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High Resolution Chromosome Copy Number Analysis Using GeneChip<sup>®</sup> Mapping Arrays

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#### **Genomic Copy Number Analysis**

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- Cytogenetics De novo and inherited germ line changes
- Cancer Research Somatic amplifications and deletions

 Association studies – inherited germ line changes



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# GeneChip<sup>®</sup> Technology Platform

# **7G GeneChip<sup>®</sup> Technology: 5μm spacing**

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#### **GeneChip®** Mapping Assay Overview

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#### **SNP Intensity Correlates With Chromosomal Copy Number**

Autosomal SNPsX Chromosome SNPs

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(100K data)



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#### An Integrated View of Copy Number and Allelic Alterations in the Cancer Genome Using Single Nucleotide Polymorphism Arrays

Xiaojun Zhao,<sup>1,4</sup> Cheng Li,<sup>2,5</sup> J. Guillermo Paez,<sup>1,3</sup> Koei Chin,<sup>7</sup> Pasi A. Jänne,<sup>1,3</sup> Tzu-Hsiu Chen,<sup>1</sup> Luc Girard,<sup>8,9</sup> John Minna,<sup>8,9</sup> David Christiani,<sup>6</sup> Chris Leo,<sup>1</sup> Joe W. Gray,<sup>7</sup> William R. Sellers,<sup>1,3</sup> and Matthew Meyerson<sup>1,4</sup>

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#### Comparison of 10K, cDNA, and BAC Arrays – Breast Carcinoma, Chr. 20

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Zhao, X. et al. *Cancer Res* 64, 3060-71 (2004).





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#### 500K Mapping Arrays Enable Fine-Mapping of Gains and Losses



#### GeneChip<sup>®</sup> Mapping Arrays Distinguish Between Different LOH Mechanisms



- Different mechanisms can cause LOH (Panel A)
  - Point mutation

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- Hemizygous deletion
- Mitotic disjunction
- Mitotic recombination
- Gene conversion

Zhao, X. et al. Cancer Res 64, 3060-71 (2004).

#### GeneChip<sup>®</sup> Mapping Arrays Distinguish Between Different LOH Mechanisms

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- SNPs can distinguish different genetic mechanisms that lead to LOH (Panel B and C)
  - In HCC1599, chromosome 13 undergoes LOH, as determined by genotype analysis, but no change in copy number (Panel B)
  - In contrast, HCC2218, chromosome 13 undergoes LOH and copy number change

Zhao, X. et al. Cancer Res 64, 3060-71 (2004).

#### Lung Cancer Sample on 500K Allele Specific Copy number Analysis

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# Single sample (CCL-256D) compared to matched normal (CCL-256.1D)



Ch13		Ch14	Ch15	Ch16	Ch17
2		2 2		••• 4 2	2 0
2 		2 martin a series and a series of the series			
Ch18	Ch19	Ch20 Ch2	1 Ch22 ChX		
2	2 <mark>704-24-24</mark>		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
	2		anter againer 2 minerarker 2		

- Heterozygous calls
- Discordant calls (b/w Tumor and Normal)
- Moving Average of Log<sub>2</sub> ratio (10 SNPs)
- Allele-specific Log<sub>2</sub> ratios

Prepared with Seishi Ogawa CNAG: www.genome.umin.jp

# Affymetrix GeneChip® Mapping Arrays for Genotype, LOH, and Copy Number

 Mapping arrays can be used for combined genotype, loss of heterozygosity, and copy number analysis

SNP ID	Chromosome	Physical Position	dbSNP RS ID	Ref103_2	Ref103_2
				Call	Confidence
SNP_A-4286093	16	34679872	rs8054993	BB	0.000488
SNP_A-2131822	10	70635063	rs12256724	BB	0.046875
SNP_A-4265885	6	117421903	rs1413751	AA	0.000488
SNP_A-2057735	16	46397850	rs16945629	BB	0.007813
SNP_A-4274636	10	70632906	rs7905984	BB	0.007813
SNP_A-4266929	8	47677652	rs1474386	AB	0.007813
SNP_A-4294701	14	66038848	rs7146723	AA	0.000977
SNP_A-1881300	5	70963442	rs277979	AB	0.007813





