

# METABOLITE PROFILING AND IDENTIFICATION IN CRYOPRESERVED HUMAN HEPATOCYTES USING THERMO SCIENTIFIC COMPOUND DISCOVERER SOFTWARE

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#### **ABSTRACT**

and trying to understand structure activity Alternately, determining metabolic soft-spots empirically can be time consuming with spectral interpretation being rate limiting. The combination of several different technologies: cryopreserved hepatocytes, high resolution mass spectrometry and data analysis and interpretation software, can provide more rapid and accurate results to help teams make the right decisions. Cryopreserved hepatocytes provide in vivo-like enzyme expression levels. proper cell morphology, and increased ability to draw in vitro/in vivo correlations to make sound decisions regarding a compound's fate. High resolution mass spectrometry itself has improved the quality of metabolite identification, but also has enabled the advent of software that can take advantage of the precision of accurate mass instruments and combine that with computational power and techniques to further enhance the value of this data. This poster will share the results of a series of marketed drugs that were incubated with crvopreserved human hepatocytes, profiled by high resolution mass spectrometry and analyzed using Compound Discoverer software (Thermo Scientific).

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Historically, the rate limiting step in providing metabolic profiling and structure elucidation results has been data interpretation. Due diligence required an extensive process of manually interrogating data for analytes of unknown variety and quantity, then comparing those results to control samples. The convergence of UPLC, High Resolution Mass structure Spectrometry (HRMS) and elucidation software are allowing the bottleneck of data interpretation to be significantly reduced. UPLC provides ~5-10 fold decrease in traditional analysis time without losing any of the chromatographic resolution. HRMS spectral accuracy provides the precision for high confidence fragment interpretation and structure elucidation. Compound Discoverer software, takes advantage of the high level of mass accuracy, the algorithmic nature of mass accurate metabolite predictions in addition to providing tools to organize, compare, contrast and summarize results.

### INTRODUCTION

A consistent challenge of the drug discovery project team is to make rapid impactful decisions on limited data sets to move a program forward. Traditional methods of understanding metabolic clearance issues (include screening half-lives in in vitro systems and trying to understand structure activity relationships) are rapid although imprecise. Alternately, determining metabolic soft-spots empirically can be time consuming with

#### METHODS

Compounds (10  $\mu$ M) were incubated with cryopreserved isolated human hepatocytes (50  $\mu$ L, 96-well plate ). Incubate extracts were injected onto Accela UPLC system running a wide 12 minute gradient (0.1% formic acid (mobile phase A) and ACN(mobile phase B)). Chromatographic separations were performed with an ACQUITY C18 BEH (2.1x100mm, 1.7 $\mu$ m) column with UV spectral data collected from 200-450 nm. Mass spectral data was collected using a Obitrap Elite Mass Spectrometer in FTMS mode (150-1000 amu, 15,000 resolution, MS<sup>2</sup> data dependent). Data analysis performed using Compound Discoverer (Thermo Scientific).

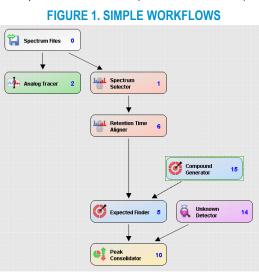
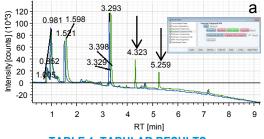
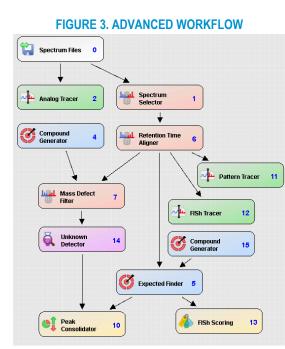


