

Screening Protocol and Assay Conditions

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Overview and Assay Theory

The SelectScreen Cell-Based Nuclear Receptor Profiling Service uses the GeneBLAzer™ Beta-lactamase reporter technology to provide you with a reliable, rapid and sensitive method for analyzing the intracellular effect(s) of test compounds on several important Nuclear Receptors (NRs). These functional assays allow for measurement of receptor agonism or antagonism by compounds and can be used to determine compound potency and selectivity.

All GeneBLAzer Validated Assays used in the SelectScreen Cell-Based Nuclear Receptor Profiling Service utilize division arrested cells to eliminate variability associated with cell division and provides superior response profiles as a result of response element optimization and use of optimal clones.

GeneBLAzer Validated Assays for NRs:

Provide ready-to-screen, ratiometric assays for disease relevant NR targets

Are functionally validated to ensure high-quality results each and every time

The GeneBLAzer Validated Assays in the Service are tested and documented to show a high level of performance. These assays are shown to meet the following specifications:

Z'-factor of 0.5 or greater for agonist assays and Z'-factor of 0.4 or greater for antagonist assays.

Appropriate EC₅₀/IC₅₀ responses to known agonists and antagonists

Any assay results not meeting these specifications are automatically repeated until the results pass our QC criteria.

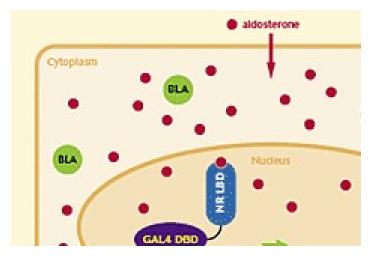


Figure 1: GeneBLAzer technology. Nuclear Receptor Assays use a Beta-lactamase cDNA under transcriptional control of an Upstream Activator Sequence (UAS). The UAS is activated by the GAL4 transcription factor DNA binding domain (DBD), which is expressed as a fusion protein with the target receptor ligand binding domain (LBD). Upon ligand binding (aldosterone, in this example), the GAL4(DBD)-NR(LBD), binds to the UAS, which controls transcription of Beta -lactamase.



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How GeneBLAzer Technology Works

GeneBLAzer technology uses a mammalian-optimized Beta-lactamase reporter gene (*bla*) combined with a FRET-enabled substrate to provide reliable and sensitive detection in intact cells.

Cells are loaded with an engineered fluorescent substrate containing two fluorophores, coumarin and fluorescein. In the absence of *bla* expression, the substrate molecule remains intact. In this state, excitation of the coumarin results in fluorescence resonance energy transfer to the fluorescein moiety and emission of green light. However, in the presence of *bla* expression, the substrate is cleaved, separating the fluorophores, and disrupting energy transfer. Excitation of the coumarin in the presence of Beta-lactamase (*bla*) activity results in a blue fluorescence signal. The resulting coumarin:fluorescein ratio provides a normalized reporter response which can minimize experimental noise that can mask the underlying biological response of interest.

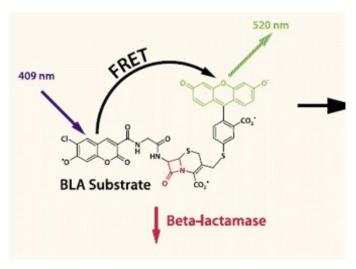


Figure 2: Fluorescent detection of cells using the GeneBLAzer™ technology. After substrate loading, in the absence of Beta-lactamase, cells appear green. In the presence of Beta-lactamase, the substrate is cleaved and cells appear blue.



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SelectScreen Assay Conditions

Test Compounds

Test compounds are received at 1000X (or greater) of the desired starting concentration in 100% DMSO. If compounds are supplied at greater that 1000X concentration, an initial dilution is made in 100% DMSO to bring the compounds to 1000X concentration. The 1000X test compounds are serially diluted (10 point ½-log increments) in 100% DMSO.

Substrate Loading Solution

The Substrate Loading Solution consists of three Life Technologies reagents: Solution A (10 mM LiveBLAzer™-FRET B/G Substrate), Solution B and Solution C.

Agonist Assay Protocol

Plate type utilized is dictated by each cell line as described in the Cell Line-Specific Assay Conditions Barcoded Corning 384 well Flat Clear Bottom Black Polystyrene TC-Treated Microplates (Corning Cat. #3712)

Barcoded Corning 384 well Flat Clear Bottom Black Polystyrene Poly-D-Lysine Coated Microplates (Corning Cat. #3664)

- 1. 40 nL of 1000X compound or known activator titration plus 4 μ L of assay media is added to the assay plate.
- 2. 32 µL of cells diluted in Assay Media to appropriate cell density are added to the assay plate.
- 3. 4 µL of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 µL.
- 4. The assay plate is incubated for 16-24 hours (depending upon the assay specifics) at 37°C/5% CO₂ in a humidified incubator.
- 5. 8 µL of the Substrate Loading Solution is added to the assay plate.
- 6. The assay plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature, in the dark.
- 7. The assay plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader (Tecan Safire²) and the data is analyzed.

