CHAPTER 2  Calibration and Maintenance ............................................. 33

Calibrate and maintain the ViiA™ 7 System ................................................. 34
  Recommended calibration and maintenance schedule .................................. 34
About the consumables .................................................................................. 35
Perform regular data maintenance .................................................................. 37
  Maintain the computer hard drives ................................................................. 37
  Archive and back up experiment files ............................................................. 37
  Back up the instrument settings ...................................................................... 37
Fill the array cards .......................................................................................... 38
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 38
Perform the ROI calibration ............................................................................. 42
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 42
  When to perform the calibration ..................................................................... 42
  About the ROI calibration data ...................................................................... 43
  Prepare the calibration plate or array card ...................................................... 43
  Perform the calibration .................................................................................. 45
  Troubleshoot the ROI calibration .................................................................. 47
Perform the background calibration ................................................................. 48
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 48
  When to perform the calibration ..................................................................... 48
  About the background calibration data .......................................................... 49
  Prepare the background plate or array card .................................................... 49
  Perform the calibration .................................................................................. 51
  Troubleshoot the background calibration ....................................................... 53
Perform the uniformity calibration ................................................................. 55
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 55
  When to perform the calibration ..................................................................... 55
  About the uniformity calibration data ............................................................. 55
  Prepare the calibration plate or array card ...................................................... 56
  Perform the calibration .................................................................................. 57
  Troubleshoot the uniformity calibration ......................................................... 59
Perform the dye calibration .............................................................................. 60
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 60
  When to perform the dye calibrations ............................................................ 61
  About the dye calibration ............................................................................... 62
  Prepare the calibration plates/array cards ....................................................... 64
  Perform the calibration .................................................................................. 65
  Troubleshoot the dye calibration ................................................................... 68
Perform the normalization calibration ................................................................. 69
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 69
  When to perform the calibration ..................................................................... 69
  About the normalization calibration data .......................................................... 69
  Prepare the calibration plate or array card ......................................................... 70
  Perform the calibration ..................................................................................... 71
  Troubleshoot the normalization calibration ...................................................... 73

Verify the instrument performance ................................................................. 74
  Materials required .......................................................................................... 74
  When to perform the RNase P instrument verification experiment .................. 74
  About the RNase P kits ................................................................................... 75
  About the analysis ............................................................................................ 76
  Installation specification ................................................................................... 76
  Prepare the TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card .......................................... 77
  Run the experiment ........................................................................................ 79
  Troubleshoot the RNase P experiment ............................................................. 83

CHAPTER 3  Networking ................................................................. 87

  Networking overview ...................................................................................... 88
    Controlling and monitoring networked ViiA™ 7 Instruments ......................... 88
    About the Ethernet 1 port ............................................................................ 88
    Example network layouts ............................................................................ 89
    Networking guidelines and best practices ..................................................... 90
  Network setup workflow ................................................................................ 90
  Collect the required network information ....................................................... 91
  Connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the network ............................................. 91
    Materials required ....................................................................................... 91
    Define the ViiA™ 7 Instrument internet protocol settings ............................... 91
  Connect the computer to the network ............................................................. 92
    Materials required ....................................................................................... 92
    Computer requirement ................................................................................ 92
    Collect required information ...................................................................... 92
    Set up the computer .................................................................................... 92
    Install the ViiA™ 7 Software ...................................................................... 93
  Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ................................................................... 94
    About remote monitoring ......................................................................... 94
    Monitor the status of ViiA™ 7 Instrument during a run ............................... 94
    Upload or download an experiment or template to a ViiA™ 7 Instrument .... 95
    Enable or change the calibration reminders ............................................... 96
CHAPTER 4

Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature ................................. 99

Section 4.1 Administrators ....................................................... 101
Administrators overview ......................................................... 101
Example applications ............................................................. 102
Configure the security system .................................................. 103
Access the Security screen and enable or disable security ............... 103
Set account setup and security policies ...................................... 104
Set up messaging notifications ................................................. 105
Manage user accounts ............................................................ 106
Create or edit a user account .................................................... 106
Determine the name of the logged-in user .................................. 107
Create or edit a user role ........................................................ 107
View and print a user report ...................................................... 109
Manage auditing ................................................................. 110
Access the Audit screen and enable or disable auditing ................. 110
Select objects to audit .......................................................... 110
Create audit reason settings .................................................. 110
Generate audit reports ............................................................ 111
Display audit histories from the Security Settings dialog box ......... 111
Display audit histories for an experiment, template, or study ........ 114
Manage electronic signature ..................................................... 116
Access the e-Signature Settings screen and enable or disable e-sig . 116
Configure the meanings of the electronic signatures .................... 116
Configure the e-signature rights for user roles ............................ 117
Select the actions that require signature .................................... 117
How the software prompts electronic signature ........................... 118
Generate e-signature reports .................................................... 119
Display the e-sig records ....................................................... 119
Save or print e-sig records ..................................................... 119
Save or print the table of e-signature events ............................... 119
Export and import user, security, audit, and e-signature settings ........ 120
Export ................................................................. 120
Import ............................................................... 120

Section 4.2 Users ................................................................. 121
Users overview ................................................................. 121
Security ................................................................. 121
Log in ............................................................... 121
Permissions ............................................................. 121
Change your password when it expires .................................... 121
Account suspension .......................................................... 122
Session time-out ............................................................ 122
Audit ............................................................... 122
Electronic signature .......................................................... 122
CHAPTER 5  
Service ................................................................. 123
  Decontaminate the sample block .................................................. 124
    Materials required ............................................................... 124
    How to handle the sample block .............................................. 124
    Clean the sample block ......................................................... 125
  Replace the halogen lamp ........................................................... 127
    Materials required ............................................................... 127
    Halogen lamp warnings ......................................................... 127
    Check the lamp status ........................................................... 128
    Replace the lamp ................................................................. 128
  Replace the instrument fuses ....................................................... 130
    Materials required ............................................................... 130
    Replace the fuses ................................................................. 130
  Update the Windows® operating system ........................................... 131
  Update the ViiA™ 7 Software and Firmware ..................................... 132
    Update the ViiA™ 7 Software ................................................. 132
    Update the ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware .................................... 132
  Manage ViiA™ 7 Software licenses ............................................... 133
    About ViiA™ 7 Software license keys and files ............................... 133
    Manage licenses ................................................................. 133
  Replace the sample block ........................................................... 135
    Materials required ............................................................... 135
    How to handle the sample block .............................................. 135
    Replace the sample block ......................................................... 135
  Replace the heated cover ............................................................ 137
    Materials required ............................................................... 137
    How to handle the heated cover .............................................. 137
    Replace the heated cover ......................................................... 137
  Replace the plate adapter ............................................................ 139
    Materials required ............................................................... 139
    Replace the plate adapter ......................................................... 139

APPENDIX A  
Manual Instrument Operation ..................................................... 141
  Overview ................................................................................. 142
    Functions available from the instrument touchscreen ....................... 142
  Operate the instrument from the touchscreen .................................... 143
    Create an experiment from a template ....................................... 143
    Run an experiment ................................................................... 144
    Transfer experiments, templates, and results data .......................... 145
  Maintain the instrument from the touchscreen .................................. 147
    Back up and restore the instrument settings .................................. 148
    Perform an instrument self test ................................................. 149
    Update the instrument firmware ................................................. 150
Administate the instrument from the touchscreen ........................................... 151
Define the date and time ............................................................................. 152
Define the instrument settings .................................................................... 152
Define the maintenance reminders ............................................................... 153
Define the network settings ......................................................................... 154
Define the system shortcuts ......................................................................... 155
Review the instrument statistics .................................................................. 155
Enable or disable instrument security ............................................................ 156
View the instrument log ............................................................................... 157

APPENDIX B  Power On or Off, Store, and Move the ViiA™ 7 System ............. 159
Place the ViiA™ 7 System on standby ............................................................ 160
Power on the ViiA™ 7 System ....................................................................... 160
Power off the ViiA™ 7 System ....................................................................... 161
Store the ViiA™ 7 System ............................................................................ 162
  Materials required .................................................................................... 162
  Prepare the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ................................................................. 162
Move the ViiA™ 7 System ............................................................................ 163
  Materials required .................................................................................... 163
  How to handle the sample block and heated cover .................................. 163
  Prepare for the ViiA™ 7 System components .......................................... 163
  Move the ViiA™ 7 System ........................................................................ 164
  Reinstall the ViiA™ 7 System .................................................................. 164

APPENDIX C  Creating Custom Calibration Plates and Array Cards ............ 165
Create a background plate or array card ...................................................... 166
  Materials required .................................................................................... 166
  Create a background plate ....................................................................... 166
  Create a background array card ............................................................... 167
Create a custom dye plate for calibration ..................................................... 168
  Before you use custom dyes .................................................................... 168
  Materials required .................................................................................... 168
  Determine optimum dye concentration ................................................... 168
  Create a custom dye plate ....................................................................... 170
  Add the custom dye to the software ......................................................... 171
# APPENDIX D

## Parts and Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How to order</td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How to order from the ViiA™ 7 Software</td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How to order from the Applied Biosystems Website</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessories</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration and verification kits</td>
<td>177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-well sample block kits</td>
<td>177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-well sample block kits</td>
<td>178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-well sample block kits</td>
<td>179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Array card sample block kits</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumables</td>
<td>181</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# APPENDIX E

## ViiA™ 7 Software Reference

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ViiA™ 7 Software command-line application</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command-line workflows</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supporting files for experiment creation</td>
<td>185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Precedence rules for experiment file generation</td>
<td>186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Running the command-line application from a command prompt</td>
<td>187</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command syntax and arguments</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Import formats and file specifications</td>
<td>191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>About the import file formats</td>
<td>191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conventions</td>
<td>191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate setup file format</td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample file format</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bar code file format</td>
<td>198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assay information file</td>
<td>198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export formats and file specifications</td>
<td>199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export formats</td>
<td>199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ViiA™ 7 export format</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7900 export format</td>
<td>216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RDML export format</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
About This Guide

Purpose

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System User Guide provides reference information for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and describes how to prepare, maintain, and troubleshoot the system.

Audience

This user guide is written for laboratory staff who operate and maintain the ViiA™ 7 System.

Assumptions

This guide assumes that your ViiA™ 7 System has been installed by an Applied Biosystems service representative.

This guide also assumes that you have:

- Familiarity with Microsoft® Windows® operating system.
- Knowledge of techniques for handling and preparing DNA samples for PCR.
- A general understanding of data storage, file transfers, and copying and pasting.
Safety information

**Note:** For general safety information, see this section and Appendix F, “Safety” on page 223. When a hazard symbol and hazard type appear by a chemical name or instrument hazard, see the “Safety” Appendix for the complete alert on the chemical or instrument.

Safety alert words

Four safety alert words appear in Applied Biosystems user documentation at points in the document where you need to be aware of relevant hazards. Each alert word—IMPORTANT, CAUTION, WARNING, DANGER—implies a particular level of observation or action, as defined below:

**IMPORTANT!** – Indicates information that is necessary for proper instrument operation, accurate chemistry kit use, or safe use of a chemical.

**CAUTION!** – Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

**WARNING!** – Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**DANGER!** – Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations.

Except for IMPORTANTs, each safety alert word in an Applied Biosystems document appears with an open triangle figure that contains a hazard symbol. These hazard symbols are identical to the hazard symbols that are affixed to Applied Biosystems instruments (see “Safety symbols” on page 224).

**SDSs**

The SDSs for any chemicals supplied by Applied Biosystems or Ambion are available to you free 24 hours a day. For instructions on obtaining SDSs, see “SDSs” on page 232.

**IMPORTANT!** For the SDSs of chemicals not distributed by Applied Biosystems or Ambion contact the chemical manufacturer.
Safety labels on instruments

The following CAUTION, WARNING, and DANGER statements may be displayed on Applied Biosystems instruments in combination with the safety symbols described in the preceding section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard symbol</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Français</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="CAUTION!" /></td>
<td>Hazardous chemicals. Read the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) before handling.</td>
<td>ATTENTION! Produits chimiques dangereux. Lire les fiches techniques de sûreté de matériels avant toute manipulation de produits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="CAUTION!" /></td>
<td>Hazardous waste. Refer to SDS[s] and local regulations for handling and disposal.</td>
<td>ATTENTION! Déchets dangereux. Lire les fiches techniques de sûreté de matériels et la régulation locale associées à la manipulation et l'élimination des déchets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WARNING!" /></td>
<td>Hot lamp.</td>
<td>AVERTISSEMENT! Lampe brûlante.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WARNING!" /></td>
<td>Hot. Do not remove lamp until 15 min after disconnecting supply.</td>
<td>AVERTISSEMENT! Lampe brûlante, après avoir déconnecté le câble d’alimentation de l’appareil, attendre environ 15 minutes avant d’effectuer un remplacement de la lampe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="CAUTION!" /></td>
<td>Hot surface.</td>
<td>ATTENTION! Surface brûlante.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="DANGER!" /></td>
<td>High voltage.</td>
<td>DANGER! Haute tension.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WARNING!" /></td>
<td>To reduce the chance of electrical shock, do not remove covers that require tool access. No user-serviceable parts are inside. Refer servicing to Applied Biosystems qualified service personnel.</td>
<td>AVERTISSEMENT! Pour éviter les risques d’électrocution, ne pas retirer les capots dont l’ouverture nécessite l’utilisation d’outils. L’instrument ne contient aucune pièce réparable par l’utilisateur. Toute intervention doit être effectuée par le personnel de service qualifié venant de chez Applied Biosystems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="CAUTION!" /></td>
<td>Moving parts. Crush/pinch hazard.</td>
<td>ATTENTION! Pièces en mouvement, risque de pincement et/ou d’écrasement.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This chapter covers:

- About the ViiA™ 7 System ................................................................. 18
- Specifications and layout ................................................................. 20
- ViiA™ 7 System hardware ............................................................... 24
- ViiA™ 7 System software ................................................................. 30
- Using this guide .............................................................................. 32

Access the Help system by pressing F1, by clicking in the toolbar of the ViiA™ 7 Software window, or by selecting Help  Contents and Index.
About the ViiA™ 7 System

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System uses fluorescent-based polymerase chain reaction (PCR) reagents to provide:

- Quantitative research detection of target nucleic acid sequences (targets) using real-time analysis.
- Qualitative research detection of targets using post-PCR (endpoint) analysis.
- Qualitative analysis of the PCR product (achieved by melt curve analysis that occurs post-PCR).

About data collection

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System collects raw fluorescence data at different points during a PCR, depending on the type of run that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument performs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Run type</th>
<th>Data collection point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Real-time runs</td>
<td>Standard curve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Relative standard curve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Comparative ( C_T \ [\Delta \Delta C_T] )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Melting curve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-PCR (endpoint) runs</td>
<td>Genotyping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Presence/absence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Regardless of the run type, a data collection point, or read, on the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System consists of three phases:

1. **Excitation** – The ViiA™ 7 Instrument illuminates all wells of the reaction plate within the instrument, exciting the fluorophores in each reaction.
2. **Emission** – The ViiA™ 7 Instrument optics collect the residual fluorescence emitted from the wells of the reaction plate. The resulting image collected by the device consists only of light that corresponds to the range of emission wavelengths.

3. **Collection** – The ViiA™ 7 Instrument assembles a digital representation of the residual fluorescence collected over a fixed time interval. The ViiA™ 7 Software stores the raw fluorescent image for analysis.

After a run, the ViiA™ 7 Software uses calibration data (ROI, background, uniformity, dye, and normalization) to determine the location and intensity of the fluorescent signals in each read, the dye associated with each fluorescent signal, and the significance of the signal.

## Instrument filters and supported dyes

### System dyes

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System features a six-color filter set that supports all Applied Biosystems dyes. The following figure shows the emission spectrum for each dye, and the filter at which each dye is read.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filters</th>
<th>Wavelength (nm)</th>
<th>Emission Spectra</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>x1-m1</td>
<td>~470±15</td>
<td>FAM, SYBR Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x2-m2</td>
<td>520±10</td>
<td>VIC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x3-m3</td>
<td>549.5±10</td>
<td>NED, TAMRA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x4-m4</td>
<td>580±10</td>
<td>ROX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x5-m5</td>
<td>640±10</td>
<td>None§</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x6-m6</td>
<td>662±10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter set</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Filter wavelength (nm)</th>
<th>Supported dyes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>x1-m1</td>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>470±15</td>
<td>520±15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x2-m2</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>520±10</td>
<td>558±12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x3-m3</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>549.5±10</td>
<td>586.5±10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x4-m4</td>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>580±10</td>
<td>623±14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x5-m5</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>640±10</td>
<td>682±14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x6-m6</td>
<td>Deep red</td>
<td>662±10</td>
<td>711±12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ The central wavelengths are the optimized wavelengths.
§ No Applied Biosystems supported dye currently available.

### Custom dyes

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System can run assays designed with custom dyes (dyes not supplied by Applied Biosystems) that are excited between 455 to 672 nm and read between 505 to 723 nm.
Specifications and layout

**ViiA™ 7 System specifications**

The figures below summarize the specifications and requirements for the ViiA™ 7 System. For more information, refer to the *Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Site Preparation Guide* (PN 4445302).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Depth</th>
<th>Height</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cm</td>
<td>in</td>
<td>cm</td>
<td>in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument†</td>
<td>53.3</td>
<td>21.0</td>
<td>63.5</td>
<td>25.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer§</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laptop</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>14.1</td>
<td>25.7</td>
<td>10.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desktop</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>44.5</td>
<td>17.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor</td>
<td>44.7</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>7.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard</td>
<td>44.7</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>15.25</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total footprint</strong></td>
<td><strong>233</strong></td>
<td><strong>91.7</strong></td>
<td><strong>86</strong></td>
<td><strong>33.8</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Weight varies depending on the sample block installed.
§ Computer properties differ depending on the computer ordered with the ViiA™ 7 System (laptop or desktop).
ViiA™ 7 System with Twister® II Robot dimensions

### Required clearance

The ViiA™ 7 Instrument requires the following additional clearances:

- **Clearance on all sides** – At least 15.2 cm (6 in) of clearance for ventilation, service access, and cable routing.
- **Vertical clearance** – At least 30.5 cm (12 in) of unobstructed vertical clearance above the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to allow removal of the cover during service.

### Component Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Width (cm)</th>
<th>Width (in)</th>
<th>Depth (cm)</th>
<th>Depth (in)</th>
<th>Height (cm)</th>
<th>Height (in)</th>
<th>Weight (kg)</th>
<th>Weight (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Instrument‡</td>
<td>53.3</td>
<td>21.0</td>
<td>63.5</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>64.5</td>
<td>25.4</td>
<td>60.7</td>
<td>133.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer§</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laptop</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>14.1</td>
<td>25.7</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>14.1</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desktop</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>44.5</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>41.0</td>
<td>16.1</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>24.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor</td>
<td>44.7</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>36.6</td>
<td>14.4</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>15.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard</td>
<td>44.7</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>15.25</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twister® II Robot#</td>
<td>53.3</td>
<td>21.0</td>
<td>77.0</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>97.0</td>
<td>38.0</td>
<td>31.8</td>
<td>70.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total footprint</strong></td>
<td>311.0</td>
<td>122.2</td>
<td>86.0</td>
<td>33.9</td>
<td>97.0</td>
<td>38.0</td>
<td>109.7</td>
<td>241.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Weight varies depending on the sample block installed.
§ Computer specification differs depending on the computer ordered with the ViiA™ 7 System (laptop or desktop).
# The Applied Biosystems Twister® II Robot is an optional component of the ViiA™ 7 System.
Chapter 1  Getting Started
Specifications and layout

Instrument hot-air exhaust venting

The maximum thermal output of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is 2731BTU/hr (800W) vented directly into the room air from the hot-air waste port on the rear panel.

Electrical requirements

Note: We recommend placing the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and computer power receptacle on an electrical circuit that is not shared with electrically noisy devices or devices that can cause power surges, such as refrigeration units.

The following table provides electrical specifications for the instrument and associated devices. For all indicated input voltages, a 15 A circuit is required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Rated current (A)</th>
<th>Rated power (VA)</th>
<th>Rated voltage (VAC)</th>
<th>Rated frequency (Hz)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Instrument</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>950</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desktop</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100-240±10%</td>
<td>50/60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laptop</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>90</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>65</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twister® II Robot‡</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>150</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ The Twister® II Robot is an optional component of the ViiA™ 7 System.

Note: The instrument, monitor, desktop computer, Twister® II Robot, and laptop computer self-adjust for 100v-240v input voltages of 50/60 Hz.

Environmental requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Altitude</td>
<td>Less than 2000 m (6500 ft) above sea level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>15 to 30 °C (59 to 86 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do not place the ViiA™ 7 Instrument next to heaters, cooling ducts, or in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>direct sunlight. Temperature fluctuations can affect performance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>20 to 80% relative humidity, noncondensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pollution</td>
<td>Pollution Degree rating of 2‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>For indoor use only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IMPORTANT! Do not locate the ViiA™ 7 Instrument next to:
- Vibration sources, such as a centrifuge, pump, or compressor.
- Excessive vibration affects instrument performance.
- Electrically noisy devices, such as a refrigeration unit.

‡ The ViiA™ 7 Instrument can be used in an environment that contains nonconductive pollutants only (dust particles or wood chips). Typical environments with a Pollution Degree 2 rating are laboratories, sales, and commercial areas.
ViiA™ 7 System layout and connections

The ViiA™ 7 System consists of the components shown in the following figure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ViiA™ 7 Instrument</td>
<td>Performs fluorescence research detection and data collection of experiment and calibration consumables.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer</td>
<td>Run the ViiA™ 7 Software that is used to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Calibrate the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Set up experiments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• (Optional) Run experiments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Analyze experiments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard</td>
<td>Scans the bar codes of consumables before and after they are loaded into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bar code reader</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twister® II Robot</td>
<td>Automates loading and unloading of consumables to and from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connection</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Supply power to the computer, the Applied Biosystems Twister® II Robot, and the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.§</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Connects the ViiA™ 7 Instrument (Ethernet 1 port) to the Ethernet port on the network interface card in the computer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Connects the monitor to the computer (DVI port).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Connects the bar code reader to the computer (USB port).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Connects the keyboard to the computer (USB port).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Connects the mouse to the computer (USB port).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Connects the Twister® II Robot to the computer (serial port).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ Supplies 115/230 V depending on the geographic location of the installation.
**ViiA™ 7 System hardware**

**Instrument components**

The ViiA™ 7 System consists of the components shown in the following figures.

**Front view**

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A USB ports</td>
<td>Provide USB communication with the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. Can be used to transfer data to and from the instrument and to update the firmware. <strong>Note:</strong> If multiple USB drives are plugged into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, the instrument mounts only the first drive that is installed, regardless of the USB port used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Instrument touchscreen</td>
<td>Provides access to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument functions. Can be used to run experiments, transfer data, and operate the instrument functions without the use of the computer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C Access door</td>
<td>Provides access to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument lamp, the heated cover, and the sample block.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Lamp</td>
<td>Illuminates the reaction plate or array card during a run.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E Heated cover</td>
<td>Covers the plate or array card during a run to prevent condensation and leakage through the consumable cover.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F Sample block</td>
<td>Heats the plate or array card during a run.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G Side door</td>
<td>Opens to allow extension of the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H Plate adapter</td>
<td>Secures plates or array cards to the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I Tray arm</td>
<td>Conveys plates or array cards to and from the sample block in the interior of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Chapter 1 Getting Started

### ViiA™ 7 System hardware

#### Component Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **A** Ethernet 1 port | An RJ45 port that provides Ethernet (Gigabit) communication with the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.‡
  **IMPORTANT!** The Ethernet 2 port is for Applied Biosystems use only. |
| **B** USB ports | Provide USB communication with the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. They can be used to transfer data to/from the instrument and to update the firmware.
  **Note:** If multiple USB drives are plugged into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, the instrument mounts only the first drive that is installed, regardless of the USB port used. |
| **C** RS232 port | Provides serial communication between the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and the computer.
  **IMPORTANT!** The serial port is reserved for Applied Biosystems use only. |
| **D** Instrument fans | Cool the interior of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.
  **IMPORTANT!** The fans must be unobstructed to ensure adequate cooling and proper function of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. |
| **E** On/Off switch | Power switch for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, where the states are on (I) or off (O). |
| **F** Fuse cover | Dual 12.5A, Time-Lag T, 250VAC, 5 x 20-mm electrical fuses that protect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument from excessive electrical current. |
| **G** Power port | The 100-240VAC port that provides power to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. |

‡ Use the Ethernet cable supplied with the ViiA™ 7 System to connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument (Ethernet 1 port) to the network interface card in the computer.
Bar code readers

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System can include two bar code readers for data entry and plate recognition:

• A hand-held bar code reader for scanning plates manually.
• A fixed-position bar code reader for automatically scanning plates as they are loaded into the instrument (available only with the Twister® II Robot).

Both bar code readers use 670 nm Class II lasers to scan plates, and both readers are capable of reading Code 128 (alphanumeric), which supports 128 ASCII character bar codes. The bar code readers are optional and available depending on the system configuration.

About the hand-held bar code reader

WARNING! LASER HAZARD. Exposure to direct or reflected laser light can burn the retina and leave permanent blind spots. Never look into the laser beam. Remove jewelry and anything else that can reflect the beam into your eyes. Protect others from exposure to the beam.

The optional hand-held bar code reader functions as an extension of the keyboard that you can use to scan bar codes into the ViiA™ 7 Software.

To scan a bar code using the hand-held bar code reader:

1. Select the field in the ViiA™ 7 Software where you want to enter the bar code.

2. Hold the hand-held bar code reader 20 to 30 cm away from a plate and aim at the center of the bar code, then press the trigger. Slowly move the scanning beam across the bar code until the reader emits a high-pitched tone.

When the reader scans a bar code, it automatically:

• Transmits the alphanumeric equivalent of the bar code to the ViiA™ 7 Software. The software enters the bar code text wherever the cursor is active.
• Transmits a carriage-return character (the equivalent of pressing the Enter key).

For more information on the hand-held bar code reader, see the bar code reader user documentation shipped with the ViiA™ 7 System.
Twister® II Robot components

The ViiA™ 7 System supports the use of the Applied Biosystems Twister® II Robot, an optional ViiA™ 7 System accessory that consists of the components shown below.

**Note:** See the *Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Robotics Guide* (PN 4442663) for information on operating, calibrating, maintaining and integrating the Twister® II Robot.

---

**Front view**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Reach axis</td>
<td>Moves the grip horizontally 11.25 in (28.5 cm) to 19.75 in (50.1 cm) from the center of the robot post.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Wrist mechanism</td>
<td>Rotates materials to either the portrait or landscape positions, where the range of motion is ±135° (270° total).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C Grip</td>
<td>Consists of two sets of fingers that grip the consumable. The fingers close to grasp a consumable and open to release it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Robot tower/vertical axis</td>
<td>Moves the arm up and down 21.5 in (54.6 cm), from 6.5 in (16.5 cm) to 28 in (71.1 cm) above the table.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E Rotary axis</td>
<td>Rotates the arm 340° around the base of the Twister® II Robot. Mechanical stops prevent continuous rotation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F Bar code reader</td>
<td>Scans the bar codes of consumables as they are loaded into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G Base cover</td>
<td>Removable cover that contains four access bolts, which secure the Twister® II Robot to the Sciclone ALH 3000 base.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H Racks</td>
<td>Provide storage for PCR consumables before and after they are run by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument (one of three shown).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I Power LED</td>
<td>When lit, indicates the Twister® II Robot is powered on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 1 Getting Started

ViiA™ 7 System hardware

Rear view

Component Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A On/Off switch</td>
<td>Power switch for the Twister® II Robot, where the states are on (1) or off (0).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Power port</td>
<td>100–240V port that provides power to the Twister® II Robot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C RS232 port</td>
<td>Provides serial communication with the computer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Fuse cover</td>
<td>Two T1.6A 250VAC, 5 × 20-mm electrical fuses that protect the Twister® II Robot from excessive electrical current.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rack parts and functions

Racks are removable aluminum frames used as input and output locations for PCR consumables. Rack positions are numbered counter-clockwise, with position 1 closest to the front of the Twister® II Robot (see below). Each rack is labeled for a specific position and cannot be exchanged with the other racks.

Component Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Handles</td>
<td>For connecting or disconnecting racks from the pod.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Rack locator notch</td>
<td>Locks the rack onto the pod in the correct position.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Do not drop the racks. If the rack is bent, the Twister® II Robot cannot properly place the consumables.
Electrical protective devices

We recommend several protective devices to protect the ViiA™ 7 System in environments with large voltage and power fluctuations.

**Power line regulator**

We recommend the use of a 1.5-kVA power line regulator in areas where the supplied power fluctuates in excess of ±10% of the normal voltage. Power fluctuations can adversely affect the function of the ViiA™ 7 System.

**Note:** A power line regulator monitors the input current and adjusts the power supplied to the ViiA™ 7 System or computer. It does not protect against a power surge or failure.

**Uninterruptible power supply (UPS)**

We recommend the use of a 1.5-kVA uninterruptible power supply (UPS), especially in areas prone to power failure. Power failures and other events that abruptly terminate the function of the ViiA™ 7 System can corrupt data and possibly damage the computer or the instrument.

**IMPORTANT!** UPSs provide power for a limited time. They are meant to delay the effects of a power outage, not to serve as replacement power sources. In the event of a power loss, power off the instrument and the computer, unless you expect to regain power within the battery life of the UPS.

**Surge protector**

We recommend the use of a 10-kVA surge protector (line conditioner) in areas with frequent electrical storms or near devices that are electrically noisy, such as refrigerators, air conditioners, or centrifuges. Short-duration, high-voltage power fluctuations can abruptly terminate the function of, and thereby damage the components of, the computer and the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

**Note:** A dedicated line and ground between the ViiA™ 7 System/computer and the building’s main electrical service can also prevent problems caused by power fluctuations.
ViiA™ 7 System software

The ViiA™ 7 System includes a suite of software applications that can be used to calibrate, run, automate, and integrate the ViiA™ 7 System into a laboratory workflow. The basic installation of the ViiA™ 7 Software contains the components described below; however, additional software may be available for the ViiA™ 7 System. Visit the ViiA™ 7 System website for a complete list of compatible software:

www.appliedbiosystems.com/viia7/

Note: Visit the ViiA™ 7 System website for updates and patches for the ViiA™ 7 Software and ViiA™ 7 Instrument Firmware.

Computer requirements

The requirements for the computer used to operate the ViiA™ 7 Instrument can vary depending on the version of the ViiA™ 7 Software that you are running. To determine the computer requirements for your ViiA™ 7 System, check the ViiA™ 7 Software release notes at the following location:

D:\AppliedBiosystems\ViiA7 Software\release-notes.html

Software installation

The default installation of the ViiA™ 7 System partitions the computer hard drive to create the logical drives shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drive</th>
<th>Software</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Microsoft® Windows® OS‡</td>
<td>Operating system files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>ViiA™ 7 Software</td>
<td>Used to calibrate and perform experiments on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ViiA™ 7 System Command-line Utility</td>
<td>Used to automate the creation of new experiments and the export of existing experiments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Twister® II Robot Software</td>
<td>Controls the Twister® II Robot, stores all of the taught positions for the robot, and includes the VBA code required to operate the Twister® II Robot with the automation control software.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ We recommend that you do not install programs to the C drive.
Third-party software

Before you install third-party software to the computer running the ViiA™ 7 Software, confirm that the software will not:

- Restrict Ethernet communication
- Interfere with ViiA™ 7 Software operation (see below)

To confirm that third-party software does not interfere with the ViiA™ 7 Software:

1. Install the software to the computer that contains the ViiA™ 7 Software.

2. Perform several test experiments using “dummy” plates (plates that do not contain reagents).
   
   **Note:** The goal of the test experiments is to run plates under conditions that match normal instrument operation. Therefore, the characteristics of the test experiments (plate layout and run method) must closely resemble your actual experiments.

3. Confirm that the ViiA™ 7 System performs each test experiment without producing errors.
   
   If the ViiA™ 7 System performs the tests successfully, perform experiments normally. If the ViiA™ 7 System encounters errors during the test runs, the software may not be compatible with the ViiA™ 7 Software.
Using this guide

You can use this guide to calibrate, service, network, and administrate the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System.

This user guide contains the following information:

- **Chapter 2, “Calibration and Maintenance”** – Describes how to perform regular maintenance of the ViiA™ 7 System, including calibrating the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and verifying instrument performance.
- **Chapter 3, “Networking”** – Describes how to install the ViiA™ 7 System to a local area network for remote monitoring and control.
- **Chapter 4, “Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature”** – Describes how to configure the security, audit, and e-signature functions of the ViiA™ 7 Software.
- **Chapter 5, “Service”** – Describes how to replace the user-serviceable parts of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and resolve infrequent problems that can occur during normal use.
- **Appendix B, “Power On or Off, Store, and Move the ViiA™ 7 System”** – Describes how to store, move, and reinstall the components of the system.
- **Appendix C, “Creating Custom Calibration Plates and Array Cards”** – Describes how to create a background plate in the event that one is unavailable, and how to create a dye plate that can be used to calibrate the system for a dye not manufactured by Applied Biosystems.
- **Appendix D, “Parts and Materials”** – Describes how to order parts, accessories, and consumables for the ViiA™ 7 System.
- **Appendix E, “ViiA™ 7 Software Reference”** – Describes how to use the ViiA™ 7 Software command line application, and provides specifications for files that the ViiA™ 7 Software imports, exports, and stores.
CHAPTER 2

Calibration and Maintenance

This chapter covers:

- Calibrate and maintain the ViiA™ 7 System ........................................... 34
- About the consumables ................................................................. 35
- Perform regular data maintenance .................................................. 37
- Fill the array cards ....................................................................... 38
- Perform the ROI calibration .......................................................... 42
- Perform the background calibration .............................................. 48
- Perform the uniformity calibration .............................................. 55
- Perform the dye calibration ........................................................... 60
- Perform the normalization calibration ........................................ 69
- Verify the instrument performance ............................................. 74

Access the Help system by pressing F1, by clicking  in the toolbar of the ViiA™ 7 Software window, or by selecting Help » Contents and Index.
Calibrate and maintain the ViiA™ 7 System

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System requires regular calibration and maintenance for proper operation. This chapter contains the procedures that you must perform on a regular basis to ensure optimal instrument performance.

Recommended calibration and maintenance schedule

The following table displays the recommended maintenance schedule for ViiA™ 7 System users. To ensure proper operation of your ViiA™ 7 Instrument, perform the regular weekly, monthly, and semiannual maintenance indicated below.

**IMPORTANT!** Calibrate the ViiA™ 7 System at the same ambient temperature at which you will run experiments. Extreme variations in ambient temperature can affect the heating and cooling of the ViiA™ 7 System and, in extreme cases, influence experimental results.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not use organic solvents to clean the ViiA™ 7 System.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>User-performed maintenance task</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Weekly                  | Check the computer disk space. If necessary, archive or back up your experiment files and instrument settings.  
                          | Power off the computer that controls the ViiA™ 7 System, then after 30 seconds, power on the computer.  
                          | Clean the surface of the ViiA™ 7 System with a lint-free cloth.  
                          | Perform a ViiA™ 7 Instrument self test.                                                           |
| Monthly                 | Check the lamp status. If necessary, replace the lamp.                                             |
                          | Perform a background calibration.‡                                                               |
                          | Run disk cleanup and disk defragmentation.                                                       |
| Semi-annually (6 months)| Perform a regions of interest [ROI] calibration.                                                  |
                          | Perform a background calibration.                                                               |
                          | Perform a uniformity calibration.                                                                |
                          | Perform a dye calibration.                                                                     |
                          | Perform a normalization calibration.                                                             |
                          | Perform an instrument verification run.                                                          |
| As needed               | Decontaminate the ViiA™ 7 System.                                                                |
                          | Replace the ViiA™ 7 System fuses.                                                                |
                          | Update the Windows operating system.                                                             |
                          | Update the ViiA™ 7 Software and firmware.                                                        |

‡ You can perform a background calibration to check for contamination. If any parts of the optics are replaced or moved, you must perform all calibrations, including an RNase P instrument verification run.
# About the consumables

The ViiA™ 7 System uses a series of specialized consumables for calibration. The calibration plates and array cards can be ordered from the Applied Biosystems website. Use the consumables appropriate for the sample block of your ViiA™ 7 System.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample block</th>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Reaction volume</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 96-well plate, 0.2 mL | • MicroAmp® Optical 8-Cap Strip  
• MicroAmp® 8-Tube Strips (0.2-mL)  
• MicroAmp® Reaction Tubes without Caps (0.2-mL)  
• MicroAmp® 96-Well Tray/Retainer Set | 50 µL           |
| 96-well plate, 0.1 mL | • MicroAmp® Optical Adhesive Film  
• MicroAmp® Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate with Bar Code | 50 µL           |
| 384-well plate     | • MicroAmp® Optical Adhesive Film  
• MicroAmp® Optical 384-Well Reaction Plate with Bar Code | 20 µL           |
| Array card         | Applied Biosystems Array Card                                              | 1 µL            |
Observe the following guidelines when using tubes, plates, or array cards:

- Store the calibration plates or array cards in a dark place until you are ready to use them. The fluorescent dyes in the wells of calibration consumables are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence of the dyes.
- Do not allow the bottom of the tubes, plates, or array cards to become dirty. Fluids and other contaminants that adhere to the bottoms of the consumables can contaminate the sample block and cause an abnormally high background signal.
- Confirm that the centrifuge you use is clean. Before centrifugation, wipe down the bucket using a tissue.
- (Plates only) Vortex all calibration plates to ensure complete mixing, then centrifuge them to ensure that all reagents are contained in the bottom of the wells. The calibration plates must be well mixed and centrifuged before use.
- (Plates only) Do not discard the packaging for the calibration plates. Each plate can be used to calibrate the ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months if it is stored in its packing sleeve.
- (Plates only) Handle the calibration plates with care to prevent contamination. Do not place the plates on a lab bench, to avoid contaminating them. Always put calibration plates back into their packaging sleeves.
- (96-well plates only) If you are using cap strips to seal your plates, firmly seal all wells before running the plate. Partially seated caps can leak during the experiment, causing evaporation.
- (Tubes only) Firmly seal all individual tubes and tube strips. Partially seated caps can leak during the experiment, causing evaporation.
**Perform regular data maintenance**

**Maintain the computer hard drives**

Defragment and clean up the hard drive:
- At least once every month.
- When a message is displayed by the Windows operating system instructing you to defragment.

For more information on maintaining the hard drives, see the Windows Operating System Help, then search the Help to find information on the Disk Cleanup and Disk Defragment utilities.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not run the disk management utilities and ViiA™ 7 Software at the same time.

**Archive and back up experiment files**

- **Archive experiment files regularly**
  - To conserve space on the computer hard drive, older EDS files can be archived using a data compression utility. Several commercial compression utilities are available to store experiment files in the ZIP or ARC archive format.