FIGURE 2. SIMPLE ANALYSIS

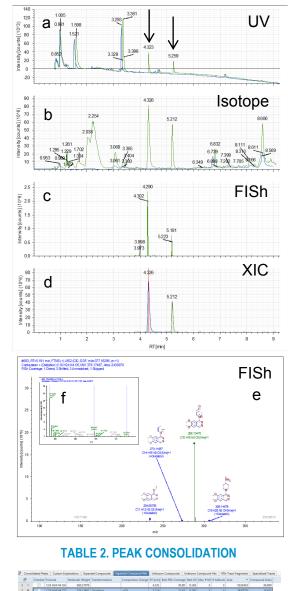


#### TABLE 1. TABULAR RESULTS

Consolida		idated Per	iks Custom Explan	ations Expected C	ompounds	Expected Compound Hits	Unknown Compounds	Unknown Compound H	its FISh Tr	ace Fragments	Specialized Traces
	41	Checked	Formula	Molecular Weight	Transformatio	ons		Composition Change	RT (min)	Area	Compound Area   *
1	9		C18 H24 N4 O4	360.17976					4.321	5323433	36.000
2			C18 H24 N4 O5	376.17467	Oxidation			+(O)	5.214	2430070	16.433
3	-		C18 H24 N4 O5	376.17467				+(O)	5.214	2430070	16.433
4	-		C18 H24 N4 O5	376.17467	Reduction, A	cetylation		+(0)	5.214	2430070	16.433
5			C15 H17 N3 O3	287.12699				-(C3 H7 N C)	5.214	544764	3.684
6	-		C15 H17 N3 O3	287.12699	Desaturation			-(C3 H7 N C)	5.214	544764	3.684
7	-0		C15 H17 N3 O2	271.13208	Dehydration,	Reduction		-(C3 H7 N O2)	4.323	326515	2.208
8	-		C15 H17 N3 O2	271.13208	Dehydration			-(C3 H7 N O2)	4.323	326515	2.208
9	-		C20 H22 N4 O5	398-15902	Dehydration,	Oxidative Deamination to P	letone, Glycine Conjugation	-(H2) +(C2 O)	5.214	271682	1.837
10			C24 H32 N4 O10	535.21184	Glucuronide	Conjugation		=(C6 H8 O6)	4.001	208536	1.410
11	-		C24 H32 N4 O10	535.21184	Desaturation	Glucoside Conjugation		~(C5 H8 C6)	4.001	208536	1.410
22	-		C23 H38 N6 O4	462.29545	Hydration, N	itro Reduction, Ornitine Con	jugation	~(C5 H14 N2)	8.530	201485	1.363
13	-		C16 H20 N4 O5	348.14337	Oxidation			-(C2 H4) =(O)	4.504	85937	0.581
24	-		C18 H22 N4	294.18445	Dehydration,	Dehydration, Nitro Reducti	in	-(H2 O4)	6.748	71671	0.485



#### FIGURE 4. ORTHOGONAL ANALYSIS



### RESULTS

In a simple workflow to identify the major metabolic clearance pathways, dosed and control samples can be processed and visualized together (expected, unexpected peaks all compared with control, Figure 2).

Compound Discoverer provides the ability to customize the views of chromatograms, spectra and analyte tables, allowing a rapid initial semi-quantitative assessment of the abundance (UV) of compound related peaks. Filters can then be used to quickly prioritize tabular data for further analysis (Table 1) in under 30 sec.

In an advanced workflow (Figure 3), additional nodes can be added (Isotope Trace, FISh Tracers, Mass Defect and FISh Scoring) to provide orthogonal detection techniques to build confidence and focus on compound derived products.

Employing the Pattern Tracer node, a trace is extracted based on the parent molecule elemental composition (Figure 4b & f). The FISh Tracer node compares the predicted parent fragments to all MS<sup>2</sup> fragments to create a trace of peaks that share fragments with the parent molecule (Figure 4c).

FISh scoring (Figure 4e) provides fragment assignment based on Mass Frontier literature based in silico fragmentation rules and comparisons to the parent molecule for metabolite assignment.

Peak consolidator (Table 2) combines all of the defined data from the parent nodes consolidates the data for an assigned peak (e.g.  $[M+H]^+$ ,  $[M+Na]^+$ ,  $[M+K]^+$ ).

#### CONCLUSIONS

Compound Discoverer is a powerful software tool that provides significant speed and organizational benefits to aid the biotransformation scientist interpret metabolic profiling and structure elucidation data when compared to traditional techniques.

Taking full advantage of HRMS data, Compound Discoverer consolidates several complimentary metabolite detection strategies, makes them easy to visualize and places them in one customizable piece of software.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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