Antagonist Assay Protocol

An agonist assay screen is run to obtain the EC₈₀ concentration of the known agonist to add in step 3.

- 1. 40 nL of 1000X compound or known activator titration plus 4 μ L of assay media is added to the assay plate.
- 2. 32 μ L of cells diluted in Assay Media to appropriate cell density are added to the assay plate and incubated for 30-60 minutes at 37°C/5% CO₂ in a humidified incubator.
- 3. 4 μ L of the 10X EC₈₀ concentration of stim (agonist), as determined in an Agonist assay, is added to all wells containing test compound and known antagonist to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L.
- 4. 4 μL of Assay Medium is added to remaining control wells to bring their volume up to 40 μL.
- 5. The assay plate is incubated for 16-24 hours (depending upon the assay specifics) at 37° C/5% CO₂ in a humidified incubator.
- 6. 8 µL of the Substrate Loading Solution is added to the assay plate.
- 7. The assay plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature, in the dark.
- 8. The assay plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader (Tecan Safire²) and the data is analyzed.



SelectScreen™ C	Cell-Based Nuclear	Receptor Profiling	Service
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SelectScreen Assay Controls

The following controls are run on each plate for each nuclear receptor cell line:

Full Stim Control

The full stim control contains 0.1% DMSO, cells and a maximum concentration of the known stim (agonist). In agonist mode, the full stim control is used to determine the upper end of the assay or 100% activation. In antagonist mode, the full stim control is used to determine the actual EC_{80} used in the assay, with the EC_{80} concentration chosen from previous agonist experiments.

No Stim Control

The no stim control contains 0.1% DMSO, cells and assay media in the place of stim (agonist). In agonist mode, it is used to determine the lower end of the assay or 0% activation. In antagonist mode, it is used to determine maximal inhibition or 100% inhibition.

Cell-Free Control

The cell-free control contains 0.1% DMSO and assay media. It is used to determine the background fluorescence for both coumarin and fluorescein wavelengths. These values are used for background subtraction.

EC₈₀ Control (Antagonist Mode Only)

The EC_{80} control is a concentration of the known agonist in assay media that has been determined through an agonist mode experiment. In antagonist mode, the EC_{80} control is used to determine the actual baseline of activation or 0% inhibition.

Known Agonist (Agonist Mode) or Inhibitor (Antagonist Mode) Titration

A known stim (agonist) or inhibitor titration is run on every assay plate for each cell line to ensure the cell line is either stimulated or inhibited within an expected EC_{50}/IC_{50} range as previously determined.



SelectScreen™	Cell-Based	Nuclear	Receptor	Profilina	Service

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SelectScreen Data Analysis

The following equations are used for each set of data points:

	Equation				
Background-Subtracted Fluorescence (Fl = Fluorescence Intensity)	Fl Sample — Fl Cell-Free Ctrl				
Emission Ratio	Coumarin Emission (460 nm)				
(using values corrected for background fluorescence)	Fluorescein Emission (530 nm)				
Despense Datio	Emission Ratio Compound				
Response Ratio	Emission Ratio No Stim Ctrl				
% Activation – Agonist Assays	Response Ratio Compound – Response Ratio No Stim Ctrl Response Ratio Full Stim Ctrl – Response Ratio No Stim Ctrl * 100				
% Inhibition – Antagonist Assays	Response Ratio Compound – Response Ratio No Stim Ctrl				
	Response Ratio EC80Ctrl – Response Ratio No Stim Ctrl * 100				
Z' - Agonist Assays	3*Std Dev Full Stim Ctrl + 3*Std Dev No Stim Ctrl				
(using Emission Ratio values)	1 - Mean Full Stim Ctrl – Mean No Stim Ctrl				
Z' - Antagonist Assays	3*Std Dev EC80 Ctrl + 3*Std Dev No Stim Ctrl				
(using Emission Ratio values)	Mean EC80 Ctrl – Mean No Stim Ctrl				

Graphing Software

SelectScreen Cell-Based Nuclear Receptor Profiling Service uses XL fit from IDBS. The dose response curve is curve fit to model number 205 (sigmoidal dose-response model).



