# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/10 Creation Date 09-Feb-2015 Revision Date 08-May-2024 Version 3

ALFAAL13352

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 双(三甲基硅基)氨化钠, 2M soln. in THF

Product Description: Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

Cat No. : L13352

Synonyms N-Sodiumhexamethyldisilazane

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State Appearance Odor
Liquid Amber aromatic

## **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Reacts violently with water. May form explosive peroxides. Moisture sensitive.

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 2 Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3

#### **Label Elements**

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF



## Signal Word

**Danger** 

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- H371 May cause damage to organs
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eve protection/face protection

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

## Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

## Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable. Reacts violently with water. May form explosive peroxides. Water reactive.

### **Health Hazards**

Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Reacts violently with water. Is not likely mobile in the environment. Reacts with water.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	58.74
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, sodium salt	1070-89-9	41.26

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Eve Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

#### Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

## Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water.

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Reacts violently with water. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

## **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

#### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## **Storage**

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from water or moist air. Flammables area. Shelf life 12 months. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

## Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m³	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m³ STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 737 mg/m³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 200	IDLH: 2000 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)
	STEL: 100 ppm	ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)
	Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 590	TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	min	STEL: 100 ppm
		mg/m³	STEL: 250 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	(15min)
		(Vacated) STEL: 250	STEL: 735 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		ppm		Skin	(15min)
		(Vacated) STEL: 735			Skin
		mg/m³			
		TWA: 200 ppm			
		TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Page 5 / 10 Revision Date 08-May-2024

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

**Monitoring methods** 

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

## **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Butyl rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	recommendations			
Neoprene gloves				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

AppearanceAmberPhysical StateLiquid

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

Odor aromatic

**Odor Threshold** No data available No information available Ha No data available Melting Point/Range **Softening Point** No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** No information available

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F Method - No information available

**Evaporation Rate** No data available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid No data available **Explosion Limits** 

No data available **Vapor Pressure** Vapor Density 6.32 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.916

Not applicable **Bulk Density** Liquid Water Solubility Water reactive

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Tetrahydrofuran 0.45

**Autoignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available **Viscosity** No data available

**Explosive Properties** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

**Oxidizing Properties** No information available

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability May form explosive peroxides. Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing. Reacts violently with water.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid** Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Exposure to moisture.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Silicon dioxide.

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

Page 7/10 Revision Date 08-May-2024

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 ( 58.74 )	OECD Test Guideline 429		_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 ( 58.74 )	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	_
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	_

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result			
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat 2 Generation	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm			
109-99-9 ( 58.74 )						

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

Central nervous system (CNS)

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms. Harmful to aquatic organisms,

may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Reacts with water so no

ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l		

Page 8 / 10 Revision Date 08-May-2024

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50:	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
2820 mg/L/48h		

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. **Persistence** 

Degradability Reacts with water.

Degradation in sewage

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste treatment plant

water treatment plants. Water reactive.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)				
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available				

Reacts with water Is not likely mobile in the environment Mobility in soil

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information				
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical						
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance							

**Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Road and Rail Transport**

**UN-No** UN2924

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** 

Tetrahydrofuran, Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, sodium salt

**Hazard Class** 

3 8 Ш

**Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group** 

IMDG/IMO

UN2924 **UN-No** 

Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. **Proper Shipping Name** 

**Technical Shipping Name** Tetrahydrofuran, Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, sodium salt

**Hazard Class** 

3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 8 **Packing Group** Ш

Page 9/10 Revision Date 08-May-2024

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

IATA

UN2924 **UN-No** 

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** Tetrahydrofuran, Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, sodium salt

**Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class** 8 Ш **Packing Group** 

**Special Precautions for User** No special precautions required

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)		TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Tetrahydrofuran	X	X	X	Χ	203-726-8	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	KE-33454
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trim ethylsilyl)-, sodium salt		-	X	-	213-983-8	Х	-	1	Х	Х	1	-

#### **National Regulations**

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Creation Date** 09-Feb-2015 **Revision Date** 08-May-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Page 10 / 10 Revision Date 08-May-2024

## Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 2M solution in THF

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Cn basis of test data
Calculation method

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**