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ALFAAL14619

# Isoprene

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: Product Description:	异戊二烯 Isoprene
Cat No. : Synonyms	L14619 2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene; 1,3-Butadiene, 2-Methyl-; 2-Methylbutadiene; 3-Methyl-1,3-Butadiene, Methylbivinyl; Beta-Methylbivinyl; Hemiterpene
CAS No Molecular Formula	78-79-5 C5 H8
Supplier	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
Emergency Telephone Number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US:</b> 001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical State	Appearance	Odor
Liquid	Light yellow	mild aromatic
	Emergency Overview	

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May cause cancer. Sensitivity to light. Air sensitive.

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

Label Elements

#### Isoprene



Signal Word

Danger

## Hazard Statements

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## Precautionary Statements

## Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
- P233 Keep container tightly closed
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

## Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

#### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Extremely flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

#### Health Hazards

Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer.

## Environmental hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

### Other Hazards

Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor. Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Isoprene	78-79-5	>95
4-tert-Butyl catechol	98-29-3	0.01

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

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## Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Extremely flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

Refrigerator/flammables. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

#### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

#### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

#### Exposure Controls

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Gogales	(European standard - EN 166)
Eye Frolection	Guyyies	(Luiopean stanuaru - Livi 100)

Hand Protection	Protective gloves
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Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
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Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

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Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** 

Appearance Physical State	Light yellow Liquid	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas)	mild aromatic No data available No information available -146 °C / -230.8 °F No data available 34 °C / 93.2 °F -48 °C / -54.4 °F No data available Not applicable	@ 760 mmHg <b>Method -</b> No information available Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1 Upper 9.7	
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density	532 hPa @ 20 ℃ 2.35 0.680	(Air = 1.0)
Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents	Not applicable 0.7 mg/L (25°C) No information available	Liquid practically insoluble
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat Component	log Pow	
Isoprene 4-tert-Butyl catechol Autoignition Temperature	2.42 1.98 220 °C / 428 °F	
Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties	No data available 0.225 cP at 15 °C	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	C5 H8 68.11	

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization Sensitivity to light. Air sensitive.

No information available. Hazardous polymerization may occur upon depletion of inhibitor.

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Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Excess heat. Incompatible products. Exposure to light. Exposure to air.
Materials to avoid	Strong bases. Acids. Alcohols. Ammonia. Halogens. oxygen. Acid chlorides. Metals. Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing Agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Product Information**

# (a) acute toxicity;

## Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation			
Isoprene	2043-2210 mg/kg ( Rat )	>1 mL/kg (Rat)	LC50 = 180 mg/L (Rat) 4 h			
4-tert-Butyl catechol	815 mg/kg(Rat)	1331 mg/kg(Rat)				

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;

- No data available
- (c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available
- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory No data available Skin No data available
- (e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

Animal experiments showed mutagenic and teratogenic effects

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Target OrgansNo information available.(j) aspiration hazard;No data available	Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
<ul> <li>(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available</li> <li>(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available</li> <li>Target Organs No information available.</li> <li>(j) aspiration hazard; No data available</li> </ul>	Isoprene (	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B
(h) STOT-single exposure;No data available(i) STOT-repeated exposure;No data availableTarget OrgansNo information available.(j) aspiration hazard;No data available	(a) reproductive toxicity:	No data available			
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;       No data available         Target Organs       No information available.         (j) aspiration hazard;       No data available	(3) , ,				
Target OrgansNo information available.(j) aspiration hazard;No data available	(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available	•		
Target Organs     No information available.					
(j) aspiration hazard; No data available	(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available			
(),, ···, ···,	Target Organs	No information a	vailable.		
W/					
Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizzine	(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available			
delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting		-	-	ay cause symptoms like	headache, dizziness,

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Isoprene

Ecotoxicity	effects
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Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Isoprene	LC50: 32.5 - 50.15 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 188.77 - 305.14 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 58.75 - 95.32 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas)	EC50: = 140 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h (Scenedesmus quadricauda)	
4-tert-Butyl catechol	LC50 = 0.12 mg/L 96h	EC50=0.48 mg/L 48h		

Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste
treatment plant	water treatment plants.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Isoprene	2.42	No data available
4-tert-Butyl catechol	1.98	No data available

Mobility in soil	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air
Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
	SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not empty into drains.
	SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN1218
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPRENE, STABILIZED
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	I

## Isoprene

## IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN1218
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPRENE, STABILIZED
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	I
IATA	
UN-No	UN1218
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPRENE, STABILIZED
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	I
Special Precautions for User	Inhibitors have been added to stabilize this product Inhibitor levels should be maintained Hazardous polymerization may occur upon depletion of inhibitor

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component		List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Isoprene	Х	Х	Х	Х	201-143-3	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-23526
4-tert-Butyl catechol	-	-	Х	Х	202-653-9	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-11368

### **National Regulations**

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By		
Creation Date		
Revision Date		
<b>Revision Summary</b>		

Health, Safety and Environmental Department 09-Feb-2012 16-May-2024 New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice Chemical incident response training.

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
<b>EINECS/ELINCS</b> - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances <b>PICCS</b> - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances <b>IECSC</b> - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-DomesticSubstances ListENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical SubstancesAICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

### Isoprene

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment **LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50% **NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health Hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50% **POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code **MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

**VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**