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Nuclear Receptor Cell Lines Available for Screening

Assay	Cell Line	Tech- nology	Agonist	EC50 (nM)	Antagonist	IC50 (nM)	Ag. Mode	Antag. Mode
AR	UAS-bla GripTite™ 293	BLA	R1881	0.322	Cyproterone Acetate	77.43	Yes	Yes
ER-alpha	UAS-bla GripTite™ 293	BLA	17-beta-Estradiol	0.378	4-hydroxytamoxifen	2.608	Yes	Yes
ER-beta	UAS-bla GripTite™ 293	BLA	17-beta-Estradiol	3.688	RU-486	100.7	Yes	Yes
ERR-alpha	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	None		XCT790	322.8		Yes
FXR	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	GW4064	44.0	None		Yes	Yes
GR	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	Dexamethasone	2.966	RU-486	0.795	Yes	Yes
LXR-alpha	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	TO901317	1.662	None		Yes	Yes
LXR-beta	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	TO901317	11.1	None		Yes	Yes
MR	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	Aldosterone	0.402	Spironolactone	6.22	Yes	Yes
PPAR-delta	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	L-165041	19.3	MK-886	14,320	Yes	Yes
PPAR-gamma	UAS-bla HEK 293H	BLA	Rosiglitazone	4.86	T0070907	15.5	Yes	Yes
PR	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	R5020	2.069	RU-486	0.818	Yes	Yes
RAR-alpha	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	ATRA	0.780	Ro-41-5253	124.6	Yes	Yes
RAR-beta	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	ATRA	0.646	AGN193109	3.64	Yes	Yes
RAR-gamma	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	ATRA	0.196	AGN193109	0.473	Yes	Yes
RXR-alpha	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	9-cis retinoic acid	266.1	None		Yes	Yes
RXR-beta	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	9-cis retinoic acid	275.2	None		Yes	Yes
TR-alpha	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	T3 Sodium Salt	0.102	Thyroid Hormone receptor antagonist 1- 850	18,700	Yes	Yes
TR-beta	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	T3 Free Acid	0.315	None		Yes	Yes
VDR	UAS-bla HEK 293T	BLA	Calcitriol	0.105	None		Yes	Yes

^{*}EC₅₀ and IC₅₀ values are representative



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Nuclear Receptor Cell Line-Specific Assay Conditions

AR - Agonist Screen

AR-UAS-bla GripTite™ 293 cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 µg/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of R1881 (control agonist starting concentration, 31.6 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 µL of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 µL. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

AR - Antagonist Screen, Activated by R1881

AR-UAS-bla GripTite™ 293 cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of Cyproterone Acetate (control antagonist starting concentration, 3,160 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 µL of 10X control agonist R1881 at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

ER-alpha - Agonist Screen

ER-alpha-UAS-bla GripTite $^{\text{TM}}$ 293 cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 625,000 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of 17-beta-Estradiol (control agonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (20,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

ER-alpha - Antagonist Screen, Activated by 17-beta-Estradiol

ER-alpha-UAS-bla GripTite [™] 293 cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μL of a 10X serial dilution of 4-hydroxytamoxifen (control antagonist starting concentration, 100 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μL of 10X control agonist 17-beta-Estradiol at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μL of 1 μM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

ER-beta - Agonist Screen

ER-beta-UAS-bla GripTite $^{\text{TM}}$ 293 cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 625,000 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of 17-beta-Estradiol (control agonist starting concentration, 100 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (20,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

ER-beta - Antagonist Screen, Activated by 17-beta-Estradiol

ER-beta-UAS-bla GripTite™ 293 cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of RU-486 (control antagonist starting concentration, 10,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 µL of 10X control agonist 17-beta-Estradiol at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

ERR-alpha - Antagonist Screen, Activated by None

ERR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 625,000 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of XCT790 (control antagonist starting concentration, 5,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (20,000 cells) is added to the wells. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.



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FXR - Agonist Screen

FXR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 625,000 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of GW4064 (control agonist starting concentration, 10,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (20,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

FXR - Antagonist Screen, Activated by GW4064

FXR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist GW4064 at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the FXR-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.

GR - Agonist Screen

GR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 625,000 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of Dexamethasone (control agonist starting concentration, 100 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (20,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

GR - Antagonist Screen, Activated by Dexamethasone

GR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of RU-486 (control antagonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist Dexamethasone at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

LXR-alpha - Agonist Screen

LXR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 µg/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of TO901317 (control agonist starting concentration, 3,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 µL of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 µL. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

LXR-alpha - Antagonist Screen, Activated by TO901317

LXR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist TO901317 at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the LXR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.

LXR-beta - Agonist Screen

LXR-beta-UA \bar{S} -bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 µg/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of TO901317 (control agonist starting concentration, 3,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 µL of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 µL. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

LXR-beta - Antagonist Screen, Activated by TO901317

LXR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at



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37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μL of 10X control agonist TO901317 at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μL of 1 μM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the LXR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.