- **Back up experiment files**
  - We strongly recommend that you back up your experiments. Backing up data:
    - Protects against potential loss of data caused by an unforeseen failure of the computer or its hard drive(s).
    - Conserves space on the hard drive and optimizes performance.

- **Develop a data management strategy**
  - We recommend developing a strategy for managing the files produced by the ViiA™ 7 Software.

  **Note:** Real-time runs generate significantly more data than genotyping or presence/absence experiments. During one day of real-time operation, the ViiA™ 7 System can generate more than 10 MB of data.

- **Check disk space**
  - If you perform real-time experiments on your ViiA™ 7 System, check the amount of available space on your hard drive weekly. When the hard drive is within 20% of maximum capacity, transfer the older data to another storage device.

**Back up the instrument settings**

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to back up the instrument settings (instrument name, icon, standby time-out, and cover idle temperature). In the event that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument settings are reset, you can restore the settings from the backup.

See “Back up the ViiA™ 7 Instrument settings” on page 148 for more information.
Chapter 2 Calibration and Maintenance

Fill the array cards

**IMPORTANT!** Perform the following procedure only if you are calibrating a ViiA™ 7 System with an array card sample block. Otherwise, go to “Perform the ROI calibration” on page 42 to begin the calibrations.

### Materials required

- ViiA™ 7 System Array Card Spectral Calibration Dye Kit:
  - Applied Biosystems Array Cards, empty
  - Array Card Spectral Calibration Dye Kit, including: FAM™ dye mix, VIC® dye mix, ROX™ dye mix, ROI dye mix, Background Buffer, FAM™/ROX™ dye mix, and VIC®/ROX™ dye mix
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with array card buckets and array card carrier clips
- Permanent marker or pen
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety glasses

### Fill the calibration array cards

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves while creating the calibration array cards.

**Note:** This procedure explains how to create all of the array cards required to calibrate the ViiA™ 7 System, but not all of them are required for a monthly maintenance. Before preparing array cards for calibration, see “Recommended calibration and maintenance schedule” on page 34 to determine which calibrations are required.

**Note:** You can view a video of the array card loading procedure on the Applied Biosystems website. To view the demonstration, go to: [www2.appliedbiosystems.com/lib/multimedia/taqman_tlda/tlda_1.cfm](http://www2.appliedbiosystems.com/lib/multimedia/taqman_tlda/tlda_1.cfm)

1. Remove the tubes of calibration solutions from −20 °C, allow them to thaw, then vortex the tubes to mix the contents well.

2. Remove the Applied Biosystems Array Cards from their box and place them on a clean, dry surface.
3. Using a permanent marker, mark the side of the empty array cards with:
   - Background
   - FAM
   - ROI
   - ROX
   - VIC
   - FAM/ROX
   - VIC/ROX

4. For each array card, pipette 100 µL of the appropriate calibration solution into each of the eight reservoirs in the array card:
   a. Place the array card on a lab bench, with the foil side down.
   b. Load 100 µL of the calibration solution into a pipette.
   c. Hold the pipette in an angled position (~45 degrees) and place the tip into the fill port.
      There is a fill port on the left arm of each fill reservoir – the larger of the two holes.
   d. Dispense the fluid so that it sweeps in and around the fill reservoir toward the vent port.
      When pipetting the reagents into the array card, pipette the entire 100-µL volume into the fill reservoir, but do not go past the first stop of pipettor plunger or you may blow the solution out of the port.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not allow the tip to contact and possibly damage the coated foil beneath the fill port.

5. Repeat step 4 to fill the remaining array card with the appropriate calibration reagents.
6. Place the filled array card(s) into a centrifuge array card carrier clip and place empty array cards in the remaining slots. Confirm that the labels on the buckets and clips face the same way.

7. Place the filled carrier clips into the centrifuge buckets. Make sure that the array card fill reservoirs and bucket and clip labels face outward when loaded into the centrifuge.

**IMPORTANT!** You must run the centrifuge with all four buckets in place and each of the two carriers filled with array cards. Place empty array card into unfilled slots.

**IMPORTANT!** Balance the loads in opposite buckets in the centrifuge.

8. Close the centrifuge cover, then spin the array card(s) for 1 minute at 1200 rpm.

9. When the run is finished, stop the centrifuge, then spin the array card(s) again for 1 minute at 1200 rpm.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not try to save time by doing one spin for 2 minutes. The two sets of ramps are important for a good fill into the array card.

10. When the second run is finished, open the centrifuge and check that the fluid levels in the reservoirs of each array card have decreased by the same amount. Also, check for the formation of bubbles in all wells and note possible problems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct fill</th>
<th>Incorrect/partial fill</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="#" alt="Correct fill" /></td>
<td><img src="#" alt="Incorrect/partial fill" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If necessary, centrifuge the array cards for an additional minute to fill any unfilled wells. Do not exceed three 1-minute runs or centrifuge the array card for longer than 1 minute at a time.

11. Seal the array card(s):
   a. With the carriage (roller assembly) of the Array Card Staker/Sealer in the Start position, place a filled array card into the fixture with the foil side up so that the fill reservoirs are the farthest away from the carriage.
b. Press down on all four corners of the array card to ensure that it is fully seated within the fixture.

c. Use the two alignment pins in the fixture to position the array card correctly.

d. Seal the array card by running the carriage slowly over it. Run the carriage over the array card in one direction only. Do not apply downward force on the carriage as you move it forward over the card.

e. Remove the sealed array card from the fixture and trim the fill reservoirs from the array card assembly using scissors. Trim the foil array card so that the edge is even with the plastic carrier.

**IMPORTANT!** Completely remove the fill reservoirs from the array card so that the edge is free of residual plastic. The plastic from the fill reservoirs that extends beyond the edge of the card can prevent the array card from seating properly on the sample block and can affect amplification.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct trim</th>
<th>Incorrect trim</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

12. Repeat step 11 to seal the remaining array cards.

**IMPORTANT!** As you seal the remaining filled array cards, store them in a dark place. Do not expose the array cards to light until you are ready to use them. The dyes in the array cards are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence of the dye.

**IMPORTANT!** If an array card is sealed improperly, the card may leak and contaminate the sample block and/or it can cause the associated calibration or RNase P experiment to fail.
Perform the ROI calibration

A regions of interest (ROI) calibration maps the positions of the wells on the sample block of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. The ViiA™ 7 Software uses the ROI calibration data to associate increases in fluorescence during a run with specific wells on the plate. The ViiA™ 7 Instrument uses a set of optical filters to distinguish the fluorescence emissions gathered during runs. You must generate a calibration image for each individual filter to account for minor differences in the optical path.

Materials required

96-Well Plate Sample Block
- 96-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates
- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles

Note: Only the ROI plate is required for this calibration.

384-Well Plate Sample Block
- 384-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates
- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles

Note: Only the ROI plate is required for this calibration.

Array Card Sample Block
- Applied Biosystems Array Card filled with ROI Calibration Mix
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with centrifuge array card carrier clips and buckets
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)

When to perform the calibration

Perform the ROI calibration:
- Every 6 months, or as often as necessary, depending on instrument use.
- After replacing the lamp.

IMPORTANT! After every ROI calibration, you must perform a background calibration, uniformity calibration, dye calibration, normalization calibration, and RNase P instrument verification experiment.
About the ROI calibration data

During the ROI calibration, the ViiA™ 7 Software captures images of the ROI calibration plate at each instrument filter. An ROI calibration passes if the collected image for each filter shows all wells of the ROI plate or array card. Each well in the image must be distinct and visible at the same luminosity relative to the other wells in the image.

You can review the ROI calibration image for each filter set by selecting the desired filter combination from the Filter Set menu of the ROI tab in the Instrument Manager.

**Passing image**

Green circles appear around all wells indicating that the wells calibrated successfully. Each green circle indicates that the region of interest for the well position is sufficiently bright.

**Failing image**

Red circles appear around some or none of the wells indicating that the wells did not calibrate. The absence of a circle indicates that the region of interest for the well position is not sufficiently bright.

Prepare the calibration plate or array card

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves and safety glasses when you prepare plates or array cards.

Prepare the ROI calibration consumable appropriate for your ViiA™ 7 Instrument:

- Prepare the ROI calibration plate ........................................ 44
- Fill the array cards ......................................................... 38
Prepare the ROI calibration plate

1. Remove the ROI calibration plate from the freezer, then allow it to warm to room temperature (approximately 5 minutes).

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the calibration plate from its packaging until you are ready to run it. The fluorescent dyes in the wells of the plate are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence of the dye.

2. Remove the ROI calibration plate from its packaging. Do not remove the optical film.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not discard the packaging for the ROI calibration plate. You can use the plate to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months if it is stored in its sleeve.

3. Vortex and centrifuge the plate:
   a. Vortex the ROI calibration plate for 5 seconds.
   b. Centrifuge the plate for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm.

   **IMPORTANT!** The ROI calibration plate must be well mixed and centrifuged.

   c. Verify that the liquid in each well of the ROI calibration plate is at the bottom of the well. If not, centrifuge the plate again at a higher rpm and for a longer period of time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="liquid-bottom.png" alt="Correct" /></td>
<td><img src="liquid-not-bottom.png" alt="Incorrect" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid is at bottom of well.</td>
<td>• Not centrifuged with enough force, or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Not centrifuged for enough time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Perform the calibration

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
   **Note:** You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.

4. In the Instrument Manager, start the calibration wizard:
   a. Click Maintenance, then click ROI.
   b. In the ROI Calibration screen, click Start Calibration.

5. Click Next, then perform the calibration as instructed. When the side door opens, load the ROI calibration plate or array card. Ensure that the plate or array card is properly aligned in the holder.
   - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
   - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the barcode facing the front of the instrument.

**IMPORTANT!** Plates should be loaded and unloaded by operators who have been warned of the moving parts hazard and have been adequately trained.

6. After loading the plate or array card, start the calibration:
   a. In the Setup tab, select **Check the box when the ROI calibration plate has been loaded**, then click Next.
   b. In the Run screen, click **START RUN**.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not attempt to open the access door during the run. The door is locked while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is in operation.

**Note:** Before starting the calibration, the ViiA™ 7 Instrument may pause (up to 10 minutes) to allow the heated cover to reach temperature.

7. When the run is complete and the Analysis screen displays, select each filter from the Filter Set drop-down list, then verify that the corresponding ROI Image displays a green circle around each well area.
8. After you inspect all ROI images, verify the status of the calibration, where passed indicates that the run produced viable calibration data, and failed indicates that the run did not produce data or that the data it did collect is unusable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analysis status</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Click Next, then remove the plate or array card when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Troubleshoot the failed calibration as described in “Troubleshoot the ROI calibration” on page 47.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING!** PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD. During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, wait until it reaches room temperature.

**IMPORTANT!** If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument does not eject the plate, remove the plate as explained in “Troubleshoot the ROI calibration” on page 47.

9. Discard or store the plate or array card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Array card | Discard the array card if you do not plan to perform a uniformity calibration soon.  
**Note:** You can reuse the array card if the ROI and uniformity calibrations are performed on the same day. |
| Plate      | Return the ROI calibration plate to its packaging sleeve. If you plan to perform background and uniformity calibrations:  
• During the next 8 hours, keep the ROI calibration plate at room temperature. [The ROI calibration plate is used in the uniformity calibration.]  
• Another day, return the packaged plate to the freezer.  
**IMPORTANT!** Do not discard the calibration plate. If the plate is stored in its original packaging sleeve, you can use it to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months after you open it. |

10. In the ROI Calibration screen, click Finish to complete the calibration, then click Yes when prompted to save the results.
## Troubleshoot the ROI calibration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ROI calibration failed</td>
<td>The sample block or heated cover may not be seated correctly.</td>
<td>1. Power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Wait for 15 minutes, then open the access door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Firmly push the sample block and the heated cover toward the back of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to confirm that they are seated correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>IMPORTANT!</strong> Confirm that the arrows on the front handle of the heated cover align as shown below. If the arrows do not align, push the heated cover further into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until the handle locks into place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROI image is faint</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>IMPORTANT!</strong> Confirm that the indicator on the left side of the sample block is positioned behind the red line on the instrument rail. If the indicator is forward of the red line, push the sample block into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until it is seated correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument does not</td>
<td>The adhesive cover may have adhered the plate to the heated cover within the instrument.</td>
<td>1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eject the ROI plate</td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Wait for 15 minutes, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and eject the plate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. If the plate does not eject, power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then open the access door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Wearing powder-free gloves, reach into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and remove the plate from the heated cover, then close the access door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5. Perform a background calibration to confirm that the sample block has not been contaminated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument malfunction</td>
<td>Multiple possible causes</td>
<td>Contact a local Applied Biosystems Field Service Office.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Chapter 2  Calibration and Maintenance

Perform the background calibration

During a background calibration, the ViiA™ 7 System:

- Performs reads of a background plate containing PCR buffer for 10 minutes at 60 °C.
- Averages the spectra recorded during the run and extracts the resulting spectral component to a calibration file.

The ViiA™ 7 Software then uses the calibration file during subsequent runs to remove background fluorescence from the run data.

Materials required

96-Well Plate Sample Block
- 96-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates
- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles

**Note:** Only the background plate is required for this calibration.

384-Well Plate Sample Block
- 384-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates
- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles

**Note:** Only the background plate is required for this calibration.

Array Card Sample Block
- Applied Biosystems Array Card filled with Background Mix or deionized water
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with centrifuge array card carrier clips and buckets
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)

When to perform the calibration

Perform the background calibration:

- Monthly or as often as necessary, depending on instrument use.
- After replacing the lamp.
About the background calibration data

During the background calibration, the ViiA™ 7 Software captures a series of images of the background plate using each instrument filter. The software compares the fluorescence from each well to the average for the plate. A background calibration passes if the collected images for all filters are free of abnormal fluorescence.

About the data

After the calibration, you can review the calibration data in the Background tab of the Instrument Manager. The Analysis Data plot (left-side) displays the fluorescence data in all filters. The Well Table tab (right-side) displays the data collected for the current calibration. The QC tab displays a summary of quality check performed by the ViiA™ 7 Software on the calibration data.

Background fluorescence

Fluorescence data collected by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument includes a fluorescence signal inherent to the system, referred to as “background fluorescence.” Background fluorescence is a composite signal found in all spectral data that consists of fluorescence from several sources, including:

- Background electronic signal
- Contaminants in the sample block
- The plastic consumable (plate or array card)

Prepare the background plate or array card

IMPORTANT! Wear powder-free gloves and safety glasses when you prepare plates or array cards.

Prepare the background calibration consumable appropriate for your instrument:

- Prepare the background calibration plate. ......................................................... 50
- Fill the array cards .......................................................................................... 38
Prepare the background calibration plate

1. Remove the background plate from the freezer, then allow it to warm to room temperature (approximately 5 minutes).

2. Remove the background plate from its packaging. Do not remove the optical film.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not discard the packaging. You can use the background plate to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months if it is stored in its original packaging sleeve.

3. Vortex and centrifuge the background plate:
   a. Vortex the background plate for 5 seconds.
   b. Centrifuge the plate for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm.

   **IMPORTANT!** The background plate must be well mixed and centrifuged.

   c. Confirm that the liquid in each well of the background plate is at the bottom of the well. If not, centrifuge the plate again at a higher rpm and for a longer period of time.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not allow the bottom of the plate to become dirty. Fluids and other contaminants that adhere to the plate bottom can contaminate the sample block and cause an abnormally high background signal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Correct liquid at bottom of well" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Incorrect liquid at top of well" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Not centrifuged with enough force, or
- Not centrifuged for enough time
Perform the calibration

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
   
   Note: You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.

4. In the Instrument Manager, start the calibration wizard:
   a. Click Maintenance, then click Background.
   b. In the Background Calibration screen, click Start Calibration.

5. Click Next, then perform the calibration as instructed. When the side door opens, load the background plate or array card. Ensure that the plate or array card is properly aligned in the holder.
   - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
   - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the bar code facing the front of the instrument.

   **IMPORTANT!** Plates should be loaded and unloaded by operators who have been warned of the moving parts hazard and have been adequately trained.

6. After loading the plate or array card, start the calibration:
   a. In the Setup tab, select Check the box when the background calibration plate has been loaded, then click Next.
   b. In the Run screen, click START RUN.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not attempt to open the access door during the run. The door is locked while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is in operation.

   **Note:** Before starting the calibration, the instrument may pause (up to 10 minutes) to allow the heated cover to reach temperature.
7. When the run is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Software displays the Analysis screen, confirm the analysis status of the calibration, then select the QC tab and review the quality check summary.

- **Analysis Status** – Indicates the success of the calibration, where *passed* indicates that the run produced viable calibration data, and *failed* indicates that the run did not produce data, or that the data it did collect is unusable.

  **Note:** Abnormal spectra or abnormally high background fluorescence can indicate the presence of contamination on the plate, array card, or sample block, which can cause the calibration to fail.

- **QC Status** – Indicates the quality of the calibration data, where *passed* indicates that all wells produced data that passed the quality check, and *failed* indicates that one or more wells produced spectra that deviate significantly from the other wells on the plate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analysis status</th>
<th>QC status</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Click Next, then remove the plate or array card when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Troubleshoot the failed calibration as described in “Troubleshoot the background calibration” on page 53.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Failed</td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> You can accept a calibration that passes the Analysis Status check, but fails the QC Status check. We recommend using calibrations that yield passing results for both status reports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, wait until it reaches room temperature.

**IMPORTANT!** If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument does not eject the plate, remove the plate as explained in “Troubleshoot the background calibration” on page 53.

8. Discard or store the plate or array card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Array card</td>
<td>Discard the array card.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Plate      | Return the background plate to its packaging sleeve, then return the packaged plate to the freezer.  
**IMPORTANT!** Do not discard the calibration plate. If the plate is stored in its original packaging sleeve, you can use it to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months after you open it. |

9. In the Background Calibration screen, click **Finish** to complete the calibration, then click **Yes** when prompted to save the results.
# Troubleshoot the background calibration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Background calibration failed           | One or more wells of the background plate produced spectra that exceed the maximum limit for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. | 1. Repeat the calibration using the same background plate.  
2. If the calibration fails again, repeat the calibration using a different background plate.  
3. If the calibration fails again, determine the source of the contamination, as explained in "How to identify contamination" on page 54. |
| Instrument does not eject the background plate | The adhesive cover may have adhered the plate to the heated cover within the instrument. | 1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.  
2. Wait for 15 minutes, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and eject the plate.  
3. If the plate does not eject, power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then open the access door.  
4. Wearing powder-free gloves, reach into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and remove the plate from the heated cover, then close the access door.  
5. Perform a background calibration to confirm that the sample block has not been contaminated. |
| Instrument malfunction                  | Multiple possible causes                                                      | Contact a local Applied Biosystems Field Service Office. |
How to identify contamination

Signals that exceed the limit of normal background fluorescence may indicate fluorescent contaminants on the calibration plate or the sample block. Common contaminants include ink residue from permanent pens, powder from disposable gloves, and dust.

To determine the source and location of the contamination:

1. While viewing the background calibration data in the Analysis screen, select the QC tab and review the list of wells that failed the quality check.

2. Rotate the background plate 180°, then perform the background calibration again.

3. Determine the location of the contaminated wells again.
   - If the position(s) of the contaminated well(s) in step 1 and step 2 are:
     - **Identical** – The sample block is contaminated. Decontaminate the sample block (see “Decontaminate the sample block” on page 124).
     - **Reversed** – The background plate or array card is contaminated. Discard the plate or array card, then perform the background calibration using a new background plate or array card.

4. If the calibration fails after you replace the background plate and decontaminate the sample block:
   - Cover a plate or array card with a piece of black paper.
   - Perform the background run as explained in this chapter, substituting the plate or array card covered with paper for the background plate or array card.
   - After the run is complete and while viewing the calibration data, select all wells in the Plate Layout tab, then view the Spectral plot for the peak(s). If the peak associated with the contamination is:
     - **Visible** – The optics of your ViiA™ 7 System may be contaminated. Contact Applied Biosystems for further support.
     - **Absent** – The sample block is contaminated. Decontaminate the sample block again and repeat the calibration.
Perform the uniformity calibration

The uniformity calibration generates data that allows the ViiA™ 7 Software to compensate for the physical effects of the ViiA™ 7 System filters.

Materials required

See “Perform the ROI calibration” on page 42 for a complete list of materials for the calibration.

When to perform the calibration

Perform a uniformity calibration every 6 months, or as often as necessary, depending on instrument use.

About the uniformity calibration data

During the uniformity calibration, the ViiA™ 7 Software captures a series of images of the ROI plate using each instrument filter. After the calibration, you can review the data in the Uniformity tab of the Instrument Manager. The Analysis Data plot (left-side) displays the fluorescence data in all filters. The Well Table tab (right-side) displays the data collected for the current calibration in all well positions. The QC tab displays a summary of quality check performed by the ViiA™ 7 Software on the calibration data.
Chapter 2  Calibration and Maintenance

Performs the uniformity calibration

Prepare the calibration plate or array card

IMPORTANT! Wear powder-free gloves and safety glasses when you prepare plates or array cards.

If you have an ROI plate or array card from a recent ROI calibration, go to step 3b on page 56 (plates), or go to “Perform the calibration” on page 57 (array cards).

Otherwise, prepare the ROI calibration consumable appropriate for your ViiA™ 7 Instrument:

- Prepare the ROI calibration plate .............................................. see below
- Fill the array cards ................................................................. 38

Prepare the ROI calibration plate

1. Remove the ROI calibration plate from the freezer, then allow it to warm to room temperature (approximately 5 minutes).

IMPORTANT! Do not remove a calibration plate from its packaging until you are ready to run it. The fluorescent dyes in the wells of the plate are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence of the dye.

2. Remove the ROI calibration plate from its packaging. Do not remove the optical film.

IMPORTANT! Do not discard the packaging for the calibration plate. You can use the plate to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months if it is stored in its sleeve.

3. Vortex and centrifuge the plate:
   a. Vortex the ROI calibration plate for 5 seconds.
   b. Centrifuge the plate for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm.

IMPORTANT! The ROI calibration plate must be well mixed and centrifuged.

c. Confirm that the liquid in each well of the ROI calibration plate is at the bottom of the well. If not, centrifuge the plate again at a higher rpm and for a longer period of time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Correct Image]</td>
<td>![Incorrect Image]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Liquid is at bottom of well. | • Not centrifuged with enough force, or  
• Not centrifuged for enough time |
Perform the calibration

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click **Instrument Console**.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click **Add to My Instruments**.
   
   **Note:** You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list of instruments, select it, then click **Manage Instrument**.

4. In the Instrument Manager, start the calibration wizard:
   
   a. Click **Maintenance**, then click **Uniformity**.
   
   b. In the Uniformity Calibration screen, click **Start Calibration**.

5. Click **Next**, then perform the calibration as instructed.
   
   When the side door opens, load the ROI calibration plate or array card. Ensure that the plate or array card is properly aligned in the holder.
   
   - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
   
   - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the bar code facing the front of the instrument.

   **IMPORTANT!** Plates should be loaded and unloaded by operators who have been warned of the moving parts hazard and have been adequately trained.

6. After loading the plate or array card, start the calibration:
   
   a. In the Setup tab, select **Check the box when the Uniformity Calibration plate has been loaded**, then click **Next**.
   
   b. In the Run screen, click **START RUN**.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not attempt to open the access door during the run. The door is locked while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is in operation.

**Note:** Before starting the calibration, the instrument may pause (up to 10 minutes) to allow the heated cover to reach temperature.
7. When the run is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Software displays the Analysis screen, confirm the analysis status of the calibration, then select the QC tab and review the quality check summary.

- **Analysis Status** – Indicates the success of the calibration, where *passed* indicates that the run produced viable calibration data, and *failed* indicates that the run did not produce data or that the data it did collect is unusable.

  **Note:** A calibration can fail if wells produce spectra that deviate significantly from the other wells of the plate, or if all wells produce abnormally low spectra. Abnormal spectra can indicate the presence of fluorescent contamination on the plate or array card or sample block.

- **QC Status** – Indicates the quality of the calibration data, where *passed* indicates that all wells produced data that passed the quality check, and *failed* indicates that one or more wells produced spectra that deviate significantly from the other wells on the plate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analysis status</th>
<th>QC status</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Click Next, then remove the plate or array card when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Troubleshoot the failed calibration as described in “Troubleshoot the uniformity calibration” on page 59.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Note: You can accept a calibration that passes the Analysis Status check, but fails the QC Status check. We recommend using calibrations that yield passing results for both status reports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, wait until it reaches room temperature.

**IMPORTANT!** If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument does not eject the plate, remove the plate as explained in “Troubleshoot the uniformity calibration” on page 59.

8. Discard or store the plate or array card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Array card</td>
<td>Discard the array card.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Plate      | Return the ROI calibration plate to its packaging sleeve, then return the packaged plate to the freezer.  
**IMPORTANT!** Do not discard the calibration plate. If the plate is stored in its original packaging sleeve, you can use it to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months after you open it. |

9. In the Uniformity Calibration screen, click Finish to complete the calibration, then click Yes when prompted to save the results.
## Troubleshoot the uniformity calibration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Uniformity calibration failed    | Abnormally low spectra across all wells of the plate or array card.            | 1. Confirm that you loaded an ROI plate or array card into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. If not, perform the calibration again using the correct ROI plate or array card.  
2. If you are using the correct plate or array card, perform the calibration again using a different ROI plate or array card.  
3. If the calibration fails again, contact Applied Biosystems technical support. |
| One or more wells produced spectra that deviate significantly from the rest of the plate or array card. | 1. While viewing the calibration data in the Analysis screen, locate the well(s) with abnormal signal in the Plate Layout tab.  
2. Rotate the calibration plate or array card 180°, then perform the calibration again.  
3. Determine the location of the contaminated wells again. If the position(s) of the well(s) identified in step 1 and step 2 are:  
  • **Identical** – The sample block is contaminated. Decontaminate the sample block [see “Decontaminate the sample block” on page 124].  
  • **Reversed** – The ROI plate or array card is contaminated. Discard the plate or array card, then perform the uniformity calibration using a new ROI plate or array card.  
4. If the calibration fails again, contact Applied Biosystems technical support. |  |
| Instrument does not eject the ROI plate | The adhesive cover may have adhered the plate to the heated cover within the instrument. | 1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.  
2. Wait for 15 minutes, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and eject the plate.  
3. If the plate does not eject, power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then open the access door.  
4. Wearing powder-free gloves, reach into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and remove the plate from the heated cover, then close the access door.  
5. Perform a background calibration to confirm that the sample block has not been contaminated. |  |
| Instrument malfunction           | Multiple possible causes                                                      | Contact a local Applied Biosystems Field Service Office.                                                                                   |
Perform the dye calibration

During a dye calibration, the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System:

- Collects spectral data from a series of dye standards.
- Stores the spectral information for the dye standards in a dye calibration file.

The ViiA™ 7 Software uses the pure spectra data during experiment runs to characterize and distinguish the individual contribution of each dye in the total fluorescence collected by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. After each run, the ViiA™ 7 Software receives data in the form of a raw spectra signal for each reading. It determines the contribution of each fluorescent dye used in the sample by comparing the raw spectra to the pure spectra calibration data. When you save an experiment after analysis, the ViiA™ 7 Software stores the pure spectra with the collected fluorescence data for that experiment.

**IMPORTANT!** You must calibrate only those dyes that are present in the chemistries that you intend to run on your ViiA™ 7 System.

### Materials required

**96-Well Plate**

- **Sample Block**
  - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plates
    - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with FAM™ Dye
    - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with VIC® Dye
    - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with ROX™ Dye
    - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with NED™ Dye
    - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with TAMRA™ Dye
    - 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with SYBR® Green Dye
  - Centrifuge with plate adapter
  - Powder-free gloves
  - Safety goggles

**384-Well Plate**

- **Sample Block**
  - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plates
    - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with FAM™ Dye
    - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with VIC® Dye
    - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with ROX™ Dye
    - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with NED™ Dye
    - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with TAMRA™ Dye
    - 384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with SYBR® Green Dye
  - Centrifuge with plate adapter
  - Powder-free gloves
  - Safety goggles
Array Card Sample Block

- Applied Biosystems Array Cards filled with:
  - FAM™ Dye
  - VIC® Dye
  - ROX™ Dye
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with centrifuge array card carrier clips and buckets
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)

When to perform the dye calibrations

Perform a dye calibration every 6 months, or as often as necessary, depending on instrument use.

IMPORTANT! You must calibrate only dyes that are present in the chemistries that you intend to run on the ViiA™ 7 System. For example, if you intend to run a TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card to verify instrument performance (see page 74), you must calibrate the FAM™ dye, TAMRA™ dye, and ROX™ dye because all three are present in the TaqMan® assay chemistry present on the consumable.

IMPORTANT! You must perform a background calibration before every series of dye calibrations. Because the age and use of instrument components can affect spectra readings, we recommend performing a dye calibration at least every 6 months.
About the dye calibration

System dyes

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System calibrates the following system dyes: FAM™ dye, NED™ dye, ROX™ dye, SYBR® Green dye, TAMRA™ dye, and VIC® dye. The following figure shows the emission spectrum for each dye, and the filters and wavelengths at which each dye is read.

Custom dyes

The ViiA™ 7 System can be used to run assays designed with custom dyes (dyes not supplied by Applied Biosystems); however, before using custom dyes with the ViiA™ 7 System, you must create and run a custom calibration plate. The ViiA™ 7 Software uses the custom calibration plate to create a spectral standard to distinguish the custom dye in the fluorescence data collected during the run. See “Create a custom dye plate for calibration” on page 168 for information on custom dye calibrations.

**IMPORTANT!** A custom dye must excite between 455 and 672 nm and read between 505 and 723 nm.
About the dye calibration data

The product of a dye calibration is a collection of spectral profiles that represent the fluorescence signature of each dye standard. Each profile consists of a set of spectra that correspond to the fluorescence collected from the wells of the spectral calibration plate. The ViiA™ 7 Software plots the resulting data for each spectral profile in a graph of fluorescence versus filter.

When the ViiA™ 7 Software extracts the dye calibration data, it evaluates the fluorescence signal generated by each well in terms of the collective spectra for the entire calibration plate. Dye spectra are generally acceptable if they peak within the same filter as their group but diverge slightly at other wavelengths (see below).

The ViiA™ 7 Software can compensate for some differences in a spectral profile by replacing the spectra of unacceptable wells with the spectra of other wells on the reaction plate (auto-repairing). The ViiA™ 7 Software allows only a few replacements, and it may reject the calibration if the spectra between neighboring wells vary significantly.

**Note:** Because the wells of a calibration plate contain identical concentrations of a dye, the resulting signals for the wells should be similar. Variations in spectral position and peak position are caused by minor differences in the optical properties and excitation energy between the individual wells.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acceptable spectra</th>
<th>Unacceptable spectra</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spectra peak at the same wavelength and do not diverge significantly</td>
<td>Spectra peak at the different wavelengths</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Acceptable spectra diagram](image1)

![Unacceptable spectra diagram](image2)
Prepare the calibration plates/array cards

**IMPORTANT!** Before performing a dye calibration, you must perform an ROI calibration, a background calibration, and a uniformity calibration.

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves and safety glasses when you prepare plates or array cards.

Prepare the Dye calibration consumables appropriate for your ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
- Prepare the dye calibration plate. .................................................. see below
- Fill the array cards ................................................................. 38

**Prepare the dye calibration plate**

1. Remove the dye plates from the freezer, then allow them to warm to room temperature (approximately 5 minutes).

**IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the dye plates from their packaging until you are ready to run them. The dyes in the dye plates are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence signal strength of the plates.

**Note:** If you store Applied Biosystems dye plates in their original packaging and in the freezer, you can use them to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System up to 3 times for 6 months after opening them.

2. Before using each dye plate, vortex the plate for 5 seconds, centrifuge it for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm, then confirm that the liquid in each dye plate is at the bottom of the wells. If not, centrifuge the plate again at a higher rpm and for a longer period of time.

**Correct**

- Liquid is at bottom of well.

**Incorrect**

- Not centrifuged with enough force, or
- Not centrifuged for enough time

**IMPORTANT!** The dye plates must be well mixed and centrifuged.
Perform the calibration

**IMPORTANT!** The ViiA™ 7 Software guides you through the calibration of each dye separately. You must set up, run, and analyze each dye independently.

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click **Instrument Console**.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click **Add to My Instruments**.
   
   **Note:** You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click **Manage Instrument**.

4. In the Instrument Manager, start the calibration wizard:
   
   a. Click **Maintenance**, then click **Dye**.
   
   b. In the Dye Calibration screen, select **System Dye Calibration**, then click **Start Calibration**.

5. In the Dye Calibration screen, select the dye to calibrate from the Dye Name drop-down list, then perform the calibration as instructed.

6. Load the calibration plate or array card into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   
   a. Confirm that the dye plate or array card that you are about to load matches the dye selected in the ViiA™ 7 Software. The name of the dye contained by the consumable is next to the bar code on the front of the plate or array card.
   
   b. Load the dye plate or array card into the plate adapter. Ensure that the plate or array card is properly aligned in the holder.
      
      - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
      - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the bar code facing the front of the instrument.

**IMPORTANT!** Plates should be loaded and unloaded by operators who have been warned of the moving parts hazard and have been adequately trained.
7. After loading the plate or array card, start the calibration:
   a. In the Dye Calibration screen, select **Check the box when the dye calibration plate has been loaded**, then click **Next**.
   b. In the Run screen, click **START RUN**.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not attempt to open the access door during the run. The door is locked while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is in operation.

**Note:** Before starting the calibration, the instrument may pause (up to 10 minutes) to allow the heated cover to reach temperature.

8. When the run is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Software displays the Analysis screen, confirm the grouping of the dye spectra:
   a. Select the **Plate Layout** tab, then review the raw data. For each spectrum, verify that the peak is:
      • Within the detectable range for the ViiA™ 7 System.
      • Free of irregular spectral peaks.
      • Present at the correct filter for the dye (see the following table).

   b. Select the **QC** tab, then review the summary of wells that failed the quality check (QC).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter set</th>
<th>x1-m1 (Blue)</th>
<th>x2-m2 (Green)</th>
<th>x3-m3 (Yellow)</th>
<th>x4-m4 (Orange)</th>
<th>x5-m5 (Red)</th>
<th>x6-m6 (Deep red)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excitation (nm)</td>
<td>470±15</td>
<td>520±10</td>
<td>549.5±10</td>
<td>580±10</td>
<td>640±10</td>
<td>662±10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emission (nm)</td>
<td>520±15</td>
<td>558±12</td>
<td>586.5±10</td>
<td>623±14</td>
<td>682±14</td>
<td>711±12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System dyes</td>
<td>• FAM™ dye • SYBR® Green dye</td>
<td>• HEX™ dye • JOE™ dye • TET™ dye • VIC® dye</td>
<td>• NED™ dye • TAMRA™ dye</td>
<td>ROX™ dye</td>
<td>LIZ™ dye</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Among wells containing the same dye, variations in spectral position and peak position are caused by minor differences in the optical properties and excitation energy between the individual wells.

b. Select the **QC** tab, then review the summary of wells that failed the quality check (QC).
9. After you inspect the dye spectra, verify the status of the calibration:
   
   • **Analysis Status** – Indicates the success of the calibration, where *passed* indicates that the run produced viable calibration data, and *failed* indicates that the run did not produce data or that the data it did collect is unusable.
   
   • **QC Status** – Indicates the quality of the calibration data, where *passed* indicates that all wells produced data that passed the quality check, and *failed* indicates that one or more wells produced dye spectra that differ significantly from the other wells on the plate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analysis status</th>
<th>QC status</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>1. Click Next.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Enter any comments you have in the Comments field, click Finish, then click Yes when prompted to save the results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Remove the plate or array card when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Troubleshoot the failed calibration as described in “Troubleshoot the dye calibration” on page 68.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Note: You can accept a calibration that passes the Analysis Status check but fails the QC Status check. We recommend using calibrations that yield passing results for both status reports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, wait until it reaches room temperature.

**IMPORTANT!** If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument does not eject the plate, remove the plate as explained in “Troubleshoot the dye calibration” on page 68.

10. Discard or store the plate or array card:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Array card</td>
<td>Discard the array card.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate</td>
<td>Return the dye calibration plate to its packaging sleeve, then return the packaged plate to the freezer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>IMPORTANT!</strong> Do not discard the calibration plate. If the plate is stored in its original packaging sleeve, you can use it to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months after you open it.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. Repeat the calibration and review (step 4 through step 10) to calibrate your ViiA™ 7 System for the remaining dyes that are present in the chemistries that you will be running.
## Troubleshoot the dye calibration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One or more raw spectra are at or below the detectable threshold for the calibration</td>
<td>Dye calibration plate was centrifuged insufficiently.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dye calibration plate contains old or insufficient reagents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you are running a custom dye calibration plate, the dye may not be present at a sufficient concentration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spectra contain peaks in more than one filters</td>
<td>Fluorescent contaminants are present on the sample block or dye calibration plate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One or more raw spectra exceed the maximum limit for the ViiA™ 7 System</td>
<td>If you are running a custom spectral calibration plate, the dye may be too concentrated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument does not eject the dye plate</td>
<td>The adhesive cover may have adhered the plate to the heated cover within the instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument malfunction</td>
<td>Multiple possible causes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Action

1. Unload the ViiA™ 7 System and view the wells of the dye calibration plate. If the liquid in the wells is not:
   - At the bottom of the wells, centrifuge the plate for a longer time, then repeat the calibration.
   - Equivalent in volume, the plate is not sealed and the reagents have evaporated. Discard the plate and run another.

2. If the dye calibration plate appears to be normal, discard the plate and run another.

3. If the problem persists, contact Applied Biosystems.

If you are running a custom dye calibration plate, create another plate but increase the concentration of the dye that produced insufficient signal.

Verify that contaminants are not present by performing a background calibration [see “Perform the background calibration” on page 48](#). If the background calibration does not show sample block contamination, the dye calibration plate may be contaminated.

**Note:** If you are running a custom dye calibration plate, create another plate but decrease the concentration of the dye that exceeded the detectable limit.

1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.
2. Wait for 15 minutes, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and eject the plate.
3. If the plate does not eject, power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then open the access door.
4. Wearing powder-free gloves, reach into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and remove the plate from the heated cover, then close the access door.
5. Perform a background calibration to confirm that the sample block has not been contaminated.

Contact a local Applied Biosystems Field Service Office.
Perform the normalization calibration

During the normalization calibration, the ViiA™ 7 System:

- Collects data from the normalization standards.
- Stores the information for the normalization standards in a normalization calibration file.

The normalization calibration generates factors that the ViiA™ 7 Software uses when comparing data from multiple ViiA™ 7 Instruments within a study.

