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# Thermo Scientific iCE FIOS AAS

5 mg·L<sup>-1</sup> copper performance



The Thermo Scientific<sup>™</sup> iCE<sup>™</sup> FIOS<sup>™</sup> AAS incorporates a flame atomizer combined with high light transmission double beam optics for high precision and accuracy.

This study using the iCE FIOS AAS system demonstrates instrument perform and illustrates the best response which can be achieved depending on the conditions employed.



#### Analysis 1

Analysis was carried out using the iCE FIOS AAS with the optimized conditions detailed in Table 1.

#### Table 1. Parameters used for the analysis.

Parameter	Setting
Wavelength	324.88 nm
Bandpass	0.5 nm
Burner type	100 mm
Fuel ratio	0.9 ml·min⁻¹
Burner horizontal	0.7
Burner height	0 mm
Burner angle	0
Sample uptake rate	6 mm·min <sup>-1</sup>
Integration time	3 sec

Standards of 1, 3 and 5  $mg\cdot L^1$  of copper were analyzed to construct a calibration plot and a 5  $mg\cdot L^1$  copper sample was analyzed with 10 replicates.

#### **Results of analysis 1**



Figure 1. Analysis 1 calibration plot for copper from 1 to 5 mg·L<sup>-1</sup>.

Table 2. Analysis 1 results of a ten replicate analysis of a 5  $mg\cdot L^{\text{-1}}$  copper solution.

Name					Sam	ple 1				
Abs	1.027	1.028	1.024	1.032	1.030	1.027	1.032	1.026	1.029	1.027
Conc	4.96	4.97	4.95	4.99	4.98	4.96	4.99	4.96	4.97	4.96

## Table 3. Analysis 1 statistical observations of the ten replicate analysis of 5 mg·L<sup>-1</sup> copper solution based on absorption.

Statistics on Abs							
Valid observation	10						
Process mean	1.02822						
Standard deviation	0.00256						
Variance	0.00001						
Coeff. of variance	0.24908						
Minimum value	1.02400						
Maximum value	1.03208						
Range	0.00808						

Mean absorbance of analysis 1 is 1.03 and Coefficient of Variance, also known as Relative Standard Deviation, is 0.24% as shown in Table 3.

#### Analysis 2

Further analysis was carried out on a second iCE FIOS AAS with optimized conditions shown in Table 4, the same samples were analyzed as in analysis 1.

#### Table 4. Parameters used for the analysis.

Parameter	Setting
Wavelength	324.700 nm
Bandpass	0.5 nm
Burner type	100 mm
Fuel ratio	0.8 mm·min <sup>-1</sup>
Burner horizontal	0.2
Burner height	1 mm
Burner angle	0
Sample uptake rate	7.1 mm·min <sup>-1</sup>
Integration time	3 sec

#### **Results of analysis 2**



Figure 2. Analysis 2 calibration plot for copper from 1 to 5 mg·L<sup>-1</sup>.

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Table 5. Analysis 2 results of a ten replicate analysis of a 5  $\rm mg\cdot L^{\text{-}1}$  copper solution.

Name					Sam	ple 1				
Abs	1.049	1.050	1.056	1.058	1.050	1.046	1.052	1.051	1.049	1.045
Conc	4.97	4.98	5.00	5.01	4.98	4.96	4.98	4.98	4.97	4.95

## Table 6. Analysis 2 statistical observations of the ten replicateanalysis of 5 ppm copper solution based on absorption.

Statistics on Abs							
Valid observation	10						
Process mean	1.05070						
Standard deviation	0.00406						
Variance	0.00002						
Coeff. of variance	0.38671						
Minimum value	1.04458						
Maximum value	1.05792						
Range	0.01333						

The mean absorbance of analysis 2 is 1.05 and Coefficient of Variance, also known as Relative Standard Deviation, is 0.39% as shown in Table 6.

#### Summary

Based on the study carried out; the iCE FIOS AAS system can achieve absorbance of > 0.95 for 5 mg·L<sup>-1</sup> copper solution. Also, in terms of precision the performance is < 0.5% (RSD) depending on the conditions employed. These performance specifications have been demonstrated across a number of instruments.



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