317</b>
Molecular Formula	C16 H36 O4 Zr
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US:</b> 001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

### **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State	
Liquid	

Appearance Colorless - Light yellow Odor Alcohol

**Emergency Overview** 

Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Moisture sensitive.

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3

### Label Elements



### Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

### **Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### **Precautionary Statements**

### Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Flammable liquid.

### Health Hazards

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Environmental hazards** 

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. The product is insoluble and sinks in water.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt	1071-76-7	80
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	20

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **General Advice**

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

### Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Powder. Water spray. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

### Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt	-	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
n-Butyl alcohol	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 303 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm	Ceiling: 50 ppm Ceiling: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(Vacated) TWA: 5	IDLH: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	
	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	min	
	-	(Vacated) STEL: 10	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	
		mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	_	
n-Butyl alcohol	TWA: 20 ppm	Skin	IDLH: 1400 ppm	50ppm STEL;	
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 50	Ceiling: 50 ppm	154mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	
		ppm	Ceiling: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 150			
		mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		TWA: 100 ppm			
		TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

### <u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

### **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard - EN 166)
----------------	---------	------------------------------

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Physical State	Colorless - Light yellow Liquid	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Alcohol No data available No information available No data available No data available No information available 38 °C / 100.4 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	<b>Method -</b> No information available Liquid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water	23 hPa @ 20 °C No data available 1.07 g/cm3 Not applicable Immiscible No information available er)	(Air = 1.0) @ 20 °C Liquid
Component 1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt n-Butyl alcohol Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	log Pow 0.88 1 No data available No data available No data available No information available	explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	C16 H36 O4 Zr 383.68	

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability	Moisture sensitive.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. No information available.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Acids. Strong bases. Halogens. Alkali metals. Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Zirconium oxide.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Product Information**

# (a) acute toxicity; Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt		LD50 > 4200 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 6531 ppm (Rat) 4 h
n-Butyl alcohol	LD50 = 700 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3402 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 8000 ppm (Rat)4 h
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 2		
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1		
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;			
Respiratory	No data available		
Skin	No data available		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
	There are no known carcinoge	enic chemicals in this product	
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3		
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS	i)	
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs	No information available.		
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available		
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure m	nay be headache, dizziness, tire	edness, nausea and vomiting

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
n-Butyl alcohol	LC50: 1376 mg/L, 96h	EC50: 1328 mg/L, 48h	EC50: 225 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 2041.4 mg/L 5
	(Pimephales promelas)	(Daphnia magna) OECD	(Pseudokirchneriella	min
	OECD Guideline 203 :	Guideline 202	subcapitata) OECD	EC50 = 2186 mg/L 30
	100000 - 500000 µg/L,	EC50: 1897 - 2072	Guideline 201	min
	96h static (Lepomis	mg/L, 48h Static	EC50: > 500 mg/L, 72h	EC50 = 3980 mg/L 24 h
	macrochirus)	(Daphnia magna)	(Desmodesmus	EC50 = 4400 mg/L 17 h
	LC50: = 1740 mg/L, 96h	EC50: = 1983 mg/L, 48h	subspicatus)	
	flow-through	(Daphnia magna)	EC50: > 500 mg/L, 96h	
	(Pimephales promelas)		(Desmodesmus	
	LC50: = 1910000 µg/L,		subspicatus)	
	96h static (Pimephales			
	promelas)			
	LC50: 1730 - 1910			
	mg/L, 96h static			
	(Pimephales promelas)			

### Persistence and Degradability

Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary

Persistence	Immiscible with water, May persi	Immiscible with water, May persist.			
C	Component	Degradability			
n-Butyl alcohol 71-36-3(20)		70 %			
Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Contains substances known to b water treatment plants.	e hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste			

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

May have some potential to bioaccumulate; Product has a high potential to bioconcentrate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt	0.88	No data available
n-Butyl alcohol	1	0.64 dimensionless

Mobility in soil	Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and sinks in water Is not likely
-	mobile in the environment due its low water solubility

Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

Road and Rail Transport	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1120 BUTANOLS 3 III
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1120 BUTANOLS 3 III
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1120 BUTANOLS 3 III
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required
	SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
1-Butanol, zirconium(4+) salt	-	-	Х	Х	213-995-3	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	KE-03877
n-Butyl alcohol	X	Х	Х	Х	200-751-6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-03867

### **National Regulations**

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By
Revision Date
Revision Summary

Health, Safety and Environmental Department 09-May-2024 New emergency telephone response service provider.

### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

### Zirconium n-butoxide, 80% w/w in 1-butanol

### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	<ul> <li>TWA - Time Weighted Average</li> <li>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</li> <li>PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration</li> <li>LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%</li> <li>EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%</li> <li>POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water</li> <li>vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health Hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

### **End of Safety Data Sheet**