Materials required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>96-Well Plate Sample Block</th>
<th>384-Well Plate Sample Block</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Normalization Plates with FAM™/ROX™ and VIC®/ROX™ Dyes</td>
<td>384-Well Normalization Plates with FAM™/ROX™ and VIC®/ROX™ Dyes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centrifuge with plate adapter</td>
<td>Centrifuge with plate adapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powder-free gloves</td>
<td>Powder-free gloves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety goggles</td>
<td>Safety goggles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Array Card Sample Block

- Applied Biosystems Array Cards filled with:
  - FAM™/ROX™ dye mix
  - VIC™/ROX™ dye mix
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with centrifuge array card carrier clips and buckets
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)

When to perform the calibration

Perform a normalization calibration every 6 months, or as often as necessary, depending on instrument use.

About the normalization calibration data

During the normalization calibration, the ViiA™ 7 Software captures a series of images of each normalization plate using each instrument filter. The normalization calibration yields a “Pass” or “Fail” result for each normalization plate used.
Prepare the calibration plate or array card

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves and safety glasses when you prepare plates or array cards.

**IMPORTANT!** Before performing a normalization calibration, you must perform ROI, background, uniformity, and dye calibrations.

Prepare the calibration consumables appropriate for your ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
- Prepare the normalization plates. ........................................... see below
- Fill the array cards ................................................................. 38

1. Remove the normalization plates from the freezer, then allow the plates to warm to room temperature (approximately 5 minutes).

**IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the normalization plates from their packaging until you are ready to run them. The fluorescent dyes in the dye plates are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence signal strength of the plates.

**Note:** If you store the normalization plates in their original packaging and in the freezer, you can use them to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System up to 3 times for 6 months after opening them.

2. Go to “Perform the calibration” on page 71.

Before using each normalization plate, vortex the plate for 5 seconds, centrifuge it for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm, then verify that the liquid in each dye plate is at the bottom of the wells. If not, centrifuge the plate again at a higher rpm and for a longer period of time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Liquid is at bottom of well." /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Not centrifuged with enough force, or Not centrifuged for enough time" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IMPORTANT!** The normalization plates must be well mixed and centrifuged.
Perform the calibration

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
   
   **Note:** You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.

4. In the Instrument Manager, start the calibration wizard:
   
   a. Click Maintenance, then click Normalization.
   
   b. In the Normalization Calibration screen, click Start Calibration.

5. In the Normalization Calibration screen, select the reporter/passive dye combination that you want to calibrate, then perform the calibration as instructed.

6. Load the calibration plate or array card into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   
   a. Verify that the normalization plate or array card matches the selection in the ViiA™ 7 Software. The name of the dyes contained by each consumable appears next to the bar code on the front of the plate or array card.
   
   b. Load the appropriate normalization plate or array card into the plate adapter. Ensure that the plate or array card is properly aligned in the holder.
      
      - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
      - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the bar code facing the front of the instrument.

   **IMPORTANT!** Plates should be loaded and unloaded by operators who have been warned of the moving parts hazard and have been adequately trained.

7. After loading the plate or array card, start the calibration:
   
   a. In the Dye Calibration screen, select Check the box when the normalization calibration plate has been loaded, then click Next.
   
   b. In the Run screen, click START RUN to start the calibration.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not attempt to open the access door during the run. The door is locked while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is in operation.

   **Note:** Before starting the calibration, the instrument may pause (up to 10 minutes) to allow the heated cover to reach temperature.
8. When the run is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Software displays the Analysis screen, verify the status of the calibration. The analysis status indicates the success of the calibration, where passed indicates that the run produced viable calibration data, and failed indicates that the run did not produce data or that the data it did collect is unusable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analysis status</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>Enter any comments you have in the Comments field, click Next, then remove the plate or array card when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the tray arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Troubleshoot the failed calibration as described in “Troubleshoot the normalization calibration” on page 73.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, wait until it reaches room temperature.

**IMPORTANT!** If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument does not eject the plate, remove the plate as explained in “Troubleshoot the normalization calibration” on page 73.

9. Discard or store the plate or array card:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Array card</td>
<td>Discard the array card.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Plate      | Return the normalization calibration plate to its packaging sleeve, then return the packaged plate to the freezer.  
**IMPORTANT!** Do not discard the calibration plate. If the plate is stored in its original packaging sleeve, you can use it to calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System 3 times for up to 6 months after you open it. |

10. In the Normalization Calibration screen, click Finish to complete the calibration, then click Yes when prompted to save the results.

11. Repeat steps 4 through 10 to perform the remaining normalization calibration.
# Troubleshoot the normalization calibration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Normalization calibration failed        | Abnormally low spectra across all wells of the plate or array card.            | 1. Confirm that you loaded an normalization plate or array card into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. If not, perform the calibration again using the correct normalization plate or array card.  
   2. If you are using the correct plate or array card, perform the calibration again using a different normalization plate or array card.  
   3. If the calibration fails again, contact Applied Biosystems technical support.                                                                                   |
|                                          | One or more wells produced spectra that deviate significantly from the rest of the plate or array card. | 1. While viewing the calibration data, locate the well(s) with abnormal signal in the Plate Layout tab.  
   2. Rotate the calibration plate or array card 180°, then perform the calibration again.  
   3. Determine the location of the contaminated wells again. If the position(s) of the well(s) identified in steps 1 and 2 are:  
     • Identical – The sample block is contaminated. Decontaminate the sample block [see “Decontaminate the sample block” on page 124].  
     • Reversed – The normalization plate or array card is contaminated. Discard the plate or array card, then perform the normalization calibration using a new normalization plate or array card.  
   4. If the calibration fails again, contact Applied Biosystems technical support.                                                                                     |
| Instrument does not eject the normalization plate | The adhesive cover may have adhered the plate to the heated cover within the instrument. | 1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.  
   2. Wait for 15 minutes, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and eject the plate.  
   3. If the plate does not eject, power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then open the access door.  
   4. Wearing powder-free gloves, reach into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and remove the plate from the heated cover, then close the access door.  
   5. Perform a background calibration to confirm that the sample block has not been contaminated.                                                                 |
| Instrument malfunction                   | Multiple possible causes                                                       | Contact a local Applied Biosystems Field Service Office.                                                                                   |
Verify the instrument performance

Perform the RNase P instrument verification experiment to verify the performance of an Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System.

Materials required

96-Well Plate Sample Block
- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- TaqMan® RNase P Fast 96-Well Instrument Verification Plate

384-Well Plate Sample Block
- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- TaqMan® RNase P Fast 384-Well Instrument Verification Plate

Array Card Sample Block
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with centrifuge array card carrier clips and buckets
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety goggles
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)
- TaqMan® RNase P Array Card Instrument Verification Reagents Kit:
  - Applied Biosystems Array Card
  - TaqMan® RNase P Array Card Instrument Verification Reagents Kit, including tubes with reagent mix for each port (8 tubes total)

When to perform the RNase P instrument verification experiment

We recommend performing an RNase P instrument verification experiment:
- After moving the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to another location.
- As needed to verify the function of the ViiA™ 7 System.
About the RNase P kits

The instrument verification experiment uses one of two instrument verification kits available from Applied Biosystems. The kits differ only in the consumable format for which they are designed: a TaqMan® RNase P Instrument Verification Plate for ViiA™ 7 Instruments with 96/384-well sample blocks and an Array Card RNase P Kit for ViiA™ 7 Instruments with array card sample blocks.

About the TaqMan® RNase P Fast 96/384-Well Instrument Verification Plate

The RNase P plate is preloaded with the reagents necessary for the detection and quantitation of genomic copies of the human RNase P gene (a single-copy gene encoding the RNase moiety of the RNase P enzyme). Each well contains: TaqMan® Fast Universal PCR Master Mix, RNase P primers, FAM™ dye-labeled probe, and a known concentration of human genomic DNA template.

The figure to the right illustrates the arrangement of the standard and unknown populations on a 96-well RNase P plate. The RNase P plate contains five replicate groups of standards (1250, 2500, 5000, 10000, and 20000 copies), two unknown populations (5000 and 10,000 copies), and a no template control (NTC).

The figure to the right illustrates the arrangement of the standard and unknown populations on a 384-well RNase P plate. The RNase P plate contains five replicate groups of standards (1250, 2500, 5000, 10000, and 20000 copies), two unknown populations (5000 and 10,000 copies), and a no template control (NTC).

About the Array Card RNase P Kit

The Array Card RNase P Kit includes one empty array card and eight tubes of solution. Each tube contains reaction mix (TaqMan® Universal PCR Master Mix, RNase P primers, and FAM™-MGB dye-labeled probe) and a known concentration of human genomic DNA template.

To perform an instrument verification run, each solution is loaded into the empty array card in the arrangement shown right. When complete, the array card contains five replicate groups of standards (200, 400, 800, 1600, and 3200 copies), two of unknown populations (800 and 1600 copies), and one that serves as a no template control (NTC).
### About the analysis

The ViiA™ 7 Software performs the same analysis of data from an instrument verification run regardless of the type of consumable used (96/384-well plate or array card).

After the run, the ViiA™ 7 Software:

1. Generates a standard curve from the averaged threshold cycle ($C_T$) values of the replicate groups of standards.

2. Calculates the concentration of the two unknown populations using the standard curve.

3. Calculates the following to assess the ViiA™ 7 System performance:

$$([(\text{CopyUnk}_2) - 3(\sigma_{\text{CopyUnk}_2})] > [(\text{CopyUnk}_1) + 3(\sigma_{\text{CopyUnk}_1})]$$

where:

- $\text{CopyUnk}_1 = $ Average copy number of unknown population A
- $\sigma_{\text{CopyUnk}_1} = $ Standard deviation of unknown population A
- $\text{CopyUnk}_2 = $ Average copy number of unknown population B
- $\sigma_{\text{CopyUnk}_2} = $ Standard deviation of unknown population B

**Note:** Unknown population A refers to the 5,000-copy population in columns 7 through 15 of the TaqMan® RNase P Plate or the 800-copy population in rows C and D of the loaded array card. Unknown population B refers to the 10,000-copy population in the wells of the TaqMan® RNase P Plate or the 1,600-copy population in rows E and F of the loaded array card.

### Installation specification

The ViiA™ 7 System passes the installation specification if the inequality holds and the ViiA™ 7 Instrument successfully distinguishes between unknown populations A and B with a statistical confidence level of 99.7%.

As shown in the following table, you can omit a limited number of outlier wells from the unknown populations to meet the installation specification.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample block</th>
<th>Maximum number of outlier wells that can be removed</th>
<th>Unknown population A‡</th>
<th>Unknown population B§</th>
<th>Standards (STD)</th>
<th>No template controls (NTC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-well plate</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1#</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-well plate</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2#</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Array card</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4#</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ 5,000-copy population for 384-well plates; 800-copy population for array cards.
§ 10,000-copy population for 384-well plates; 1,600-copy population for array cards.
# Maximum number of wells that can be removed from each standard population.
Prepare the TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card

**IMPORTANT!** When performing the RNase P instrument verification experiment:
- Perform all calibrations beforehand.
- Run the TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card soon after you allow the plate or reagents to thaw. Minimizing the time that the prepared consumable sits on the bench ensures optimal performance.
- Wear powder-free gloves and safety glasses when you prepare plates or array cards.

Prepare the instrument verification consumable appropriate for your instrument:
- Prepare the TaqMan® RNase P Instrument Verification Plate . . . . . . . . . see below
- Prepare the array card for the instrument verification run . . . . . . . . . . . . .  78

1. Obtain the TaqMan® RNase P Instrument Verification Plate from the freezer, then allow the plate to warm to room temperature (for approximately 5 minutes).

**IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the plate from its packaging until you are ready to run it. The fluorescent dyes in the dye plate are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence signal strength of the plate.

2. Remove the RNase P plate from its packaging.

3. Briefly vortex and centrifuge the RNase P plate:
   a. Vortex the plate for 5 seconds.
   b. Centrifuge the reaction plate for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm.

**IMPORTANT!** The reaction plate must be well mixed and centrifuged.

c. Verify that the liquid is at the bottom of each well of the reaction plate. If not, centrifuge the reaction plate again at a greater rpm and for a longer time.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not allow the bottom of the RNase P plate to become dirty. Fluids and other contaminants that adhere to the bottom of the reaction plate can contaminate the sample block and cause an abnormally high background signal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Correct" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Incorrect" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Liquid is at bottom of well.
- Not centrifuged with enough force, or
- Not centrifuged for enough time
Prepare the array card for the instrument verification run

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves while preparing the array cards.

1. Remove the Array Card RNase P Kit from the freezer, then allow it to thaw at room temperature.

2. Remove an array card from its box and place it on a clean, dry surface.

3. Using a permanent marker, mark the side of the empty array card with RNase P.

4. Transfer 100 μL of each solution into the appropriate port of the array card:

|   | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | PORT |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| A |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| B |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| C |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| D |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| E |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| F |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| G |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| H |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| I |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| J |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| K |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| L |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| M |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| N |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| O |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| P |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |

For each transfer, do the following:

a. Place the array card on a lab bench, with the foil side down.

b. Load 100 μL of fluid into a pipette.

c. Hold the pipette in an angled position (~45 degrees) and place the tip into the fill port.

There is a fill port on the left arm of each fill reservoir – the larger of the two holes.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not allow the tip to contact and possibly damage the coated foil beneath the fill port.
Verify the instrument performance

2. Dispense the fluid so that it sweeps in and around the fill reservoir toward the vent port.

When pipetting the reagents into the array card, pipette the entire 100-µL volume into the fill reservoir, but do not go past the first stop of pipettor plunger or you may blow the solution out of the port.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not allow the tip to contact and possibly damage the coated foil beneath the fill port.

5. Centrifuge and seal the array card as explained in steps 6 through 11 on page 40.

6. Run the prepared array card as soon as possible after filling it. Store the array card in a dark place until you are ready to run it.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not expose the array card to light until you are ready to run it. The fluorescent dyes in the array card are photosensitive. Prolonged exposure to light can diminish the fluorescence of the dye.

**Run the experiment**

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.

   **Note:** You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.

4. In the Instrument Manager, start the RNase P wizard:
   a. Click Maintenance, then click RNase P Run.
   b. In the RNase P Run screen, click Start RNase P Run.

5. Complete the calibration as instructed by the wizard. When the side door opens, load the RNase P plate or array card. Ensure that the plate or array card is properly aligned in the holder.
   - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
   - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the bar code facing the front of the instrument.

**IMPORTANT!** Plates should be loaded and unloaded by operators who have been warned of the moving parts hazard and have been adequately trained.
6. After loading the plate or array card, start the calibration:
   a. In the Overview screen, select **Check the box when the RNase P calibration plate has been loaded**, then click **Next**.
   b. In the Run screen, click **START RUN** to start the calibration.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not attempt to open the access door during the run. The door is locked while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is in operation.

   **Note:** Before starting the calibration, the instrument may pause (up to 10 minutes) to allow the heated cover to reach temperature.

7. When the run is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Software displays the Analysis screen, verify the status of the run:
   - **Passed** – The ViiA™ 7 System passed the RNase P run. Go to step 12 on page 82.
   - **Failed** – The ViiA™ 7 System failed the RNase P run. Go to step 8 to review the data for outliers.

   If the run fails, the ViiA™ 7 Software may have included outliers that caused the initial analysis to fail. Experimental error may cause some wells to be amplified insufficiently or not at all. These wells typically produce CT values that differ significantly from the average for the associated replicate wells. If included in the calculations, these outlying data (outliers) can result in erroneous measurements.

8. In the Amplification Plot, select **Ct vs. Well** from the Plot Type menu, then verify the uniformity of each replicate population on the reaction plate (controls, standards, and unknowns) by comparing the groupings of CT values:
   a. In the plate layout, select the wells containing Unknown Population A:
      - **96-well plate** – Select rows A through C (5,000-copy population).
      - **384-well plate** – Select columns 7 through 15 (5,000-copy population).
      - **Array card** – Select rows C and D (800-copy population).
   b. In the plot, verify that the CTs of the replicate population are equivalent.

   **Note:** The numbers on the X-axis of the plot correspond to the wells of the reaction plate. Beginning with well A1, the wells are numbered from left-to-right, and top-to-bottom.
c. If an outlier is present in the selected population, select the corresponding well of the plate layout, then click **Omit** to remove the well from the analysis. If the total number of outliers for the replicate population exceeds the limit in the table below, repeat the experiment using another RNase P plate or array card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample block</th>
<th>Maximum number of outlier wells that can be removed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unknown population A‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-well plate</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-well plate</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Array card</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ 5,000-copy population for 96/384-well plates; 800-copy population for array cards.
§ 10,000-copy population for 96/384-well plates; 1,600-copy population for array cards.
# Maximum number of wells that can be removed from each standard population.

d. Repeat step 8a through 8c for each replicate population (unknowns, standards, and no template controls) on the plate or array card.

9. Review the Results Table for quality flags generated by the experiment:
   a. Select the **Results Table** tab.
   b. Review the Flag column for wells that generated quality flags.
   c. Troubleshoot each well that generated a flag as explained in “Troubleshoot the RNase P experiment” on page 83.
     - AMPNC - Amplification in negative control
     - BADROX - Bad passive reference signal
     - BLFAIL - Baseline algorithm failed
     - CTFAIL - C<sub>T</sub> algorithm failed
     - EXPFAIL - Exponential algorithm failed
     - HIGHSD - High standard deviation in replicate group
     - NOAMP - No amplification
     - NOISE - Noise higher than others in plate
     - NOSIGNAL - No signal in well
     - OFFSCALE - Fluorescence is ofscale
     - OUTLIERRG - Outlier in replicate group
     - SPIKE - Noise spikes
     - THOLDFAIL - Thresholding algorithm failed

10. If you omitted outliers, click **Reanalyze** to analyze the run.
    If the status of the RNase P Run is “Failed” after performing steps 8 through 10, repeat the RNase P experiment using a different RNase P plate. If the problem persists, contact Applied Biosystems.
11. Review the standard curve:
   a. Select the **Standard Curve** tab.
   b. Click the upper-left corner of the Plate Layout to select all wells.
   c. Verify that the R2 value is greater than or equal to **0.990**.

   If the R2 value is less than 0.990, repeat the RNase P experiment using a different RNase P plate. If the problem persists, contact Applied Biosystems.

12. In the Analysis screen, click **Next**, remove the plate or array card when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the tray arm, then discard the plate or array card.

   **WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, be sure to wait until it reaches room temperature.

   **IMPORTANT!** If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument does not eject the plate, remove the plate as explained in “Troubleshoot the RNase P experiment” on page 83.

13. Click **Finish**, then click **Yes** when prompted to save the experiment.
## Troubleshoot the RNase P experiment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>More than the maximum number of outliers are present in RNase P data</td>
<td>Possible contamination, Pipetting inaccuracy</td>
<td>Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| RNase P plate verification run failed               | Insufficient centrifugation         | **CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the sample block can be heated to 100 °C. Before performing the following procedure, be sure to wait until the sample block reaches room temperature.  
1. Unload the RNase P plate or array card from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.  
2. Hold the plate or array card up to a light source, and verify that all wells contain the same volume of fluid. If there are differences in fluid volumes, check the heat seal of the wells with lower volumes for signs of damage or evaporation. Also, compare the position of the wells that have lower volumes with the outliers that you have removed from the plate. If the well positions coincide, the heat seal on the plate may be defective, resulting in the evaporation of the associated samples.  
3. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance. |
| Defective plate seal                                 |                                     |                                                                                                                                 |
| Instrument does not eject the RNase P plate         | Adhesive cover may have adhered the plate to the heated cover within the instrument | 1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.  
2. Wait for 15 minutes, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and eject the plate.  
3. If the plate does not eject, power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then open the access door.  
4. Wearing powder-free gloves, reach into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and remove the plate from the heated cover, then close the access door.  
5. Perform a background calibration to confirm that the sample block has not been contaminated. |
<p>| Negative control well displays the AMPNC flag, indicating that the well amplified | Contamination in one or more PCR reaction components contained in the negative control well | Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement RNase P plate or array card kit. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Well displays the BADROX flag, indicating the passive reference signal is unacceptable for the normalization of the reporter dye signal | • Droplets on the sides of the wells  
• Improper sealing or seal leaks  
• Condensation on the reaction plate | If a well is flagged, confirm the results:  
1. Select the flagged well(s) in the plate layout or well table.  
2. View the amplification plot ($R_n$ vs. Cycle), and review the data in the $C_T$ region for abnormalities.  
3. Examine the reaction plate to check for condensation and/or inconsistent reaction volumes.  
4. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. Repeat the experiment, and make sure to properly seal and centrifuge the RNase P plate or array card. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance. |
| Well displays the BLFAIL flag, indicating the software cannot calculate the best fit baseline for the data | • Amplification too late  
• No amplification | If a well is flagged, confirm the results:  
1. Select the flagged well(s) in the plate layout or well table.  
2. View the amplification plot ($R_n$ vs. Cycle and $DR_n$ vs. Cycle) and check for early, late, low, or no amplification.  
3. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. Repeat the experiment, making sure to properly seal and centrifuge the RNase P plate. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance. |
| Well displays the CTFAIL flag, indicating the software cannot calculate the threshold cycle ($C_T$) | • Amplification too early  
• Amplification too late  
• Low amplification  
• No amplification | | |
| Well displays the EXPFAIL flag, indicating the software cannot identify the exponential region of the amplification plot | • Droplets on the sides of the wells  
• Improper sealing or seal leaks  
• Condensation on the reaction plate  
• Inconsistent volumes across the plate | If a well is flagged, confirm the results:  
1. Select the flagged well(s) and the associated replication group(s) in the plate layout or well table.  
2. View the amplification plot ($R_n$ vs. Cycle), and review the data for abnormalities.  
3. Hold the plate or array card up to a light source, and check for condensation or evaporation.  
4. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. Repeat the experiment, and make sure to properly seal and centrifuge the RNase P plate. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance. |
| Well displays the HIGHSD flag, indicating the $C_T$ standard deviation for the replicate group exceeds the current flag setting | • Droplets on the sides of the wells  
• Improper sealing or seal leaks  
• Condensation on the reaction plate  
• Inconsistent volumes across the plate | | |
| Well displays the NOAMP flag, indicating the sample did not amplify | • Missing template  
• Excitation source in the instrument stopped functioning | If there are differences in fluid volumes, check the heat seal of the wells with lower volumes for signs of damage or evaporation.  
4. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. Repeat the experiment, and make sure to properly seal and centrifuge the RNase P plate. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance. |
| Well displays the NOISE flag, indicating the well produced more noise in the amplification plot than other wells on the plate | • Droplets on the sides of the wells  
• Improper sealing or seal leaks  
• Condensation on the reaction plate |  |
Well displays the NOSIGNAL flag, indicating the well produced very low or no fluorescence signal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem/symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Missing reaction mix resulting from pipetting error</td>
<td></td>
<td>If a well is flagged, confirm the results:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1. Consider omitting the well from the analysis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Note the location for each flagged well, and check each corresponding well in the reaction plate for evaporation or low reaction volume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Well displays the OFFSCALE flag, indicating the fluorescence signal for one or more dyes in the well exceeds the instrument's maximum detectable range for one or more cycles | • Fluorescent contaminant on the reaction plate or sample block  
• Fluorescent contaminant in the reaction | 1. Perform a background calibration. If you detect fluorescent contamination, decontaminate the sample block.  
2. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance.|
| Well displays the OUTLIERRG flag, indicating the C<sub>T</sub> of the well deviates significantly from C<sub>T</sub> values in the associated replicate group (only the outlier is flagged) | • Contamination  
• Improper sealing or seal leaks | 1. Decontaminate the work area and pipettors.  
2. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. Repeat the experiment, and make sure to properly seal the RNase P plate or array card. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance.|
| Well displays the SPIKE flag, indicating the amplification curve contains one or more data points inconsistent with the other points in the curve | • Bubbles in the reaction  
• Evaporation during the denaturation step because of improper sealing or seal leaks | Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. Repeat the experiment, and make sure to properly seal and centrifuge the RNase P plate or array card. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance.|
|Well displays the THOLDFAIL flag, indicating that the software cannot calculate the threshold | • Amplification too early  
• Amplification too late  
• Low amplification  
• No amplification | If a well is flagged, confirm the results:                                                                                           |
|                                                                                 |                                                                                 | 1. Select the flagged well(s) in the plate layout or well table.                                                                     |
|                                                                                 |                                                                                 | 2. View the amplification plot (R<sub>n</sub> vs. Cycle and ΔR<sub>n</sub> vs. Cycle), and check for early, late, low, or no amplification.    |
|                                                                                 |                                                                                 | 3. Contact Applied Biosystems to order a replacement TaqMan® RNase P plate or array card kit. If the replacement RNase P plate or array card fails, contact Applied Biosystems for further assistance.|

Instrument malfunction Multiple possible causes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument malfunction</th>
<th>Multiple possible causes</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Contact a local Applied Biosystems Field Service Office.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2  Calibration and Maintenance

Verify the instrument performance
This chapter covers:

- Networking overview ....................................................... 88
- Network setup workflow .................................................... 90
- Connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the network ................... 91
- Connect the computer to the network ................................. 92
- Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ......................................... 94

Access the Help system by pressing F1, by clicking \(^7\) in the toolbar of the ViiA™ 7 Software window, or by selecting Help ▶ Contents and Index.

**IMPORTANT!** This chapter does not provide adequate detail to integrate the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System into all possible network architectures. Because your network may contain advanced features (such as a firewall or network domains), we recommend that you consult a network administrator before connecting the ViiA™ 7 System to your laboratory network.
Networking overview

After installing the ViiA™ 7 System, you can connect the ViiA™ 7 System to a local area network to enhance its functionality.

This chapter describes how to:

- Set up the ViiA™ 7 System for use on a network.
- Set up a computer for remote monitoring.
- Test the network connection by engaging the remote monitoring feature.

Controlling and monitoring networked ViiA™ 7 Instruments

When the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is connected to a network, computers on the network that are running the ViiA™ 7 Software can control or monitor it. The ViiA™ 7 Software can control up to 4 instruments and monitor up to 15 instruments simultaneously. A networked ViiA™ 7 Instrument can be controlled by only one computer at a time. A networked computer running the ViiA™ 7 Software can transfer experiments to and from an instrument, begin or stop a run, and perform some maintenance functions. During a run, the Remote Monitoring feature of the software can be used to view the run status, temperature, and amplification data in real-time. See "Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument" on page 94 for more information on remote monitoring.

Note: Remote monitoring does not allow you to control the ViiA™ 7 System.

About the Ethernet 1 port

The ViiA™ 7 Instrument features a Gigabit Ethernet 1 port for direct communication with the ViiA™ 7 System computer and for network communication. When the ViiA™ 7 System is connected to a network, computers on the network that run the ViiA™ 7 Software can:

- Send and download experiments to/from the ViiA™ 7 System.
- Run experiments on the ViiA™ 7 System.
- Remote monitor the ViiA™ 7 System as it performs runs.

The Ethernet 1 port of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument supports:

- Static IP network service with subnet mask, primary and secondary data network service (DNS), and default gateway settings, or dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) network service.
- mDNS/DNS for local domains.

Note: Because mDNS is limited to direct network connections, a ViiA™ 7 System set for mDNS may not be visible to other nodes that are separated by a router, hub, or another network device.

- IPv4 link-local (IPV4LL) in the RFC (also known as Automatic Private IP Addressing [APIPA] or Internet Protocol Automatic Configuration [IPAC]).

Note: When the ViiA™ 7 System is set for DHCP, APIPA is automatically enabled, and the ViiA™ 7 System provides an IP address when no address is supplied by the DHCP server.
Example network layouts

Example 1
In the following example, a one or more ViiA™ 7 Instruments, which have been configured for dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) operation, are connected to a network by their Ethernet 1 ports. In this layout, any computer on the network can monitor or control the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. Experiments can be started remotely from the networked computer or locally from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.

Note: A networked computer running the ViiA™ 7 Software can simultaneously control up to 4 instruments and monitor up to 15 instruments that have been connected to the network.

Example 2
The ViiA™ 7 System computer can be connected to the network. In the configuration shown below, computers on the network can exchange experiment data with the ViiA™ 7 System computer; however, the ViiA™ 7 Instrument can be neither monitored nor controlled remotely because it is physically isolated from the network.
Networking guidelines and best practices

- Consult a network administrator.
  - We recommend that you consult a network administrator before connecting the ViiA™ 7 System to your laboratory network.
  - To enable the full functionality of the ViiA™ 7 Software, the computer requires a network connection.

- Limit remote monitoring to 10 computers.
  Avoid using more than 10 computers to simultaneously monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument remotely. Although the ViiA™ 7 System supports remote monitoring from multiple computers, each connection taxes the instrument microprocessor. Too many connections can overburden the ViiA™ 7 System and result in instrument errors.

  **Note:** The effects of an overburdened ViiA™ 7 System are evident in the Temperature Plot during a run. Symptoms can include extended hold times or brief, unexpected plateaus in the instrument Temperature Plot.

- Observe the restrictions to mDNS and Autodiscovery.
  The ViiA™ 7 System supports mDNS but only when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and computer share a direct network connection and are within the same subnet. Consequently, network computers that are separated from the ViiA™ 7 System by a router, hub, or another network device may not be able to access the ViiA™ 7 Instrument by its host name.

- Confirm the uniqueness of the instrument name.
  The ViiA™ 7 Instrument does support name resolution but the instrument name must be unique within the subnet. The ViiA™ 7 Software can automatically discover ViiA™ 7 Instruments on the link-local network that are configured for Autodiscovery (see “Define the network settings” on page 154).

  **Note:** The ViiA™ 7 System does not test the uniqueness of the instrument name when it is set.

- Name ViiA™ 7 Instruments using lower-case letters.
  When you define the ViiA™ 7 Instrument settings (see “Define the instrument settings” on page 152), enter the instrument name using lower-case letters only.

**Network setup workflow**

1. Collect the required network information.
2. Connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the network.
3. Connect the computer to the network.
4. Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument (to test the network connection).
Collect the required network information

Obtain the following information from your network administrator:

- Network policy for obtaining IP addresses (DHCP or static IP).

**IMPORTANT!** When the ViiA™ 7 System is set for DHCP, APIPA is automatically enabled and the ViiA™ 7 System will self assign an IP address when no address is supplied by a DHCP server.

- If the network requires static IP addresses, obtain the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

Connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the network

After deciding how to connect the ViiA™ 7 System to a network, set up the ViiA™ 7 System according to your network policies.

Materials required

- Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors (a CAT6 Ethernet cable for a 1000Mbit/s network connection or a CAT5 for 100Mbit/s connection)

Define the ViiA™ 7 Instrument internet protocol settings

1. Use the Ethernet cable to connect the Ethernet 1 port of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the nearest network port.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not connect the Ethernet cable to the Ethernet 2 port on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. The second port is for Applied Biosystems use only.

2. Power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

3. Use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to configure the network settings as described in “Define the network settings” on page 116.
Connect the computer to the network

After connecting the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the network, connect the computer to the network and install the ViiA™ 7 Software for remote monitoring.

Materials required

Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors

Computer requirement

If you are connecting a computer that you provided to a network, confirm that the computer contains a free network port.

Collect required information

Obtain the following information from your network administrator:

- Network policy for obtaining IP addresses (DHCP or static IP)
- If the network requires static IP addresses, obtain the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address for the computer

Set up the computer

**IMPORTANT!** We recommend that you arrange for a network administrator to connect your computer to the network. The following procedure does not provide adequate detail for all network architectures.

**Note:** The following procedure is valid for the Microsoft® Windows® XP operating system.

1. Use the Ethernet cable to connect the computer to the nearest network port.
2. Power on the computer, then log in using a user account that belongs to the Administrators user group.
3. In the computer desktop, right-click My Network Places, then select Properties.
4. Right-click Local Area Connection, then select Properties.
5. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click Properties.
6. Set the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties for either DHCP or Static IP communication:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Network configuration</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| DHCP                  | 1. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically**.  
                          2. Set the DNS address. If the computer obtains DNS addresses:  
                          • Automatically – Select **Obtain DNS server address automatically**.  
                          • Statically – Select **Use the following DNS address**, enter the address of the preferred and alternate DNS servers if available. |
| Static IP             | 1. Select **Use the following IP address**.  
                          2. In the IP Address field, enter the static IP address.  
                          3. If necessary, enter a subnet mask.  
                          4. If necessary, enter a static gateway address in the Default Gateway field. |

7. If your network requires advanced TCP/IP setup (such as WINS), define the settings:
   a. Click **Advanced** in the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box.
   b. Define the IP Settings, DNS, and WINS tabs as instructed by your systems administrator, then click **OK**.

8. Close all dialog boxes by clicking **OK**.

9. Restart the computer.
   The computer is now visible to other computers on the network.

**Install the ViiA™ 7 Software**

1. If you are using a computer that you have provided, install the ViiA™ 7 Software using the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Software CD.
   **Note**: You must install the ViiA™ 7 Software to monitor the ViiA™ 7 System over the network.

2. (Optional) Install protective software to the computer.
Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument

After connecting the ViiA™ 7 System and a computer to the network, you can enable remote monitoring in the ViiA™ 7 Software to observe the instrument status remotely.

About remote monitoring

When the ViiA™ 7 System is connected to the network, any computer on the network that is running the ViiA™ 7 Software can:

- Monitor the status of ViiA™ 7 Instrument during a run. . . . . . . . . . . . . . see below
- Upload or download an experiment or template to a ViiA™ 7 Instrument. . . . . . 95
- Enable or change the calibration reminders . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 96

Guidelines for remote monitoring

To ensure optimal performance of the remote monitoring feature, observe the following guidelines:

- The ViiA™ 7 Software can monitor up to 15 instruments.
- We do not recommend that a ViiA™ 7 Instrument be monitored by more than 10 computers simultaneously.
- Unless you are sure that your ViiA™ 7 Instrument and computer exist on the same subnet, we recommend that you use the IP address of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to add it for remote monitoring.

Monitor the status of ViiA™ 7 Instrument during a run

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.
2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
   
   Note: You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.
3. After the instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.
4. In the Instrument Manager, click Monitor, then click Information.
5. In the Monitor Instrument screen, click Monitor Running Experiment.
   
   The ViiA™ 7 Software displays the status, attributes, calibration status, and plot data for the selected ViiA™ 7 System. If a communications warning appears, contact your network administrator to troubleshoot the problem.

You can lose the software connection to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument if you:

- Change the ViiA™ 7 Instrument that is connected directly to your computer
- Use the touchscreen to change the instrument name or IP address

Note: To reestablish the connection, restart the ViiA™ 7 Software.
Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument

Upload or download an experiment or template to a ViiA™ 7 Instrument

Note: The ViiA™ 7 Instrument can store up to 100 gene expression experiments. Before sending an experiment, confirm that the instrument contains sufficient storage space.

1. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
   
   Note: You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.

3. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.

4. In the Instrument Manager, click Manage Files, then click File Manager.

5. In the File Manager screen, transfer the file(s):

   To upload a file to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   a. In the Folders field, select the folder to which you want to upload the file. To create a new folder, click Create, then enter a name for the new folder.
   b. Click Upload, select the experiment or template file to send to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then click Open.

   To download a file from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   a. In the Folders field, select the folder that contains the files that you want to download.
   b. In the Experiments field, select the files that you want to download. To select multiple files, Ctrl-click or Shift-click files in the list.
   c. When you have selected the files that you want to download, click Download.
   d. In the Send experiment to instrument dialog box, select the folder to which you want to download the selected file(s), then click Open.

Note: You can also use the Folders and Experiments fields to:

- Create or remove directories on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument
- Add, delete, or download experiments on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument
Enable or change the calibration reminders

The calibration reminders settings allow you to configure the ViiA™ 7 Software to alert you by email when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument requires calibration. The notifications settings feature is optional, and it does not affect performance.

**IMPORTANT!** The ViiA™ 7 Software transmits email only while the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is monitored. If the network connection is interrupted, the software stops transmitting updates.

**Collect the required information**

The ViiA™ 7 Software requires access to a Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server to email calibration reminders. Contact your systems administrator or information technology department for the following information:

- Network address of a SMTP server.
- A user name and password for the server, if required for access.
- The Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) setting of the server (on or off).

**Define the mail server settings**

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools > Preferences**.
2. In the Preferences dialog box, select the **SMTP Settings** tab.
3. In the SMTP Settings tab, define the settings for the SMTP server:
   - **Outgoing Mail Server (SMTP) field** – Enter the network address of a Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server. Optionally, you can specify the transmission control protocol (TCP) port for the server by appending the port number to the server name, separating the two using a colon (:). For example: smtp.mycompany.com:2023
     **Note:** If a TCP port is not specified, the ViiA™ 7 Software uses the default port number (25).
   - **Encryption Required?** – Select if the mail server has SSL enabled.
   - **Authentication Required?** – Select if the mail server requires a user name and password.
   - **User Name and Password fields** – If the mail server requires authentication, enter the user name provided by your systems administrator.
4. Click **OK**.
Modify the notification settings for a monitored ViiA™ 7 Instrument

1. Open the Calibration Reminders screen for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   b. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
      Note: You must add a ViiA™ 7 Instrument to your list before you can manage it.
   c. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is added to your list, select it, then click Manage Instrument.
   d. In the Instrument Manager, click Maintenance, then click Calibration Reminders.

2. In the Calibration Reminders Setting table, configure the notification settings for the calibrations in interest. For each calibration that you want to monitor:
   a. In the Expiry Interval column, enter the number of days that elapse before the type of calibration expires on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.
   b. In the Send a Reminder column, select the check box to configure the ViiA™ 7 Software to email a reminder to perform the calibration.
   c. In the Reminder Interval column, enter the number of days that elapse before the software emails recipients a reminder to perform the calibration.

3. In the Enter e-mail addresses for notifications field, enter the email address(es) that you want to receive email notifications. Separate multiple email addresses with commas (,).

4. Click Apply to change the notification settings.
Chapter 3  Networking

Monitor the ViiA™ 7 Instrument
This chapter covers:

**Section 4.1 Administrators** .................................................. 101
- Administrators overview ................................................. 101
- Configure the security system ....................................... 103
- Manage user accounts ..................................................... 106
- Manage auditing .............................................................. 110
- Generate audit reports .................................................... 111
- Manage electronic signature ........................................... 116
- Generate e-signature reports ........................................... 119
- Export and import user, security, audit, and e-signature settings ........ 120

**Section 4.2 Users** ............................................................. 121
- Users overview .............................................................. 121
- Security ........................................................................... 121
- Audit ................................................................................ 122
- Electronic signature ........................................................ 122
Section 4.1 Administrators

Administrators overview

IMPORTANT! The Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature (SAE) module is installed only with Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR Systems that were purchased with the SAE module.

IMPORTANT! Enabling the Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature module alone does not make the ViiA™ 7 System compliant with any particular standard. You must modify the module settings according to your requirements to ensure compliance.

The Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature (SAE) module is an optional component of the ViiA™ 7 Software that can allow you to configure the ViiA™ 7 System to meet specific requirements. The module provides the following functionality:

- **Security** – Controls user access to the software. A default Administrator user account is provided, and additional user accounts and permissions can be user-defined.
  
  **Note:** The default password for the Administrator user account is *Administrator*; however, the password can be changed during installation.

  **Note:** You can enable or disable system security globally.

- **Auditing** – Tracks changes made to library items, actions performed by users, and changes to the Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature settings. The software automatically audits some actions silently. You can select other items for auditing and specify the audit mode. The Auditing function provides reports for audited library items, Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature changes, and actions.
  
  **Note:** You can enable or disable auditing globally and by record type. It is disabled globally by default.

- **Electronic signature (e-sig)** – Determines if users are required to provide a user name and password when performing certain functions. You can configure e-sig so that a user can print a report or start a run only if the associated data are signed. You can also configure each e-sig event to require multiple signatures and to require users with specific permissions to sign.

  **Note:** Electronic signature can be enabled or disabled globally. It is disabled globally by default.
Example applications

You can configure the SAE module in a variety of ways. For example, you can:

- Require users to log in, and leave audit disabled.
- Allow only certain users to create or modify protocols.
- Allow only certain users to approve reviewed samples.
- Require experiments to be signed before users can run or print them.
Configure the security system

Access the Security screen and enable or disable security

Use the Security screen to disable and enable security, control restrictions and security policies for all user accounts, and set up notifications when certain security events occur.

**IMPORTANT!** If you disable security, you inactivate audit and electronic signature functions; however, no audit record is generated to indicate that audit and electronic signature functions are disabled.

**Note:** Security is enabled by default.

To enable or disable security:

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools ▶ Security ▶ Settings**.
2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the **System** tab.
3. Select or deselect **Enable Security**. Note the following:
   - Disabling Security inactivates Auditing and E-Signature.
   - The enable commands are grayed when a run is in process.
   - When security is disabled, the ? is not active in lower parts of the screen.
   - The software requires you to enter your user name and password when you enable security.

**IMPORTANT!** If you enable or disable the ViiA™ 7 Software security, auditing, and electronic signature feature, you must similarly enable or disable the ViiA™ 7 Instrument security (see page 156). The ViiA™ 7 Software cannot connect to ViiA™ 7 Instruments that do not match security settings.

4. Click **Apply Settings**.
Set account setup and security policies

Note: Security policies apply to all user accounts.

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools › Security › Settings.

2. In Account Setup, specify User Name limits.

   IMPORTANT! The software allows spaces in user names. Use spaces in user names with caution. For information, see “Spaces in user names and/or passwords” on page 104.

3. Specify User Password limits:
   a. Specify the passwords length limits.
   b. Specify password reuse. You cannot disable the password reuse restriction.
   c. Specify the allowed characters in user passwords: spaces and alphabetical, numeric, uppercase, lowercase, and special characters (commas, periods, semicolons, dashes, underscores, and tildes).


   Note: A session times out while a run is in progress if the time-out period is exceeded and there is no other user activity.

5. In the Open Non-Secure Data option, select Yes or No to determine whether users can open experiments and templates that were created without security settings.

6. Click Set Up Messaging Notification Settings to specify when and how the ViiA™ 7 Software notifies the administrator of certain security events. For information, see “Set up messaging notifications” on page 105.

7. Click Apply Settings.

The new settings are applied to the user account the next time that the user logs in.

Spaces in user names and/or passwords

If you allow spaces in user names and/or passwords, be aware of the following issues:

- Leading and trailing spaces in user names are difficult to detect on the screen or in printed reports.
- The number of consecutive spaces in a user name is difficult to determine on the screen or in printed reports.

Spaces in user names may cause confusion when a user searches for an audit record associated with a user name. To find a record associated with a user name, specify the user name exactly, including leading, consecutive, and trailing spaces.
Set up messaging notifications

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools ▶ Security ▶ Settings**.

2. In the Security screen, click **Set Up Messaging Notifications** to display the Setup Notifications dialog box.

3. Select the events for notification:
   - **System security enabled or disabled** – Security has been enabled or disabled.
   - **User did not enter correct password** – A user attempts to log in with an incorrect password. The message indicates the number of failed authentications.
   - **User account suspended** – The user exceeds maximum number of allowed failed authentications (login attempts with an incorrect password).
   - **User session timed out** – No activity occurred in a user account for the specified period of inactivity.

4. Select the notification method:
   - **Notify Admin at Login** – If an event triggers notification, the next time any user with an Administrator role logs in, the software lists those events, indicating the time each event occurred and the user who triggered the event.
     The Administrator has the option of acknowledging the event, which removes it from the notification list.
   - **Email Notification** – If an event triggers notification, the ViiA™ 7 Software sends an email to the addresses in the adjoining Email Address column of the table. The email notification displays the triggered event and displays the time that the event occurred and the user who triggered the event.

5. Click **OK**.
Manage user accounts

Create or edit a user account

The software includes a default Administrator user account with permissions (defined by the account user role) to perform all functions in the software. You cannot modify this account.

Create a user account

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools ▶️ Security ▶️ Settings**.
2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the **Users** tab.
3. Click **Create** to display the New User dialog box.
4. Enter user name, password, first name, middle initial (optional), and last name. Click a field to display the field limits, which are specified in Security settings.
   **Note:** First name, MI (middle initial), and last name are used to create User Full Name, which is displayed as the name of the logged-in user.
   **Note:** You cannot change the user name after you save the user account.
5. Select **Password Expires at First Login** to require the user account to specify a new password at first log in. The Password Expires On date is specified in Security settings.
6. Select the user role (described in “Create or edit a user role” on page 107) and the electronic signature state (determines if a user account has permission to electronically sign objects).
   Leave the status set to **ACTIVE**.
7. (Optional) Enter email (for information only), phone, and comments.
8. Click **Save**.
   A grayed Save button indicates an invalid entry in a field. Click a field to display the limits for the field, then enter a valid entry.

Edit a user account

1. In the Users screen, select a user account, then click **Edit**.
   **Note:** If you select multiple users, only Status and Role will be changed.
2. Edit settings as needed. You cannot edit the user name of an existing user.
3. Click **Save**.
Activate a suspended user account

1. In the Users screen, select the user.
2. Click Edit.
3. Change the Status from SUSPENDED to ACTIVE, then click Save.

Disable (inactivate) a user account

IMPORTANT! You cannot delete a user, because user records are required for auditing. To disable a user account, inactivate it as follows.

1. In the Users screen, select the user.
2. Click Edit.
3. Change the Status from ACTIVE to INACTIVE, then click Save.

Determine the name of the logged-in user

The title bar of the ViiA™ 7 Software window displays the name of the user.

Create or edit a user role

User roles determine the permissions associated with a user account. The ViiA™ 7 Software includes three default user roles:

- Administrator (cannot be edited or deleted)
- Scientist
- Technician

You can modify the Scientist and Technician roles, and you can create your own roles with customized settings as needed. To determine the permissions for a default role or to edit it, select the role, then click Edit.

Create a user role

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools > Security > Settings.
2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the Roles tab.
3. Click Create.
4. Enter a role name and (optional) description.
5. Select permissions (see “Permissions and default user roles” on page 108). To select all permissions in a category, select the check box next to the category.
   Note: Operations not shown in the following table are available to all user roles.
6. Click Save Role.
Permissions and default user roles

The following table shows all user-configurable permissions and the settings for the default user accounts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permissions</th>
<th>Default user roles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>Function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setup</td>
<td>Create and edit experiments or experiment templates (includes running experiments)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Run</td>
<td>Perform a run using the Quickstart function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Start a run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stop a run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Targets</td>
<td>Create targets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edit targets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete targets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analysis Settings Library</td>
<td>Create analysis settings (includes default settings)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edit analysis settings (includes default settings)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete analysis settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Run Methods Library</td>
<td>Create a run method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete a run method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dye Library</td>
<td>Create a custom dye</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete a dye</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Study</td>
<td>Create or edit a study (for example, edit a plate or analysis settings)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add [transfer] experiments to a study</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remove experiments from study</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preferences</td>
<td>Edit the system preferences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Export the system preferences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Import the system preferences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibrations</td>
<td>Perform calibrations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RNaseP</td>
<td>Perform an RNase P experiment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Configuration</td>
<td>Add or remove Viia™ 7 Instrument from monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Configuration</td>
<td>Configure the security and audit feature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Log into user sessions that have timed out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Perform E-Signing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Edit a user role

1. In the Roles screen, select a user role, then click Edit.
2. Edit settings as needed. You cannot edit the Administrator user role.
3. Click Save Role.

View and print a user report

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools ➔ Security ➔ Settings.
2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the Users or Roles tab.
3. Click View Report.
4. In the Report screen, click tool bar options to manipulate the report as needed. Place the mouse pointer over an item for a description of the item.
5. Click (Print) to print the report, or click (Save) to save the report electronically (PDF). Close the report.
Manage auditing

Access the Audit screen and enable or disable auditing

Use the Audit screen to control the auditing state (enabled/disabled), the events that are audited, and the reasons available to users when audit mode is set to Prompt or Required. Auditing is disabled by default.

**IMPORTANT!** If you disable security, you inactivate audit functions. No audit record is generated for the inactivation of audit and electronic signature functions when you disable security.

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools ➤ Security ➤ Settings**.
2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the **Audit** tab.
3. Select or deselect **Enable Audit**.
4. Click **Apply Settings**.

Select objects to audit

1. Select the objects to audit and the mode for each enabled item.
   - Experiments
   - Experiment Templates
   - Study
2. Set the Audit Mode for each item you enable for auditing:
   - **Optional** – The event is audited, a reason prompt is displayed, but the user can cancel and continue without entering a reason.
   - **Required** – The event is audited, a reason prompt is displayed, and the user must specify a reason.
   - **Silent** – The event is audited, no reason prompt is displayed.
3. Click **Apply Settings**.

Create audit reason settings

You can create, modify and delete the reasons that are available for selection in the Audit Reason dialog box (displayed when a user performs an audited action).

1. To require users to select a pre-defined reason in the Audit Reason dialog box (displayed when a user performs an audited action), enable **Require users to select a reason to change from the list**. Users are not permitted to enter a reason.
2. As needed, click **Create**, or select a reason from the list, then click **Edit** or **Delete**.
Generate audit reports

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Software to generate reports of audit history from both the Security Settings dialog box and open experiments, templates, or studies.

- Display audit histories from the Security Settings dialog box . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 111
- Display audit histories for an experiment, template, or study . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 114

Display audit histories from the Security Settings dialog box

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools > Security > Settings.

2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the Audit tab, then click View Reports.
   
   **Note:** To access the Audit Reports screen, the user role for an account must specify the Configure SAE permission. Users without the Configure SAE permission can view object audit histories for individual entries in the libraries by selecting entries, then clicking View Audit History.

3. Select a tab to display:
   - **System Configuration History** – Security, audit, and electronic signature configuration records, including audit history for each user account.
   - **Action Record** – System-specified audit events.

4. (Optional) Select Filter by, then filter the table:
   - Sort the table.
   - Specify filters (date range, user name, action, object or record type, object or record name, reason), then click Refresh.
     
     **Note:** The Reason field in System Configuration History is not used.

   - Select one or more records, then click View Report.
Review the system configuration history

The System Configuration History lists security, audit, and electronic signature configuration records.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Record type</th>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Corresponds to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Security Settings</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Disable, enable, or modify security policies: session timeout settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Settings</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Modify password settings, security policies (password expiration and account suspension), or user name settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Group Manager</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Create, delete, or modify reason for change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Role</td>
<td>Create</td>
<td>Create user role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Delete user role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Modify user role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Account</td>
<td>Create</td>
<td>Create new user account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Edit or suspend a user account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role Assignment</td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Assign a different user role to an existing user account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Create a user account, or assign a different user role to an existing account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Settings</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Enable or disable auditing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Type</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Modify audit settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function Management Settings</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update function management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function Access Manager</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update function access management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Create</td>
<td>Create function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Delete function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role Permissions</td>
<td>Create</td>
<td>Create a user role‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Delete a user role‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Modify user role permissions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Reason for Change</td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Create reason for change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Delete or modify reason for change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Manager</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update the event manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-signature Manager</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Enable or disable e-signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-signature Type</td>
<td>Create</td>
<td>Create an e-signature meaning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Delete an e-signature meaning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Edit an e-signature meaning or an e-signature action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-signature Function</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Edit an action requiring e-signature</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Creates one role assignment record for each permission in a role.
Section 4.1 Administrators
Generate audit reports

Review the action log

The Action Record log lists system-specified audit events. All items in the action log are audited silently, except for the items noted as configurable. Configurable items may include comments in the action log.

- Audit Settings (Update)
- Auditing Event (Archive, Restore, Purge)
- Configuration (Import, Export)
- Data Audit (Archive, Restore, Purge)
- Login (Success, Failure)
- Logout (Success)
- Run (Start, Stop, Completed, Failed, Aborted, Error)
- User Account (Create, Update)

View and print audit reports

1. Select the **System Configuration History** tab.
2. Display the records of interest.
3. Filter the list to decrease the time required to generate reports.

   **IMPORTANT!** You cannot cancel a report after you click a view button.

4. Click **View Report**.
5. In the Report screen, click tool bar options to manipulate the report as needed. Place the mouse pointer over an item for a description of the item.
   - To print the report, click ![Print](Print).
   - To save the report electronically (PDF), click ![Save](Save).
6. Close the report.

Archive, purge, and restore audit records

The audit archive function makes a copy of audit records. Purge makes a copy of audit records, and then deletes them. You can use the Restore function to restore purged audit records.

**Archive and purge**

To selectively archive or purge (delete) system configuration or action audit records:

1. Select the **System Configuration History** tab.
2. Select records in the appropriate screen.
3. Click **Archive** or **Purge**.
4. If you select Archive, specify a location and name for the archive file (.asz).

**Restore**

To restore system configuration or action audit records, click **Restore**, then select the ASZ file to restore.
Chapter 4  Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature

Generate audit reports

**Export audit records**  You can export audit records to a txt file for additional manipulation and reporting outside the ViiA™ 7 Software.

1. Display the records of interest as described above.

2. Click Export.

3. Specify a name and location for the export txt file, then click Save.
   
   **Note:** If you export audit records for samples that are not in their original location (samples have been deleted or moved), an error message is displayed. Return sample data files to their original location, then export again.

**Display audit histories for an experiment, template, or study**

**Display the audit history**

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, open an experiment (.eds), template (.edt), or study (.edm) file.

2. In the open experiment, template, or study, click Audit, then click Audit Records.

3. (Studies only) Select the audit records of interest:
   - Study to view the audit records for the study.
   - The name of an experiment to view the audit records for the experiment.

4. (Optional) Filter the table:
   - To view fewer records:
     a. Check the Filter by check box.
     b. Enter criteria for the records of interest, such as a date range, a user name, or a type of action.
     c. Click Refresh.
   - To view details for a specific record:
     a. Click the row in the list on the left to view the details of the record in the table on the upper right.
     b. Click any row to view details for individual records in the table on the bottom right.

**Export audit records**

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, open an experiment (.eds) or template (.edt) file.

2. In the open experiment, template, or study, click Audit.

3. In the table on the left, select the records to be exported:
   - Click in the table, then press Ctrl-A to select all the records in the table.
   - Click and drag or press Shift to select continuous rows.
   - Press Ctrl to select discontinuous rows.
4. Export the records:
   - Click **Export Summary** to export only the records in the left-hand table.
   - Click **Export Details** to export the records in the left-hand table and the associated details.

5. Select a location for the export file, enter a name for the file, then click **Save**.

6. Click **OK** in the confirmation message.

Print audit records

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, open an experiment (.eds) or template (.edt) file.

2. In the open experiment, template, or study, click **Audit**.

3. Click **View Report** to open the Print Preview dialog box.

4. Preview, save or print the report:
   - Click (Save) to save the report as a .pdf or .html file. Enter the file name, select a location, select the file type, then click **Save**.
   - Click (Print) to send the report to the printer. In the Print dialog box, select the printer and print options, then click **OK**.

5. Click to close the Print Preview dialog box.
Manage electronic signature

Access the e-Signature Settings screen and enable or disable e-sig

**IMPORTANT!** If you disable security, you inactivate audit and electronic signature functions. No audit record is generated for the disabling of audit and electronic signature functions when you disable security.

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools ▶ Security ▶ Settings**.
2. In the Security Settings dialog box, select the **e-Signature** tab.
3. Select or deselect **Enable e-Signature**.

**IMPORTANT!** Enabling the electronic signature feature can substantially increase the size of experiment (.eds), template (.edt), and study (.edm) files.

4. Click **Apply Settings**.

Configure the meanings of the electronic signatures

Use the Security Settings dialog box to add or remove electronic signature meanings and to determine the data types to which they apply. The e-signature meanings are the text that a user can select to describe a reason for an electronic signature.

The ViiA™ 7 Software is installed with the following default meanings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E-Signature definition</th>
<th>Default data types</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plate setup</td>
<td>Thermocycler Protocol</td>
<td>Analysis Protocol</td>
<td>Analysis Results</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviewed and Approved Plate Set Up</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviewed and Approved Results</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviewed and Approved Template</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Add a meaning

1. In the e-Signature tab of the Security Settings dialog box, click **Add** in the e-Signature Meanings settings.
2. In the Create Meaning dialog box, enter a description of the e-Signature meaning, then click **OK**.
3. Select what data is signed for the selected meaning.
4. Click **Apply Settings**.
Delete a meaning

1. Select the meaning from the e-Signature Meanings list, then click **Remove**.

2. Click **Apply Settings**.

Configure the e-signature rights for user roles

To determine the user roles that can perform an electronic signature:

1. In the e-Signature tab of the Security Settings dialog box, select the check box next to the appropriate user roles in the User Role signature rights table.

2. Click **Apply Settings**.

Select the actions that require signature

**IMPORTANT!** Do not change electronic signature settings during calibration.

1. In the Signature Required column, select the check box next to each action for which you want to require electronic signatures (see below). This selection causes the software to present an e-sig prompt if a user performs the action on a data file that does not have the required signatures. The data must be signed before the user can perform the action.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>The ViiA™ 7 Software requires e-signatures when a user...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Print Report</td>
<td>Prints a report from an experiment or study</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start Run</td>
<td>Initiates a run from the ViiA™ 7 Software or ViiA™ 7 Instrument</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. For each selected action, enter the number of e-signatures from each user role that are required for each meaning before the software can execute the action. For example, in the following figure, at least two users from the Administrator user role must sign an experiment using the “Reviewed and Approved Plate Set Up” meaning before a user can start the associated run.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actions requiring signatures</th>
<th>Number of signatures required for the selected action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signature Required</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Click **Apply Settings**.
How the software prompts electronic signature

If the system is configured to check that data is signed before starting a run or printing a report and the data is not signed, the ViiA™ 7 Software displays a message when the user clicks Start Run or Print Report.

Example

The e-signature system is configured to require signatures from two users from the user account named Administrator before a user can start a run. The experiment has not been signed.

A user attempts to begin the run. The following message is displayed:

Before the run can start, two administrators must sign. If a user with an incorrect user role signs, the message is displayed again.
Generate e-signature reports

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Software to generate reports of e-signature history from open experiment (.eds) or template (.edt) files.

Display the e-sig records

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, open an experiment (.eds) or template (.edt) file.
2. In the open experiment or template, click Audit, then click E-Signatures.
3. (Optional) Click any row to view details for individual signatures.

Save or print e-sig records

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, open an experiment (.eds) or template (.edt) file.
2. In the open experiment or template, click Audit, then click E-Signatures.
3. In the table, select the record to be saved or printed.
4. Save or print the record:
   • Click (Save), select a location for the export file, enter a name for the file, then click Save.
   or
   • Click (Print).
5. Click OK in the confirmation message.

Save or print the table of e-signature events

1. In the ViiA™ 7 Software, open an experiment (.eds) or template (.edt) file.
2. In the open experiment or template, click Audit, then click Print E-Signatures.
3. Save or print the record:
   • Click (Save), select a location for the export file, enter a name for the file, then click Save.
   or
   • Click (Print).
4. Click OK in the confirmation message.
Export and import user, security, audit, and e-signature settings

Note: The export/import feature can be used to replicate identical security, audit, and e-signature settings across multiple computers. The feature allows you to create a standard security, audit, and e-signature settings “image” for the ViiA™ 7 Software that can then be imported by other copies of the software to bypass manual setup.

Export

1. In any screen of the SAE module, click Export.

2. Select the items to export:
   - All – Contains all settings.
   - Custom – Contains select settings:
     - Users & Roles – All user accounts with “Active” status and all user roles and associated permissions (in case a user account specifies a user role that does not exist on the system into which you import the profiles).
     - System & Roles – Contains all system settings and all user roles and associated permissions.

3. Click Export or OK.

4. When prompted, specify the name and location for the exported file (.dat), then click Save. A message is displayed when the export completes.

Import

1. In any screen in the SAE module, click Import in the navigation pane.

2. Select the .dat file to import, then click Open. A message is displayed asking if you want to overwrite the current system configuration. Click Yes.
   If any imported user accounts already exist on the system, you are prompted to overwrite or skip each account.
Users overview

The Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature (SAE) module is an optional component of the ViiA™ 7 Software. The module provides the following functionality:

- **System security** – Controls user access to the software.
- **Auditing** – Tracks changes made to library items, actions performed by users, and changes to the Security, Audit, and Electronic Signature settings.
- **Electronic signature** – Requires users to provide a user name and password when performing certain functions.

Depending on the way that your administrator configures these features, you may see the following dialog boxes and prompts when you use the software.

Security

Log in

If security is enabled on your system, you must provide a user name and password to access the software.

Your access to functions in the software is based on the permissions associated with your user account. Functions for which you do not have permissions are grayed.

**Note:** If the ViiA™ 7 Software is configured for password expiration, you will periodically be prompted to change your password.

**Note:** If the ViiA™ 7 Software is configured to monitor failed log in attempts, you will be locked out of the software if you incorrectly enter your user name or password for a specified number of times.

Permissions

If your user account does not have permission to perform any function in the software, menu commands are grayed.

Change your password when it expires

When your password is about to expire, a message is displayed when you log in.

To change your password, select **Tools > Change Password**. Enter your current password, then enter the new password two times, then click **OK**.
Account suspension

If the ViiA™ 7 Software is configured to suspend a user account for failed logins, and you enter an incorrect user name and password for more than the allowed number of times, your user account is suspended, and the Log In dialog box indicates that your account is inactive.

There are two ways to activate a suspended account:

- You can wait until the suspension period ends.
- An administrator can change the account status from Suspended to Active.

Note: While a user is suspended, another user can click Reset, then log in and replace the suspended user.

Session time-out

If the ViiA™ 7 Software is configured to time-out and there is no user activity for the specified time, the Log In dialog box indicates that your user session has timed out. You must enter your user name and password to access the software.

The administrator or another user with permission to log in to timed-out sessions can click Reset, then log in.

Audit

If the ViiA™ 7 Software is configured for auditing, you may be prompted to specify a reason when you make certain changes in the software.

Depending on your ViiA™ 7 Software configuration, you can either select a reason from the list or enter a reason for change.

Electronic signature

If your system is configured for electronic signature, you may be required to have the experiment signed by other users before you can print a report or start a run. If an item is set to require multiple signatures, all approvers must sign the associated data before the action can be completed.

If electronic signature is enabled for experiments, any of the following may apply:

- The Tools ➔ Security ➔ Sign Data menu option is enabled.
- You are prompted to sign as described in “How the software prompts electronic signature” on page 118.
This chapter covers:

- Decontaminate the sample block ............................................. 124
- Replace the halogen lamp ..................................................... 127
- Replace the instrument fuses ............................................... 130
- Update the Windows® operating system ................................. 131
- Update the ViiA™ 7 Software and Firmware ......................... 132
- Manage ViiA™ 7 Software licenses ..................................... 133
- Replace the sample block .................................................. 135
- Replace the heated cover ................................................... 137
- Replace the plate adapter ................................................... 139

IMPORTANT! This chapter contains all user service procedures for the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System. Procedures other than those described in this document must be performed by a qualified Applied Biosystems service engineer.
Decontaminate the sample block

Perform this procedure to eliminate fluorescent contaminants from the ViiA™ 7 System sample block. Contamination is generally evident in failed background calibrations where one or more wells consistently exhibit abnormally high signals.

**CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** Do not remove the ViiA™ 7 Instrument cover. There are no components inside the instrument that you can safely service yourself. If you suspect a problem, contact an Applied Biosystems Service Representative.

**CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the sample block can be heated to 100 °C. Before performing the following procedure, be sure to wait until the sample block reaches room temperature.

**CAUTION!** Before using a cleaning or decontamination method other than those recommended by the Applied Biosystems, verify with Applied Biosystems that the proposed method will not damage the equipment.

**Materials required**

- Bleach, 10% solution
- Tissue, lint-free
- Cotton or nylon swabs and lint-free cloths
- Ethanol, 95% solution
- Safety glasses
- Pipette (100-µL) with pipette tips
- Powder-free gloves
- Screwdriver
- Deionized water

**How to handle the sample block**

To prevent damaging or contaminating the sample block, handle the assembly as shown. Also, when the assembly has been removed from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, place the sample block on a clean, dry surface or in its shipping container.
Clean the sample block

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the sample block and heated cover can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the sample block, be sure to wait until it reaches room temperature.

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves when you perform this procedure.

1. Identify the contaminated wells of the sample block (see “How to identify contamination” on page 54).

2. Power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then allow it to cool for 15 minutes.

3. Open the access door.

4. Firmly press down on the handle of the sample block, then remove it from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. Place the sample block on a clean, dry surface.

5. Clean the contaminated wells of the sample block using deionized water:
   a. Pipette a small volume of deionized water into each contaminated well.
   b. In each well, pipette the water up and down several times to rinse the well.
   c. Pipette the water to a waste beaker.
   d. Using a cotton swab, scrub inside of each contaminated well.
   e. Using a lint-free cloth, absorb the excess deionized water.
6. Load the sample block into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then close the access door.

**IMPORTANT!** After installing the sample block, confirm that the indicator on the left side of the sample block is positioned behind the red line on the instrument rail. If the indicator is forward of the red line, push the sample block into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until it is seated correctly.

7. Close the access door.

**IMPORTANT!** Confirm that the access door is completely closed. The ViiA™ 7 Software displays an error message if the door is not completely closed and latched, or if the sample block is not seated correctly.

8. Plug in, then power on the ViiA™ 7 System.

9. Perform a background calibration to confirm that you have eliminated the contamination.

10. If the contamination remains, repeat steps 2 through 5, then clean the contaminated wells of the sample block using a 95% ethanol solution:
    a. Pipette a small volume of 95% ethanol solution into each contaminated well.
    b. In each contaminated well, pipette the solution up and down several times to rinse the well.
    c. Pipette the ethanol solution to a waste beaker.

11. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to rinse the wells of the sample block and to verify that you have eliminated the contamination.

**IMPORTANT!** Always use deionized water to rinse wells after cleaning with bleach or ethanol solution.

12. If the contamination remains, repeat steps 2 through 5, then clean the contaminated wells of the sample block using 10% bleach solution:
    a. Pipette a small volume of 10% bleach solution into each contaminated well.
    b. In each contaminated well, pipette the solution up and down several times to rinse the well.
    c. Pipette the bleach solution to a waste beaker.

13. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to rinse the wells of the sample block and to verify that you have eliminated the contamination.

**IMPORTANT!** Always use deionized water to rinse wells after cleaning with bleach or ethanol solution.

14. If the contamination remains, contact Applied Biosystems.
Replace the halogen lamp

Replace the halogen lamp after approximately 2000 hours of life.

---

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** The ViiA™ 7 System and lamp are hot! The lamp can become very hot while in use. Before handling the lamp, allow it to cool for 15 minutes and put on protective, powder-free gloves.

---

**CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** Wear disposable, powder-free gloves when handling the lamp to prevent burns and to prevent shortening the life of the replacement lamp.

---

**WARNING!** This ViiA™ 7 Instrument is designed for 12 V, 75 W halogen lamps only. Replace with halogen bulbs supplied by Applied Biosystems.

---

**Materials required**

- Safety glasses
- Powder-free gloves
- Halogen bulb (12 V, 75 W)

**Halogen lamp warnings**

The ViiA™ 7 Software can display the following warnings before or during a run:

- The lamp current is below the acceptable level at the start of the run.
  You cannot proceed with the run until you replace the halogen bulb as explained in “Replace the lamp” on page 128.
- The ViiA™ 7 Software stopped the run because the lamp current decreased below the acceptable level during the run.
  You cannot proceed with the run until you replace the halogen bulb as explained in “Replace the lamp” on page 128. Click OK in the message box, then replace the lamp bulb.
- The lamp usage exceeds 2000 hours at the start of a run.
  Click Cancel Run, then replace the lamp, or click Continue Run.
Check the lamp status

1. In the Home screen of the Viia™ 7 Software, click Instrument Console.

2. In the Instrument Console, select your Viia™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments, then review the Lamp Life and Last Serviced readings in the Maintenance Info pane.
   If the lamp usage is greater than 2000 hours, we recommend that you replace the lamp (see “Replace the lamp” below).

   Note: The Lamp Life report displays the total number of hours that the halogen lamp has been illuminated. The Last Serviced report displays the date that the lamp was installed.

Replace the lamp

IMPORTANT! Wear powder-free gloves when you handle the lamp.

IMPORTANT! Do not touch the lamp without powder-free gloves. Finger prints shorten the lamp life.

1. (Optional) Record the lamp installation:
   a. Touch the Viia™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press .
   b. In the Main Menu, touch Tools, then touch Record Lamp Installation.
   c. Touch the Name field, enter any relevant information (such as the make, model, or serial number of the lamp), then touch Done.
   d. Touch the Comments field, then enter any additional information that you want to record (such as the make and model of the replacement lamp).
   e. When you are finished, touch Record New Lamp, then touch OK.

   Note: The data that you enter for the new lamp appears in the instrument log.

2. Power off and unplug the Viia™ 7 Instrument, then allow it to cool for 15 minutes.

3. Open the access door.
4. Remove the lamp from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   a. Slide the lamp release lever downward.
   b. Firmly grasp the lamp and lift it up and out of the slotted mount.

5. Inspect the lamp for damage (carbon usually coats the inside of a failed lamp). If necessary, dispose of the lamp and obtain a replacement.

   IMPORTANT! Dispose of the lamp in accordance with your local municipal waste ordinances. Do not dispose of the lamp as unsorted municipal waste.

6. Install the new lamp into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   a. Slide the lamp release lever upward.
   b. Firmly grasp the lamp, place it into the slotted mount, then carefully slide the lamp downward into place.

7. Close the access door.

8. Plug in and power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

   IMPORTANT! Confirm that the access door is completely closed. The ViiA™ 7 Software displays an error message if the door is not completely closed and latched, or if the lamp is not seated correctly.

9. Start the ViiA™ 7 Software, then perform an ROI calibration.
   While the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is running, look through grating of the access door and verify that the lamp is illuminated.
   • If the lamp is illuminated, the lamp has been installed successfully.
   • If the lamp is not illuminated, the replacement halogen lamp may be defective. Replace the lamp again. If the second lamp does not illuminate, check the ViiA™ 7 Instrument fuses for failure (see page 130).

10. After replacing the lamp, perform the following calibrations in the specified order:
    a. Background calibration
    b. Uniformity calibration
    c. Dye calibration
    d. Normalization calibration
Replace the instrument fuses

Replace the ViiA™ 7 System fuses when the fuses fail.

⚠️ CAUTION! FIRE HAZARD. For continued protection against the risk of fire, replace fuses only with listed and certified fuses of the same type and rating as those currently in the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

Materials required

- Fuses, 12.5A, Time-Lag T, 250VAC, 5 × 20-mm (2)
- Safety glasses
- Powder-free gloves
- Screwdriver, flathead

Replace the fuses

1. Power off, then unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. Allow it to cool for 15 minutes.

2. Using a flat-head screwdriver, unscrew and remove the fuse holder.

3. Remove each fuse from its fuse holder and inspect it for damage. Carbon typically coats the inside of failed fuses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Good</th>
<th>Failed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Good Fuse Image]</td>
<td>![Failed Fuse Image]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Replace each failed fuse with a 12.5A, Time-Lag T, 250VAC, 5 × 20-mm Fuse.

   **Note**: The voltage and amperage ratings are on the fuse holder.

5. Install the fuse holder.

6. Plug in, then power on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. The installation is successful if the instrument powers on.

   **Note**: Fuse failure can result from fluctuations in the supplied power to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. To prevent further failures, consider installing an electrical protective device, such as a UPS or a surge protector.
Update the Windows® operating system

Do not upgrade or update the Microsoft Windows® operating system of the computer running the ViiA™ 7 Software without first consulting the software release notes or the Applied Biosystems website. Future versions and updates to the Windows® operating system can conflict with the ViiA™ 7 Software.

To determine compatibility of an upgrade or update:

1. Open D:\Applied Biosystems\ViiA7 Software, double-click release-notes.html, then read the ViiA™ 7 Software Release Notes for the compatibility of interest.

2. If the release notes do not mention the compatibility, use an internet browser to visit info.appliedbiosystems.com/ViiA7, then search the website for the compatibility of interest.

3. If the website does not contain the information of interest, contact Applied Biosystems.
Chapter 5  
Service

Update the ViiA™ 7 Software and Firmware

Applied Biosystems may release updates to the ViiA™ 7 Software and ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware that you can install without the aid of Applied Biosystems service personnel. You can obtain updates directly from the service section of the Applied Biosystems website.

For the latest services and support information for the ViiA™ 7 System:

1. Go to https://www2.appliedbiosystems.com/support/software/
2. In the Software Downloads page, select Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System from the menu.
3. In the ViiA™ 7 Instrument Software Downloads page, click Updates - Patches.

The website opens the page describing the latest software and firmware updates for the ViiA™ 7 Software and ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

Update the ViiA™ 7 Software

Prepare for the upgrade

To update the ViiA™ 7 Software, prepare your computer by exporting the application libraries and backing up your experiment files.

To prepare for the software update:

1. Back up the application libraries. For each library:
   a. In the main menu of the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools ▶ <desired library>.
   b. When the library dialog box opens, select the element(s) to export, then click Export.
   c. In the Export dialog box, click Save to archive the selected records.
2. Back up all experiment files by creating a copy of the directory that you are using to store files.
   The default directory for experiments is: 
   D:\Applied Biosystems\ViiA7 Software 1.1\experiments

Install the software

Install the software update according to the instructions that download with the software. If you are installing the update to a computer that already contains the ViiA™ 7 Software, the update automatically acquires the software license from the existing installation. If you are installing the ViiA™ 7 Software to a computer that does not contain a previous installation, you must have a license file supplied by Applied Biosystems. If you do not have a license file, obtain one as explained in “Manage ViiA™ 7 Software licenses” on page 133.

Update the ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to update the ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware. See “Update the instrument firmware” on page 150 for more information.
Manage ViiA™ 7 Software licenses

You can use the License Central feature to monitor, activate, or install the licenses that control access to the ViiA™ 7 Software base application and associated modules.

About ViiA™ 7 Software license keys and files

The ViiA™ 7 Software and associated modules require the installation and maintenance of valid license files for continued operation. The license files are generated by the Applied Biosystems website when a license key is activated. Each file pairs a software license key with the computer from which the key was activated. After a key is activated and a license file is generated, the file cannot be transferred to another computer. To transfer a license between computers, you must reactivate the license key using the ViiA™ 7 Software on the target computer.

**Note:** ViiA™ 7 Software licenses are valid for a limited time and they must be renewed regularly. If a license has expired or is nearing expiry, the ViiA™ 7 Software displays a warning when the software is started.

**Note:** License keys are found on the ViiA™ 7 Software CD packaging, or they can be supplied by Applied Biosystems support.

Manage licenses

**Monitor the current licenses**

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Software to review the status and expiration date of the licenses currently installed to the software.

1. In the main menu of the ViiA™ 7 Software, select **Tools > License Central**.

2. In the License Central dialog box, review the status of your licenses.
   The software displays the status of all installed licenses, where possible states include Current and Expired, and the date at which it expires.
   **Note:** The License Central dialog box lists the ViiA™ 7 Software core application and modules on different rows because the licenses are maintained separately.

3. (Optional) If necessary, save the license information to a text file:
   a. Select the license that you want to export from the table, then click **Save License Request Info**.
   b. Navigate to the appropriate location, then click **Save**.

4. When you are done, click **OK**.
Activate or renew a license

If you have a valid license key for the ViiA™ 7 Software or an associated module, or if your license file has expired, you can use the License Central feature to activate the license as explained below.

**IMPORTANT!** An internet connection, a web browser, and a valid email account are required to activate a ViiA™ 7 Software license. If the computer that contains the ViiA™ 7 Software is not connected to the internet or it lacks an web browser application, contact Applied Biosystems support to request the license file.

1. In the main menu of the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools > License Central.

2. In the License Central dialog box, select the license of interest from the table, click Renew License, then wait for the default web browser application to connect to the Applied Biosystems website.

3. In the Applied Biosystems Software License Activation website, click ViiA™ 7 Software from the list of products, then activate the license as instructed.

   After you successfully activate the license, the Applied Biosystems website emails you the activated license file (.lic) to install on the computer.

Install a license file

After you activate your license and receive an activated license file (.lic), install the file as explained below to unlock the ViiA™ 7 Software or module.

**Note:** Each license file is generated specifically for the computer that was used to activate the license key.

1. Save the license (.lic) file to the computer that contains the ViiA™ 7 Software.

2. In the main menu of the ViiA™ 7 Software, select Tools > License Central.

3. In the License Central dialog box, click Install License.

4. In the Open dialog box, navigate to and select the license file, then click Open.

5. Click OK to close the License Central dialog box.
Replace the sample block

Replace the sample block in the event of a hardware failure or to change the consumable format of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the sample block and heated cover can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the sample block, be sure to wait until it reaches room temperature.

**Materials required**

- Safety glasses
- Powder-free gloves
- Sample block

**How to handle the sample block**

To prevent damaging or contaminating the sample block, handle the assembly as shown below. After the assembly has been removed from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, place the sample block on a clean, dry surface or in its shipping container.

**Replace the sample block**

**IMPORTANT!** If you are installing a sample block of a different format (for example, 96/384-well plate to array card), you must also change the plate adapter to match the new consumable format.

1. Power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then allow it to cool for 15 minutes.
2. Open the access door.
3. Firmly press down on the handle of the sample block, then remove it from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. Place the sample block on a clean, dry surface.