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#### **Limitations of Current Technologies**

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- Do not provide genotype information
  - LOH regions resulting from no copy change are not detected
- Limits of resolution, throughput, and manufacturing
  - CGH BAC arrays are manufactured on-site
    - Potential for spot variation within and between sites
    - Different clones at different sites
    - Cannot be fabricated to industrial standards

Technology	Amount of DNA Required	Assay Time	Resolution	Probe Sequence Dependent
Karyotyping	++++	slow	5-10 Mb	No
FISH	+++	slow	1-5 Mb	Yes
CGH	+++	medium	1 Mb	No

- IOK and 500K can be used with Formalin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded samples for CCN and LOH
- Imprinting patterns can be identified using Mapping Arrays (Apr 1, 2006)



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#### Affymetrix Copy Number Analysis Solutions

#### GeneChip<sup>®</sup> Mapping System For Copy Number Analysis

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#### **Data Analysis Solutions**

Affymetrix Copy Number Analysis Tool 4.0

- Academic Tools
  - CNAG

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- GenePattern
- dChip SNP
- Commercial Solutions- GeneChip Compatible (www.affymetrix.com/products/software/compa tible/copynumber.affx)
  - Partek Genomics Suite
  - Stratagene ArrayAssist Copy Number Software
  - Exemplar Copy Number Sapio Sciences

#### **CNAT4.0 Improvements**

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- Algorithm Improvements Primary Focus
  - Enable CN and LOH analysis for 500K arrays
  - Implement algorithm improvements to improve data quality and reduce noise seen with CNATv3
    - Data normalization
      - Probe level- Quantile normalization (e.g.BRLMM)
      - PCR Fragment Size (e.g.CNAG)
      - GC Content (e.g.CNAG).
    - Implement Hidden Markov Model Defines discrete CN and LOH states
    - Enable tumor/ normal comparison as well as comparison to a standard or user defined reference set
  - Enable allele specific analysis in tumor/ normal analysis
- Software Incremental Improvements
  - CNAT v3 infrastructure
    - Graphical display of data: Copy Number, Hidden Markov Model States, and Loss of Heterozygosity (LOH)
  - Whole Genome and Chromosome specific views
  - Multi sample view to facilitate identification of trends in copy number or LOH data
  - Dynamic filtering to enable thresholding of data
  - Direct Link to Affymetrix' Integrated Genome Browser (IGB) and easy export to UCSC Browser



#### **CNAT 4.0 Key Features/ Benefits**

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Feature	Benefit
Support for all GeneChip Mapping Products (10K, 50K, 100K, 250K, and 500K arrays)	<ul> <li>Higher resolution provides better definition of genetic breakpoints</li> </ul>
Allele-specific copy number estimation on matched tumor/normal samples	Enables detection of copy neutral events
Copy number and LOH determination using matched normal samples or by using a set of un-matched references	<ul> <li>Enables comparison of matched tumor/ normal pairs as well as unmatched samples</li> </ul>
Whole Genome and Chromosome specific views as well as Multi sample view	<ul> <li>to facilitate identification of trends in copy number or LOH data</li> </ul>
Dynamic filtering of data	Enable the customer to set thresholds and visualize only data meeting that threshold
Export of data in wiggle format for uploading into UCSC browser	<ul> <li>Facilitates identification of candidate genes by linking data to genic annotation</li> </ul>



- Partek Genomics Suite is Affymetrix GeneChipcompatible<sup>™</sup> for gene expression analysis, exon expression analysis, promoter tiling array analysis, chromosomal copy number analysis, and SNP-based association analysis.
- For Copy Number Analysis:
  - LOH and Copy Number Estimation of imported 10K, 100K, and 500K data
  - Statistical methods for the identification of regions of amplification/deletion
  - Creates SNP or Gene Lists for regions of interest
  - Offers the ability to create diagnostic/prognostic prediction methods
  - Links to NetAffx, IGB, UCSC Genome Browser, GenBank, GEO, and others



- GenePattern is a powerful analysis workflow tool developed to support multidisciplinary genomic research programs.
  - It includes a collection of analytic and visualization tools, interfaces for the easy construction of analytic pipelines and integration of new modules without additional programming.

- GenePattern will soon provide the following support for the analysis of SNP microarray data:
  - Scaling of the data to normalize intensity levels across microarray chips.
  - Probe-level modeling to determine an intensity value for each SNP based on the intensity levels of the probes in each probe set.
  - Copy number (CN) calculation to determine the copy number of a target SNP. The calculation, which divides the intensity value of the target SNP by the intensity value of the normal SNP, is also called CN normalization or normalization with respect to normals.
  - Smoothing based on the R package GLAD (Gain and Loss Analysis of DNA), which detects the altered regions in the genomic pattern and assigns a status (normal, gained or lost) to each chromosomal region.
  - Additional analyses to support detection and visualization of LOH and CN alterations.
- Gene Pattern is available for **MacOS**, **Windows**, and **Linux** platforms

#### Applications of Genomic Copy Number Analysis

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- Cancer Research Somatic amplifications and deletions
- Cytogenetics De novo and inherited germ line changes
- Association studies inherited germ line changes



#### Implications of Chromosomal Rearrangements in Human Biology

- Oncogene amplification and/ or the deletion of tumor suppressor genes are hallmarks of cancer initiation and progression
- Copy number changes have recently been implicated in variable response to therapeutic agents.
- The frequency and biological significance of chromosomal mutations may be much greater than previously understood.
- New copy number methodologies are needed to provide
  - Higher marker resolution to facilitate detection of smaller aberrations and fine map boundaries.
  - Genotype information to enable detection of copy neutral events.
  - Ability to support data standards for submission.



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# Affymetrix Mapping Arrays for Copy Number Analysis Cancer Biology



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Homozygous Deletions and Chromosome Amplifications in Human Lung Carcinomas Revealed by SNP Array Analysis



- Red bars recurrent (≥2) regions of amplification with candidate oncogenes
- Blue bars recurrent (≥2) homozygous deletions of tumor suppressor gene



#### Integration of Expression and Copy Number Data Facilitates Candidate Gene Discovery

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# Integrative genomic analyses identify *MITF* as a lineage survival oncogene amplified in malignant melanoma

Levi A. Garraway<sup>1,3</sup>, Hans R. Widlund<sup>1</sup>, Mark A. Rubin<sup>2,3</sup>, Gad Getz<sup>5</sup>, Aaron J. Berger<sup>6</sup>, Sridhar Ramaswamy<sup>5,7</sup>, Rameen Beroukhim<sup>1,3</sup>, Danny A. Milner<sup>2,3</sup>, Scott R. Granter<sup>2</sup>, Jinyan Du<sup>1,5</sup>, Charles Lee<sup>2,3</sup>, Stephan N. Wagner<sup>8</sup>, Cheng Li<sup>1,4</sup>, Todd R. Golub<sup>1,3,5</sup>, David L. Rimm<sup>6</sup>, Matthew L. Meyerson<sup>1,2,5</sup>, David E. Fisher<sup>1,3</sup> & William R. Sellers<sup>1,2,3,5</sup>



 Performing copy number and expression on the same samples on the same platform provides complementary information on a whole genome scale giving better insight into your biological system
 Garraway, L.A. et al Nature 436: 117 (2005)



#### Increased MITF Expression Associated with Amplification in Melanoma Cell Lines using 100K Array

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 Hierarchical clustering of raw copy-number data from NCI60 cell lines and normal diploid controls



 Integration of copy-number and gene-expression data



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# Affymetrix Mapping Arrays for Copy Number Analysis

**Cytogenetics** 



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Analysis of Clinical Samples Identifies Gene Associated with Disease

#### Set of 3 cases

- Phenotype myochronic epilepsy
- Cytogenetics shows small deletion in middle of long arm of chromosome 5
- Three cases are microscopically indistinguishable
- All three patients exhibit seizures but show considerable phenotypic variation





MASS1 - protein implicated in epileptic disorders

Slater, et al., AJHG 2005

#### de novo CNVs Identified by the Mapping 100K arrays

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- Eleven de novo CNVs identified in 100 MR children that appeared normal by traditional cytogenetics
  - 8 submicroscopic deletions; 178 kb to > 11 Mb
  - 2 submicroscopic duplications; 1.1 & 2.9 Mb
  - 1 mosaic trisomy 9
  - None were detected in unaffected siblings suggesting that the *de novo* CNVs likely to pathogenic





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### Affymetrix Mapping Arrays for Copy Number Analysis Association Studies



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#### Afilymetrix 500Ki Array Usedyton Generater Filse Copy Number Variation Map of the Human Genome - November 27232007 444-454.



- Characterized the frequency of germ line copy number variation (CNV) in the global population (270 HapMap samples) and constructed a first generation CNV map using 500K EA arrays
- Key Conclusions
  - CNVs are important in human diversity and evolution. CNV regions encompass more nucleotide content than SNPs. 1447 CNV regions covering 360MB (12% of the genome) were identified in the HapMap populations.
  - **CNVs are important in human biology and disease.** CNV regions contained hundreds of genes (about 2900), functional elements and segmental duplications. Of the 2900 genes within CNV, 285 previously associated with disease.
  - CNVs are valuable in genetic studies and provide complementary information to SNPs. Dramatic variation in CNV patterns between HapMap populations and distinct linkage disequilibrium patterns exists for many identified CNVs.
  - In combination with SNP information, "CNV assessment should now become standard in the design of all studies of the genetic basis of phenotypic variation, including disease susceptibility."



- Increased density of markers provides higher resolution to detect and map boundaries of copy number changes
- Simultaneous collection of genotypes and copy number data allow for:
  - LOH clustering of samples
  - Distinguishing between different mechanism of LOH
  - Detection of copy neutral events, i.e. Uniparental disomy
- Combining of expression and copy number data facilitates identification of novel candidate genes



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# New Products from Affymetrix for CNV-based Association Studies

#### The New Whole-Genome Human SNP 5.0

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- Single Array configuration of the Mapping 500K Array Set
- Developed in collaboration with the Broad Institute of Harvard and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- In addition to SNP's, CNV's offer another set of markers that can be used to identify genetic associations with disease and basic human variability
- Consists of:
  - Approximately 500K SNPs from Mapping 500K
  - All SNPs back-compatible
  - 500,000 non-polymorphic tiling probes for the detection of CNV's (100,000 designed in 2,000 known regions of CNV)
- \$250/sample
- Available in February 2007
- Copy Number Tool available from the Broad Institute mid-2007

#### The New Whole-Genome Human SNP 6.0

- Single Array configuration of the Mapping 500K Array Set including an additional ~500K HapMap and non-HapMap SNPs
- Developed in collaboration with the Broad Institute of Harvard and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- Consists of:

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- Approximately 500K SNPs from Mapping 500K
- All SNPs back-compatible
- Approximately 500K additional SNPs to boost genomic coverage for SNP-based association studies
- Yet to defined number of non-polymorphic tiling probes for the detection of CNV's (100,000 designed in 2,000 known regions of CNV)
- Expected price Less than \$500/sample
- Available in July 2007
- Copy Number Tool available from the Broad Institute mid-2007



- Increased density of markers provides higher resolution to detect and map boundaries of copy number changes
- Simultaneous collection of genotypes and copy number data allow for:
  - LOH clustering of samples
  - Distinguishing between different mechanism of LOH
  - Detection of copy neutral events, i.e. Uniparental disomy
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