# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/9 Creation Date 21-Jan-2009 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024 Version 4

ALFAAL13171

# 1-Butanol

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 1-丁醇, 99% Product Description: 1-Butanol

Cat No.: L13171

Synonyms n-Butanol; n-Butyl alcohol, Butan-1-ol

CAS No 71-36-3 Molecular Formula C4 H10 O

**Supplier** Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

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Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidColorlessAlcohol-like

#### **Emergency Overview**

Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin.

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 5
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3

#### **Label Elements**

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#### 1-Butanol



#### Signal Word

# Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H313 May be harmful in contact with skin

# **Precautionary Statements**

# Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

# **Storage**

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

# **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Flammable liquid.

# **Health Hazards**

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin.

## **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

#### Other Hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

# **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %		
n-Butvl alcohol	71-36-3	99		

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# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

# Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

# Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

# **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

## **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

# **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

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Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

#### Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

#### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	emponent China		Thailand	Hong Kong		
n-Butyl alcohol TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	Ceiling: 50 ppm		
	_	TWA: 303 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Ceiling: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
n-Butyl alcohol	TWA: 20 ppm	Skin	IDLH: 1400 ppm	50ppm STEL;	
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 50	Ceiling: 50 ppm	154mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	
		ppm	Ceiling: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 150			
		mg/m³			
		TWA: 100 ppm			
		TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

# **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

# Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

1	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
	Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
	Nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm	Level 6	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
	Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm		•
	Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm		

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Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid

Odor
Odor Threshold
PH
No data available
No information available
No information available
No information available
No data available

Flash Point 35 °C / 95 °F Method - CC (closed cup)
Evaporation Rate 0.46 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas)

O.46

(Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Not applicable

Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower 1.4 Vol%

Upper 11.2 Vol%

Vapor Pressure 0.7 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.6 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.810

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidWater Solubility80 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Partition Coemicient (II-octanoi/water)

Component log Pow

n-Butyl alcohol 1

Autoignition Temperature 340 °C / 644 °F Decomposition Temperature No data available Viscosity 2.95 mPa.s (20 °C)

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

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Molecular FormulaC4 H10 OMolecular Weight74.12Refractive index1.390 - 1.400

# **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Hazardous Reactions**None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing Agent. Acid chlorides. copper. Copper alloys. Acid

anhydrides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation			
n-Butyl alcohol	LD50 = 700 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3402 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 8000 ppm (Rat) 4 h			

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

Central nervous system (CNS)

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting delayed

# **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
n-Butyl alcohol	LC50: 1376 mg/L, 96h (Pimephales promelas) OECD Guideline 203: 100000 - 500000 µg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 1740 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 1910000 µg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas)	EC50: 1328 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) OECD Guideline 202 EC50: 1897 - 2072 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna) EC50: = 1983 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: 225 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD Guideline 201 EC50: > 500 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus	Microtox  EC50 = 2041.4 mg/L 5 min  EC50 = 2186 mg/L 30 min  EC50 = 3980 mg/L 24 h  EC50 = 4400 mg/L 17 h
	\ 1			

#### Persistence and Degradability

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. **Persistence** 

Component	Degradability
n-Butyl alcohol	70 %
71-36-3 ( 99 )	

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
n-Butyl alcohol	1	0.64 dimensionless			

# Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

**Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

# **Contaminated Packaging**

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

# Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Road and Rail Transport**

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UN-No UN1120 Proper Shipping Name BUTANOLS

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1120 Proper Shipping Name BUTANOLS

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1120 Proper Shipping Name BUTANOLS

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	Hazardous Chemicals (2015	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Edition)											
n-Butyl alcohol	Х	Х	Х	Х	200-751-6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-03867

# **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date21-Jan-2009Revision Date29-Apr-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Legend

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**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level 
PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air
Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development A

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ment ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

TWA - Time Weighted Average

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**