4. Install the new sample block into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

**IMPORTANT!** After installing the sample block, confirm that the indicator on the left side of the sample block is positioned behind the red line on the instrument rail. If the indicator is forward of the red line, push the sample block into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until it is seated correctly.

5. If you are installing a sample block of a different consumable format, replace the heated cover and plate adapter if necessary to match the new consumable format.

**IMPORTANT!** If you are installing a sample block of a different format, you must also change the plate adapter to match the new consumable format.

6. Close the access door.

**IMPORTANT!** Confirm that the access door is completely closed. The ViiA™ 7 Software displays an error message if the door is not completely closed and latched, or if the sample block is not seated correctly.

7. Plug in and power on the ViiA™ 7 System.

8. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click **Instrument Console**.

9. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments, then review the Block Type field in the Instrument Properties pane. The installation is successful if the ViiA™ 7 Instrument powers on and if the Block Type field displays the correct type of sample block.

**Note:** The Block Type field displays the type of sample block installed to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

10. Perform the following calibrations in the specified order: ROI calibration, Background calibration, Uniformity calibration, Dye calibration, then Normalization calibration.
Replace the heated cover

Replace the heated cover in the event of a hardware failure or if you want to change the consumable format of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the sample block and heated cover can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the heated cover, be sure to wait until it reaches room temperature.

Materials required

- Safety glasses
- Powder-free gloves
- Heated cover

How to handle the heated cover

To prevent damaging or contaminating the heated cover, handle the assembly as shown below. After the assembly has been removed from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, place the heated cover on a clean, dry surface or in its shipping container.

Replace the heated cover

**Note:** Confirm that the replacement heated cover supports the consumable format that you want to use. Some heated covers support more than one consumable type.

1. Power off and unplug the ViiA™ 7 System, then allow it to cool for 15 minutes.
2. Open the access door.
3. Unlock the heated cover by pinching the handle together, then pull the assembly from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and place it on a clean, dry surface.

4. Install the new heated cover into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

**IMPORTANT!** When the heated cover is seated correctly, the arrows on the front handle align as shown below. If the arrows do not align, push the heated cover further into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until the handle locks into place.

5. If you are installing a heated cover of a different consumable format, replace the sample block and plate adapter if necessary.

**IMPORTANT!** If you are installing a heated cover of a different format, you must also change the sample block and plate adapter to match the new consumable format.

6. Close the access door.

   Confirm that the access door is completely closed. The ViiA™ 7 Software displays an error message if the door is not completely closed and latched, or if the sample block is not seated correctly.

7. Plug in and power on the ViiA™ 7 System.

8. In the Home screen of the ViiA™ 7 Software, click **Instrument Console**.

9. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments, then review the Heated Cover Firmware Version field in the Instrument Properties pane.

   The installation is successful if the ViiA™ 7 Instrument powers on and if the Heated Cover Firmware Version field displays a version number.

10. Perform the following calibrations in the specified order: ROI calibration, Background calibration, Uniformity calibration, Dye calibration, then Normalization calibration.
Replace the plate adapter

Replace the plate adapter in the event of a hardware failure or if you want to change the consumable format of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the sample block and heated cover can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the heated cover, be sure to wait until it reaches room temperature.

Materials required

- Safety glasses
- Powder-free gloves
- Plate adapter

Replace the plate adapter

**IMPORTANT!** If you are installing a plate adapter of a different format, you may also be required to change the sample block to match the new consumable format.

1. Touch the instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press 

2. In the Main Menu, touch 

3. When the tray arm opens, pull the latch, then lift and remove the plate adapter.

4. Attach the new adapter to the tray arm, then pull the latch to allow the adapter to lower into place. If necessary, apply pressure as indicated until the adapter snaps into place.

5. In the Main Menu, touch 

6. If you are installing a tray adapter of a different consumable format, replace the sample block if necessary.
Replace the plate adapter
This appendix covers:

■ Operate the instrument from the touchscreen ........................................... 143
  Create an experiment from a template ....................................................... 143
  Run an experiment ................................................................................... 144
  Transfer experiments, templates, and results data .................................... 145

■ Maintain the instrument from the touchscreen ....................................... 147
  Back up and restore the instrument settings ............................................. 148
  Perform an instrument self test ............................................................... 149
  Update the instrument firmware ............................................................. 150

■ Administerate the instrument from the touchscreen ............................. 151
  Define the date and time ........................................................................ 152
  Define the instrument settings ............................................................... 152
  Define the maintenance reminders ......................................................... 153
  Define the network settings ................................................................... 154
  Define the system shortcuts ................................................................. 155
  Review the instrument statistics .............................................................. 155
  Enable or disable instrument security ...................................................... 156
  View the instrument log ........................................................................ 157

Note: This appendix describes how to operate the ViiA™ 7 Instrument manually using the touchscreen interface. Although the ViiA™ 7 Instrument can be used without a physical attachment to a computer, the touchscreen allows you to perform only a subset of the total instrument functions.
The ViiA™ 7 Instrument features a touchscreen interface that you can use to run experiments, manage instrument settings, and configure the ViiA™ 7 Instrument for network use. The touchscreen does not provide access to all instrument functions. Features such as experiment analysis, instrument calibration, and remote notification are available only through the ViiA™ 7 Software.

### Functions available from the instrument touchscreen

The following table summarizes the functions that are available from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen. The table organizes the functions by user role, where operational functions are for users that perform experiments, maintenance functions are for users who maintain the instrument, and administration functions are for systems administrators or for information technology personnel. The right-most column indicates whether a function is available when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is operating in secure mode (see “Enable or disable instrument security” on page 156 for more information).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User role</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Available in secure mode?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operational</td>
<td>Create experiments from templates</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Run experiments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transfer experiments, templates and results to/from a USB drive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>Back up and restore the instrument settings</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Perform an instrument self test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Update the ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Define the date and time</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Define the instrument settings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Define the network settings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Define the maintenance reminders</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Define the system shortcuts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enable or disable instrument security</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Review the instrument statistics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>View the ViiA™ 7 Instrument log</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operate the instrument from the touchscreen

The touchscreen provides limited control of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to run experiments and transfer data. You can perform the following functions from the touchscreen to operate the ViiA™ 7 Instrument without using the ViiA™ 7 Software:

- Create an experiment from a template ........................................ 143
- Run an experiment ..................................................................... 144
- Transfer experiments, templates, and results data ....................... 145

Note: If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is operating in secure mode (see “Enable or disable instrument security” on page 156), users can only open and close the side door.

Create an experiment from a template

1. If necessary, download the experiment template to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument as described in “Transfer experiments from a USB drive” on page 145.

2. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press .

3. In the Main Menu, touch View Templates.

4. In the View Templates screen, create the experiment:
   a. Touch , then touch the folder that contains the desired template.
   b. Touch the desired template.
   c. Touch Create Experiment.

   To view the parameters of a template, select the desired template, then touch View. When finished, touch to return to the View Templates screen.

   Note: You cannot modify the experiment parameters of a template.

5. In the Create New Experiment screen, touch each field to set the:
   • Experiment name
   • Folder to receive the experiment
   • Reaction volume
   • Bar code
   • Any additional information to save to the experiment

6. When finished, either:
   • Touch Save & Exit, then touch to return to the Main Menu.
   or
   • Touch Save & Start Run to proceed to the Start Run screen.
Run an experiment

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press.

2. In the Main Menu screen, then touch.

3. When the side door opens, load the appropriate plate or array card. Ensure that the consumable is properly aligned in the holder.
   - (A) Load 96/384-well plates with the A1 position at the top-left corner of the plate adapter.
   - (B) Load both plates and array cards with the bar code facing the front of the instrument.

4. In the Main Menu, touch Browse Experiments.

5. In the Experiments screen, touch the desired experiment, then touch either:
   - Start Run to start the run immediately, then go to step 10.
   - or View/Edit to view or edit the experiment before starting the run.

6. Modify the experiment parameters as needed. To:
   - Add a stage or step to the thermal profile, touch the stage or step to the left of where you want to add the stage or step, then touch Add.
   - Add a melt curve to the end of the thermal profile, touch Add Melt Curve.
   - Change the time or temperature of a stage or step, touch the time/temperature field of the stage or step, modify the settings as desired, then touch Close.
   - Change the cycle parameter of a stage, touch the cycle field, modify the setting as desired, then touch Close.
   - Delete a stage or step from the thermal profile, touch the stage or step you want to remove, then touch Delete.

7. When finished modifying the parameters, touch Save.

8. In the Save Experiment screen, touch each field to set the experiment, name, reaction volume, bar code, and any additional information to save to the experiment.

9. When finished, touch Save & Start Run to start the experiment.

10. In the Start Run screen, touch each field as needed to modify the associated parameter, then touch Start Run Now to start the experiment.
    **Note:** When the run is complete, touch to unload the plate. You can download the experiment results to a computer if the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is connected to a network, or you can copy the data to a USB device (see “Transfer experiments, templates, and results data” on page 145).
Transfer experiments, templates, and results data

You can transfer experiments, templates, and results data to/from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument using a USB flash drive. Before transferring data, you must plug the drive into one of the USB ports behind the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.

IMPORTANT! Do not use the USB ports on the rear panel of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. The rear USB ports are for use by Applied Biosystems personnel only.

Transfer templates from a USB drive

1. Plug a USB drive into the USB port on the right side of the touchscreen.
2. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press ⌁.
3. In the Main Menu, touch View Templates.
4. In the Browse Experiments screen, select the template:
   a. Touch ☐ then touch USB.
   b. Touch the desired template, then touch ☐.
5. In the Save Experiment As screen, set the name for the file.
   a. Touch the New Template Name field, then enter a name for the copied file.
   b. Touch the Save to Folder field, then select the folder to receive the file.
   c. Touch Save.
6. Touch ⌁ to return to the Main Menu.
7. Unplug the USB drive.

Transfer experiments from a USB drive

1. Plug a USB drive into the USB port on the right side of the touchscreen.
2. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press ⌁.
3. In the Main Menu, touch Browse Experiments.
4. In the Browse Experiments screen, select the experiment:
   a. Touch ☐ then touch USB.
   b. Touch the desired experiment, then touch ☐.
5. In the Save Experiment As screen, touch the experiment that you want to transfer to the USB drive, then touch Save.
6. Touch ⌁ to return to the Main Menu.
7. Unplug the USB drive.
Copy experiment results to a USB drive

1. Plug a USB drive into the USB port on the right side of the touchscreen.
2. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press .
3. In the Main Menu, touch Collect Results.
4. In the Collect Results screen, touch the desired experiment, touch Copy to USB.
5. In the Copy Results To USB screen, touch Copy to USB.
6. Touch to return to the Main Menu.
7. Unplug the USB drive.

Note: After the results from a completed run have been collected, the corresponding experiment displays “Collected” and it can be deleted.
Maintain the instrument from the touchscreen

The ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen provides access to several maintenance functions that cannot be accessed remotely from the ViiA™ 7 Software. The following local ViiA™ 7 Instrument functions are performed as part of regular ViiA™ 7 Instrument maintenance:

- Back up and restore the instrument settings ........................................ 148
- Perform an instrument self test ................................................................. 149
- Update the instrument firmware ............................................................... 150

**Note:** The touchscreen does not provide access to all instrument functions. Features such as instrument calibration and remote notification are available only through the ViiA™ 7 Software.
Back up and restore the instrument settings

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to back up the instrument settings (icon, standby time-out, and cover idle temperature), and some network settings (the Autodiscovery and Smart Monitoring options). In the event that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument settings are reset, you can restore the settings from the backup.

The ViiA™ 7 Instrument backs up to and restores instrument settings from a USB Flash Drive. Before backing up or restoring settings, you must plug the drive into one of the USB ports behind the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not use the USB ports on the rear panel of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. The rear USB ports are for use by Applied Biosystems personnel, only to service the instrument.

**Note:** The backup feature can be used as an administrative tool to manage ViiA™ 7 Instruments. You can use the feature to create a standard “image” for a ViiA™ 7 Instrument that can then be restored on other instruments to bypass the manual setup process.

### Back up the ViiA™ 7 Instrument settings

1. Plug a USB drive into the USB port on the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.
2. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then touch
3. In the Main Menu, touch **Tools**, then touch **Back Up Settings**.
4. In the Backup Settings screen, touch **Backup**.
5. Touch **to return to the Main Menu.
6. Unplug the USB drive.

**Note:** For administrative purposes, you can reuse the instrument settings saved to the USB drive to configure more than one ViiA™ 7 Instruments. Note that you must configure the network settings for each instrument individually.

### Restore the instrument settings

1. Plug the USB drive that contains the instrument settings into the USB port on the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.
2. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press
3. In the Main Menu, touch **Tools**, then touch **Restore Settings**.
4. In the Restore Settings screen, select the settings to restore:
   a. Touch the settings that you want to restore from the list.
   b. Touch Restore to upload the instrument settings from the USB drive.

**IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the USB drive from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until you are instructed to do so.

**Note:** Alternatively, touch Restore Default Settings to restore the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the factory settings.

5. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument reboots, unplug the USB drive.

### Perform an instrument self test

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to perform a comprehensive self test of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument subsystems. After the self test is complete, the ViiA™ 7 Instrument generates two files that provide a detailed summary of the instrument condition and function. In the event of a problem, you can save the results files to a USB drive and email them to Applied Biosystems technical support for a diagnosis.

**Note:** We recommend running the self test as part of regular maintenance to ensure optimal performance of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press.
2. In the Main Menu, touch Tools, then touch Run Self Test.
3. In the Self Test screen, touch Start Self Test, then wait for the test to complete.
4. (Optional) When the ViiA™ 7 Instrument completes the self test, save the results to a USB drive:
   a. Plug a USB drive into the USB port on the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.
   b. Touch Save to USB.
   **IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the USB drive from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until instructed to do so.
   c. When the ViiA™ 7 Instrument finishes writing the results to the USB drive, touch OK, then remove the USB drive.
5. Touch to return to the Main Menu.
Update the instrument firmware

You can download ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware updates directly from the service section of the Applied Biosystems website. After obtaining a firmware update, transfer the update to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument using a USB drive.

Update the firmware

1. Download the firmware update:
   a. Go to https://www2.appliedbiosystems.com/support/software/
   b. In the Software Downloads page, select Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System from the menu.
   c. In the Software Downloads page for your ViiA™ 7 Instrument, click Updates - Patches.
   d. Download the ViiA™ 7 Instrument firmware to a USB drive.

2. Plug the drive into the USB port on the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.

3. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then press .

4. In the Main Menu, touch Tools, then touch Upgrade Firmware.

5. In the Upgrade Firmware screen, select the update package, then touch Upgrade Firmware. Allow the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to complete the upgrade.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not remove the USB drive from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument until you are instructed to do so.

6. After the upgrade is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Instrument reboots, confirm the upgrade success:
   a. Unplug the USB drive.
   b. Touch Settings, then touch About this instrument to view the software version number to confirm that the firmware has been upgraded.
Administrate the instrument from the touchscreen

The touchscreen provides access to several administrative functions that you can use to integrate the ViiA™ 7 Instrument into a laboratory workflow. The following functions are available from the touchscreen and can be used after installation to customize the ViiA™ 7 Instrument settings and configure it for network use.

- Define the date and time .............................................. 152
- Define the instrument settings ......................................... 152
- Define the maintenance reminders .................................... 153
- Define the network settings ........................................... 154
- Define the system shortcuts ........................................... 155
- Review the instrument statistics ....................................... 155
- Enable or disable instrument security ................................ 156
- View the instrument log ................................................ 157

**Note:** The touchscreen does not provide access to all instrument functions. Features such as instrument calibration and remote notification are available only through the ViiA™ 7 Software.
Define the date and time

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press \( \text{ power button } \).

2. In the Main Menu, touch \( \text{ Settings } \), then touch Set Date & Time.

3. In the Set Date & Time screen:
   a. Touch the Time zone field, then touch the correct time zone from the list.
   b. Touch the Date field, enter the current date, then touch Done.
   c. Touch the Date Format dropdown list, then select the format for your region.
   d. Touch each Time field, enter the appropriate time units, then touch Done.
   e. Touch 12 Hour or 24 Hour to select the appropriate time format.
   f. Touch Save to save the settings, then touch OK when prompted.

4. Touch \( \text{ back button } \) to return to the Main Menu.

Define the instrument settings

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press \( \text{ power button } \).

2. In the Main Menu, touch Settings, then touch Configure the Instrument.

3. Touch the Instrument Name field, enter up to a 16-character name for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then touch Done.
   The instrument name is the alphanumeric string used to identify the ViiA™ 7 Instrument on the network.

   **IMPORTANT!** To connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to a network, the name must be unique.

   **IMPORTANT!** The instrument name cannot include spaces or special characters (such as: ; "<>*+= | ? ,).

4. Upload the instrument icon:
   The instrument icon is the graphic used to represent the ViiA™ 7 Instrument in the ViiA™ 7 Software Instrument Console.
   a. Save the replacement graphic to a USB drive, then plug the drive into the USB port on the right side of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.
   b. Touch Upload Icon, select the desired graphic file, then touch Done.

   **Note:** The replacement graphic must be a maximum of 48 × 48 pixels and be stored in the portable net graphic (PNG) format.
c. Unplug the USB drive.

5. Define the standby time-out setting:
   a. Select Standby Time-out to activate the feature.
   b. Touch the Standby Time-out field.
   c. Enter the number of minutes (1 to 300) that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument should remain idle until it enters standby mode, then touch Done.

   Note: When in standby mode, the ViiA™ 7 Instrument powers off the LCD screen backlight and enters low-power mode.

6. Define the heated cover temperature setting:
   a. Select Cover Idle Temperature to activate the feature.
   b. Touch the Cover Idle Temperature field.
   c. Enter the temperature (50 to 110 °C) that the heated cover should maintain when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is idle, then touch Done.

7. Touch Save to save the settings, then touch OK when prompted.

8. Touch to return to the Main Menu.

Define the maintenance reminders

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen screen to:
   • Set the expiration period for the instrument calibrations and lamp replacement.
   • Activate, deactivate, or change the frequency of the maintenance reminders displayed by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

Set the reminders

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press .

2. In the Main Menu, touch Settings, then touch Set Maintenance Reminders.

3. Configure the maintenance reminders. For each maintenance reminder:
   a. Touch the Calibration expires after field, enter the number of days or hours that should elapse until the association calibration expires, then touch Done.
   b. Touch the check box to activate or deactivate reminders for the associated calibration.
   c. Touch the Display reminders before field, enter the number of days before the associated calibration expires that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument should start displaying warnings of the impending expiration, then touch Done.

4. Touch Save to save the settings, then touch OK when prompted.

5. Touch to return to the Main Menu.
Define the network settings

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press $\text{ }$

2. In the Main Menu, touch $\text{ Settings}$, then touch Set Network Information.

   Note: The Set Network Information screen displays the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument below the Autodiscovery and Smart Monitoring check boxes. The MAC address can be used to uniquely identify the ViiA™ 7 Instrument on the network.

3. Touch Autodiscovery to make the ViiA™ 7 Instrument discoverable by computers that are running the ViiA™ 7 Software.

4. Touch Smart Monitoring to enable the feature on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

   The Smart Monitoring feature allows Applied Biosystems service personnel to monitor the status of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument remotely through an internet connection. Smart Monitoring employs multiple layers of security, including a Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) and Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) authentication, to provide real-time troubleshooting and problem resolution for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. For a detailed description of the Smart Monitoring Service, see the Smart Monitoring Service Product Bulletin: Leveraging the power of the Internet while maintaining system security (PN 121PB07-03).

5. Set the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties for either DHCP or Static IP communication.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Network service</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DHCP</td>
<td>Touch Obtain an IP address automatically, then touch Save.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
   | Static IP      | 1. Touch Use the following IP address.  
   |                 | 2. Touch the IP Address field, enter the IP address using the keypad, then touch Done.  
   |                 | 3. Repeat step 2 to assign the:  
   |                 | • IP addresses for the DNS Servers (primary and secondary)  
   |                 | • Subnet Mask setting  
   |                 | • Default Gateway setting  
   |                 | 4. Touch Save to save the settings, then touch OK when prompted. |

6. Touch $\text{ }$ to return to the Main Menu.
Define the system shortcuts

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to map the shortcut buttons that appear in the Main Menu. You can configure shortcuts to automatically open specific files and folders so that you can access data quickly and easily without having to navigate to it.

Define the shortcuts

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press .
2. In the Main Menu, access shortcut settings:
   • Touch Edit.
   or
   • Touch Settings, then touch Set Up Shortcuts.
3. Configure the shortcuts as desired:
   To add a shortcut:
   a. Touch the shortcut of interest, then touch Set Shortcut.
   b. Touch From Templates to link to a specific template file or touch From Folders to link to a folder.
   c. Touch the desired template file or folder to configure the shortcut.
   To delete a shortcut, touch the shortcut of interest, then touch Remove Shortcut, or touch Remove All to delete all shortcuts.
4. When you are finished configuring the shortcuts, touch to return to the Main Menu.

Review the instrument statistics

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to view usage statistics on the heated cover, halogen lamp, and other system components.

View the statistics

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press .
2. In the Main Menu, touch Tools, then touch Show Statistics.
3. When you are finished, touch to return to the Main Menu.
Enable or disable instrument security

The ViiA™ 7 Instrument features a secure mode that can be enabled to restrict local instrument functionality. When security is enabled, use of the touchscreen is restricted to administrative functions that change the instrument settings. After the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is secured, you must enter an administrator password to modify the instrument settings, use the firmware tools, or deactivate the secure mode.

**IMPORTANT!** If you enable or disable the ViiA™ 7 Instrument security, auditing, and electronic signature feature, you must similarly enable or disable the ViiA™ 7 Software security (see page 103). The ViiA™ 7 Software cannot connect to ViiA™ 7 Instruments that do not match security settings.

**Note:** Secure mode limits the number of feature that are available from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen; it does not provide user authentication functionality through the instrument touchscreen.

Enable or disable security

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press .
2. In the Main Menu, touch Settings, then touch Set Administrator Options.
3. In the Set Administrator Options screen, touch Secure Environment to enable (checked) or disable (unchecked) system security.
4. (Optional) To change the administrator password:
   a. Touch Change Password.
   b. Enter the current password, then touch Done.
   c. Enter the new password, then touch Done.
   d. Reenter the password when prompted.
   e. Touch OK when prompted.
   **Note:** The default password for the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen is password; however, the password can be changed during installation.
5. Touch Save.
6. Touch the Administrator Password field, enter the administrator password, then touch Done.
7. Touch to return to the Main Menu.
View the instrument log

You can use the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to view a log that summarizes instrument activity from the last 6 months. For each recorded activity, the activity log provides a description of the activity and the date/time when it occurred.

View the log

1. If the instrument is in standby, touch the ViiA™ 7 System touchscreen to awaken it, then press 🔄.

2. In the Main Menu, touch 🛠 Tools, then touch View Log.

3. In the View Log screen, configure the settings to display the records of interest:
   - Select an option from the drop-down menu to filter the log.
   - Select Earliest First or Latest First to determine the order to sort the records.

4. Touch 🔄 to return to the Main Menu.
Appendix A  Manual Instrument Operation

Administrate the instrument from the touchscreen
This appendix covers:

- Place the ViiA™ 7 System on standby .................................................. 160
- Power on the ViiA™ 7 System ................................................................. 160
- Power off the ViiA™ 7 System ................................................................. 161
- Store the ViiA™ 7 System ................................................................. 162
- Move the ViiA™ 7 System ................................................................. 163
Place the ViiA™ 7 System on standby

If left unattended, the ViiA™ 7 Instrument automatically enters standby mode to conserve power. To enter standby mode manually, touch the on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen.

Power on the ViiA™ 7 System

To power on the ViiA™ 7 System from a powered-off state:

1. Toggle the power button on the rear of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then wait for it to boot.
   
   **Note:** The ViiA™ 7 Instrument is ready to use when the touchscreen displays the Main Menu.

2. If you have an Applied Biosystems Twister® II Robot, toggle the power button on the rear of the Twister® II Robot.
   
   **Note:** The Twister® II Robot is ready to use when the power LED illuminates.

3. Power on the monitor.

4. Power on the ViiA™ 7 System computer:
   
   a. Press the power button of the computer, then wait for it to boot.
   
   b. When the Login screen appears, enter your user name and password, then click OK.
   
   c. In the desktop, double-click ViiA™ 7 System (or select Start ➤ All Programs ➤ Applied Biosystems ➤ ViiA™ 7 System ➤ ViiA™ 7 Software).
   
   d. If the ViiA™ 7 Software Login appears, enter your user name and password, then click OK.
Power off the ViiA™ 7 System

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System operates in low-power mode when not in use; however, the ViiA™ 7 System can be powered off completely so that the components draw no power.

**Note:** If the ViiA™ 7 System will be inactive for extended period of time, prepare it for storage as explained in “Store the ViiA™ 7 System” on page 162.

To power off the ViiA™ 7 System components:

1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   a. If the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen is not blank, touch the power button to place the ViiA™ 7 Instrument into stand-by mode.
   b. Toggle the power button on the rear of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

2. Power off the ViiA™ 7 System computer:
   a. In the desktop, select **Start** → **Shut Down**.
   b. In the Shut Down Windows dialog box, select **Shut Down**, then click **OK**.

3. Power off the monitor.

4. If you have an Applied Biosystems Twister® II Robot, toggle the power button on the rear of the Twister® II Robot.
Appendix B  Power On or Off, Store, and Move the ViiA™ 7 System

Store the ViiA™ 7 System

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System can be powered off and stored for extended periods of time. The length of the period of inactivity determines the method you use to power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

Materials required

MicroAmp® Optical 96/384-Well Reaction Plate or array card (unused)

Prepare the ViiA™ 7 Instrument

1. If you plan to store the ViiA™ 7 System for more than a week or you plan to move it, load an unused plate or array card into the ViiA™ 7 Instrument:
   
   **Note:** The empty plate protects the internal components of the ViiA™ 7 System during transport or during periods of inactivity lasting more than a week.
   
   a. Touch the ViiA™ 7 Instrument touchscreen to awaken it, then touch .
   b. Touch to eject the tray arm, place a plate or array card onto the plate adapter, then press again to load the plate.
   c. Touch to place the ViiA™ 7 Instrument into stand-by mode.

2. Toggle the power button on the rear of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.

3. Power off the computer:
   a. Select Start ➔ Shut Down.
   b. In the Shut Down Windows dialog box, select Shut Down, then click OK.

4. Power off the monitor.

5. If you have an Applied Biosystems Twister® II Robot, toggle the power button on the rear of the Twister® II Robot.
Move the ViiA™ 7 System

Perform this procedure to safely move the ViiA™ 7 System short distances (for example, between laboratories of the same building).

**CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** Do not attempt to lift the ViiA™ 7 Instrument or any other heavy objects unless you have received related training. Incorrect lifting can cause painful and sometimes permanent back injury. Use proper lifting techniques when lifting or moving the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. At least two people are required to lift it.

**IMPORTANT!** Moving your ViiA™ 7 System can create subtle changes in the alignment of the instrument optics. Recalibrate the instrument if necessary.

Materials required

None

How to handle the sample block and heated cover

To prevent damaging or contaminating the sample block or the heated cover, handle the assemblies as shown below. After you remove each assembly from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, place them on a clean, dry surface or in its shipping container.

Prepare for the ViiA™ 7 System components

1. Power off the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and computer.

2. When the ViiA™ 7 System and computer are powered off, disconnect all ViiA™ 7 System components and package the cabling for the move.

3. Prepare the ViiA™ 7 Instrument for the move:
   a. Open the ViiA™ 7 System access door.
   b. Firmly press down on the sample block handle, pull the sample block from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then place it on a clean, dry surface.
   c. Pinch the handle of the heated cover together, then pull the assembly from the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and place it on a clean, dry surface.
d. Package the sample block and heated cover assemblies in a clean, dust-free container for the move.

Move the ViiA™ 7 System

Move the ViiA™ 7 System according to the following guidelines:

- Verify that the surface on which you will place the ViiA™ 7 System can support at least 60.1±0.6 kg (132.5±0.13 lbs).
- Verify that the path to transport the ViiA™ 7 Instrument is clear of obstructions.
- Enlist at least one other person to lift and carry the ViiA™ 7 Instrument.
- Keep your spine in a good neutral position.
- Bend at the knees and lift with your legs.
- Do not lift an object and twist your torso at the same time.
- Coordinate your intentions with your assistant before lifting and carrying.

Reinstall the ViiA™ 7 System

1. Reconnect the components of the ViiA™ 7 System. Use the Ethernet cable supplied with the ViiA™ 7 System to connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument (Ethernet 1 port) to the network interface card in the computer.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not use a standard Ethernet cable to connect the ViiA™ 7 Instrument to the computer.

   **IMPORTANT!** Do not connect the Ethernet cable to the Ethernet 2 port on the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. The second port is for Applied Biosystems service use only.

2. Install the sample block and heated cover assemblies.

3. Perform a RNase P instrument verification run. If the run:
   - **Passes** – Do not recalibrate the ViiA™ 7 System. No further action is necessary.
   - **Fails** – Perform the following calibrations in the specified order: ROI, background, uniformity, dye, then normalization calibrations.
Creating Custom Calibration Plates and Array Cards

This appendix covers:

- Create a background plate or array card ........................................... 166
- Create a custom dye plate for calibration ............................................ 168
Create a background plate or array card

Whenever possible, use a Background Plate or the TaqMan® Array Background Buffer that is included with the spectral calibration kit. The plates/array cards supplied in the kit contain a buffer that accurately simulates the reagents used for PCR, and, therefore, produces high-quality calibration data. If a background plate or array card from a spectral calibration kit is not available, you can create one as described below.

Materials required

96/384-Well Plate Sample Block
- Applied Biosystems Optical 96/384-Well Reaction Plate
- Safety glasses
- Optical Adhesive Cover or Optical Flat Caps
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)
- Powder-free gloves
- Deionized water

Array Card Sample Block
- Applied Biosystems Array Cards
- Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer
- Centrifuge with array card buckets and array card carrier clips
- Permanent marker or pen
- Pipettor, 200-µL (with pipette tips)
- Powder-free gloves
- Safety glasses
- Deionized water

Create a background plate

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves while creating the background plate.

1. Remove an Applied Biosystems 96/384-Well Optical Reaction Plate from its box and place it on a clean, dry surface.
2. Aliquot 20 µL deionized water to each well of the reaction plate.
3. Seal the plate using an optical adhesive cover or optical flat caps.
4. Use the plate for background calibration as you would a background plate from the spectral calibration kit.
Create a background array card

1. Remove an Applied Biosystems Array Card from its box and place it on a clean, dry surface.

2. Using a permanent marker, write “Background” on the side of the empty card.

3. Pipette 100 µL of deionized water into each of the eight reservoirs in the card:
   a. Place the array card on a lab bench, with the foil side down.
   b. Load 100 µL of the solution into a pipette.
   c. Hold the pipette in an angled position (~45 degrees) and place the tip into the fill port.
      There is a fill port on the left arm of each fill reservoir – the larger of the two holes.
   d. Dispense the fluid so that it sweeps in and around the fill reservoir toward the vent port.
      When pipetting the reagents into the array card, pipette the entire 100-µL volume into the fill reservoir, but do not go past the first stop of pipettor plunger or you may blow the solution out of the port.

   IMPORTANT! Do not allow the tip to contact and possibly damage the coated foil beneath the fill port.

4. Centrifuge and seal the array card as explained in “Fill the array cards” on page 38.
Create a custom dye plate for calibration

The Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System can be used to run assays designed with custom dyes (dyes not manufactured by Applied Biosystems). Custom dyes must excite between 455 and 672 nm and read between 505 and 723 nm.

Before you use custom dyes

Before using custom dyes with the ViiA™ 7 System, you must:

- Determine optimum dye concentration.
- Create a custom dye plate.
- Add the custom dye to the software.
- Perform a dye calibration.

Materials required

- Centrifuge with plate adapter
- Custom dye(s)
- Safety glasses
- Powder-free gloves
- MicroAmp® Optical 96/384-Well Reaction Plate
- Optical Adhesive Cover
- Pipettors and pipette tips (200-µL and 1000-µL)
- Tubes (2-mL and 10-mL)
- Deionized water

Determine optimum dye concentration

Note: Wear powder-free gloves while creating the dye plate.

1. Prepare and load the custom dye plate:
   a. In the center of a 96/384-well plate, prepare a dilution series of the custom dye (for example, 25, 50, 100, 200, 400, 800, 1600, and 3200 nM) using 20 µL volumes for a 96/384-well plate.
   b. Seal the reaction plate using an optical adhesive cover.
   c. Load the prepared reaction plate.
2. Start the calibration wizard:
   b. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then click Add to My Instruments.
   c. Select the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then click Manage Instrument.
   d. In the Instrument Manager, click Maintenance, then click ROI.
   e. In the ROI Calibration screen, click Start Calibration.
   f. In the ROI dialog box, click Next until prompted to load the ViiA™ 7 Instrument. When the side door opens, load the sealed plate. Ensure that the plate/array card is properly aligned in the holder.
   g. In the ROI dialog box, select Check the box when the ROI calibration plate has been loaded, click Next twice, then click START RUN to start the calibration.

3. When the run is complete, inspect the ROI images:
   a. Select the first filter from the Filter drop-down list.
   b. Record the coordinate of the well that contains the lowest concentration of dye and that is encircled by a ring. This well contains the optimal concentration of the custom dye at the given filter.
   c. Repeat steps 3a and 3b for the remaining filters.
   d. After you determine the optimum concentration for each filter, determine the optimum concentration for the custom dye. Compare the results from all filters, then select the concentration that yields the highest possible signal in all filters.

4. Discard the plate.

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** During instrument operation, the plate can be heated to 100 °C. Before removing the plate, wait until it reaches room temperature.

5. In the ROI dialog box, click Finish to complete the calibration, then click No when prompted to save the results.
Create a custom dye plate

**IMPORTANT!** Wear powder-free gloves while creating the dye plate.

1. Prepare 2 mL of the custom dye at the concentration determined in “Determine optimum dye concentration” on page 168.

2. Pipette 20 µL of the diluted custom dye to all wells of an optical reaction plate.

3. Seal the wells of the reaction plate using an optical adhesive cover.

4. Centrifuge the plate for 2 minutes at less than 1500 rpm.
   
   **Note:** The custom dye calibration plate must be well mixed and centrifuged.

5. Verify that the liquid in each well of the plate is at the bottom of the well. If not, centrifuge the plate again at a higher rpm and for a longer period of time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Correct" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Incorrect" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid is at bottom of well.</td>
<td>• Not centrifuged with enough force, or • Not centrifuged for enough time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Add the custom dye to the software

1. Start the dye calibration:
   b. In the Instrument Console, select your ViiA™ 7 Instrument from the list of instruments on the network, then click Add to My Instruments.
   c. Select the ViiA™ 7 Instrument, then click Manage Instrument.
   d. In the Instrument Manager, click Maintenance, then click Dye.
   e. In the Background Calibration screen, click Start Calibration.

2. In the Dye window, select a custom dye from the list or create the custom dye:
   a. Click New Dye.
   b. In the Dye Library dialog box, click New.
   c. Complete the New Dye dialog box, then click OK.
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field/option</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Enter a name for the custom dye.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wavelength</td>
<td>Enter the wavelength at which the dye fluoresces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Select:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Reporter if the dye works in conjunction with a quencher dye to report an increase of PCR product.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Quencher if the dye suppresses the fluorescence of a reporter dye until amplification of PCR product.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Both if the dye reports an increase of PCR product without the aid of a quencher dye.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
   d. Click Close.

3. In the Dye window, enter a temperature setting for the calibration. Set the temperature to match the temperature at which you intend to collect data. For example, the temperature for all Applied Biosystems system dyes is 60 °C because data collection for TaqMan® reagents occurs during the 60 °C extension step of the PCR.

4. Load the appropriate dye plate into the plate adapter, select Please check the box when the dye calibration plate has been loaded, click Next twice, then click START RUN to start the calibration.

5. When the run is complete and the ViiA™ 7 Instrument ejects the plate, remove and discard the plate or array card.

Appendix C Creating Custom Calibration Plates and Array Cards

Create a custom dye plate for calibration

7. Verify the grouping of the dye spectra:
   a. In the plate layout, select the wells of the plate.
   b. Inspect the raw data. For each spectrum, verify that the peak is:
      • Within the detectable range for the ViiA™ 7 System.
      • Free of irregular spectral peaks.
      • Present at the correct filter for the dye.

   Note: Among wells containing the same dye, variations in spectral position and peak position are caused by minor differences in the optical properties and excitation energy between the individual wells.

8. Verify the status of the calibration. If the calibration:
   Passed – If all spectra are acceptable, finish the calibration:
      a. Click Next.
      b. Enter any comments you have in the Comments field, click Finish, then click Yes when prompted to save the calibration results.
   Failed – Create another custom dye plate using the next dye concentration greater than the concentration determined in “Determine optimum dye concentration” on page 168, then perform the calibration again.
This appendix covers:

- How to order ......................... 174
- Accessories ......................... 176
- Calibration and verification kits ........................................ 177
- Consumables ........................................ 181
How to order

You can order materials and accessories from Applied Biosystems by:

- Accessing the Applied Biosystems store from the ViiA™ 7 Software.
- Ordering directly from the Applied Biosystems store over the internet.

**Note:** Product availability and pricing may vary according to your region or country. Online ordering through the Applied Biosystems Store is not available in all countries. Contact your local Applied Biosystems representative for help.

To order through the website or the ViiA™ 7 Software:

- Confirm that your computer has an Internet connection.
- We recommend the following browsers and Adobe® Acrobat® Reader versions to use the Applied Biosystems website:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating system</th>
<th>Microsoft® Internet Explorer®</th>
<th>Apple® Safari®</th>
<th>Mozilla® Firefox®</th>
<th>Adobe® Acrobat® Reader</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft® Windows®</td>
<td>v6.x or later</td>
<td>None†</td>
<td>v2.x or later</td>
<td>v4.0 or later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macintosh®</td>
<td>None†</td>
<td>v2.0.4 or later</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Browser not available for this platform.

**Note:** Confirm that cookies and Javascript are turned on for the website to function correctly.

How to order from the ViiA™ 7 Software

1. To find your assay on the Applied Biosystems Store, complete the Find Assay pane in the ViiA™ 7 Software:
   a. Enter a gene name in the Enter Gene Name field, then click **Find Assay**.
   b. In the Find Assay Results dialog box, select your assay.
   c. Click **Apply Assay Selection**. The selected assay gets added to your shopping list.

2. Check that the Experiment Shopping List contains the desired materials, other than the assay selected in the previous step, and that the quantities are correct, then click **Order Materials in List**.
3. In the Order Materials - Login dialog box, enter your user name and password for the Applied Biosystems Online Store, then click Log In and Submit.

![Order Materials - Log In dialog box]

**Note:** If you do not have an account with the Applied Biosystems Online Store, click Register Now to create an account.

When you are connected to the Applied Biosystems Store, follow the prompts to complete your order.

### How to order from the Applied Biosystems Website

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To order...</th>
<th>Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assays and reagents</td>
<td>1. Go to <a href="http://www.appliedbiosystems.com">www.appliedbiosystems.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Under &quot;I Want to Buy,&quot; select the product of interest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument parts and accessories</td>
<td>1. Go to <a href="http://info.appliedbiosystems.com/ViiA7">info.appliedbiosystems.com/ViiA7</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Click Parts and accessories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration kits</td>
<td>3. Select the desired components, the complete the order as instructed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|                                   | See "Consumables" on page 181 for a complete list of compatible instrument parts, accessories, and kits.
The following accessories are to be used with the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ViiA™ 7 System accessories</th>
<th>Part number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 384-Well Plate Adapter</td>
<td>4457087</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 384-Well Sample Block</td>
<td>4453553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 384-Well/Array Card Heated Cover</td>
<td>4453555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 96-Well Heated Cover</td>
<td>4453560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 96-Well Plate Adapter</td>
<td>4459845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 96-Well Sample Block</td>
<td>4453556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System 96-Well Tube Adapter</td>
<td>4462077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System Array Card Plate Adapter</td>
<td>4454166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System Array Card Sample Block</td>
<td>4453554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System Fast 96-Well Heated Cover</td>
<td>4459838</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System Fast 96-Well Plate Adapter</td>
<td>4459846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System Fast 96-Well Sample Block</td>
<td>4453559</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 System Fast 96-Well Tube Adapter</td>
<td>4462078</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Calibration and verification kits

The following kits are to be used with the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System.

The following materials are required to calibrate the ViiA™ 7 System:

- 384-well sample block kits. .................................................. see below
- 96-well sample block kits. .......................................................... 178
- Fast 96-well sample block kits .................................................. 179
- Array card sample block kits .................................................. 180

Note: For reagent or consumable shelf-life expiration date, see the package label.

384-well sample block kits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ViiA™ 7 System consumable</th>
<th>Part number</th>
<th>Storage (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with FAM™ Dye</td>
<td>4432271</td>
<td>–15 to –25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with VIC® Dye</td>
<td>4432278</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with ROX™ Dye</td>
<td>4432284</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with NED™ Dye</td>
<td>4432302</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with SYBR® Green Dye</td>
<td>4432290</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with TAMRA™ Dye</td>
<td>4432296</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 384-Well Region of Interest (ROI) Calibration Plate</td>
<td>4432320</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 384-Well Background Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384-Well Normalization Plates with FAM™/ROX™ and VIC®/ROX™ Dyes</td>
<td>4432308</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 384-Well Normalization Plate with FAM™/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 384-Well Normalization Plate with VIC®/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kit, TaqMan® RNase P Fast 384-Well Instrument Verification Plate</td>
<td>4455280</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 384-Well TaqMan® RNase P Fast Instrument Verification Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 96-well sample block kits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ViiA™ 7 System consumable</th>
<th>Part number</th>
<th>Storage (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with FAM™ Dye</td>
<td>4432327</td>
<td>-15 to -25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with VIC® Dye</td>
<td>4432334</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with ROX™ Dye</td>
<td>4432340</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with SYBR® Green Dye</td>
<td>4432346</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with TAMRA™ Dye</td>
<td>4432352</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with NED™ Dye</td>
<td>4432358</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates</td>
<td>4432364</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 96-Well Region of Interest (ROI) Calibration Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 96-Well Background Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Well Normalization Plates with FAM™/ROX™ and VIC®/ROX™ Dyes</td>
<td>4432370</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 96-Well Normalization Plate with FAM™/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 96-Well Normalization Plate with VIC®/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kit, TaqMan® RNase P 96-Well Instrument Verification Plate</td>
<td>4432382</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® RNase P 96-Well Instrument Verification Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Fast 96-well sample block kits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ViiA™ 7 System consumable</th>
<th>Part number</th>
<th>Storage (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with FAM™ Dye</td>
<td>4432389</td>
<td>–15 to –25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with VIC® Dye</td>
<td>4432396</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with ROX™ Dye</td>
<td>4432402</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with SYBR® Green Dye</td>
<td>4432408</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with TAMRA™ Dye</td>
<td>4432414</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Spectral Calibration Plate with NED™ Dye</td>
<td>4432420</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Region of Interest (ROI) and Background Plates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fast 96-Well Region of Interest (ROI) Calibration Plate</td>
<td>4432426</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fast 96-Well Background Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast 96-Well Normalization Plates with FAM™/ROX™ and VIC®/ROX™ Dyes</td>
<td>4432432</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fast 96-Well Normalization Plate with FAM™/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fast 96-Well Normalization Plate with VIC®/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kit, TaqMan® RNase P Fast 96-Well Instrument Verification Plate</td>
<td>4351979</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® RNase P Fast 96-Well Instrument Verification Plate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Array card sample block kits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ViiA™ 7 System consumable</th>
<th>Part number</th>
<th>Storage (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kit, Array Card Spectral Calibration Dye</td>
<td>4432376</td>
<td>-15 to -25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Calibration with FAM™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Calibration with VIC® Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Calibration with ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Calibration with ROI Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Calibration with FAM™/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Calibration with VIC®/ROX™ Dye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• TaqMan® Array Background Buffer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kit, TaqMan® RNa se P Array Card Instrument Verification Reagents</td>
<td>44322654</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 1 NTC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 2 Unknown A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 3 Unknown B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 4 Standard 200 Copies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 5 Standard 400 Copies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 6 Standard 800 Copies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 7 Standard 1600 Copies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Port 8 Standard 3200 Copies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Consumables

**Note:** For consumable shelf-life expiration date, see the package label.

The following consumables are to be used with the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ViiA™ 7 System consumable</th>
<th>Part number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems Array Card Staker/Sealer</td>
<td>4331770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Array Card Bucket/Clip Set</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; Generation</td>
<td>4337762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; Generation</td>
<td>4442571</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Array Cards, 8-Port (Empty)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty Array Card Kit, 4-pk</td>
<td>4334812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty Array Card Kit</td>
<td>4351471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centrifuge Buckets, Array Card</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; Generation</td>
<td>4337230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; Generation</td>
<td>4442573</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clip, Array Card Centrifuge Adapter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Fast 8-Tube Strip, 0.1-mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Fast Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate with Bar Code, 0.1-mL</td>
<td>10 plates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 plates</td>
<td>4366932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate, 0.2-mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 plates</td>
<td>N8010560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 plates</td>
<td>4326659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 plates</td>
<td>4309849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Optical 384-Well Reaction Plate, 1000 plates</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Optical 384-Well Reaction Plate with Bar Code</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 plates</td>
<td>4326270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 plates</td>
<td>4309849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Optical 8-Cap Strip</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Optical 8-Tube Strip, 0.2-mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroAmp® Optical Adhesive Film</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement Lamp for OptiFlex System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ViiA™ 7 Software Reference

This appendix covers:

- ViiA™ 7 Software command-line application ............... 184
- Import formats and file specifications ....................... 191
- Export formats and file specifications ....................... 199
**ViiA™ 7 Software command-line application**

The ViiA™ 7 Software includes a command-line application that allows you to generate and export batches of experiment files from an MS DOS prompt or a batch file. The application is intended for advanced users who choose to create or export experiments using a scripting language.

**IMPORTANT!** After you use the command-line application to generate experiment files, validate the contents of the files by opening them in the ViiA™ 7 Software.

**Command-line workflows**

The command-line interface supports the workflows in the following figure. For each workflow, the figure shows both the required and optional supporting files.

**Single Experiment File Creation Workflow**

- Experiment Document Template (.edt)
- SDS Setup File (.txt)
- Sample-to-Well File (.txt)
- AIF/X File (.txt/.xml)
- Barcode

**Export Workflow**

- Experiment Document Single (.eds)

![Workflow Diagram](image)
## Supporting files for experiment creation

The file generation function (`cmdlineutil.exe -expgen`) can use the files shown below. The command does not require all input files.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>assay information file (.aif or .aix)</td>
<td>A tab-delimited or XML data file that is shipped on a CD with each TaqMan® assay ordered from Applied Biosystems. (For some products, assay information files are available for download from the Applied Biosystems website following delivery.) The file, which contains data describing the assay, can be imported into the ViiA™ 7 Software for use in related experiments. See &quot;Assay information file&quot; on page 198 for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>barcode file (.txt)</td>
<td>A user-created, line-separated text file that contains the bar code of each consumable for which you want to create an experiment file. See &quot;Bar code file format&quot; on page 198 for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>experiment document single file (.eds)</td>
<td>A ViiA™ 7 Software file that contains all information about a particular plate or array card consumable, including metadata (name, bar code, comments), plate setup (well contents, assay definitions), run method (thermal cycling protocol), run results, analysis protocol, analysis results, audit records, and other plate-specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>experiment document template file (.edt)</td>
<td>A ViiA™ 7 Software file used as a template to create experiment files. The file can contain plate setup (well contents, assay definitions), run method (thermal cycling protocol), run results, analysis protocol, and other plate-specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plate setup file (.txt)</td>
<td>A user-created, tab-delimited text file that describes the layout of a consumable for an experiment to be run on the ViiA™ 7 System. The file defines the arrangement of assays and samples on the consumable. See &quot;Plate setup file format&quot; on page 192 for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sample file (.txt)</td>
<td>A user-created, tab-delimited text file containing sample data that can be imported into the ViiA™ 7 Software for use in related experiments. See &quot;Sample file format&quot; on page 197 for more information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Precedence rules for experiment file generation

When generating experiment files (.eds), the Viia™ 7 Software command-line interface relies on a set of precedence rules to resolve conflicts that arise from the data supplied by some input files. Assay information files (.aif or .aix), plate setup files (.txt), and template files (.edt) can contain data used to populate the same fields of new experiment files. For example, both template and plate setup files can contain location data for samples and assays.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Files used for experiment file (.eds) creation</th>
<th>Precedence rule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Template file (.edt)</td>
<td>The values in the template take precedence except for:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Experiment Name – Determined by the File Name Convention preference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bar Code – Determined by the bar code, if present. Otherwise, the value is null.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Experiment File Name – Determined by the File Name Convention preference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Template file (.edt)</td>
<td>All values in the template file take precedence, except for:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Assay information file (.aif/.aix)</td>
<td>• Gene Expression Targets/Assay Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Genotyping Assay/SNP Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Passive Reference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If any conflicts exist between the assay information file and the template for the attributes above, then the assay information file values always take precedence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Template file (.edt)</td>
<td>All values in the template file take precedence, except for:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Plate setup file (.txt)</td>
<td>• Target/Assay/SNP to Well Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sample to Well Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Task to Well Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Biological Group to Well Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Well Quantity to Well Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sample Color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Biological Group Color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Target Color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Gene Expression Targets Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Genotyping Assay Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Passive Reference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Template file (.edt)</td>
<td>All values in the template file take precedence, except for the following.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Plate setup file (.txt)</td>
<td>The following assay information file values take precedence over Plate Setup and Template:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Assay information file (.aif/.aix)</td>
<td>• Gene Expression Targets/Detectors Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• GT Assay/Marker Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Passive Reference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The following Plate Setup values take precedence over the template:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Block Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Well Quantity to Well Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sample Color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Biological Group Color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Target Color</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Running the command-line application from a command prompt

Running the application

1. In the desktop, select Start ➤ Run.
2. In the Run dialog box, enter cmd in the Open field, then click OK.
3. In the DOS prompt, change to the installation directory and enter the command:
   a. Enter cd D:\applied biosystems\ViiA7, then press Enter.
   b. Enter cmdlineutil.exe, followed by -expgen or -export, then all applicable parameters and arguments. See “Command syntax and arguments” on page 188 for a complete list of command-line parameters.

Viewing the command-line help

The command-line application includes a help function that provides the information in this chapter. To view help for:

- The entire application, enter cmdlineutil.exe –help
- A particular function, enter cmdlineutil.exe –expgen -help to view the file generation help, or cmdlineutil.exe –export -help to view the file export help.
Command syntax and arguments

Batch file creation

The command used to create batches of files uses the following syntax:

```
cmdlineutil.exe -expgen [ parameters ]
```

The following table lists the acceptable parameters that can be included in any order. See “Examples” on page 190 for an example of the experiment creation command.

**IMPORTANT!** Enclose file paths in double quotes to allow spaces in the string.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>-a &lt;filepath&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) Specifies the path and name (&lt;filepath&gt;) of the assay information file (.aif or .aix) that the software uses to create new experiment files. Example: <code>-a &quot;D:\assayfiles\assayfile.aif&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-b &lt;filepath&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) Specifies the path and name (&lt;filepath&gt;) of the bar code file that the software uses to create new files. If the <code>-b</code> parameter is not used, then the software creates the number of experiment specified by the <code>-n</code> parameter. Example: <code>-b &quot;D:\barcodefiles\barcodefile.txt&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-c &lt;string&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) When the <code>-f</code> parameter is included, specifies the alphanumeric string that the software includes in the file names of the new experiments. If no value is supplied, “custom” is used as the default value. Example: <code>-c &quot;Batch001_&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-f &lt;option&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) Specifies the convention that the software uses to name the new files. The convention can consist of all or some of the following interchangeable arguments, in any order: • Custom Name Field – The alphanumeric string specified by the <code>-c</code> parameter. • ID – The bar code of the plate specified in the bar code file specified by the <code>-b</code> parameter. Example: <code>-f &quot;Custom Name Field_ID&quot;</code> If the <code>-f</code> parameter is used without arguments, then the software names files according to the following convention: “Custom Name Field_ID”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-l &lt;dirpath&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Required) Specifies the path of the directory (&lt;dirpath&gt;) to which the software saves the new files. Example: <code>-l &quot;D:\Applied Biosystems\ViiA7 Software v1.1\experiments&quot;</code> Before creating experiment files, the software confirms whether the export location exists and aborts if the location does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-m &lt;filepath&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) Specifies the path and name (&lt;filepath&gt;) of the sample file that the software uses to create new files. Example: <code>-m &quot;D:\samplefiles\samplefile.txt&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-n &lt;integer&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) If the <code>-b</code> parameter is not included, specifies number of experiments (&lt;integer&gt;) that the software will create. If no value is supplied, the software creates 25 experiments by default. Example: <code>-n 31</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>-s &lt;filepath&gt;</code></td>
<td>(Optional) Specifies the path and name (&lt;filepath&gt;) of the setup file that the software uses to create new files. Example: <code>-s &quot;D:\setupfiles\setupfile.txt&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The command used to export the results from experiment files uses the following syntax:

`cmdlineutil.exe -export [parameters]`

The following table lists the acceptable parameters that can be included in any order. See "Examples" on page 190 for examples of the experiment export command.

**IMPORTANT!** Enclose file paths in double quotes to allow spaces in the string.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| `-t <filepath>` | [Required] Specifies the path and name `{filepath}` of the ViiA™ 7 Software template file that the software uses to create new files.  
**Example:** `-t "D:\Applied Biosystems\ViiA7 Software v1.1\experiments\templatefile.edt"` |
| `-v` | [Optional] Configures the software to operate in verbose mode, where the software displays each operation as it is performed. |

Results export

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| `-e <dirpath>` | [Required] Specifies the path to the directory `{dirpath}` that contains the experiment files (.eds) for which the software exports data.  
**Example:** `-e "D:\Applied Biosystems\ViiA7 Software v1.1\experiments"` |
| `-f <option>` | [Required] Specifies the format of the exported data [see page 199 for the export file specifications]:  
• ViiA7 – Exports data in a format compatible with the ViiA™ 7 System.  
• SDS23 – Exports data in a format compatible with the Applied Biosystems 7900HT Real-Time PCR System.  
• RDML – Exports data in the real-time data markup language (RDML) format.  
**Example:** `-f "RDML"` |
| `-l <path>` | [Optional] Specifies the path `{path}` of the directory to which the software saves the exported files.  
**Example:** `-l "D:\exports"` |
| `-s <option>` | [Optional] Specifies the data spanning option `{option}` that determines how the software exports data from multiple experiments:  
• single – Exports data for all experiments into one contiguous data file.  
• multiple – Exports data for each experiment to a separate data file.  
**Example:** `-s "multiple"` |
| `-x <filepath>` | [Required] Specifies the file format of the exported file:  
• ViiA 7 export format: .txt, .xls, or .xlsx  
• SDS23 export format: .txt  
• RDML export format: .rdml  
**Example:** `-x "rdml"` |
Examples

Batch file creation

The following example uses all parameters described in “Command syntax and arguments” on page 188 (required and optional) to generate a set of experiment files.

For this example, the command-line application:

- Imports assay definitions from the AIF_820629.txt assay information file.
- Imports sample names from the SampleFileNames.txt sample file.
- Generates an experiment for each bar code in the barcodes - v12.txt bar code file, where each new experiment uses the settings found in the standard_curve.edt template file and the SDS_820629.txt setup file.

**Note:** The setup file links the information from the AIF_820629.txt and SampleFileNames.txt to each new experiment file.

- Saves all generated files using the following naming convention:
  `<barcode>_alloptionsused`
- Saves all generated files to:
  C:\ViiA7\Experiment\<date/time>

**Note:** The command-line application automatically creates a time-stamped folder at the export location for each batch operation. For example, the folder created for files generated on April 7, 2010 at 12:48:35 would be: 2010-04-07 124835

Results export

The following example performs a real-time data markup language (RDML) export of experiments in the ViiA™ 7 Software experiments directory to the exports directory of the C drive. The software generates an RDML file for each individual experiment file.

```bash
 cmdlineutil.exe -export -e "D:\Applied Biosystems\ViiA7 Software v1.1\experiments\" -f "SDS23" -l "C:\exports\" -s "single" -x "rdml"
```
Import formats and file specifications

The ViiA™ 7 Software supports several import file formats that can be used to automate experiment creation and assay and sample data import. The files can be used with the command-line application (see page 184) or the ViiA™ 7 Software application programming interface (API) to integrate the ViiA™ 7 System into a laboratory information management system (LIMS). For a detailed explanation of the API, or for information on integrating the ViiA™ 7 System into a laboratory workflow, see the *Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Robotics User Guide* (PN 4442663).

**Note:** The file specifications listed in this appendix are subject to change. For updated information, review the ViiA™ 7 Software Release Notes found at: D:\AppliedBiosystems\ViiA7 Software\release-notes.html.

About the import file formats

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File format</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Plate setup file (.txt)</td>
<td>A user-created, tab-delimited text file that describes the layout of a consumable for an experiment to be run on the ViiA™ 7 System. The file defines the arrangement of assays and samples on the consumable, and provides other experiment data, such as the thermal profile and data collection settings.</td>
<td>page 192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample file (.txt)</td>
<td>A user-created, tab-delimited text file containing sample data that can be imported into the ViiA™ 7 Software for use in related experiments.</td>
<td>page 197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assay information file (.aif or .aix)</td>
<td>A tab-delimited or XML data file that is shipped on a CD with each TaqMan® assay ordered from Applied Biosystems. The file, which contains data describing the assay, can be imported into the ViiA™ 7 Software for use in related experiments.</td>
<td>page 198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bar code file (.txt)</td>
<td>A user-created, text file containing the bar codes of consumables for which you want to create experiment files using the command-line utility.</td>
<td>page 198</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conventions

The following conventions are used in the rest of this section:

- **normal** – Normal text must be entered exactly as it appears.
- **<italic>** – Italicized text between brackets must be substituted with custom values.
- **[ required text ]** – Text appearing between brackets is required information. All information inside the brackets must be present for the ViiA™ 7 Software to import it.
- **{ optional text }** – Text appearing between braces is optional.
- Unless noted otherwise, separate all fields in a row using a tab character (U+0009).
- Unless noted otherwise, end all rows using a carriage-return character (U+000D).
Plate setup file format

You can use plate setup files to automatically populate setup information into an open experiment in the ViiA™ 7 Software or into new experiments created by the command-line application (see page 184). A plate setup file is a tab-delimited ASCII text file (.txt) that contains data that describes the location experiment data information. The files can be created manually using a text processor or generated automatically by third-party applications.

**IMPORTANT!** To guarantee successful import of the plate setup file into a experiment, the file must contain all the elements described in the following section and in the order that they appear.

File structure

The plate setup file consists of a header, which specifies the instrument model for which the experiment is designed, and a sample setup section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Plate setup file header</td>
<td>Defines the instrument model for which the experiment is designed and the dye used as the passive reference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate setup file body</td>
<td>Defines the contents of a 96/384-well plate or array card, including target, SNP assay, sample, and task assignments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plate setup file header

The plate setup file begins with a header that consists of two lines. Each line starts with an asterisk (*) and ends with a carriage return in the following pattern:

```
* <field name> = <field value>
```

The header must contain the lines shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Type</td>
<td>The model of ViiA™ 7 System for which the experiment is designed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passive Reference</td>
<td>The dye that the experiment will use as a passive reference.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The name of a dye in the Dye Library of the ViiA™ 7 Software‡, or
- <blank> if the consumable does not contain a passive reference.

‡ Custom dyes are allowed as long as they are in Dye Library.

**Note:** The ViiA™ 7 Software automatically removes any leading and trailing white space around the field name and field value.

Example:

```
* Instrument Type = ViiA 7
* Passive Reference = ROX
```
Plate setup file body

The body of a plate setup file contains either target information, which can be imported into all experiments except genotyping, or SNP assay information. This information can be imported into genotyping experiments only. The body consists of three required elements (the header, the column header, and the body) that describe the contents of a 96/384-well plate or array card. The sample setup column header and body can appear in any order.

**IMPORTANT!** Observe the following guidelines when creating a plate setup file:
- Do not insert blank lines between the sample setup header and the column header.
- Do not use illegal characters, including backslash (\), tab, asterisk (*), hard return, soft return, brackets([ or ]), or comma (,).

Sample setup header

The header contains the label that defines the beginning of the sample setup data.

Example:

```
[Sample Setup]
```

Sample setup column header

The column header contains the headings that define the positions of the data columns in the sample setup body. The headings are separated by tab characters. See “Plate setup data columns” on page 194 for a list of the data column headers.

Example:

```
Well Sample Name Sample Color Biogroup Name Biogroup Color Target Name...
```

Sample setup body

Contains the sample setup data where each row defines the contents of a single well on the consumable, including the: well contents (sample, target, or SNP assay added to the well), task assignments, and comments. If a well contains multiple assays (multiplex PCR), the data for the additional assays are defined on separate lines by repeating the well designation. See “Plate setup data columns” on page 194 for a list of the data column headers.

**Note:** The sample setup data rows can occur in any order.

Example:

```
Well Sample Name Sample Color Biogroup Name Biogroup Color Target Name...
1 Liver cDNA "RGB(25,0,0)"
2 Liver cDNA "RGB(25,0,0)"
3 Liver cDNA "RGB(25,0,0)"
4 Heart cDNA "RGB(25,0,0)"
5 Heart cDNA "RGB(25,0,0)"
...
The following table lists the headings and columns that are present in the plate setup file body of all experiment types followed by the columns that are specific to genotyping experiments and non-genotyping experiments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Valid values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable, where the well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.</td>
<td>&lt;Positive integer [1 to 96/384]&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the associated well.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Color</td>
<td>(Optional) The RGB color of the associated sample.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biogroup Name</td>
<td>(Optional) The name of the associated biological group.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biogroup Color</td>
<td>(Optional) The RGB color of the biological group.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>(Optional) Additional text that describes the well.</td>
<td>&quot;&lt;1024-character string&gt;&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target detected or amplified by the assay in the associated well.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Color</td>
<td>(Optional) The RGB color of the target.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assignment of the target assay at the well.</td>
<td>&lt;UNKNOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye used by the associated target assay.</td>
<td>&lt;dye names&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye used by the associated target assay.</td>
<td>&lt;dye name&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>(Optional) The quantity of standard present in the given well expressed as a float or integer. If the associated well is not assigned the STANDARD task, then the field is blank.</td>
<td>&lt;float or Integer&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNP Assay Name</td>
<td>The name of the SNP assay detected or amplified by the assay in the associated well.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNP Assay Color</td>
<td>(Optional) SNP assay color in RGB</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assignment of the SNP assay at the well.</td>
<td>&lt;UNKNOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Name</td>
<td>The name of the first allele detected by the SNP assay.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Color</td>
<td>The RGB color used to represent data for the first allele.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye used to label the probe for the first allele.</td>
<td>&lt;dye name&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye used to label the probe for the first allele.</td>
<td>&lt;dye name&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Name</td>
<td>The name of the second allele detected by the SNP assay.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Color</td>
<td>The RGB color used to represent data for the second allele.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye used to label the probe for the second allele.</td>
<td>&lt;dye name&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye used to label the probe for the second allele.</td>
<td>&lt;dye name&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡‡ See the Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Getting Started Guide to determine the tasks applicable to your experiment.
§§ Cannot be blank.
# Contains [r]ed, [b]lue, and [g]reen color values between 0 to 255. The field must be set within double quotes with no spaces between the values.
¶¶ Can be empty if the Task field is empty. Otherwise, the field must contain a value.
§§ The dye must already exist in the ViiA™ 7 Software Dye Library. The dye name must be 100 characters or less.
Examples

Quantitative PCR experiments

The following example shows a plate setup file created for a quantitative PCR experiment to be run on a Viia™ 7 System. The experiment evaluates the expression of two targets (CCKAR and GH1) in three samples (cDNA from the liver, heart, and brain). For both TaqMan® assays, the probes are labeled with the FAM™ reporter dye and the non-fluorescent quencher (NFQ-MGB). Biological groups are not used in this experiment.

The following example shows a plate setup file for a multiplex version of the experiment above, where the assays for the two targets (CCKAR and GH1 targets) are added to the same well. For both TaqMan® assays, the probes are labeled with the FAM™ reporter dye and the non-fluorescent quencher (NFQ-MGB).
### Presence/absence experiments

The following example shows a plate setup file created for a presence/absence experiment to be run on a ViiA™ 7 System. The experiment screens samples for the presence of a pathogen (E. coli O157:H7). The detection assay uses FAM™ and VIC® dye-labeled TaqMan® probes to amplify a unique genomic sequence and an internal positive control (IPC).

- **Instrument Type = ViiA 7**
- **Passive Reference = ROX**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Well</th>
<th>Sample Name</th>
<th>Sample Color</th>
<th>Biogroup Name</th>
<th>Biogroup Color</th>
<th>Target Name</th>
<th>Target Color</th>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Reporter</th>
<th>Quencher</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>IPC</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>IPC</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Pos Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,25,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>IPC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Pos Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,25,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>IPC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Blocked IPC</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,25,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>BlockedIPC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Blocked IPC</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,25,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>BlockedIPC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Blocked IPC</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,25,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(98,25,0)</em></td>
<td>BlockedIPC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Sample01</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Sample01</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Sample01</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>E.coli</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Genotyping experiments

The following example shows a plate setup file created for a genotyping experiment to be run on a ViiA™ 7 System. The experiment screens samples for one SNP targets (rs15934), using a set of allele-specific TaqMan® probes labeled with the FAM™ and VIC® reporter dyes and the non-fluorescent quencher (NFQ-MGB).

- **Instrument Type = ViiA 7**
- **Passive Reference = ROX**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Well</th>
<th>Sample Name</th>
<th>Sample Color</th>
<th>SNP Assay Name</th>
<th>SNP Assay Color</th>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Allele1 Name</th>
<th>Allele1 Color</th>
<th>Allele1 Reporter</th>
<th>Allele1 Quencher</th>
<th>Allele2 Name</th>
<th>Allele2 Color</th>
<th>Allele2 Reporter</th>
<th>Allele2 Quencher</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Neg Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Neg Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Neg Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>All Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>PC_ALLELE_1</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>All Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>PC_ALLELE_1</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>All Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>PC_ALLELE_1</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>All Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>PC_ALLELE_2</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>All Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>PC_ALLELE_2</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>All Control</td>
<td><em>RGB(25,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>NTC</td>
<td>PC_ALLELE_2</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Sample01</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>UNKNW</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Sample01</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>UNKNW</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Sample01</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>UNKNW</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Sample02</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>UNKNW</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Sample02</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>UNKNW</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Sample02</td>
<td><em>RGB(90,0,0)</em></td>
<td>SNP rs15934</td>
<td><em>RGB(75,0,0)</em></td>
<td>UNKNW</td>
<td>G</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>RGB(0,50)</em></td>
<td>FAM</td>
<td>NFQ-MGB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sample file format

The ViiA™ 7 Software can import sample files to populate sample information into an open experiment. A sample file is a tab-delimited ASCII text file (.txt) that contains sample/well designations and custom sample properties. The files can be created manually using a text processor or generated automatically by third-party applications.

IMPORTANT! To guarantee successful import, the file must contain all the elements described in the following section and in the order that they appear.

Note: The command-line application (see page 184) does not import sample files. If you are using the application to create experiments, use plate setup files to import sample information into the new experiments (see “Plate setup file format” on page 192).

File structure

Sample file header row

The sample file begins with an optional header row that contains column headers for well number (“Well”), sample name (“Sample Name”), and optional custom properties names. The order of the columns is important and cannot be changed.

Sample file body

A body of rows, containing the sample data, follows the optional header row. Each body row defines the sample information for a single well on the consumable, including: well number (“Well”), sample name (“Sample Name”), and any applicable custom fields. The body can contain data for a subset of wells on the consumable, so the rows for empty wells can be omitted from the file. The sample body rows can occur in any order.

Example file

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Valid values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable, where the well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.</td>
<td>&lt;Positive integer (1 to 96/384)&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the associated well.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom1…</td>
<td>[Optional] Additional text that describes the sample in the well.</td>
<td>&lt;1024-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example file

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Well</th>
<th>Sample Name</th>
<th>Custom1</th>
<th>Custom2</th>
<th>Custom3</th>
<th>Custom4</th>
<th>Custom5</th>
<th>Custom6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>test1</td>
<td>test2</td>
<td>test3</td>
<td>test4</td>
<td>test5</td>
<td>test6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>…</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Bar code file format

The ViiA™ 7 Software command-line application can import bar code files to populate experiment files (.eds) it generates with bar code information. A bar code file is a tab-delimited ASCII text file (.txt) that contains a list of bar codes. The files can be created manually using a text processor or generated automatically by third-party applications.

**IMPORTANT!** To guarantee successful import, the file must contain all the elements described in the following section and in the order that they appear.

File structure

The bar code file contains a list of bar codes, where each line defines a single bar code terminated by a carriage return. The bar codes can occur in any order and cannot contain starting or trailing white space.

**Note:** The ViiA™ 7 Software command-line application does not validate the bar codes.

Example file

- HA996346102
- IB894812348
- DD834814679
- EK209825848
- AF092387348
- FF225676243

Assay information file

The ViiA™ 7 Software command-line application can import data for Applied Biosystems assays from assay information files (.aif), which is shipped on a CD with each assay order. The .aif contains technical details about all assays in the shipment. It includes information about assay concentrations; reporters and quenchers used; part and lot numbers; and assay, vial, and plate ID numbers. The file name includes the number from the bar code on the plate.
Export formats and file specifications

This section describes the export formats supported by the ViiA™ 7 Software. The information provided in this appendix is intended for users who want to integrate the ViiA™ 7 Software with third-party applications, including downstream analysis software and laboratory information management system (LIMS) tools.

Note: The file specifications listed in this appendix are subject to change. For updated information, review the ViiA™ 7 Software Release Notes found at: D:\AppliedBiosystems\ViiA7 Software\release-notes.html.

Export formats

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export setup and results data from experiment files (.eds) in several file formats that allow further downstream analysis. The export formats feature standardized data structures and markup to maximize accessibility by downstream applications.

The ViiA™ 7 Software supports the following export formats:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File format</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ViiA™ 7 export file</td>
<td>A ViiA™ 7-formatted text file that contains setup and/or results data exported from an experiment file (.eds).</td>
<td>page 200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7900 export file</td>
<td>A legacy 7900-formatted text file that contains setup and/or results data exported from an experiment file (.eds).</td>
<td>page 216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RDML export file</td>
<td>A compressed XML file that contains setup and/or results data exported from an experiment file (.eds) and parsed in Real-time PCR Data Markup Language (RDML). The file is stored as a compressed file using the PKZIP archive format.</td>
<td>page 222</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Export formats and the ViiA™ 7 Software API

The export formats can be used in combination with the ViiA™ 7 Software application programming interface (API) to integrate the ViiA™ 7 System into a laboratory information management system (LIMS) workflow.
ViiA™ 7 export format

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export setup and results data from experiment files (.eds) to tab-delimited text files (.txt) in a native ViiA™ 7 System export format. Data exported in the ViiA™ 7 export format can be opened by common spreadsheet applications, such as Microsoft Excel®, or imported by laboratory information management system (LIMS) applications or databases that have been configured to parse the file format.

File structure

The following table shows the data structure common to data exported in the ViiA™ 7 export format, regardless of experiment type. Each row represents one or more lines of data in the exported file corresponding to a common functional group. Because the ViiA™ 7 export format allows the user to customize and/or omit columns. The columns and orders described below are the default configuration: all columns in their natural order. Actual files may contain fewer columns if the user modified the configuration.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>File header</td>
<td>Describes the qualities of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument used to run the experiment and several general experiment properties, such as the date and time of the run and the dye used as the passive reference.</td>
<td>page 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample setup data</td>
<td>Describes the configuration of samples on the experiment consumable, including sample location, target or SNP assay properties, and task assignments.</td>
<td>page 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw data</td>
<td>Contains the raw data collected by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument during the experiment run.</td>
<td>page 204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amplification data</td>
<td>Contains the normalized data collected during the cycling stage of PCR amplification, which the ViiA™ 7 Software uses to generate the amplification plot.</td>
<td>page 205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> Not applicable for presence/absence, genotyping, or melting curve experiments that are run without a PCR (cycling) stage.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multicomponent data</td>
<td>Contains the spectral data used by the ViiA™ 7 Software to generate the multicomponent plot that displays the contribution of each dye over the duration of the PCR run.</td>
<td>page 205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Results data</td>
<td>Contains the normalized, processed, and analyzed data generated by the ViiA™ 7 Software.</td>
<td>page 206</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
File header

The plate setup file begins with a header that describes the qualities of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument used to run the experiment and several other general experiment properties. Each line starts with an asterisk (*) and ends with a carriage return in the following pattern:

```
* <field name> = <field value>
```

**Note:** The ViiA™ 7 Software automatically removes any leading and trailing white space around the field name and field value.

The header contains the lines listed in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Block Type</td>
<td>The model of the sample block installed to the ViiA™ 7 Instrument at the time the experiment was run.</td>
<td>96/384-well or array card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration Expired</td>
<td>Expiration status of the calibration. Indicates whether the calibration of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument was current at the time that the experiment was run.</td>
<td>Yes or No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>The chemistry of the experiment.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experiment File Name</td>
<td>The path to the experiment file on the local computer hard drive.</td>
<td>&lt;filepath&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experiment Name</td>
<td>The name of experiment entered into the Experiment Name field.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experiment Run End Time</td>
<td>The date and time that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument finished running the experiment.</td>
<td>&lt;date and time&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experiment Type</td>
<td>The type of chemistry application for which the experiment is designed.</td>
<td>Standard Curve, Presence/Absence, Relative Standard Curve, or DDCt Quantification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Type</td>
<td>The model of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument that ran the experiment.</td>
<td>ViiA 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passive Reference</td>
<td>The dye used as a passive reference (or blank if the consumable did not contain one).</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal Smoothing On</td>
<td>The smoothing setting status for the experiment. Indicates whether smoothing is turned on for the experiment.</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage\Cycle where Analysis is performed</td>
<td>The stage and cycle during the thermal cycling protocol when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument collected data.</td>
<td>Stage &lt;integer&gt;, Step &lt;integer&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration Date</td>
<td>The date and time that the current background, ROI, uniformity, or pure dye calibration was performed and when it will expire.</td>
<td>&lt;date and time&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration Expiration Date</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument serial number</td>
<td>The serial number of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument that ran the experiment.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantification cycle method</td>
<td>The method of quantification for the associated experiment.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sample setup data

When selected as an export option, the ViIA™ 7 Software exports sample setup data after the file header. The sample setup data describes the sample configuration on the experiment consumable, including positions, sample names, task assignments, assay information, and color coding.

The data consists of a column header followed by the sample data fields, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. If a well contains more than one assay (target), the ViIA™ 7 Software lists the data for each additional assay on separate rows, repeating the well number and sample information. The data included in the sample setup data export varies depending on experiment type.

This section describes the following sample setup data formats:
- Quantification and presence/absence experiments .................................................. 202
- Genotyping experiments ......................................................................................... 203

Quantification and presence/absence experiments

The table below describes the sample setup data that can be exported from absolute quantification, relative quantification, or presence/absence experiments. The body can contain all or some of the data columns below depending on the export configuration.

Note: For genotyping experiments, see “Genotyping experiments” on page 203.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Color</td>
<td>The RGB color of the associated sample.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB(&lt;r&gt;,&lt;g&gt;,&lt;b&gt;)&quot; §</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of one target in the well, if applicable. If a well contains multiple targets one row is used per target.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Color</td>
<td>The RGB color of the associated SNP assay.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB(&lt;r&gt;,&lt;g&gt;,&lt;b&gt;)&quot; §</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task the target is used for in this well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN, STANDARD, IPC, NTC, or BlockedIPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Standard quantity [if applicable]. This column only appears for Standard Curve and Relative Standard Curve experiments</td>
<td>Float or Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>Additional text that describes the well.</td>
<td>1024-character string</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
§ Contains [r]ed, [b]lue, and [g]reen color values, each between 0 to 255. The field is enclosed in double quotes with no spaces between the values.
Genotyping experiments

The table below describes the sample setup data that can be exported from a genotyping experiment. The body can contain all or some of the data columns below depending on the export configuration.

**Note:** For all other experiments, see “Quantification and presence/absence experiments” on page 202.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Color</td>
<td>The RGB color of the associated sample.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot; §</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNP Assay Name</td>
<td>The name of the SNP assay applied to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNP Assay Color</td>
<td>The RGB color of the associated SNP assay.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot; §</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assignment of the SNP assay at the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Name</td>
<td>The name of the first allele for the associated SNP assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Color</td>
<td>The RGB color of the first allele for the associated SNP assay.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot; §</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the first allele.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the first allele.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Name</td>
<td>The name of the second allele for the associated SNP assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Color</td>
<td>The RGB color of the second allele for the associated SNP assay.</td>
<td>&quot;RGB (&lt;r&gt;, &lt;g&gt;, &lt;b&gt;)&quot; §</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the second allele.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the second allele.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>Additional text that describes the well</td>
<td>1024-character string</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
§ Contains (r)ed, (b)lue, and (g)reen color values, each between 0 to 255. The field is enclosed in double quotes with no spaces between the values.
Raw data

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export the unprocessed raw data (R) collected by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument during the experiment run. The raw data consists of fluorescence readings collected by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument that have not been normalized to the passive reference.

The section begins with a column header followed by the raw data, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. Each line of raw data consists of readings sorted by bin, where each bin represents an excitation/emission filter pair that was selected during experiment setup. The bins are named for the corresponding filter combination according to the following convention:

\(<\text{excitation filter name}>-<\text{emission filter name}>\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle</td>
<td>The cycle of the run during which the ViiA™ 7 Instrument recorded the fluorescence.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Bin #&gt;</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence for the well measured by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument for the associated bin at the designated cycle.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Amplification data

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export the processed amplification data used to generate the amplification plot of a real-time PCR experiment. The amplification data ($R_n$) are the raw fluorescence readings collected by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument normalized to the fluorescence from the passive reference. If available, the exported amplification data also exports the baseline-compensated normalized fluorescence data ($\Delta R_n$) calculated by the ViiA™ 7 Software.

The section begins with a column header followed by the amplification data, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. If a well contains more than one assay (target), the ViiA™ 7 Software lists the data for each additional assay on separate rows, repeating the well number and sample information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle</td>
<td>The cycle of the run during which the ViiA™ 7 Instrument recorded the fluorescence.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>Genotyping experiments – The name of the SNP assay assigned to the well and the allele name.</td>
<td>$&lt;$SNP assay name$&gt;$-$&lt;$allele name$&gt;$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All other experiments – The name of the target assigned to the well.</td>
<td>Name of the target</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence for the associated well normalized to the fluorescence of the passive reference dye (reporter signal or passive reference signal).</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Rn</td>
<td>The baseline compensated $R_n$ value for the associated well</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.

Multicomponent data

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export the data used to generate the multicomponent plot of a real-time PCR experiment. The multicomponent data tracks the raw fluorescence of all reporter dyes present on the reaction consumable throughout the duration of the experiment run.

The section begins with a column header followed by the multicomponent data, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. The multicomponent data contains a dye column for each dye present on the reaction consumable, including reporter dyes, quencher dyes (except non-fluorescent dyes), and the passive reference.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle</td>
<td>The cycle of the run during which the ViiA™ 7 Instrument recorded the fluorescence data.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$&lt;$Dye name$&gt;$</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence for the designated dye measured by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument at the specified well and cycle.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Results data

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export the results data from an analyzed experiment file. The format and content of the results data depends on the experiment type and the analysis settings.

The section begins with a column header followed by the results data, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. If a well contains more than one assay (target), the ViiA™ 7 Software lists the data for each additional assay on separate rows, repeating the well number and sample information.

This section describes the following results data formats:

- Standard curve, relative standard curve and comparative CT ............... 207
- Genotyping .................................................................................... 210
- Melting curve .................................................................................. 211
- Presence/absence ............................................................................ 212
- Study data ...................................................................................... 213
- Technical replicate results ................................................................. 209
- Technical analysis result (study) ....................................................... 214
- Biological replicate results ............................................................... 208
- BioGroup analysis results (study) .................................................... 215
Standard curve, relative standard curve and comparative C<sub>T</sub>

The following table describes the results data exported from standard curve, relative standard curve and comparative C<sub>T</sub> experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)&lt;sup&gt;‡&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay added to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN, NTC, or STANDARD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>The calculated threshold cycle (C&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;) for the target at the specified well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average C&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the average C&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; of the replicate wells for the specified target.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>• Unknown wells – The calculated quantity for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard wells – The quantity assigned to the standard at the well.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity Mean</td>
<td>• Unknown wells – The average quantity of the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard wells – The quantity assigned to the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the average quantity of the replicate wells for the target/sample combination</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct</td>
<td>Whether the threshold was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threshold</td>
<td>The threshold cycle (C&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;) for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct</td>
<td>Whether the baseline was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline</td>
<td>The first cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Start</td>
<td>The last cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline End</td>
<td>The contents of the custom text fields found in the Results table of the experiment.</td>
<td>1024-character string (per field)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom1...</td>
<td>If analysis flags are present, results data is present in additional columns named for the associated flags.</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>‡</sup> Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Biological replicate results

The following table describes the results data exported from high resolution melting curve experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biogroup Name</td>
<td>The name of the biological replicate group.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ</td>
<td>The relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Min</td>
<td>The minimum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The lower limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Max</td>
<td>The maximum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The upper limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average $C_T$ of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average $\Delta C_T$ of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the $\Delta C_T$ for the replicate well. Depending on the analysis settings, this column may by replaced with “Delta Ct SE” (the standard error of the $\Delta C_T$).</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Delta Ct</td>
<td>The $\Delta \Delta C_T$ value of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Technical replicate results

The following table describes the results data exported from high resolution melting curve experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN OF NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ</td>
<td>The relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Min</td>
<td>The minimum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The lower limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Max</td>
<td>The maximum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The upper limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average C(T) of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average ΔC(T) of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the ΔC(T) for the replicate well. Depending on the analysis settings, this column may be replaced with “Delta Ct SE” (the standard error of the ΔC(T)).</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Delta Ct</td>
<td>The ΔΔC(T) value of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Genotyping

The following table describes the results data exported from genotyping experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNP Assay Name</td>
<td>The name of the SNP assay added to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Rn</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence associated with the allele 1 probe of the SNP assay at</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the well normalized to the fluorescence of the passive reference dye.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Rn</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence associated with the allele 2 probe of the SNP assay at</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the well normalized to the fluorescence of the passive reference dye.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass. Ref</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence of the passive reference at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality(%)</td>
<td>The confidence of the automatic allele call.</td>
<td>Float (1 to 100)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call</td>
<td>The allele call assigned to the sample at the specified well.</td>
<td>Homozygous (&lt;allele x[/allele x]&gt;, &lt;allele x[/allele y]&gt;, or Negative Control (NC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>The method used to call alleles.</td>
<td>Auto or Manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Automatic Ct Threshold</td>
<td>Whether the allele 1 threshold was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Baseline Start</td>
<td>The start cycle used to calculate the baseline section of allele 1.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Baseline End</td>
<td>The end cycle used to calculate the baseline section of allele 1.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Automatic Ct Threshold</td>
<td>Whether the allele 2 threshold was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Baseline Start</td>
<td>The first cycle used to calculate the baseline for allele 2.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Baseline End</td>
<td>The last cycle used to calculate the baseline for allele 2.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom1…Custom6</td>
<td>The contents of the custom text fields found in the Results table of the experiment.</td>
<td>1024-character string (per field)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Melting curve

The following table describes the results data exported from melting curve experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>The calculated threshold cycle (C_T) for the target at the specified well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average (C_T) of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the average (C_T) of the replicate wells for the specified target.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>• Unknown wells – The calculated quantity for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard wells – The quantity assigned to the standard at the well.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity Mean</td>
<td>• Unknown wells – The average quantity of the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard wells – The quantity assigned to the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the average quantity of the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Threshold</td>
<td>Whether the threshold was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Threshold</td>
<td>The threshold cycle (C_T) for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Baseline</td>
<td>Whether the baseline was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Start</td>
<td>The first cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline End</td>
<td>The last cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tm1… Tm3</td>
<td>The first, second, and third melting temperatures (T_m) calculated in degrees Celsius.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>Additional text that describes the well.</td>
<td>1024-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom1…Custom6</td>
<td>The contents of the custom text fields found in the Results table of the experiment.</td>
<td>1024-character string (per field)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
## Presence/absence

The following table describes the results data exported from presence/absence experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence for the associated well normalized to the fluorescence of the passive reference dye.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn Mean</td>
<td>The averaged normalized fluorescence ( R_n ) for the associated replicate wells that contain the same target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the normalized fluorescence ( R_n ) for the associated replicate wells that contain the same target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threshold Value</td>
<td>The calculated value of the threshold for a positive call.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call</td>
<td>The presence/absence call assigned to the sample at the specified well.</td>
<td>Negative Control, Blocked IPC Control, IPC Failed, Positive, or Negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>Additional text that describes the well.</td>
<td>1024-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Threshold</td>
<td>Indicates whether the threshold was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Threshold</td>
<td>The threshold cycle ( C_T ) for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Baseline</td>
<td>Indicates whether the baseline was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Start</td>
<td>The first cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline End</td>
<td>The last cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom1…</td>
<td>The contents of the custom text fields found in the Results table of the experiment.</td>
<td>1024-character string (per field)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Study data

The following table describes the results data exported from a study of relative quantification experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Experiment Name</td>
<td>The name of the experiment.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Omitted</td>
<td>Whether the well was omitted from the analysis [true] or included [false].</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ</td>
<td>The relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Min</td>
<td>The minimum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The lower limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Max</td>
<td>The maximum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The upper limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct</td>
<td>The calculated threshold cycle (C_T) for the target at the specified well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average (C_T) of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct</td>
<td>The (\Delta C_T) value of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average (\Delta C_T) of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the (\Delta C_T) for the replicate well. Depending on the analysis settings, this column may by replaced with “Delta Ct SE” (the standard error of the (\Delta C_T)).</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Delta Ct</td>
<td>The (\Delta \Delta C_T) value of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Threshold</td>
<td>Indicates whether the threshold was determined automatically [true] or manually [false].</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Threshold</td>
<td>The threshold cycle (C_T) for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Export formats and file specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct</td>
<td>Whether the baseline was determined automatically (true) or manually (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline</td>
<td>The first cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline End</td>
<td>The last cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency</td>
<td>The calculated efficiency of the target assay for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float (1 to 100)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.

### Technical analysis result (study)

The following table describes the results data exported from high resolution melting curve experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Omitted</td>
<td>Indicates whether the well was omitted from the analysis (true) or included (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ</td>
<td>The relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Min</td>
<td>The minimum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The lower limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Max</td>
<td>The maximum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The upper limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average C&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average ΔC&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the ΔC&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; for the replicate well. Depending on the analysis settings, this column may be replaced with “Delta Ct SE” (the standard error of the ΔC&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;).</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Delta Ct</td>
<td>The ΔΔC&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; value of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BioGroup analysis results [study]

The following table describes the results data exported from high resolution melting curve experiments. Because columns can be omitted from the results, the exported file may contain a subset of the data columns below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biogroup Name</td>
<td>The name of the biological replicate group.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target</td>
<td>The name of the target assay assigned to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOW OR NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Omitted</td>
<td>Indicates whether the well was omitted from the analysis (true) or included (false).</td>
<td>true or false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># Tech Replicates</td>
<td>The number of technical replicates in the associated biological replicate group.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ</td>
<td>The relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Min</td>
<td>The minimum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The lower limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RQ Max</td>
<td>The maximum relative quantity calculated for the replicate wells of the target/sample combination. The upper limit of the confidence interval.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average C_T of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average ΔC_Τ of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the ΔC_Τ for the replicate well. Depending on the analysis settings, this column may by replaced with &quot;Delta Ct SE&quot; (the standard error of the ΔC_Τ).</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta Delta Ct</td>
<td>The ΔΔC_Τ value of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7900 export format

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export setup and results data from experiment files (.eds) to tab-delimited text files (txt) in a legacy export format of the Applied Biosystems 7900HT Real-Time PCR System. The 7900 export format features a standardized data structure and markup to maximize accessibility by downstream applications. Data exported in the ViiA™ 7 export format can be opened by common spreadsheet applications, such as Microsoft Excel®, or imported by laboratory information management system (LIMS) applications that have been configured to parse the file format.

Note: Due to the very different nature of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument some export types are not available.

Note: Column customization (sorting and omission) is not available. Only multiple tab-delimited text files are supported.

Exportable files

The following table shows the data files that the ViiA™ 7 Software can export in the 7900 export format. Each row represents a single exportable data file.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Setup file</td>
<td>Describes the configuration of samples on the experiment consumable, including sample location, target or SNP assay properties, and task assignments.</td>
<td>page 217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multicomponent file</td>
<td>Contains the spectral data used by the ViiA™ 7 Software to generate the multicomponent plot that displays the contribution of each dye over the duration of the PCR run.</td>
<td>page 218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Results file</td>
<td>Contains the normalized, processed, and analyzed data generated by the ViiA™ 7 Software.</td>
<td>page 219</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Setup file

When setup file is selected as an export option, the ViiA™ 7 Software exports sample setup data to a stand-alone file. The sample setup file describes the sample configuration on the experiment consumable, including sample and assay data, positions, and task assignments.

File header

The file begins with several lines, shown in the following table, that describe the experiment file and the ViiA™ 7 Instrument for which it is designed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>File Version</td>
<td>Defines the version of Setup File format used to generate the document.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate Size</td>
<td>Defines the number of wells in the plate modeled by the file (for example, 96/384).</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate ID</td>
<td>Defines the ID of the Assay Plate. Normally this is a barcode printed on the plate.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*** Setup File Version  <version number>
*** Output Plate Size  <number of wells>
*** Output Plate ID    <plate id>

Assay [detector] data

The assay data describes the qualities of the target assays present on the consumable. (In the context of the 7900HT System, target assays are referred to as “detectors.”) The section consists of multiple lines that define the total target assays followed by a column header and tab-separated data. The first line defines the total number of target assays on the consumable formatted as follows:

*** Number of Detectors  <number of assays>

The column header defines the columns of exported data followed by one or more lines, where each row defines the properties of a single assay separated by tab characters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Detector</td>
<td>The name of one target in the well, if applicable. If a well contains multiple targets one row is used per target.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quencher</td>
<td>The quencher dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>The standard.</td>
<td>1024-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>The additional text that describes the well.</td>
<td>1024-character string</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Well data

After the assay data, the ViiA™ 7 Software exports the well data that describes the configuration of samples and assays on the experiment consumable. The table below describes the well data that can be exported from absolute quantification, relative quantification, or presence/absence experiments. If a well contains more than one assay, the ViiA™ 7 Software lists the setup data for each additional assay in additional columns to the right of the existing data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detector Name</td>
<td>The name of one target assay applied to the well, if applicable.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>Task the target is used for in this well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN, STANDARD, or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>The standard quantity (if applicable). This column only appears for Standard Curve and Relative Standard Curve experiments</td>
<td>Float or Integer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.

Multicomponent file

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export the data used to generate the multicomponent plot of a real-time PCR experiment. The multicomponent data tracks the raw fluorescence of all reporter dyes present on the reaction consumable throughout the duration of the experiment run.

The file begins with a line that names the export format (SDS 2.3) and the type of data contained by the file (multicomponent). A column header occurs next followed by the multicomponent data, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. The multicomponent data contains a dye column for each dye present on the reaction consumable, including reporter dyes, quencher dyes (except non-fluorescent dyes), and the passive reference.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time</td>
<td>The time in milliseconds after the start of the run when the reading was taken.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp</td>
<td>The temperature [°C] of the sample when the ViiA™ 7 Instrument recorded the fluorescence data.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle</td>
<td>The cycle of the run during which the ViiA™ 7 Instrument recorded the fluorescence data.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Dye name&gt;</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence for the designated dye measured by the ViiA™ 7 Instrument at the specified well and cycle.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Results file

When selected as an export option, the ViiA™ 7 Software exports sample setup data to a stand-alone file. The sample setup file describes the sample configuration on the experiment consumable, including sample and assay data, positions, and task assignments.

File header

The file begins with a line that names the export format (SDS 2.3) and the type of data contained by the file (Std Results). The following lines, listed in the table below, describe the qualities of the ViiA™ 7 Instrument and several other general experiment properties.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filename</td>
<td>The path to the experiment file on the local computer hard drive.</td>
<td>&lt;filename&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PlateID</td>
<td>The plate identifier entered into the bar code filed of the experiment.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assay Type</td>
<td>The type of chemistry application for which the experiment is designed.</td>
<td>Standard Curve, Presence/Absence, Relative Standard Curve, or DDCt Quantification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Run Datetime</td>
<td>The date and time that the ViiA™ 7 Instrument finished running the experiment.</td>
<td>&lt;date and time&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operator</td>
<td>The user logged into the ViiA™ 7 Software at the time the experiment was run.</td>
<td>&lt;100-character string&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThermalCycleParams</td>
<td>The thermal cycling profile for the experiment.</td>
<td>96/384-well or array card</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export the results data from an analyzed experiment file. The format and content of the results data depends on the experiment type and the analysis settings.

The section begins with a column header followed by the results data, where each row contains the data for a single well separated by tab characters. If a well contains more than one assay (target), the ViiA™ 7 Software lists the data for each additional assay on separate rows, repeating the well number and sample information.

This section describes the following results data formats:

- Standard Curve, Relative Standard Curve and Comparative CT experiments. 220
- Genotyping experiments ......................................................... 221
Standard Curve, Relative Standard Curve and Comparative $C_T$ experiments

The following table describes the results data exported from standard curve, relative standard curve and comparative $C_T$ experiments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer (1 to 96/384)‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detector Name</td>
<td>The name of the target assay added to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporter</td>
<td>The reporter dye that labels the probe for the target assay.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN, NTC, or STANDARD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>The calculated threshold cycle ($C_T$) for the target at the specified well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>• Unknown wells – The calculated quantity for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard wells – The quantity assigned to the standard at the well.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity Mean</td>
<td>• Unknown wells – The average quantity of the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard wells – The quantity assigned to the replicate wells for the target/sample.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the average quantity of the replicate wells for the target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Median</td>
<td>The median $C_T$ of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Mean</td>
<td>The average $C_T$ of the replicate wells for the specified target/sample combination.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct SD</td>
<td>The standard deviation of the average $C_T$ of the replicate wells for the specified target.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Baseline</td>
<td>Indicates whether the baseline was determined automatically [true] or manually [false].</td>
<td>TRUE or FALSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Start</td>
<td>The first cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline End</td>
<td>The last cycle used to calculate the baseline.</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Ct Threshold</td>
<td>Indicates whether the threshold was determined automatically [true] or manually [false].</td>
<td>TRUE or FALSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ct Threshold</td>
<td>The threshold cycle ($C_T$) for the sample at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
Genotyping experiments

The following table describes the results data exported from genotyping experiments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well</td>
<td>The number of the well on the consumable.</td>
<td>Integer [1 to 96/384]‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Name</td>
<td>The name of the sample contained by the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNP Assay Name</td>
<td>The name of the SNP assay added to the well.</td>
<td>100-character string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele1 Rn</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence associated with the allele 1 probe of the SNP assay at the well normalized to the fluorescence of the passive reference dye.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allele2 Rn</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence associated with the allele 2 probe of the SNP assay at the well normalized to the fluorescence of the passive reference dye.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call</td>
<td>The allele call assigned to the sample at the specified well.</td>
<td>Homozygous &lt;allele x/allele x&gt;, Heterozygous &lt;allele x/allele y&gt;, or Negative Control (NC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality(%)</td>
<td>The confidence of the automatic allele call.</td>
<td>Float [1 to 100]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>The method used to call alleles.</td>
<td>Auto or Manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>The task assigned to the target in the well.</td>
<td>UNKNOWN or NTC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass. Ref</td>
<td>The raw fluorescence of passive reference at the well.</td>
<td>Float</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

‡ Well numbers start at 1 for well A1 (upper-left corner) and increase from left to right and from top to bottom.
RDML export format

The ViiA™ 7 Software can export data from real-time quantitative PCR experiments as well-formed Real-time PCR Data Markup Language (RDML), a structured extensible markup language (XML) standard for quantitative PCR (qPCR) data. In combination with the Minimal Information (MIQPCR) guidelines, the RDML element structure describes all aspects of a qPCR experiment, including setup, analysis, and data interpretation. The exported RDML data is saved as a flat text file that can be used to transfer qPCR data between the ViiA™ 7 Software and third-party applications.

IMPORTANT! The RDML export format is available only for standard curve, gene expression, and relative standard curve experiments.

For more information

The RDML standard is maintained by the RDML consortium, an organization that consists of key developer groups and a member community. For more information on the RDML format, visit the RDM organization website (www.rdml.org). The website features free data management tools, including an on-line RDML file generator and RDML software libraries.
This appendix covers:

- Instrumentation safety .................................................. 224
  - Symbols on instruments ........................................... 224
  - Locations of safety labels on instruments ..................... 226
  - General instrument safety ........................................ 227
  - Physical hazard safety ............................................ 228
  - Electrical safety .................................................. 228
  - Bar code scanner laser safety ................................... 229
  - Workstation safety ................................................ 229
  - Safety and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) standards ..... 230
- Chemical safety .......................................................... 231
  - General chemical safety .......................................... 231
  - SDSs ........................................................................ 232
  - Chemical waste safety ............................................. 232
  - Biological hazard safety ........................................... 234
- Safety alerts ................................................................. 235
  - General alerts for all chemicals .................................. 235
  - General alerts for instrumentation ............................... 235
  - Specific alerts for instrumentation ............................... 235
## Instrumentation safety

### Symbols on instruments

#### Electrical symbols on instruments

The following table describes the electrical symbols that may be displayed on Applied Biosystems instruments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="on_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the <strong>On</strong> position of the main power switch.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="ground_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates a protective grounding terminal that must be connected to earth ground before any other electrical connections are made to the instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="off_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the <strong>Off</strong> position of the main power switch.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="signal_ground_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates a terminal that may be connected to the signal ground reference of another instrument. This is not a protected ground terminal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="terminal_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates a terminal that can receive or supply alternating current or voltage.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="direct_current_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates that the device receives or supplies direct current or voltage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Safety symbols

The following table describes the safety symbols that may be displayed on Applied Biosystems devices. Each symbol may appear by itself or with text that explains the relevant hazard. These safety symbols may also appear next to DANGERS, WARNINGS, and CAUTIONS that occur in the text of this and other product-support documents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="caution_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates that you should proceed with appropriate caution and consult the product insert for further information. If a product insert does not exist, or if the product insert does not contain the symbol or the required information, consult the user manual.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="pinching_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of a pinching hazard and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="electrical_hazard_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of an electrical shock hazard and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="moving_parts_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of moving parts and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="biological_hazard_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of a biological hazard and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="laser_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of a laser light in the instrument and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="hot_surface_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of a hot surface or other high-temperature hazard and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="ultraviolet_symbol" /></td>
<td>Indicates the presence of an ultraviolet light and to proceed with appropriate caution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following symbol applies to all Applied Biosystems electrical and electronic products placed on the European market after August 13, 2005.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td><strong>Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste.</strong> Follow local municipal waste ordinances for proper disposal provisions to reduce the environmental impact of waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**European Union customers:**
Call your local Applied Biosystems Customer Service office for equipment pick-up and recycling. See [www.appliedbiosystems.com](http://www.appliedbiosystems.com) for a list of customer service offices in the European Union.
Locations of safety labels on instruments

The ViiA™ 7 Instrument contains warnings at the locations shown below:
General instrument safety

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** Use this product only as specified in this document. Using this instrument in a manner not specified by Applied Biosystems may result in personal injury or damage to the instrument.

Moving and lifting the instrument

**CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** The instrument is to be moved and positioned only by the personnel or vendor specified in the applicable site preparation guide. If you decide to lift or move the instrument after it has been installed, do not attempt to lift or move the instrument without the assistance of others, the use of appropriate moving equipment, and proper lifting techniques. Improper lifting can cause painful and permanent back injury. Depending on the weight, moving or lifting an instrument may require two or more persons.

Moving and lifting stand-alone computers and monitors

**WARNING!** Do not attempt to lift or move the computer or the monitor without the assistance of others. Depending on the weight of the computer and/or the monitor, moving them may require two or more people.

Things to consider before lifting the computer and/or the monitor:

- Make sure that you have a secure, comfortable grip on the computer or the monitor when lifting.
- Make sure that the path from where the object is to where it is being moved is clear of obstructions.
- Do not lift an object and twist your torso at the same time.
- Keep your spine in a good neutral position while lifting with your legs.
- Participants should coordinate lift and move intentions with each other before lifting and carrying.
- Instead of lifting the object from the packing box, carefully tilt the box on its side and hold it stationary while someone slides the contents out of the box.

Operating the instrument

Ensure that anyone who operates the instrument has:

- Received instructions in both general safety practices for laboratories and specific safety practices for the instrument.
- Read and understood all applicable Safety Data Sheets (SDSs). See “About SDSs” on page 232.

Cleaning or decontaminating the instrument

**CAUTION!** Before using a cleaning or decontamination method other than those recommended by the manufacturer, verify with the manufacturer that the proposed method will not damage the equipment.
Physical hazard safety

Ultraviolet light

**WARNING! ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT HAZARD.** Looking directly at a UV light source can cause serious eye damage. Never look directly at a UV light source and always prevent others from UV exposure. Follow the manufacturer’s recommendations for appropriate protective eyewear and clothing.

Moving parts

**WARNING! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD.** Moving parts can crush and cut. Keep hands clear of moving parts while operating the instrument. Disconnect power before servicing the instrument.

Electrical safety

**WARNING! ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.** Severe electrical shock can result from operating the Viia™ 7 Instrument without its instrument panels in place. Do not remove instrument panels. High-voltage contacts are exposed when instrument panels are removed from the instrument.

Fuses

**WARNING! FIRE HAZARD.** Improper fuses or high-voltage supply can damage the instrument wiring system and cause a fire. Before turning on the instrument, verify that the fuses are properly installed and that the instrument voltage matches the power supply in your laboratory.

**WARNING! FIRE HAZARD.** For continued protection against the risk of fire, replace fuses only with fuses of the type and rating specified for the instrument.

Power

**WARNING! ELECTRICAL HAZARD.** Grounding circuit continuity is required for the safe operation of equipment. Never operate equipment with the grounding conductor disconnected.

**WARNING! ELECTRICAL HAZARD.** Use properly configured and approved line cords for the voltage supply in your facility.

**WARNING! ELECTRICAL HAZARD.** Plug the system into a properly grounded receptacle with adequate current capacity.

Overvoltage rating

The Viia™ 7 System has an installation (overvoltage) category of II, and is classified as portable equipment.
## Bar code scanner laser safety

### Laser classification
The bar code scanners included with the ViiA™ 7 Instrument are categorized as Class 2 (II) lasers.

### Laser safety requirements
Class 2 (II) lasers are low-power, visible-light lasers that can damage the eyes. Never look directly into the laser beam. The scanner is designed to prevent human access to harmful levels of laser light during normal operation, user maintenance, or during prescribed service operations.

**WARNING! LASER HAZARD.** Class 2 (II) lasers can cause damage to eyes. Avoid looking into a Class 2 (II) laser beam or pointing a Class 2 (II) laser beam into another person’s eyes.

## Workstation safety

Correct ergonomic configuration of your workstation can reduce or prevent effects such as fatigue, pain, and strain. Minimize or eliminate these effects by configuring your workstation to promote neutral or relaxed working positions.

**CAUTION! MUSCULOSKELETAL AND REPETITIVE MOTION HAZARD.** These hazards are caused by potential risk factors that include but are not limited to repetitive motion, awkward posture, forceful exertion, holding static unhealthy positions, contact pressure, and other workstation environmental factors.

To minimize musculoskeletal and repetitive motion risks:

- Use equipment that comfortably supports you in neutral working positions and allows adequate accessibility to the keyboard, monitor, and mouse.
- Position the keyboard, mouse, and monitor to promote relaxed body and head postures.
Safety and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) standards

This section provides information on:

- U.S. and Canadian safety standards
- Canadian EMC standard
- European safety and EMC standards
- Australia and New Zealand EMC standards

U.S. and Canadian safety standards

The instrument has been tested to and complies with standard:


UL 61010-2-010, “Particular Requirements for Laboratory Equipment for the Heating of Materials.”

Canadian EMC standard

This instrument has been tested to and complies with standard:

Cet appareil numerique de la classe B est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada.

European safety and EMC standards

Safety

This instrument meets European requirements for safety (Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC). This instrument has been tested to and complies with standards:


EMC


EN 61326-1:2006 “Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use-Part 1 General EMC requirements.” (Group 1, Class B)

Australia and New Zealand EMC standards

This instrument has been tested to and complies with standard AS/NZS 2064, “Limits and Methods Measurement of Electromagnetic Disturbance Characteristics of Industrial, Scientific, and Medical (ISM) Radio-frequency Equipment.”
Chemical safety

General chemical safety

Chemical hazard warning

**WARNING! CHEMICAL HAZARD.** Before handling any chemicals, refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) provided by the manufacturer, and observe all relevant precautions.

**WARNING! CHEMICAL HAZARD.** All chemicals in the instrument are potentially hazardous. Always determine what chemicals have been used in the instrument before changing reagents or instrument components. Wear appropriate eyewear, protective clothing, and gloves when working on the instrument.

**WARNING! CHEMICAL HAZARD.** Four-liter reagent and waste bottles can crack and leak. Each 4-liter bottle should be secured in a low-density polyethylene safety container with the cover fastened and the handles locked in the upright position. Wear appropriate eyewear, clothing, and gloves when handling reagent and waste bottles.

**WARNING! CHEMICAL STORAGE HAZARD.** Never collect or store waste in a glass container because of the risk of breaking or shattering. Reagent and waste bottles can crack and leak. Each waste bottle should be secured in a low-density polyethylene safety container with the cover fastened and the handles locked in the upright position. Wear appropriate eyewear, clothing, and gloves when handling reagent and waste bottles.

Chemical safety guidelines

To minimize the hazards of chemicals:

- Read and understand the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) provided by the chemical manufacturer before you store, handle, or work with any chemicals or hazardous materials. (See “About SDSs” on page 232.)
- Minimize contact with chemicals. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment when handling chemicals (for example, safety glasses, gloves, or protective clothing). For additional safety guidelines, consult the SDS.
- Minimize the inhalation of chemicals. Do not leave chemical containers open. Use only with adequate ventilation (for example, fume hood). For additional safety guidelines, consult the SDS.
- Check regularly for chemical leaks or spills. If a leak or spill occurs, follow the manufacturer’s cleanup procedures as recommended in the SDS.
- Comply with all local, state/provincial, or national laws and regulations related to chemical storage, handling, and disposal.
SDSs

About SDSs

Chemical manufacturers supply current Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) with shipments of hazardous chemicals to new customers. They also provide SDSs with the first shipment of a hazardous chemical to a customer after an SDS has been updated. SDSs provide the safety information you need to store, handle, transport, and dispose of the chemicals safely.

Each time you receive a new SDS packaged with a hazardous chemical, be sure to replace the appropriate SDS in your files.

Obtaining SDSs

The SDS for any chemical supplied by Applied Biosystems is available to you free 24 hours a day. To obtain SDSs:

1. Go to www.appliedbiosystems.com, click Support, then select SDS.

2. In the Keyword Search field, enter the chemical name, product name, SDS part number, or other information that appears in the SDS of interest. Select the language of your choice, then click Search.

