

Page 1/9 Creation Date 12-Mar-2013 Revision Date 25-Apr-2024 Version 3

ALFAAL03305

Thioacetic acid

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	硫代乙酸
Product Description:	Thioacetic acid
Cat No. :	L03305
Synonyms	Acetyl mercaptan; Thiolacetic acid; Ethanethioic acid; Thiacetic acid
CAS No	507-09-5
Molecular Formula	C2 H4 O S
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State	Appearance	Odor
Liquid	Light yellow	Stench
Toxic if swallowed. May cause an allergic	Emergency Overview skin reaction. Highly flammable liquid and v	

damage. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears). Stench.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Skin Sensitization	Category 1

Label Elements

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Thioacetic acid



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

Health Hazards

Toxic if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

Stench. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Thioacetic acid	507-09-5	>95

Thioacetic acid

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact

Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediate medical attention is required. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Causes severe eye damage. . Causes eye burns. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Will form explosive mixtures with air. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

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Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. To maintain product quality: Keep refrigerated.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
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Hand Protection Protective gloves

Nitrile rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
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Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

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Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure Impervious clothing Chemical resistant apron Boots Impervious gloves
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Physical State	Light yellow Liquid	
Odor Odor	Stench	
Odor Threshold pH	No data available 1.8	10% aq.sol
Melting Point/Range	-17 °C / 1.4 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	97 - 93 °C / 206.6 - 199.4 °F	Mathead No information evolution
Flash Point Evaporation Rate	18 °C / 64.4 °F No data available	Method - No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	1 hPa @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	2.6	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	1.070	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents	27 g/l water (15°C) (hydrolyse) No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat		
Autoignition Temperature	427 °C / 800 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	> 87°C	
Viscosity	No data available	Vanara may farm avalasiya miyturas with siz
Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No information available	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Thioacetic acid

Molecular	Formula
Molecular	Weight

C2 H4 O S 76.11

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.		
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. No information available.		
Conditions to Avoid	Temperatures above 85°C. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.		
Materials to avoid	Strong bases. Metals.		

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Sulfur oxides. Sulfides. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Thioacetic acid	200 - 350 mg/kg (Rat)		
b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available		
c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1		
d) respiratory or skin sensitization	,		
Respiratory Skin	No data available Category 1		
	May cause sensitization by skin	contact	
e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
	There are no known carcinogen	ic chemicals in this product	
g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available		
h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available		
i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs	No information available.		
j) aspiration hazard;	No data available		

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Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information nd Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing			
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed				
	SECTION 12. ECO		ATION	
Ecotoxicity effects	Do not empty into drai	ns.		
Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Thioacetic acid		EC50 = 2.1 mg/L 48h		
Persistence and Degradability Persistence Bioaccumulative Potential	Readily biodegradable Soluble in water, Persi Bioaccumulation is un	istence is unlikely, bas	ed on information avail	able.
Mobility in soil	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils			
Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance			
	SECTION 13. DISP	OSAL CONSIDERA	TIONS	
Waste from Residues/Unused Products			in accordance with the n accordance with loca	
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.			
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.			

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN2436
Proper Shipping Name	THIOACETIC ACID
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

IMDG/IMO

Thioacetic acid

UN-No	UN2436
Proper Shipping Name	THIOACETIC ACID
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No	UN2436
Proper Shipping Name	THIOACETIC ACID
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	

Special Precautions for User

No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
		dangerous goods GB										
	Chemicals											
	(2015	2012										
	Edition)											
Thioacetic acid	Х	Х	Х	Х	208-063-8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-13215

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	12-Mar-2013
Revision Date	25-Apr-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	,
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

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RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet