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ALFAAL10925

Ethyl acetate

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:	乙酸乙酯, 99%
Product Description:	Ethyl acetate
Cat No. :	L10925
Synonyms	Acetic acid ethyl ester
CAS No	141-78-6
Molecular Formula	C4 H8 O2
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US: 001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US: 001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State	Appearance	Odor
Liquid	Colorless	sweet
Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes	Emergency Overview serious eye irritation. May cause drowsines cause skin dryness or cracking.	

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3

Label Elements



Ethyl acetate

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable.

Health Hazards

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	<=100

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Ethyl acetate

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Storage

Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ethyl acetate

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwar	า	Т	hailand	Hong Kong
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 200 mg/m ³	TWA: 400	ppm	TWA	A: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³	TWA: 1440 i	mg/m ³			TWA: 1440 mg/m ³
Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIC	SH	The United Kingd	om European Union
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 400 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400	IDLH: 20	000 ppm	STEL: 1468 mg/m3	15 TWA: 734 mg/m ³ (8h)
-		ppm	TWA: 4	00 ppm	min	TWA: 200 ppm (8h)
		(Vacated) TWA: 1400	TWA: 14	00 mg/m³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	min STEL: 1468 mg/m ³
		mg/m ³			TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	3 hr (15min)
		TWA: 400 ppm			TWA: 200 ppm 8	hr STEL: 400 ppm
		TWA: 1400 mg/m ³				(15min)

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protect	ion	Goggles	(European standar	d - EN 166)	
Hand Prote	ction	Protectiv	e gloves		
Glove mat	erial	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubl	ber	> 120 minutes	0.5 - 0.7 mm	EN 374 Level 4	Permeation rate 8 µg/cm2/min
Nitrile rub	ber	< 200 minutes			As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
					Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
PVA		> 360 minutes	0.3 mm		
Nitrile rub	ber	< 30 minutes	0.38 mm		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Small scale/Laboratory use	Maintain adequate ventilation

Appearance

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ethyl acetate

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Colorless

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid Odor sweet **Odor Threshold** 50 ppm No information available pН Melting Point/Range -83.5 °C / -118.3 °F No data available Softening Point **Boiling Point/Range** 75 - 78 °C / 167 - 172.4 °F Flash Point **Evaporation Rate** 6.2 Flammability (solid,gas) **Explosion Limits** Vapor Pressure Vapor Density 3.04 Specific Gravity / Density 0.902 **Bulk Density** Water Solubility 80 g/l Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) Component Ethyl acetate 0.73 **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** Viscosity **Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties**

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Surface tension

-4 °C / 24.8 °F Not applicable Lower 2 Vol% Upper 12 Vol% 103 mbar @ 20°C Not applicable Miscible Alcohol acetone log Pow 427 °C / 800.6 °F No data available 0.45 cP @ 20 °C Not explosive Not oxidising

C4 H8 O2 88.11 24 mN/m @ 20°C

Method - CC (closed cup) (Butyl Acetate = 1.0) Liquid

(Air = 1.0)@ 20 °C Liquid 20 °C

Dynamic Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air (based on the chemical structure of the substance and oxidation states of the constituent elements)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Amines. Peroxides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ethyl acetate

Product Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalatior
Ethyl acetate	10,200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 20 mL/kg (Rabbit) > 18000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	58 mg/l (rat; 8 h
b) skin corrosion/irritation; Test method	Based on available data, the OECD 404	classification criteria are not met	
Test species	rabbit		
Observational endpoint	No skin irritation		
c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 2		
Test method	OECD 405		
Test species	rabbit eye		
	Irritating to eyes		

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory

Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	 non-sensitising
141-78-6(<=100)			

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6(<=100)	OECD Test Guideline 471 AMES test	in vitro Bacteria	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse micronucleus assay	in vivo Mammalian	negative

(f) carcinogenicity;Based on available data, the classification criteria are not metThere are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
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Component		Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result			
	Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 26400 mg/kg bw/day			
141-78-8 (<= 100)		OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation Rat	NOAEC = 73300 mg/m ³			

(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3						
Results / Target organs	Central nervous system (CNS)						
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me						
Test method Test species / Duration Study result	EPA OTS 795.2600 Rat / 90 days NOAEL = 900 mg/kg bw/day	EPA OTS 798.2450 Rat / 90 days NOEC = 1.28 mg/l					

Ethyl acetate

Route of exposure	LOAEL = 3600 mg/kg Oral	Inhalation		
Target Organs	None known.			
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met			
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentration cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting			

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Ethyl acetate	Fathead minnow: LC50:	EC50 = 717 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 3300 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5
	230 mg/l/ 96h			min
	Gold orfe: LC50: 270			EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15
	mg/L/48h			min
	0			EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15
				min
				EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h

Persistence and Degradability Persistence

Readily biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability			
Ethyl acetate	79 % (20 d) (OECD 301 D)			
141-78-6(<=100)				

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Ethyl acetate	0.73	30 dimensionless			

Mobility in soil Surface tension	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air 24 mN/m @ 20°C				
Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance				
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.				
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.				
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.				

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Ethyl acetate

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN1173
Proper Shipping Name	ETHYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN1173
Proper Shipping Name	ETHYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IATA	
UN-No	UN1173
Proper Shipping Name	ETHYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Special Precautions for User	No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
		dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012										
Ethyl acetate	Х	Х	Х	Х	205-500-4	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-00047

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	13-Oct-2009
Revision Date	26-Apr-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Ethyl acetate

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road Ships **OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet