LC-MS Solutions for Biopharmaceutical Characterisation

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NIBRT Overview









- World-class facility dedicated to address the training and research needs of the global biopharmaceutical industry based in Dublin, Ireland
- Competency based training experience in an environment that replicates modern industrial bioprocessing facilities
- Research with impact developing solutions to address real challenges faced within the biopharmaceutical industry
- Proud to collaborate with Thermo Fisher Scientific to demonstrate the power of their world leading instrumentation, software and consumables for biopharmaceutical characterisation









New NIBRT Initiatives in 2023



- Facility expansion opening in Q3.
- Dedicated suites for cell and gene therapy manufacture training activities.
- New research labs for expanded research teams.

Expansion will also contain a new early stage development facility designed to serve the research community funded by Science Foundation Ireland.



Ireland For what's next



Protein based biopharma workflows



MAM workflows



Protein based therapeutics workflows



Intact Protein Workflows



Why Intact Mass Analysis?

1. Quick and easy, no or very limited requirement for sample preparation



2. No sample preparation induced modifications



3. Assembly of differently modified residues into intact proteoforms known





Intact Mass Analysis on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS



Evaluation of Mass Stability

Analysis was performed on a daily basis to evaluate the mass stability of the instrument without EASY-IC source calibration, data processing standardised in Biopharma Finder software



ppm mass accuracy determined and plotted to assess instrument stability on a day by day basis for up to 18 days with no calibration



and Training

Intact Mass Analysis of Stressed Ipilimumab

Charge envelope of intact control and stressed Ipilimumab (500 ppm H_2O_2) and zoom of +52 charge state representing a baseline resolved glycoform pattern



nd Trainin

Analysis of Subunits following IdeS Digestion

Ipilimumab digested with IdeS protease followed by reduction, resulting subunits separated on MAbPac RP column on Vanquish Duo UHPLC coupled to Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS









Forced Oxidation of Ipilimumab

We subjected Ipilimumab to forced oxidation using peroxide treatment and repeated subunit analysis following IdeS digestion and reduction





TIC of separated G0F glycoform of ipilimumab scFc for control and stressed samples (50 and 500 ppm H₂O₂)

Zoomed mass spectra acquired with Rs = 120,000 (at *m/z* 200) showing near baseline-resolved isotope patterns of the +28 charge state of the scFc G0F subunit Deconvolution of the entire charge envelope including all scFc subunit glycoforms using Sliding Window Xtract algorithm

Forced Oxidation of Ipilimumab

Deconvolution of the subunit spectra revealed modifications on the heavy chain only, no oxidation on the light chain. An additional oxidation was noted on the Fd region of the heavy chain as well as those previously noted on the scFc region



detected forms of the scFC, LC and Fd subunits







Forced Oxidation of Golimumab scFc Sub Unit



TIC of separated G0F glycoform of golimumab scFc for control and stressed samples (50 and 500 ppm H₂O₂)

Zoomed mass spectra acquired with Rs = 120,000 (at *m/z* 200) showing near baseline-resolved isotope patterns of the +29 charge state of the scFc GOF subunit Deconvolution scFc subunit glycoforms using Sliding Window Xtract algorithm showing distinctive oxidation shifts



Peptide Mapping on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS



Base Peak Chromatogram of denosumab (Prolia[™]) indicating the peptide origin to light or heavy chains indicated by red (light chain) and green (heavy chain)



Data generated by Tom Buchanan, European Applications Development Scientist at Thermo Fisher Scientific

Prolia is a trademark of Amgen, Inc.

Peptide Mapping on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS

Data searched using Biopharma Finder software, 100% sequence coverage obtained for denosumab light and heavy chains. Coloured bars represent identified peptides with colours indicating peptide intensities based on full MS spectra

Sequence Coverage Map

Created on 04/24/20 by tom buchanan Data Földer = C:Users'tom buchanan Desktop/Desktop/Lab Data/MS Data/NIBRT/MM Peptide Mapping/ Minimum MS Signal = 24000 Data File = Prolia, Reduced_1_20200317010642 raw Protesse = Troxis

Proteins	Number of MS Peaks	MS Peak Area	Sequence Coverage	Abundance (mol)
1:denosumab_LC	391	45.4%	100.0%	63.38%
2:denosumab_HC	431	33.3%	100.0%	36.62%
Unidentified	2248	21.2%		

Minimum Recovery = 1% Minimum Recovery of Overlapping Peptides = 0% Minimum Confidence = 80 Maximum Mass = 7000





Data generated by Tom Buchanan, European Applications Development Scientist at Thermo Fisher Scientific



Peptide Mapping on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS

Experiment was repeated using without reduction to keep disulphide bonds intact, coloured bars represent identified peptides intensities based on full MS spectra

Denosumab_L	С							Denosumab_HC		
1 2 3 4 5 6 E I V L T Q	7 8 9 10 11 12 S P G T L S 23.9	13 14 15 16 17 18 L S P G E R	19 20 21 22 23 34 A T L S C R 33 26.0 69 70 71 72 73 74	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 3 A S Q S V R G F 289 25 4.8 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 8	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 Y L A W Y Q Q K 21.5 53 54 55 55 57 58 59 50	41 42 43 44 45 46 47 45 46 P G Q A P R L L I 5.4 5.8 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 97	50 Y	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 8 10 11 21 0 H H H I'I H B 21 2 2 0 M 2 M 2 H 2 M 2 H 2 M 1 2 1 H H H I'H H 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
G A S S R A 19.5 101 102 103 104 105 106 Q G T K V E 13.4 15.3 9.1	19.7 11.2 107 101 109 110 111 112 1 K R T V A	F S G S G S 242 113 114 115 116 117 116 A P S V F I 25 26 2	23.4 119 120 131 122 123 124 F P P S D E 1.7 18.9	125 126 127 128 129 120 131 13 Q L K S G T A S	D F A V F Y C Q 260 U3 U4 U5 156 U7 U8 U9 140 V V C L L N N F 24.1	U 142 140 144 145 146 147 141 14 Y P R E A K V Q W 241 141 142 142 142 142 144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	G 4 3 1 9 150 7 K	11 T G S G G S T Y Y A D S V K G R F T I S R D N S K N T L Y L Q M N S L R A E D T A V Y C A K D P 265 U3 226 137 226		
201 102 103 104 105 106 V D N A L Q 201 202 200 204 205 206 G L S S P V 11.7 13.8	157 158 159 160 161 162 157 158 159 160 161 162 S G N S Q E 19.2 13.8 207 208 209 210 211 212 T K S F N R 11.5 7.4	163 164 165 166 167 168 S V T E Q D 24.1 22.9 213 214 215 G E C 21.9	169 170 171 172 173 174 S K D S T Y	175 176 177 178 179 180 181 11 S L S S T L T I 23.7	110 144 155 156 157 188 189 190 S K A D Y E K H 64	191 192 199 194 199 196 197 191 19 K V Y A C E V T H 11.7 13.8	Q	IES <th colspan="2" i<="" td=""></th>		
Sequence Created on 04/29/201 Data Folder = C.Uses Unimmum MS Signal = Data File = Prolia_No Protease = Trypsin	Coverag y tom.buchanan skom.buchanan\De 16000 aReduced_1_20200	e Map sktop\Desktop\Lal 0317043152.raw	b Data\MS Data\N	IBRTMMPeptide May	ping\			10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		
Proteins N	umber of MS Peak	s MS Peak Area	Sequence Coverag	e Abundance (mol)				1/./ 3.8 26.2 2.0 10.5 18.2 19.1 31.8 10.5 18.2 19.1 31.8 10.5 19.1 31.8 10.5 19.1 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31		
1:Denosumab_LC	492	23.9%	98.6%	50.20%				T L P P S R E E M T K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P M L D		
2:Denosumab_HC Unidentified	625 6810	31.0% 45.1%	100.0%	49.80%				344 289 151 197 27.4 34.0 152 28.9 30.7 30.7		
Minimum Recovery = Minimum Recovery of Minimum Confidence Maximum Mass = 200 Color code for peptide 50.0% >20.0% >10.0%	1% Overlapping Peptid = 0 00 : recovery >5.0% >2.0% >1.0%	les = 0%	10.0%					1 37 0 10 00		



Data generated by Tom Buchanan, European Applications Development Scientist at Thermo Fisher Scientific

Low Level Peptide Modifications



Detection of deamidation at ³⁶⁶N in denosumab heavy chain, extracted ion chromatograms, MS and MS/MS spectra indicated induced mass shift in b-ions



Disulphide Bond Mapping on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS



S-S Bor	nd Type	Peptide Sequence	Position	Δ ppm	RT
Intra Chain	LC1	ATLSCR / LEPEDFAVFYCQQYGSSPR	1:C23/1:C89	-1.2	25.95
	LC2	SGTASVVCLLNNFYPR / HKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK	1:C135/1:C195	-2.1	24.15
	HC1	LSCAASGFTFSSYAMSWVR / AEDTAVYYCAK	2:C22/2:C96	-2.7	28.95
	HC2	STSESTAALGCLVK / DYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNTK	2:C149/2:C205	-0.9	32.54
	HC3	TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAK / CK	2:C262/2:C322	-0.6	26.76
	HC4	NQVSLTCLVK / WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK	2:C368/2:C426	0.4	22.87
Inter Chain	LC-HC	GEC / GPSVFPLAPCSR	1:C215/2:C136	-2.5	21.86
	Hinge	KCCVECPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPK / KCCVECPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPK	2:C224, C225, C228, C231/ 2:C224, C225, C228, C231	-0.02	28.05



Back to Ipilimumab: Oxidation on the Peptide Level



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Data generated by Tom Buchanan, European Applications Development Scientist at Thermo Fisher Scientific

Sub unit analysis of mAbs is a pretty standard workflow



Inline electrochemical reduction with ROXYTM Exceed



Coupling Roxy[™] Exceed potentiostat inline to LC-MS



- Experimental design of inline electrochemical reduction using a dual pump and trap column setup
- Allows use of solvents optimised for best reduction conditions followed by best conditions for analysis

Optimisation of inline electrochemical reduction



Optimisation of inline electrochemical reduction



Combination with IdeS digestion



Native Separations Coupled to Native MS



Why Native MS?

1. Preservation of higher order protein structure allows for structural analysis, e.g. structural changes upon pH change, ligand binding, complex formation, etc.



2. Spectra in the higher m/z range with increased spatial spectral resolution



3. Preservation of non-covalent interaction allows for the analysis of fragile molecules such as cysteine-conjugated antibody-drug conjugates



Native SEC-MS on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS



Deconvoluted spectrum of trastuzumab from SEC-MS dilution series data, excellent mass accuracy across the glycoform distribution
Native SEC-MS on Orbitrap Exploris 240 MS



Particle Size and Chromatographic Performance

- Reducing the particle size of chromatographic stationary phases is well known to increase the efficiency of the separation due to reduced plate height.
- Advances in stationary phase formats have enabled the achievement of high chromatographic efficiency without the associated increase in pressure that arises when using particles with small diameters.
- However, stationary phase particles are often polydisperse, resulting in a range of particles, some smaller and some larger than the stated particle size, which effects column performance according to van Deemter.
- Monodisperse particle size distributions represent a more idealised stationary phase format, reducing diffusive effects and facilitating more reproducible mass transfer, together yielding increased chromatographic performance.



Introducing a Novel Monodisperse Particle Technology

- Thermo Scientific have developed new ion exchange phases based on a novel monodisperse particle technology ProPac 3R Range.
- Columns are packed with a 3 μ m monodisperse non-porous polymeric phase, coated with a hydrophilic polymeric layer comprising anion or cation exchange functionalities.
- Column features include:
 - Increased capacity,
 - Ability to use shorter formats to increase speed,
 - Increased chromatographic performance,
 - Excellently controlled chemistry of manufacture yielding tight batch-to-batch reproducibility.



Chromatographic Reproducibility on ProPac 3R





Lot-to-Lot Reproducibility of the Packing Material



pH Gradient Reproducibility



High Resolution: pH Gradient MS Coupling



High Resolution: pH Gradient MS Coupling

Deconvolution of the data using the Sliding Window algorithm in BioPharma Finder facilitates assessment and annotation of peaks, from high to low abundance.



High abundant species, *e.g.*, A1 easily identified as des-C-term K form. Selectivity on SCX-MD 3 μm is so good that we now can identify lower abundant proteoforms of the molecule, tentative identification based on mass, confirmation by peptide mapping

ioprocessing Resea

Comparability Assessment - Adalimumab



Baseline Zoom – Impressive Selectivity of SCX-MD 3µm





Comparability Assessment of Adalimumab Biosimilars





iMAM Data Processing



Comparability Assessment of Adalimumab Biosimilars



iMAM processing of the resulting MS data enables the determination and quantitation of a large number of product quality attributes present on the intact level Simplified output depicting only the Cterm lysine variants used to compare the different adalimumab biosimilars



iMAM Processing of Adalimumab CEX-MS Data



Improved selectivity of ProPac 3R SCX improves iMAM processing allowing for more components to be identified and added to the processing method for targeted quantitation and reporting.



An Additional Basic Peak Present in Yuflyma



Yuflyma was found to contain an extra peak in the basic region of the chromatogram, at 15.5 minutes, eluting later than any other peak present in the innovator or other adalimumab biosimilars.

An Additional Basic Peak Present in Yuflyma



Deconvoluted mass spectra of Yuflyma and the innovator product were compared.

An additional peak at 147,294.25 Da was observed in Yuflyma.

Working the numbers, this lower mass species potentially corresponds to a truncation on the heavy chain N-terminus.



Confirmation of HC N-term Cleavage by Pep Mapping

Thermo BioPharma Finder 5.1	– a ×
thermo BioPharma Finder	BPF5.1_MAM2.0 Project Yufilma BS_FullMS Help 🌞 🎗
Home Peptide Mapping Analysis Load Results Queue Parameters Process and Review Mapping Target Peptide Workbook	
	Process Manual Integrate Save Results As
Real Time Optimization Chromatogram Finable Manual Integration (SIC Only)	- 4 × 1
SIC: D:\BPF Datafiles II\30.MAM2.0 OE240 Project October 2022\VQ Duo-OE MX Data\3.Adalimumab Biosimilars\Yuflyma_1_18.raw NL 3.9/Eb >1:Beavy Chain	
100 10 20 20 20 20 EVQLVES <mark>GGG LVQPGR</mark> SLRL SCAASGFTFD DYAM	40 50 60 70 80 HWVRQA PGKGLEWVSA ITWNSGHIDY ADSVEGRFTI SRDNAKNSLY
90 100 110 LQMNSLRAED TAVYYCAKVS YLSTASSLDY WGQG	120 130 140 150 160 TLVTVS SASTKGPSVF PLAPSSKSTS GGTAALGCLV KDYFPEPVTV
500 170 180 190 Sanscalingo untrepairlos solveinetu rupe	200 210 220 230 240
250 260 270	280 290 300 310 320
SIC: D:\BPF Datafiles II\30.MAM2.0 OE240 Project October 2022IVQ Duo-OE MX Data\3.Adalimumab Biosimilars\Yuflyma_2_19.raw NL: 4.13E6 GPSVPLFPPK PKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDV SHED	PEVKFN WYVDGVEVHN AKTKPREEQY NSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNG
₹ 100 KEYKCKVSNK ALPAPIEKTI SKAKGQPREP QVYT	LPPSRD ELTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTPP
UDSDGSFFL YSKLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCS VMHE	440 450 ALHNHY TQKSLSLSPG
50 ⁻¹	
>2: Light Chain	
0-3 SIC: D:\BPF Datafiles II\30.MAM2.0 OE240 Project October 2022/VQ Duo-OE MX Data\3 Adalimumab Biosimilars\Yuflyma 3 20 raw NL: 4.06E6 DIQMTQSPSS LSASVGRVT ITCRASQGIR. NYLA	40 50 60 70 80 WYQQKP GKAPKLLIYA ASTLQSGVPS RFSGSGSGSTD FTLTISSLQP
10.67	120 130 140 150 160 VFIFPP SDEOLKSGTA SVVCLLNNFY PREAKVOWKV DNALOSGNSO
170 180 190	200 210 220
ESVTEQDSKD STYSLSSTLT LSKADYEKHK, VYAC	EVTHQG LSSPVTKSFN RGEC
E.	
5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 RT (min)	
Chromatogram Peptide Match ID Details	rotein Sequence Full Scan Spectra MS2 Spectra
	Reference Condition 🛛 🛛 👻 🔻 🖡 🗶
🚰 🔲 Level Νo. Identification Peptide Sequence Mod Site Δ.ppm Conf. Score Best ASR ID Type Integration RT M/Z. Charge St. MC	ono Mass Avg Mass Exp. Theor. Mass Missed Protein Ratio (R2
Image:	839.4600 839.75 839.4613 0 Heavy Chain
⊕ ▶ 2 Comp 5665 1:68-R16 = 839.4613m(nonspecific) GGGLVQPGR nonspecific -1.51 0.0 0.0 Full Automatic 10.73 420.737 2	839.4601 839.75 839.4613 0 Heavy Chain



Coupling ProA affinity chromatography to high res MS

700

600

UV absorption (mAU) 400 - 200

100

0.0

0.5





Inline Protein A Mass Spectrometry for Characterization of Monoclonal Antibodies Kenneth M. Prentice, Alison Wallace, and Catherine M. Eakin*^{,†} Department of Analytical Sciences, Amgen Inc., 1201 Amgen Court West, Seattle, Washington 98119, United State

Anal. Chem. 2015, 87, 2023-8

Flow to waste

Flow

through

%B: 0.0

1.0

Previous report from Amgen on ProA coupling to MS but used solvent make up flow for denatured intact mass analysis

%B: 0.0

4.0

4.5

5.0

Flow to MS system

%B: 100.0

Protein peak

Protein A affinity chromatography is a key step in the purification of mAbs and Fc fusion proteins

We also routinely use the Thermo Scientific[™] MAbPac[™] Protein A Antibody Analysis and Purification HPLC Column for rapid titre determination by LC-UV

We wanted to explore if we could couple ProA to high resolution Orbitrap MS under native conditions using volatile buffers for rapid titre and characterisation

2.0

1.5

2.5

3.0

3.5

hage Credits Column image: https://www.sartorius.com/en/products/process-chromatography/chromatography-column ProA 3D ribbon structure: https://www.rcsb.org/structure/1BDD

ProA-MS using MAbPac[™] Protein A coupled to QE-

Protein A affinity chromatography of bevacizumab using a MAbPac[™] Protein A column on a Thermo Scientific[™] Vanquish[™] Flex UHPLC coupled to a Q Exactive[™] UHMR Hybrid Quadrupole-Orbitrap[™] Mass Spectrometer



Investigating the pH dependency of the interaction



Considering that native like MS spectra were observed at low pH, the pH dependence and stoichiometry of the mAb /ProA interaction was investigated using SEC-MS on a Thermo Scientific[™] MAbPac[™] SEC-1 size exclusion chromatography column

- Stoichiometry appeared consistently at a 1:1 mAb / ProA complex
- Clear pH dependency of the interaction observed until pH lowered to below pH 4.5
- Under classic acidic buffer elution conditions, mAb appears to undergo a reversible confirmational shift

Method performance assessment



Linearity assessment of mAb spiked into cell culture media at levels from 100 µg to 0.5 µg, excellent response and sensitivity and mass accuracy was maintained at < 25 ppm even at the lowest spiking levels evaluated

Bioprocessing Resea and Training

Application to various mAbs and antibody samples





Application for at-line process monitoring



Average relative abundance (%) of glycoforms from day 6 bioreactor samples





bioreactor samples 120.00 100.00 80.00 40.00

Average relative abundance (%) of glycoforms from day 10

Average Relative Abundance (%) GOF/G1F 60.00 G1F/G1F G1F/G2F 20.00 G2F/G2F 0.00 Control Low DO Low Tempature Low DO and Temperature **Bioreactor Condition**

- ProA-MS applied at-line to samples collected from IgG1 producing bioreactors
- Method provided a rapid insight into glycoform abundances and alterations over various days
- Lowering temperature had the biggest impact on glycosylation, move towards more complete galactosylation National Institute for

Bioprocessing Research and Training

Characterisation Workflows on Vanquish Neo



PQA Analysis of NIST mAb using nano LC-MS/MS



Challenge: Detection of low abundant quality attributes!

Adapted from Jakes et al, JASMS, 2021 - <u>https://pubs.acs.org/doi/pdf/10.1021/jasms.0c00432</u> Millán-Martín et al, Anal & Bioanal Chem, 2020 - <u>https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00216-020-02809-z</u>



Sequence Coverage

NIST mAb injection	Sequ Covera	ence ge [%]	Number of MS peaks		
	Light Chain	Heavy Chain	Light Chain	Heavy Chain	
1000 ng	96.24	98.44	229	813	
750 ng	100.00	98.44	210	805	
500 ng	100.00	98.44	200	776	
250 ng	100.00	98.00	198	714	
100 ng	100.00	97.10	167	584	
50 ng	100.00	97.10	132	489	
10 ng	98.59	96.21	73	274	

NIST mAb Heavy Chain

10.8



Sequence coverage map, NIST mAb dilution series: 10 ng injections in triplicate, Easyspray 50 cm column (without trap).



10 peptides selected for evaluation of NIST mAb



Bioprocessing Research and Training

Reproducibility



	Peptide Sequence	Peak Area (Avg.)	%CV (Area) (<=10%)	Avg. RT (min)	%CV (RT) (<=2%)	Avg. FWHM (s)	%CV (FWHM) (<=10%)	Min. Mass Error (ppm)	Max. Mass Error (ppm)
1	VEIKR	1.15E+10	0.41%	10.81	0.13%	1.5	2.84%	-1.42	0
2	NQVVLK	2.86E+10	1.55%	16.32	0.12%	4.92	3.27%	-0.57	0.04
3	VDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK	3.26E+10	0.63%	22.81	0.11%	5.18	4.72%	-1.14	-0.34
4	DTLMISR	2.88E+10	0.68%	28.21	0.11%	4.95	4.88%	-0.19	0.54
5	SLSLSPG	1.43E+10	0.70%	32.12	0.09%	6.16	3.77%	0	0
6	DIQMTQSPSTLSASVGDR	3.34E+10	0.25%	35.43	0.08%	5.38	5.42%	0.11	1.01
7	FNWYVDGVEVHNAK	6.77E+09	1.30%	34.86	0.12%	5.89	3.34%	0.4	1.13
8	GFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYK	3.14E+10	4.07%	44.93	0.07%	6.94	2.87%	-0.73	0.04
9	VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGK	8.82E+10	6.31%	46.16	0.05%	5.78	2.66%	-0.22	0.59
10	ALEWLADIWWDDKK	5.14E+10	8.08%	51.47	0.08%	5.03	2.22%	-1.36	0.07

* 100 ng injections in triplicate, Easyspray 50 cm column (without trap).



Robustness and Sensitivity



NIST mAb dilution series: 1000-10 ng injections in triplicate, Easyspray 50 cm column (without trap). Calibration curve range 250 – 10 ng (due to poor peak shape at high injection amounts).





Peptide	Description	%Mod. (Avg.)	%CV (Mod.) (<=15%)	Pass or Fail
GFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYK	Deamidation	1.88	12.39%	Pass
DTLMISR	Oxidation	1.89	1.61%	Pass
WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK	Oxidation	1.36	0.92%	Pass
SLSLSPG	C-term Lys	16.15	0.65%	Pass
EEQYN[A2G1F]STYR	N-Glycan	40.56	0.50%	Pass
EEQYN[A2G0F]STYR	N-Glycan	38.75	0.86%	Pass
EEQYN[A2G2F]STYR	N-Glycan	9.56	1.89%	Pass
EEQYN[A1G0F]STYR	N-Glycan	5.23	2.41%	Pass

NIST mAb 100ng replicates, n=6



Nano-LC based MAM workflow for cell culture screening



Challenge: Limited sample amount!



* Proof of concept experiment – IgG1 was spiked in at concentrations based on previously published cellular productivity. SP3 digestion was performed in triplicate.



Retention	time	(min)
		

Peptide	ADYEK	VQWK	SLSLSPG[Lys]	ALPAPIEK	DTLMISR	FNWYVDGVE VHNAK	VDNALQSGNSQESVTEQ DSKDSTYSLSSTLTLSK	VVSVLTVLHQD WLNGKEYK	GLEWIGAIYPGN GDTSYNQK	Q[NH3 loss]IVLSQ SPAILSASPGEK	STYYGGDWYFNVW GAGTTVTVSAASTK
Average RT	10.78	15.9	22.66	24.58	27.99	34.51	36.69	41.75	46.32	49.38	65.27
%CV (RT)	0.25%	0.33%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.12%	0.11%	0.08%	0.08%	0.04%	0.05%
Pass or Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass



3 biological replicates per condition, 500 ng injections

138 total components (considering all charge states), 29 attributes monitored





IgG1 Quality Attributes (n=12)





N-Glycosylation (n=12)



Nano-LC workflow for HCP detection



Challenge: Dynamic range! Low concentration of HCPs vs. high abundant mAb derived peptides.


Host Cell Protein (HCP) detection in IgG1 samples



- ✓ 141 detected HCPs (min. of 2 unique peptides)
- ✓ 65 HCPs quantified (LFQ, no missing values)

Accession	Description	# Unique Peptides
G3H0L9	Cathepsin B	12
G3HNJ3	Clusterin	22
G3HMD1	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	6
G3IDL7	Heat shock cognate 71 kDa protein	4
G3H354	Heat shock protein HSP 90-alpha	10
G3HC84	Heat shock protein HSP 90-beta	9
G3H2T4	Histone H2B	4
G3GYP9	Peroxiredoxin-1	7
G3HC31	Protein S100	2



Host Cell Protein (HCP) detection in IgG1 samples





AAV Peptide Mapping Workflow



Challenge: low concentration and price of AAV samples!



Adapted from Guapo et al, J. Pharm. Biomed, 2021 - <u>https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0731708521005380</u>

AAV Peptide Mapping Workflow



National Institute for Bioprocessing Research and Training

200ng injections, 3 technical replicates - 50 cm vs. 15 cm EasySpray Neo Column

Sequence Coverage of VPs

Method	VP1	VP2	VP3
50cm 20min	100	100	100
50cm 60min	99.4	100	100
15cm 20min	100	100	100
15cm 60min	98.3	98	100

VP1 – Sequence Coverage Map



Monitoring potential quality attributes



Number of detected PTMs

Summary / Take home messages

System preparation:

Vanquish Neo significantly reduces required hands-on time User friendly interface and built in leak tests facilitate easy change of trap-elute/direct injection workflows

Performance:

Vanquish Neo hyphenated to Exploris 480 enables highest reproducibility and robust performance

High sensitivity at low flow rates facilitates of various biotherapeutics even at low sample concentrations in-depth analysis

Ease of obtaining information rich, high-confidence results

