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ALFAAL10595

# Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	溴丙炔80%,甲苯20%
Product Description:	Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene
Cat No. :	L10595
Synonyms	3-Bromopropyne
Molecular Formula	C3 H3 Br
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US:</b> 001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State	Appearance	Odor
Liquid	Yellow	Strong
Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if so and eye damage. May cause drowsiness and o organs through prolonged or repeat		

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2

## Label Elements

Г

Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene



### Signal Word

Danger

## Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

## **Precautionary Statements**

### Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

## Response

- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

## Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

## Physical and Chemical Hazards

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

## Health Hazards

Toxic if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

#### **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

## **Other Hazards**

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears) This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors. Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

# **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
3-Bromopropyne	106-96-7	80
Toluene	108-88-3	20

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

# Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Water.

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Corrosive material. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

# SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal Precautions

## Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

#### Storage

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep refrigerated. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Toluene	TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm	Ceiling: 300 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 376 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Skin		TWA: 200 ppm	

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 100	IDLH: 500 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8hr)
		ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 192 mg/m3 (8hr)
		(Vacated) TWA: 375	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	min	STEL: 100 ppm
		mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	(15min)
		Ceiling: 300 ppm	STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 191 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(Vacated) STEL: 150		Skin	(15min)
		ppm			Skin
		(Vacated) STEL: 560			
		mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		TWA: 200 ppm			

#### <u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

## Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

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### Exposure Controls

#### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appeara	nce
Physical	State

Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Strong No data available No information available No data available No data available 88 - 90 °C / 190.4 - 194 °F 4 °C / 39.2 °F

Yellow Liquid

@ 760 mmHgMethod - No information available

## Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Vapor Density	4.10	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	1.380	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	immiscible	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/w	vater)	
Component	log Pow	
Toluene	2.73	
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Properties		Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula	C3 H3 Br	
Molecular Weight	118.96	

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

# SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Product Information**

# (a) acute toxicity;

# Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
3-Bromopropyne	LD50 = 53 mg/kg(Rat)		
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat)1 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

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(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available					
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available					
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product					
(g) reproductive toxicity; Teratogenicity	Category 2 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.					
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3					
Results / Target organs	Central nervous system (CNS)					
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 2					
Target Organs	Respiratory system, Skin, Gastrointestinal tract (GI), Eyes, Neuropsychological effects, Ears.					
(j) aspiration hazard;	Category 1					
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.					
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation					
	SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION					

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Toluene	50-70 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: = 11.5 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 12.5 mg/L, 72h	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30
	5-7 mg/L LC50 96 h	(Daphnia magna)	static	min
	15-19 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L,	(Pseudokirchneriella	
	28 mg/L LC50 96 h	48h Static (Daphnia	subcapitata)	
	12 mg/L LC50 96 h	magna)	EC50: > 433 mg/L, 96h	
	_		(Pseudokirchneriella	
			subcapitata)	

## Persistence and Degradability

Cor	nponent	Degradability				
-	bluene 88-3 ( 20 )	86% (20d)				
Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Contains substances known to be water treatment plants.	hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste				

## **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Toluene	2.73	90

Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

# Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.
	SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
Road and Rail Transport	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group	UN3286 Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. 3 6.1, 8 II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group	UN3286 Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. 3 6.1, 8 II
IATA	
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group	UN3286 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.* 3 6.1, 8 II
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required
	SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
-	Inventory of	dangerous										
	Hazardous	goods GB										
	Chemicals	12268 -										
	(2015	2012										

## Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

	Edition)											
3-Bromopropyne	Х	Х	Х	Х	203-447-1	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-
Toluene	Х	Х	Х	Х	203-625-9	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	KE-33936

### **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By Creation Date Revision Date Revision Summary Health, Safety and Environmental Department 10-Nov-2009 08-May-2024 New emergency telephone response service provider.

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

#### Legend

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on C
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	<b>POW</b> - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards	
Health Hazards	
Environmental hazards	

On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Disclaimer

Dangerous Goods Code

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Ships

## Propargyl bromide, 80% w/w in toluene

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**