MR - Agonist Screen

MR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 781,250 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of Aldosterone (control agonist starting concentration, 100 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (25,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

MR - Antagonist Screen, Activated by Aldosterone

MR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of Spironolactone (control antagonist starting concentration, 1,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist Aldosterone at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

PPAR-delta - Agonist Screen

PPAR-delta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μg/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μL of a 10X serial dilution of L-165041 (control agonist starting concentration, 3,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μL of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μL of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μL. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μL of 1 μM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

PPAR-delta - Antagonist Screen, Activated by L-165041

PPAR-delta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μL of a 10X serial dilution of MK-886 (control antagonist starting concentration, 20,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μL of 10X control agonist L-165041 at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μL of 1 μM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

PPAR-gamma - Agonist Screen

PPAR-gamma-UAS-bla HEK 293H cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 937,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of Rosiglitazone (control agonist starting concentration, 316 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (30,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

PPAR-gamma - Antagonist Screen, Activated by Rosiglitazone

PPAR-gamma-UAS-bla HEK 293H cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of T0070907 (control antagonist starting concentration, 1,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist Rosiglitazone at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

PR - Agonist Screen

PR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 µg/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 468,750 cells/mL. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of R5020 (control agonist starting concentration, 100 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension (15,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 µL of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 µL. The plate is incubated for



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16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

PR - Antagonist Screen, Activated by R5020

PR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of RU-486 (control antagonist starting concentration, 100 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist R5020 at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RAR-alpha - Agonist Screen

RAR-alpha-UAŠ-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of ATRA (control agonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RAR-alpha - Antagonist Screen, Activated by ATRA

RAR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of Ro-41-5253 (control antagonist starting concentration, 500 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a Poly-D-Lysine assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist ATRA at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RAR-beta - Agonist Screen

RAR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 0.1% BSA, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of ATRA (control agonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RAR-beta - Antagonist Screen, Activated by ATRA

RAR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of AGN193109 (control antagonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 µL of 10X control agonist ATRA at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RAR-gamma - Agonist Screen

RAR-gamma-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 156,250 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of ATRA (control agonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (5,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RAR-gamma - Antagonist Screen, Activated by ATRA

RAR-gamma-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of AGN193109 (control antagonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist ATRA at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RXR-alpha - Agonist Screen



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RXR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of 9-cis retinoic acid (control agonist starting concentration, 1,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RXR-alpha - Antagonist Screen, Activated by 9-cis retinoic acid

RXR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist 9-cis retinoic acid at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the RXR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.

RXR-beta - Agonist Screen

RXR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of 9-cis retinoic acid (control agonist starting concentration, 1,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

RXR-beta - Antagonist Screen, Activated by 9-cis retinoic acid

RXR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 μ L of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist 9-cis retinoic acid at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the RXR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.

TR-alpha - Agonist Screen

TR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of T3 Sodium Salt (control agonist starting concentration, 4 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 22-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

TR-alpha - Antagonist Screen, Activated by T3 Sodium Salt

TR-alpha-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of a 10X serial dilution of Thyroid Hormone receptor antagonist 1-850 (control antagonist starting concentration, 100,000 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 µL of 10X control agonist T3 Sodium Salt at the pre-determined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 22-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

TR-beta - Agonist Screen

TR-beta-UAŠ-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 312,500 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of T3 Free Acid (control agonist starting concentration, 10 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (10,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

TR-beta - Antagonist Screen, Activated by T3 Free Acid

TR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in



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a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 μ L of 10X control agonist T3 Free Acid at the predetermined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the TR-beta-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.

VDR - Agonist Screen

VDR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and resuspended in Assay Media (DMEM phenol red free, 2% CD-treated FBS, 0.1 mM NEAA, 1 mM Sodium Pyruvate, 100 U/mL/100 μ g/mL Pen/Strep) to a concentration of 625,000 cells/mL. 4 μ L of a 10X serial dilution of Calcitriol (control agonist starting concentration, 50 nM) or compounds are added to appropriate wells of a 384-well TC-Treated assay plate. 32 μ L of cell suspension (20,000 cells) is added to each well. 4 μ L of Assay Media is added to all wells to bring the final assay volume to 40 μ L. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 μ L of 1 μ M Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader.

VDR - Antagonist Screen, Activated by Calcitriol

VDR-UAS-bla HEK 293T cells are thawed and prepared as described above for the Agonist Screen. 4 µL of 10X compounds or Assay Media are added to appropriate wells of a TC-Treated assay plate. 32 µL of cell suspension is added to the wells and pre-incubated at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator with compounds and control antagonist titration for 30 minutes. 4 µL of 10X control agonist Calcitriol at the predetermined EC80 concentration is added to wells containing the control antagonist or compounds. The plate is incubated for 16-24 hours at 37°C/5% CO2 in a humidified incubator. 8 µL of 1 µM Substrate Loading Solution is added to each well and the plate is incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plate is read on a fluorescence plate reader. At this time, the VDR-UAS-bla HEK 293T assay does not have an antagonist control.