3. Find the document of interest, right-click the document title, then select any of the following:
   - Open – To view the document
   - Print Target – To print the document
   - Save Target As – To download a PDF version of the document to a destination that you choose

Note: For the SDSs of chemicals not distributed by Applied Biosystems, contact the chemical manufacturer.

Chemical waste safety

Chemical waste hazards

⚠️ CAUTION! HAZARDOUS WASTE. Refer to Safety Data Sheets and local regulations for handling and disposal.

⚠️ WARNING! CHEMICAL WASTE HAZARD. Wastes produced by Applied Biosystems instruments are potentially hazardous and can cause injury, illness, or death.

⚠️ WARNING! CHEMICAL STORAGE HAZARD. Never collect or store waste in a glass container because of the risk of breaking or shattering. Reagent and waste bottles can crack and leak. Each waste bottle should be secured in a low-density polyethylene safety container with the cover fastened and the handles locked in the upright position. Wear appropriate eyewear, clothing, and gloves when handling reagent and waste bottles.
Chemical waste safety guidelines

To minimize the hazards of chemical waste:

• Read and understand the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) provided by the manufacturers of the chemicals in the waste container before you store, handle, or dispose of chemical waste.

• Provide primary and secondary waste containers. (A primary waste container holds the immediate waste. A secondary container contains spills or leaks from the primary container. Both containers must be compatible with the waste material and meet federal, state, and local requirements for container storage.)

• Minimize contact with chemicals. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment when handling chemicals (for example, safety glasses, gloves, or protective clothing). For additional safety guidelines, consult the SDS.

• Minimize the inhalation of chemicals. Do not leave chemical containers open. Use only with adequate ventilation (for example, fume hood). For additional safety guidelines, consult the SDS.

• Handle chemical wastes in a fume hood.

• After emptying a waste container, seal it with the cap provided.

• Dispose of the contents of the waste tray and waste bottle in accordance with good laboratory practices and local, state/provincial, or national environmental and health regulations.

Waste disposal

If potentially hazardous waste is generated when you operate the instrument, you must:

• Characterize (by analysis if necessary) the waste generated by the particular applications, reagents, and substrates used in your laboratory.

• Ensure the health and safety of all personnel in your laboratory.

• Ensure that the instrument waste is stored, transferred, transported, and disposed of according to all local, state/provincial, and/or national regulations.

IMPORTANT! Radioactive or biohazardous materials may require special handling, and disposal limitations may apply.
Biological hazard safety

General biohazard

⚠️ **WARNING! BIOHAZARD.** Biological samples such as tissues, body fluids, infectious agents, and blood of humans and other animals have the potential to transmit infectious diseases. Follow all applicable local, state/provincial, and/or national regulations. Wear appropriate protective equipment, which includes but is not limited to: protective eyewear, face shield, clothing/lab coat, and gloves. All work should be conducted in properly equipped facilities using the appropriate safety equipment (for example, physical containment devices). Individuals should be trained according to applicable regulatory and company/institution requirements before working with potentially infectious materials. Read and follow the applicable guidelines and/or regulatory requirements in the following:

In the U.S.:
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services guidelines published in *Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories* (http://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/index.htm)
- Your company’s/institution’s Biosafety Program protocols for working with/handling potentially infectious materials.
- Additional information about biohazard guidelines is available at www.cdc.gov.

In the EU:
Safety alerts

For the definitions of the alert words IMPORTANT, CAUTION, WARNING, and DANGER, see “Safety alert words” on page 14.

General alerts for all chemicals

Avoid contact with (skin, eyes, and/or clothing). Read the SDS, and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves.

General alerts for instrumentation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAUTION!</th>
<th>Before using a cleaning or decontamination method other than those recommended by the Applied Biosystems, verify with Applied Biosystems that the proposed method will not damage the equipment.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WARNING!</td>
<td>This instrument is designed for 12 V, 75 W halogen lamps only.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific alerts for instrumentation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAUTION!</th>
<th>FIRE HAZARD. For continued protection against the risk of fire, replace fuses only with listed and certified fuses of the same type and rating as those currently in the instrument.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAUTION!</td>
<td>PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD. Do not attempt to lift the instrument or any other heavy objects unless you have received related training. Incorrect lifting can cause painful and sometimes permanent back injury. Use proper lifting techniques when lifting or moving the instrument. At least two people are required to lift the instrument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAUTION!</td>
<td>PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD. Do not remove the instrument cover. There are no components inside the instrument that you can safely service yourself. If you suspect a problem, contact an Applied Biosystems Service Representative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARNING!</td>
<td>PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD. The ViiA™ 7 System and lamp are hot! The lamp can become very hot while in use. Allow the lamp to cool for 15 minutes and put on protective, powder-free gloves before handling it.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD. During instrument operation, the sample block can be heated to 100 °C. Before performing the following procedure, be sure to wait until the sample block reaches room temperature.

CAUTION! PHYSICAL INJURY HAZARD. Wear disposable, powder-free gloves when handling the lamp to prevent burns and to prevent shortening the life of the replacement lamp.
The following related documents are shipped with the ViiA™ 7 System:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document</th>
<th>Purpose and audience</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Site Preparation Guide</td>
<td>Explains how to prepare your site to receive and install the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(PN 4445302)</td>
<td>Intended for personnel who schedule, manage, and perform the tasks required to prepare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>your site for installation of the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Quick Reference Card</td>
<td>Explains how to perform genotyping and gene expression experiments using the ViiA™ 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(PN 4448987)</td>
<td>System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intended for laboratory staff who perform experiments using the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration, Maintenance, Networking, and Security (PN 4442661)</td>
<td>Intended for laboratory staff who maintain the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Getting Started Guide</td>
<td>Explains how to perform experiments on the ViiA™ 7 System. The guide functions as both</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(PN 4441434)</td>
<td>a:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Tutorial, using example experiment data provided with the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Guide for your own experiments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intended for laboratory staff who perform experiments using the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR System Automation Accessory</td>
<td>Explains how to integrate a robotic plate handler with the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guide (PN 4442663)</td>
<td>Intended for engineering personnel who are responsible for integrating a robotic plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>handler with the ViiA™ 7 System.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### ViiA™ 7 Software v1 Help

Explains how to use the ViiA™ 7 Software to:
- Set up, run, and analyze experiments using the ViiA™ 7 System.
- Monitor a networked ViiA™ 7 System.
- Calibrate a ViiA™ 7 System.
- Perform an RNase P run.

Intended for laboratory staff who perform experiments using the ViiA™ 7 System, and who are responsible for the maintenance of the ViiA™ 7 System.

---

Portable document format (PDF) versions of this guide and other ViiA™ 7 Instrument Documentation are also available on the ViiA™ 7 Software CD.

**Note:** To open the user documentation included on the *Applied Biosystems ViiA™ 7 Real-Time PCR Instrument Software CD*, use the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader® software available from [www.adobe.com](http://www.adobe.com)

**Note:** For additional documentation, see “Obtaining support” on page 240.
Obtaining information from the Help system

The ViiA™ 7 System has a Help system that describes how to use each feature of the user interface. Access the Help system by doing one of the following:

- Click 📚 in the toolbar of the ViiA™ 7 Software window.
- Select Help ViiA 7 Software Help.
- Press F1.

You can use the Help system to find topics of interest by:

- Reviewing the table of contents
- Searching for a specific topic
- Searching an alphabetized index
Obtaining support

For the latest services and support information for all locations, go to:

www.appliedbiosystems.com

At the Applied Biosystems website, you can:

• Access worldwide telephone and fax numbers to contact Applied Biosystems Technical Support and Sales facilities.
• Search through frequently asked questions (FAQs).
• Submit a question directly to Technical Support.
• Order Applied Biosystems user documents, SDSs, certificates of analysis, and other related documents.
• Download PDF documents.
• Obtain information about customer training.
• Download software updates and patches.
AIF  See assay information file (AIF).

AIX  XML version of the assay information file.

See also assay information file (AIF).

allele  In a diploid organism, one of two DNA sequences found at the same locus (for example, a particular gene), but located on homologous chromosomes. Two corresponding alleles may have the identical sequence, or they may differ somewhat, often at one or more single-base sites (SNPs).

amplicon  A segment of DNA amplified during PCR.

amplification  Part of the instrument run in which PCR amplifies the target. Fluorescence data collected during amplification are displayed in an amplification plot, and the data are used to calculate results.

Note: Only quantitative real-time PCR experiments, not end-point experiments, take amplification data into account.

amplification efficiency (EFF%)  Calculation of the efficiency of the PCR amplification in an experiment. EFF% is calculated using the slope of the regression line in the standard curve. A slope close to −3.32 indicates optimal, 100% PCR amplification efficiency.

amplification plot  Display of data collected during the cycling stage of PCR amplification. The amplification plot can be viewed as:

- Baseline-corrected normalized reporter (ΔRn) vs. cycle
- Normalized reporter (Rn) vs. cycle
- Threshold cycle (C_T) vs. well

amplification stage  Part of the instrument run in which PCR amplifies the target. The amplification stage, called a cycling stage in the thermal profile, consists of denaturing, primer annealing, and extension steps that are repeated. Fluorescence data collected during the extension stage are displayed in an amplification plot, and the data are used to calculate results. With TaqMan chemistry, the last two steps of a PCR stage are typically combined.

See also cycling stage.

assay  In a PCR reaction mix, two target-specific primers or two primers and a probe used to amplify a target.

Assay ID  Identifier assigned by Applied Biosystems to TaqMan® assays.
assay information file (AIF)

Tab-delimited data file on a CD shipped with each assay order. The AIF contains technical details about all assays in the shipment. It includes information about assay concentrations; reporters and quenchers used; part and lot numbers; and assay, vial, and plate ID numbers. The file name includes the number from the bar code on the plate.

background calibration

Type of calibration in which the instrument performs reads of a background plate, averages the spectra recorded during the run, and extracts the resulting spectral component to a calibration file. The software then uses the calibration file during subsequent runs to remove the background fluorescence from the run data.

baseline

In the amplification plot, a cycle-to-cycle range that defines background fluorescence. This range can be set manually on an assay-by-assay basis, or automatically to set each individual well.

baseline-corrected normalized reporter (ΔRn)

The magnitude of normalized fluorescence signal generated by the reporter. In experiments that contain data from real-time PCR, the magnitude of normalized fluorescence signal generated by the reporter at each cycle during the PCR amplification. In the ΔRn vs Cycle amplification plot, ΔRn is calculated at each cycle as:

ΔRn (cycle) = Rn (cycle) − Rn (baseline), where Rn = normalized reporter

See also normalized reporter

baseline threshold algorithm

Expression estimation algorithm (C_T) which subtracts a baseline component and sets a fluorescent threshold in the exponential region for gene quantification.

biological replicates

Reactions that contain identical components and volumes, but evaluate separate samples of the same biological source (for example, samples from three different mice of the same strain, or separate extractions of the same cell line or tissue sample).

When an experiments uses biological replicate groups in a gene expression study, the values displayed in the Biological Replicates tab are calculated by combining the results of the separate biological samples and treating this collection as a single population (that is, as one sample). For ΔC_T computations (normalizing by the endogenous control) in a singleplex experiment, the software treats separate biological samples as unpaired data when computing variability estimates of the single biological replicate. Individual contributions of the separate biological samples to the single biological replicate results are observed in the Technical Replicates tab.

See also technical replicates.

blocked IPC

In presence/absence experiments, a reaction that contains IPC blocking agent, which blocks amplification of the internal positive control (IPC). In ViiA™ 7 Software, also the name of the task for the IPC target in wells that contain IPC blocking agent. See also negative control-blocked IPC wells.

calibrator

See reference sample.

chemistry

See reagents.

C_T

See threshold cycle (CT).
custom dye | Dye that is not precalibrated for an instrument. Custom dyes that fall within the emission wavelength range of the instrument can be added and adapted for use in experiments on the Viia™ 7 Instrument. To use a custom dye, add the dye to the Dye Library and perform a dye calibration.

cycle threshold | See threshold cycle (CT).

cycling stage | In the thermal profile, a stage that is repeated. A cycling stage is also called an amplification stage.
See also amplification stage.

delta Rn ($\Delta Rn$) | See baseline-corrected normalized reporter (DRn).

dye calibration | Type of calibration in which the software collects spectral data from a series of dye standards and stores the spectral information for the dye standards in a pure spectra calibration file. This file is used during experiment runs to characterize and distinguish the individual contribution of each dye in the total fluorescence collected by the instrument.

Dye Library | In the software, a collection of dyes to use in experiments. Custom dyes can be added to the library, but system dyes cannot be removed. Before using a dye, make sure that the dye calibration is current in the Instrument Console.

EFF% | See amplification efficiency (EFF%).

error | The standard error of the slope of the regression line in the standard curve.
The error can be used to calculate a confidence interval (CI) for the slope. Because the amplification efficiency (EFF%) is calculated from the slope, knowing the error allows a CI for the amplification efficiency to be calculated.

experiment | Refers to the entire process of performing a run, including setup, run, and analysis.
You can perform the following types of experiments:
- Quantification - Standard curve
- Quantification - Relative standard curve
- Quantification - Comparative $C_T$ ($\Delta\Delta C_T$)
- Melt Curve
- Genotyping
- Presence/absence

experiment document | The Applied Biosystems name for the electronic records that comprise all information about a particular plate or array card consumable, including metadata (name, bar code, comments), plate setup (well contents, assay definitions), run method (thermal cycling protocol), run results, analysis protocol, analysis results, audit records, and other plate-specific data. Experiment documents have the suffixes .eds (experiment document single), .edt (template), and .edm (multiple).
### Glossary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>experiment name</strong></td>
<td>Entered during experiment setup, the name that is used to identify the experiment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Experiment Setup</strong></td>
<td>A software feature that allows you to set up an experiment according to your experiment design. Experiment Setup provides you with maximum flexibility in the design and setup of your experiment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>experiment type</strong></td>
<td>The type of experiment to perform:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard curve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Comparative C&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt; (ΔΔC&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Relative standard curve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Genotyping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Presence/absence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Melt curve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The experiment type that you select affects setup, run, and analysis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>export</strong></td>
<td>A software feature that allows you to export experiment setup files, experiment results, instrument information, and security and auditing settings to spreadsheet, presentation, or text files. You can edit the default location of the exported file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>filter</strong></td>
<td>Dye excitation and emission filter combination that you select for an experiment. The ViiA™ 7 System includes a six-color filter set that supports FAM™, NED™, ROX™, SYBR® Green, TAMRA™, and VIC® dyes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>flag</strong></td>
<td>A quality control (QC) indicator which, when applied by the software to a well during analysis, indicates a possible issue with that reaction. For example, a flag may be issued if no amplification is detected in a well. Flags indicating potential problems are displayed in the Quality Control tab of the plate layout, well table, and QC Summary screens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>forward primer</strong></td>
<td>Oligonucleotide that flanks the 5′ end of the amplicon. The reverse primer and the forward primer are used together in PCR reactions to amplify the target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>holding stage</strong></td>
<td>In the thermal profile, the stage that holds the temperature constant for a defined period of time. A stage that includes one or more steps. You can add a holding stage to the thermal profile to activate enzymes, to inactivate enzymes, or to incubate a reaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>housekeeping gene</strong></td>
<td>A gene that is involved in basic cellular functions and that may be constitutively expressed. Housekeeping genes may be candidates for use as endogenous controls; however, their constancy should always be validated experimentally. See also endogenous control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>import</strong></td>
<td>A software feature that allows you to import plate setup information or security settings before an experiment run. You can also import information into some libraries in the system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Instrument Console | A software feature that allows you to view information about instruments on the network. In the Instrument Console, you can monitor the status of any instrument on the network; view calibration, maintenance, and instrument properties for a selected instrument; and open and close the instrument drawer.

Instrument Manager | A software feature that allows you to view information about instrument available on the network. In the Instrument Manager, you can monitor the status of an instrument; monitor amplification plots and temperature plots in real time; view the calibration status, perform calibrations and manage files on the instrument, including downloading completed experiments to your computer.

internal positive control (IPC) | In presence/absence experiments, a short synthetic DNA template that is added to PCR reactions. The IPC can be used to distinguish between true negative results (the target is absent in the samples) and negative results caused by PCR inhibitors, incorrect assay setup, or reagent or instrument failure.

IPC | See internal positive control (IPC).

IPC+ | See negative control-IPC wells.

melt curve stage | In the thermal profile, a stage with a temperature increment to generate a melt curve.

melting temperature \( (T_m) \) | The temperature at which 50% of the DNA is double-stranded and 50% of the DNA is dissociated into single-stranded DNA. In a melt curve experiment, the melt curve plot displays the melting temperature.

melting transition region | In Melt Curve experiments, the region before and after the melting temperature (\( T_m \)).

negative control (NC) | The task for targets or SNP assays in wells that contain water or buffer instead of sample. No amplification of the target should occur in negative control wells. Previously called no template control (NTC).

no template control (NTC) | See negative control (NC).

nonfluorescent quencher-minor groove binder (NFQ-MGB) | Molecules that are attached to the 3' end of TaqMan® probes. When the probe is intact, the nonfluorescent quencher (NFQ) prevents the reporter dye from emitting fluorescence signal. Because the NFQ does not fluoresce, it produces lower background signals, resulting in improved precision in quantification. The minor groove binder (MGB) increases the melting temperature \( (T_{m}) \) of the probe without increasing its length, allowing for the design of shorter probes.

normalization calibration | Type of calibration in which the software collects data from the normalization standards, then stores it in a normalization calibration file. This file is used in comparisons of data from multiple instruments within a study.

normalized quantity | Either the \( C_T \) Avg. of the target gene minus the \( C_T \) Avg. of the endogenous control (Comparative \( C_T \) experiments), or the \( Q \) Avg. of the target divided by the \( Q \) Avg. of the endogenous control (Relative Standard Curve experiments).
Glossary

normalized quantity mean

The relative standard curve equivalent of the $\Delta C_T$ mean value found in Comparative $C_T$ experiments (computed as the geometric mean).

normalized quantity SE

The relative standard curve equivalent of the $\Delta C_T$ SE value found in Comparative $C_T$ experiments (computed as the geometric standard error of the mean).

normalized reporter (Rn)

Fluorescence signal from the reporter dye normalized to the fluorescence signal of the passive reference dye (usually ROX dye on Applied Biosystems instruments).

omit well

An action that you perform before reanalysis to omit one or more wells from analysis. Because no algorithms are applied to omitted wells, omitted wells contain no results. You can add wells back in to the analysis; no information is permanently discarded.

outlier

A measurement (such as a $C_T$) that deviates significantly from the measurement of the other replicates for that same sample.

passive reference

A dye that produces fluorescence signal independent of PCR amplification, and that is added to each reaction at a constant concentration. Because the passive reference signal should be consistent across all wells, it is used to normalize the reporter dye signal to account for non-PCR related fluorescence fluctuations caused by minor well-to-well differences in volume. Normalization to the passive reference signal generally results in data with noticeably high precision among technical replicates.

plate layout

An illustration of the grid of wells and assigned content in the reaction plate. The number of rows and columns in the grid depends on the sample block that you use. In the software, you can use the plate layout as a selection tool to assign well contents, to view well assignments, and to view results. The plate layout can be printed, included in a report, exported, and saved as a slide for a presentation.

plate setup file

A file (.txt, .csv, .xml, or .sds) that contains setup information such as the well number, sample name, sample color, target name, dyes, and other reaction plate contents.

point

One standard in a standard curve. The standard quantity for each point in a standard curve is calculated based on the starting quantity and serial factor.

positive control

In genotyping and presence/absence experiments, a DNA sample with a known genotype, homozygous or heterozygous. In the software, the task for the SNP assay in wells that contain a sample with a known genotype.

primer mix

PCR reaction component that contains the forward primer and reverse primer designed to amplify the target.

primer/probe mix

PCR reaction component that contains the primers designed to amplify the target and a TaqMan® probe designed to detect amplification of the target.

pure dye

Fluorescent compound used to calibrate the instrument. See system dye.
**quantification cycle** \(\text{C}_q\)  The fractional PCR cycle used for quantification, according to the Real-time PCR Data Markup Language (RDML) data standard. CT and CRT are the algorithm-specific calculations of \(\text{C}_q\).

**quantity**  In quantification experiments, the amount of target in the samples. Absolute quantity can refer to copy number, mass, molarity, or viral load. Relative quantity refers to the fold-difference between normalized quantity of target in the sample and normalized quantity of target in the reference sample.

**quencher**  A molecule attached to the 3′ end of TaqMan® probes to prevent the reporter from emitting fluorescence signal while the probe is intact. With TaqMan® reagents, a nonfluorescent quencher-minor groove binder (NFQ-MGB) can be used as the quencher. With SYBR® Green reagents, no probe (and therefore no quencher) is used.

**R² value**  Regression coefficient calculated from the regression line in the standard curve. An important quality value, the R² value indicates the closeness of fit between the standard curve regression line and the individual CT data points from the standard reactions. A value of 1.00 indicates a perfect fit between the regression line and the data points.

**raw data plot**  A plot of raw fluorescent signal as detected through each emission filter, used to view raw data for individual wells and at individual cycles.

**reaction mix**  A solution that contains all components to run the PCR reaction, except for the template (sample, standard, or control). Also called a “PCR cocktail”.

**reagents**  The PCR reaction components used to amplify the target and to detect amplification.

**real-time PCR**  Process of collecting fluorescence data during PCR. Data from the real-time PCR are used to calculate results for quantification experiments or to troubleshoot results for genotyping or presence/absence experiments.

**Real-time PCR Data Markup Language (RDML)**  A reporting format that is compliant with the Minimum Information for Publication for Quantitative Real Time Experiments (MIQE) guidelines.

**reference**  In an HRM experiment, the melt curve selected by a user in the difference plot to use as a basis for comparison. The software displays the aligned data as the difference in fluorescence between the reference curve and the other melt curves.

**reference sample**  In relative standard curve and Comparative CT (\(\Delta\Delta\text{C}_T\)) experiments, the sample used as the basis for relative quantification results. Also called the calibrator.

**refSNP ID**  The reference SNP (refSNP) cluster ID. Generated by the Single Nucleotide Polymorphism Database of Nucleotide Sequence Variation (dbSNP) at the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI). The refSNP ID can be used to search the Applied Biosystems Store for an Applied Biosystems SNP Genotyping Assay. Also called an rs number.
Glossary

region of interest (ROI) calibration
Type of calibration in which the software maps the positions of the wells on the sample block of the instrument. The software uses the ROI calibration data to associate increases in fluorescence during a run with specific wells of the plate. A calibration image for each individual filter must be generated to account for minor differences in the optical path.

regression coefficients
Values calculated from the regression line in standard curves, including the $R^2$ value, slope, and y-intercept. You can use the regression coefficients to evaluate the quality of results from the standards. See also standard curve.

regression line
In standard curve and relative standard curve experiments, the best-fit line from the standard curve. Regression line formula:

$$C_T = m \left[ \log (Qty) \right] + b$$

where $m$ is the slope, $b$ is the y-intercept, and Qty is the standard quantity.

See also regression coefficients.

reject well
An action that the software performs during analysis to remove one or more wells from further analysis if a specific flag is applied to the well.

relative standard curve method
An experimental method to determine relative quantities. This method compensates for target and endogenous control efficiency differences within each run. In all experiments, unknown samples and dilution series of template (such as cDNA) are amplified. Following a run, the instrument software interpolates relative quantities for each unknown sample from the appropriate dilution curve, then normalizes the data for each sample (or set of replicates) as follows: target QAvg. $+$ endogenous control QAvg.

replicate group
A user-defined biological grouping. A replicate group may be a set of identical reactions in an experiment.

replicates
Total number of identical reactions containing identical components and identical volumes.

reporter
A fluorescent dye used to detect amplification. With TaqMan® reagents, the reporter dye is attached to the 5′ end. With SYBR® Green reagents, the reporter dye is SYBR® Green dye. SYBR® and HRM-specific dyes are DNA-binding dyes.

reverse primer
An oligonucleotide that flanks the 3′ end of the amplicon. The reverse primer and the forward primer are used together in PCR reactions to amplify the target.

reverse transcriptase
An enzyme that converts RNA to cDNA.

$R_n$
See normalized reporter ($R_n$).

ROX™ dye
A dye supplied by Applied Biosystems and precalibrated on the instrument. ROX dye is used as the passive reference.

rs number
See refSNP ID.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>run method</td>
<td>Definition of the reaction volume and the thermal profile for the instrument run. The run method specifies the temperature, time, ramp, and data collection points for all steps and stages of the instrument run.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sample</td>
<td>The biological tissue or specimen that you are testing for a target gene.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sample definition file</td>
<td>A tab-delimited file (*.txt or *.csv) that contains the following setup information: well number, sample name, and custom sample properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>security, auditing and eSignature</td>
<td>An optional software module that provides:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>System Security</strong> – Controls user access to the software. A default Administrator user account is provided, and you can define additional user accounts and permissions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Auditing</strong> – Tracks changes made to library items, actions performed by users, and changes to the Security and Audit settings. The software automatically audits some actions silently. You can select other items for auditing and specify the audit mode. Provides reports for audited library items, Security and Audit changes, and actions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Electronic Signature (eSignature)</strong> – Controls whether users are permitted, prompted, or required to provide a user name and password when accessing certain software features. You can select which features are controlled and the number of signatures required for access. When authorized persons use this feature, they are creating a legally binding signature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serial factor</td>
<td>In the software, a numeric value that defines the sequence of quantities in the standard curve. The serial factor and the starting quantity are used to calculate the standard quantity for each point in the standard curve. For example, if the standard curve is defined with a serial factor of 1:10 or $10^x$, the difference between any 2 adjacent points in the curve is 10-fold.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>slope</td>
<td>Regression coefficient calculated from the regression line in the standard curve. The slope indicates the PCR amplification efficiency for the assay. A slope of $-3.32$ indicates 100% amplification efficiency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>See also <strong>amplification efficiency (EFF%)</strong> and <strong>regression line</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stage</td>
<td>In the thermal profile, a group of one or more steps. Examples: PCR stage, cycling stage (also called amplification stage), and hold stage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>standard</td>
<td>A sample that you dilute and amplify along with unknown samples. This dilution series can contain known starting quantities of the target of interest (absolute standard curve) or it can be of known dilution factor (relative standard curve). Following the run, the software interpolates the $C_T$ values of the unknowns to this curve, yielding either specific quantities of the target (for absolute curves) or relative quantities (for relative dilution curves).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>See also <strong>standard curve</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Glossary

standard curve

In standard curve and relative standard curve experiments:

- The best-fit line in a plot of the $C_T$ values from the standard reactions plotted against standard quantities. See also regression line.
- A set of standards containing a range of known quantities. Results from the standard curve reactions are used to generate the standard curve. The standard curve is defined by the number of points in the dilution series, the number of standard replicates, the starting quantity, and the serial factor.

standard curve method

Method for determining absolute target quantity in samples. With the standard curve method, the software measures amplification of the target in samples and in a standard dilution series. Data from the standard dilution series are used to generate the standard curve. Using the standard curve, the software interpolates the absolute quantity of target in the samples.

See also standard and standard curve.

standard dilution series

In standard curve and relative standard curve experiments, a set of standards containing a range of known quantities. The standard dilution series is prepared by serially diluting standards. For example, the standard stock is used to prepare the first dilution point, the first dilution point is used to prepare the second dilution point, and so on. In the software, the volumes needed to prepare a standard dilution series are calculated by the number of dilution points, the number of standard replicates, the starting quantity, the serial factor, and the standard concentration in the stock. See also standard curve.

standard quantity

In the PCR reaction, a known quantity. In standard curve experiments, the quantity of target in the standard. In the software, the units for standard quantity can be for mass, copy number, viral load, or other units for measuring the quantity of target. Standard quantity can also refer to dilution factor.

starting quantity

When defining a standard curve in the software, the highest quantity.

step

A component of the thermal profile. For each step in the thermal profile, you can set the ramp rate (ramp increment for melt curve steps), hold temperature, and hold time (duration). You can turn data collection on or off for the ramp or the hold parts of the step. For cycling stages, a step is also defined by the AutoDelta status.

SYBR® Green reagents

PCR reaction components that consist of two primers designed to amplify the target and SYBR® Green dye to facilitate detection of the PCR product.
system dye  Dye supplied by Applied Biosystems and precalibrated on the ViiA™ 7 System. Before you use system dyes in your experiments, make sure the system dye calibration is current in the Instrument Console.

The system dyes are:
- FAM™ dye
- JOE™ dye
- ROX™ dye
- NED™ dye
- SYBR® Green dye
- TAMRA™ dye
- VIC® dye

TaqMan® reagents  PCR reaction components that consist of primers designed to amplify the target and a TaqMan® probe designed to detect amplification of the target.

target  The nucleic acid sequence to amplify and detect.

target color  In the software, a color assigned to a target to identify the target in the plate layout and analysis plots.

task  In the software, the type of reaction performed in the well for the target or SNP assay. Available tasks:
- Unknown
- Negative Control
- Standard (standard curve and relative standard curve experiments)
- Positive control (genotyping experiments)
- IPC (presence/absence experiments)
- Blocked IPC (presence/absence experiments)

technical replicates  Wells containing identical reaction components, including sample; important for evaluating precision.

temperature plot  In the software, a display of temperatures for the instrument cover and instrument block during the instrument run.

template  The type of nucleic acid to add to the PCR reaction.

template file  A user-created file that contains experiment setup information (experiment type, sample names, target name, and thermal conditions) to be used as a starting point for new experiment setup. Template files have an .edt extension.

thermal profile  Part of the run method that specifies the temperature, time, ramp, and data collection points for all steps and stages of the instrument run.
Glossary

**threshold**
- In amplification plots, the level of fluorescence above the baseline and within the exponential growth region. For the Baseline Threshold algorithm, the threshold can be determined automatically or can be set manually.
- In presence/absence experiments, the level of fluorescence above which the software assigns a presence call.

**threshold cycle (CT)**
The PCR cycle number at which the fluorescence meets the threshold in the amplification plot.

**touchscreen**
Instrument display that you touch to control the instrument.

**uniformity calibration**
Type of calibration in which the software measures sample block uniformity. The calibration generates data that compensate for the physical effects of the ViiA™ 7 System filters on data collected during an experiment.

**unknown**
In the software, the task for the target or SNP assay in wells that contain the sample being tested. In quantification experiments, the task for the target in wells that contain a sample with unknown target quantities. In genotyping experiments, the task for the SNP assay in wells that contain a sample with an unknown genotype. In presence/absence experiments, the task for the target in wells that contain a sample in which the presence of the target is not known. In melt curve experiments, the task for the target in wells that contain a sample with an unknown melt curve profile.

**y-intercept**
In the standard curve, the value of y where the regression line crosses the y-axis. The y-intercept indicates the expected threshold cycle (CT) for a sample with quantity equal to 1.
Index

Numerics
128 ASCII character barcode, support 26
7900 export file format 216

A
accessories 176
account
  setup 104
  suspended, activate 107
  suspension 104, 122
  user 106
action log
  contents 113
  display 111, 114, 119
activation, license keys 133
administrator
  auditing 110
  password 101
  security 101
  user role 107
AIF 241
AIF 241
AIX 241
allele 241
altitude requirement 22
amplicon 241
amplification 241
amplification efficiency (EFF%) 241
amplification plot 241
amplification stage 241
annual maintenance tasks 34
APIPA support 88
Applied Biosystems, support 240
archive
  audit records 113
  experiment files 37
  instrument settings 37, 148
arguments, command line
  batch file creation 188
  results exportation 189
array card
  background, creating 166
  calibration 35
  prepare for calibration 38
  prepare for verification 78
Array Card RNase P Kit 75, 177
assay 241
Assay ID 241
assay index file 241
assay information file 185
  file format 198
assay information file (AIF) 242
audit, administrators 110
  action log 111, 113, 114, 119
  archive records 113
  audit actions 113
  audit mode 110
  audit reason settings 110
  audited objects and actions 110
  enable or disable 110
  export records 114
  export settings 120
  import settings 120
  object audit history 111, 114, 119
  overview 101
  purge records 113
  restore records 113
  system configuration history 111, 112, 114, 119
  when security is disabled 110
audit, users
  enter reason for change 122
  overview 121
Autodiscovery, instrument 154

B
background calibration 48, 242
data 49
  perform 51
  troubleshoot 53
  when to perform 48
background fluorescence 49
backup
  experiment files 37
  instrument settings 37, 148
barcode file
  about 185
  format 198
barcode readers 26, 27
barcodes, supported 26
baseline 242
baseline-corrected normalized reporter (DRn) 242
biohazardous waste, handling 234
biological replicate 242
blocked IPC 242

calibration
  array cards 35, 38
  background 48
  consumables 35, 181
  custom dye 168
  dye 60
  kits 177
  normalization 69
  plates 35
  reminders, enable/disable 96
  ROI 42
  uniformity 55
  calibrator 242
  CAUTION, description 14
  chemical safety 231
  chemical waste safety 232, 233
  clearances
    instrument components 21
    required 21
command line application
  command syntax and arguments 188, 189
  running 187
compatibility, third-party software 31
computer
  experiment files, maintenance 37
  hard drives, maintenance 37
  remote monitoring 92, 94
  requirements 30
connections 23
consumables 181
contamination, identification 54
contamination, sample block decontamination 124
control, instrument over a network 88
create
  array cards for calibration 38
  array cards for verification 74
  custom background plate or array card 166
  custom dye plate 170
  experiments from the instrument 143
  custom dye 243
  custom dyes 19, 62
    add to software 171
    calibration 168
    create plate 170
  cycle threshold 242, 243
  cycling stage 243

danger, description 14
data
  background calibration 49
  dye calibration 63
  normalization calibration 69
  ROI calibration 43
  transfer to/from the instrument 95, 145
  uniformity calibration 55
data collection 18
data management 37
date/time, instrument 152
decontamination
  identify contaminants 54
  sample block 124
delta Rn 243
DHCP support 88
dimensions, instrument 20
disable
  calibration reminders 96
  security, instrument 156
  security, software 103
DNS support 88
documentation, related 237
door
  access 24
  side 24
dye calibration 60, 243
data 63
  perform 65
  spectra evaluation 64
  troubleshoot 68
  when to perform 61
Dye Library 243
dyes
  custom 19, 62
  system 19, 62

E
  electrical protective devices 29
  electrical requirements 22
  electrical safety 228
  electromagnetic compatibility standards.
    See EMC standards
  electronic signature, administrators
    actions that allow e-sig 117
    enable or disable 116
    functions that require e-sig 117
    is signed field 122
    when security is disabled 116
  electronic signature, users
    is signed field 122
    signing 122
  EMC standards 230
  enable
    calibration reminders 96
    security, instrument 156
    security, software 103
  ergonomics, safety 229
  error 243
e-sig. See electronic signature
  Ethernet 1 port 25, 88, 91
    define IP settings 154
  experiment document 243
  experiment name 244
  experiment type 18, 244
  experiments
    archive 37
    create from touchscreen 143
    RNase P instrument verification 74
    run from touchscreen 144
    transfer to/from the instrument 95, 145
  export 244
    7900 file format 216
    audit records 114
    audit settings 120
e-sig settings 120
    RDML file format 222
    security settings 120
    user account settings 120
    ViiA 7 file format 200
  export formats 199
    7900 file 216
    RDML file 222
    ViiA 7 file 200
  F
    FAM™ dye 19, 62
  fans, instrument 25
  feet 24, 27
  file
    assay information 185, 198
    barcode 185, 198
    export formats 199
    import formats 191
    plate setup 192
    sample 185, 197
    setup 185
  fill array cards
    calibration 38
    instrument verification 78
  filter 244
  filter sets 19
  firmware, update 132, 150
  flag 244
  fluorescence, background 49
  format
    7900 export file 216
    assay information file 198
    barcode file 198
    plate setup file 192
    RDML export file 222
    sample file 197
    ViiA 7 export file 200
  forward primer 244
  fuse cover 25, 28
  fuse replacement 130
  G
  guidelines
    chemical safety 231
    chemical waste disposal 232
    chemical waste safety 233
    consumable preparation 35
    networking 90
    remote monitoring 94
### H
- halogen lamp. See lamp
- hand-held barcode reader 26
- hard drive maintenance 37
- hazard icons. See safety symbols, on instruments
- hazard symbols. See safety symbols, on instruments
- hazards. See safety

### Handling
- heated cover 24
  - handling 137
  - installation 137
  - temperature setting 152

### Help system, accessing
- 239

### Holding stage
- 244

### Housekeeping gene
- 244

### Humidity requirement
- 22

### I
- icon, instrument 152
- identifying contamination 54
- import 244
  - audit settings 120
  - file formats 191
  - security settings 120
  - user account settings 120
- IMPORTANT, description 14
- installation
  - category 228
  - firmware updates 132
  - halogen lamp 127
  - heated cover 137
  - instrument fuses 130
  - license keys 133
  - network 88
  - operating system updates 131
  - plate adapter 135, 139
  - software 30
  - software updates 132
  - specification 76
  - third-party software 31

### Instrument
- 18, 24, 25
  - accessories 176
  - APIPA support 88
  - Autodiscovery 154
  - background calibration 48
  - control/monitor over a network 88
  - data transfer 95
  - date/time setting 152
  - DHCP support 88
  - dye calibration 60, 168
  - electrical requirements 22
  - environmental requirements 22
  - Ethernet 1 port 88
  - exhaust venting 22
  - filter sets 19
  - fuse, replacement 130
  - heated cover temperature 152
  - installation 164
  - installation specification 76
  - IPV4LL 88
  - layout and connections 23
  - log 157
  - maintenance 34, 147
  - maintenance reminders 153
  - mDNS/DNS support 88
  - moving 163
  - name setting 152
  - network setting 154
  - networking 88, 91
  - normalization calibration 69
  - operation, safety 227
  - power on/off 160, 161
  - RNase P experiment 74
  - ROI calibration 42
  - security 156
  - self test 149
  - settings 37, 148
  - Smart Monitoring 154
  - software 30
  - specifications 20
  - standby 160
  - standby time-out 152
  - static IP support 88
  - statistics 155
  - storage 162
  - system shortcuts 155
  - touchscreen 24, 142
  - uniformity calibration 55
  - verification 77, 78
Instrument Console 245
Instrument Manager 245
instrument verification
  perform 79
  troubleshoot 83
internal positive control (IPC) 245
IP settings, Ethernet 1 port 154
IPv4 link-local (IPV4LL) 88
is signed field 122

K
keys, software 133

L
lamp 24
  replacement 127
laser classification 229
laser safety
  bar code scanner 229
  requirements 229
layout
  instrument 23
  network 89
License Central 133
licenses, software 133
lifespan, lamp 127
line conditioner, requirements 29
location requirement 22
log in, user account 121
log, instrument 157
logged-in user name
  display 107
  in user account 106

M
maintenance
  background calibration 48
  computer hard drives 37
  dye calibration 60
  experiment files 37
  instrument 147
  instrument settings 37, 148
  normalization calibration 69
  reminders 153
  RNase P instrument verification experiment 74
  ROI calibration 42
  schedule 34
  software licenses 133
  uniformity calibration 55
materials
  accessories 176
  consumables 181
  kits 177
mDNS support 88
melting temperature (Tm) 245
monitoring, instrument over a network 88
monthly maintenance tasks 34
moving and lifting safety
  computers and monitors 227
  instrument 227
moving parts, safety 228
moving the instrument 163
MSDSs
  about 14
  description 232
  obtaining 232, 240

N
name, instrument 152
NED™ dye 19, 62
negative control (NC) 245
network
  computer setup 92
  guidelines 90
  instrument setup 91
  layouts 89
  overview 88
  settings, instrument 154
no template control 245
nonfluorescent quencher-minor groove binder 245
normalization calibration 69, 245
  data 69
  perform 71
  troubleshoot 73
  when to perform 69
normalized quantity 245
normalized quantity mean 246
normalized quantity SE 246
normalized reporter (Rn) 246
notifications
  maintenance reminders 153
  security, auditing, electronic signature 105
NTC 245

O
object audit history, display 111, 114, 119
omit outliers 79
omit well 246
online Help. See Help system
operating system, update 131
optical calibration
  perform 57
  troubleshoot 53
order
  calibration and verification kits 177
  from the software 174
  from the website 175
  how to 174
outlier 246
outlier removal 79
outlier, removal for installation specification 76
overvoltage category (rating) 228

P
passive reference 246
password
  administrator 101
  changing 121
  expiration 104
  restrictions 104
pdf
  action log 111, 114, 119
  audit reports 113
perform
  background calibration 51
  dye calibration 65
  normalization calibration 71
  optical calibration 57
  RNase P instrument verification 79
  ROI calibration 45
  uniformity calibration 57
permissions, user account 107, 121
physical hazard safety 228
plate
  background calibration 50
  dye calibration 64
  normalization calibration 70
  RNase P instrument verification 77
  ROI calibration 44, 56
  signing 122
plate adapter 24
  installation 139
plate layout 246
plate preparation
  guidelines 35
plate setup file 246
  file format 192
plates, calibration 35
pollution requirement 22
port
  Ethernet 1 25, 88, 91
  RS232 (serial) 25, 28
  USB 25
positions, robot racks 28
positive control 246
power
  LED 27
  port 25, 28
  requirements 22
  switch, instrument 25
power line regulator 29
power on/off the instrument 160, 161
prepare
  array cards 38, 78
  background calibration plate 50
  custom dye plate 170
  dye calibration plates 64
  normalization calibration plate 70
  plate for instrument verification 77
  RNase P experiment 77
  ROI calibration plate 44, 56
  primer mix 246
primer/probe mix 246
print
  action logs 111, 114, 119
  audit reports 113
  user report 109
protective devices, electrical 29
pure dye 246
purge, audit records 113

Q
quantity 247
quencher 247

R
R2 value 79
racks, robot 28
radioactive waste, handling 233
raw data plot 247
RDML 247
RDML export file format 222
reaction mix 247
reagents 247
real-time PCR 247
recommended maintenance schedule 34
reference 247
reference sample 247
refSNP ID 247
region of interest (ROI) calibration 248
registration, software 133
regression coefficients 247, 248
regression line 248
regulator, power line 29
reinstalling the instrument 164
reject well 248
relative standard curve method 248
reminders, calibration 96
remote monitoring
  computer setup 92
  guidelines 94
  instrument 94
  instrument setup 91
removal, lamp 127
removal, outlier 79
repetitive motion, safety 229
replicate group 248
replicates 248
reporter 248
reports
  action log 111, 113, 114, 119
  audit 113
  object audit history 111, 114, 119
  system configuration history 111, 112, 114, 119
  user 109
requirements
  component clearances and positioning 21
  computer 30
  electrical 22
  environmental 22
  exhaust venting 22
  physical clearances 21
  SMTP server 96
  weight 20
restore
  audit records 113
  instrument settings 148
results, transfer to USB drive 148
reverse primer 248
reverse transcriptase 248
RNase P instrument verification experiment 74
  kits 75
  outlier removal 79
  perform 74
  preparation 77
  R2 value 79
  troubleshoot 83
  when to perform 74
robot 27
  components 27, 28
  racks 28
ROI calibration 42
  data 43
  perform 45
  preparation 43
  successful 43
  troubleshoot 47
  when to perform 42
ROX™ dye 19, 62, 248
RS232 port 25, 28
run
  experiments 144
  method 249
  type 18

S
safety
  Array Card Staker/Sealer 38
  bar code scanner 229
  before operating the instrument 227
  biological hazards 234
  chemical 231
  chemical waste 232
  electrical 228
  ergonomic 229
  guidelines 231, 232, 233
  instrument operation 227
  lamp replacement 127
  laser 229
  moving and lifting 164, 227
  moving parts 228
  physical hazard 228
  repetitive motion 229
  standards 230
  ultraviolet light 228
  workstation 229
safety labels, on instruments 15, 226
safety standards 230
safety symbols, on instruments 224
sample 249
  sample block 24
    decontamination 124
    handling 124, 135
    installation 135
sample definition file 249
sample file 185
  file format 197
scientist user role 107
seal array cards 38
security
  administrator 101
    account setup 104
    enable/disable 103
    export settings 120
    import settings 120
    notification 104, 105
    overview 101
    security policies 104
    spaces in user names 104
    user accounts 106
    user name restrictions 104
    user report 109
    user role 107
  auditing, and electronic signature module
    See audit
    See security
  users
    account suspension 122
    log in 121
    overview 121
    password change 121
    permissions 121
    session timeout 122
self test, performing 149
serial factor 249
serial port 25, 28
service pack, updates 131
session timeout 104, 122
set up
  instrument security 156
  software security 103
settings
  date/time 152
  instrument name 152
  instrument security 156
  maintenance reminders 153
  network, instrument 154
  system shortcuts 155
setup file 185
  signing, electronic signature 122
  slope 249
  Smart Monitoring 154
SMTP requirement 96
software
- instrument 30
- licenses, maintenance 133
- third-party 31
software, update 132
spatial calibration, signing 122
specification
- halogen lamp 127
- installation 76
specifications
- installation 76
- instrument 20
stage 249
staker/sealer 38, 181
standard 249
standard curve 250
standard curve method 250
standard quantity 250
standards
- EMC 230
- safety 230
standby mode 160
standby time-out 152
starting quantity 250
static IP support 88
statistics, instrument 155
status, lamp 128
step 250
storage, instrument 162
surge protector, requirements 29
SYBR® Green dye 250
symbols, safety 224
system configuration history
- contents 112
- display 111, 114, 119
system dyes 19, 62, 251
system shortcuts, instrument 155

T
TAMRA™ dye 19, 62
TaqMan® reagents 251
TaqMan® RNase P Fast 384-Well Instrument Verification Plate 75, 177
target 251
target color 251
task 251
technical replicate 251
technician user role 107
Temperature Plot 251
temperature requirement 22
template 251
template file 251
third-party software 31
threshold 252
threshold cycle 252
threshold cycle (CT) 252
timeout, session 104, 122
touchscreen, instrument 24, 142
training, information on 240
transfer data to/from instrument 95, 146
tray arm 24
troubleshoot
- background calibration 53
dye calibration 68
- instrument fuses 130
- instrument verification 83
- lamp replacement 127
- normalization calibration 73
- optical calibration 53
- RNase P instrument verification experiment 83
- ROI calibration 47
- sample block decontamination 124
- uniformity calibration 59
Index

U
ultraviolet light, safety 228
uniformity calibration 55, 252
data 55
perform 57
troubleshoot 59
when to perform 55
uninterruptable power supply, requirements 29
unknown 252
update
firmware 132, 150
operating system 131
service packs 131
software 132
UPS, requirements 29
USB drive, transfer data 145
USB ports 24, 25, 145
user account
activate suspended 107
create or edit 106
delete 107
inactivate 107
permissions 107
user role, create 107

V
verification
array cards 78
consumables 181
kits 177
plate 77
VIC® dye 19, 62
ViiA 7 export file format 200

W
WARNING, description 14
warnings, lamp 127
waste disposal, guidelines 233
waste profiles, description 233
weekly maintenance tasks 34
weight, instrument 20
workstation safety 229

Y
y-intercept 252