#### TEOM® 1405-DF:

Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor with FDMS® Option

42-010815 Revision A.003 16Sep2009





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US EPA Federal Equivalent Method Designation for PM2.5 Sampling

"Thermo Scientific TEOM® 1405-DF Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor with FDMS ®," configured for dual filter sampling of fine (PM2.5) and coarse particles using the US EPA PM10 inlet specified in 40 CFR 50 Appendix L, Figs. L-2 thru L-19 and a virtual impactor, with a total flow rate of 16.67 L/min, fine sample flow of 3 L/min, and coarse sample flow rate of 1.67 L/min, and operating with firmware version 1.50 and later, operated with or without external enclosures, and operated in accordance with the Thermo Scientific TEOM 1405-DF Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor Instruction Manual.

Federal Register: Vol. 74, page 28696, 06/17/09

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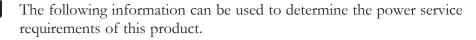


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### **Equipment Rating**





Line Voltage 440VA, 47-63 Hz



**IMPORTANT.** Disconnect the power cord from the power source (output) while servicing the instrument to prevent electrical hazard. ▲

Environmental Ranges — The instrument and its sample pump must be installed in a weather-sheltered location that is heated in the winter and air conditioned in the summer.

**Note**. There may be hazardous line (wire) accessible inside the enclosure. ▲

Installation Category — Category 11

FUSES		
Ref Designation	Current Rating	Location
Main Fuse (2)	F, 4A, 250VAC	Input Module
F201	F, 5A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F202	F, 4A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F203	F, 1A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F204	F, 2A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F201-F206	F, 2A, 125VAC	Head Controller Board
F401-402	T, 6.3 250VAC	FDMS Board

#### Electrical/Safety Certifications

The product has been tested and has been documented to be in compliance with the following U.S. and Canadian safety standards:



UL Standard 61010-1:2004 2nd Edition CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 1010-1:2004 2nd Edition

Thermo Fisher Scientific certifies that this product operates in compliance with the EC Directive 89/336/EEC in reference to electrical emissions and immunity. Specifically, the equipment meets the requirements of EN 61326-1:1998 for Immunity and Emissions. In addition, the hardware has been tested for personal or fire safety hazards in accordance with EN61010-1:2001 (Safety) in fulfillment of EC Directive 73/23/EEC.

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# Section Revision List

As Thermo Scientific's instrumentation changes, so do our operating manuals. However, these changes may affect only one aspect of an instrument, while leaving the instrument as a whole unchanged. To explain these individual changes to our customers, Thermo Scientific will update only those sections of its operating manuals that are affected by the instrument updates or improvements.

To help our customers keep track of the changes to the 1405-DF monitor and its operating guide, following is a list of the sections with their respective revision numbers:

Section Number and Description	Revision Number
Section 1: Introduction	A.003
Section 2: Setup and Installation	A.003
Section 3: Basic Operation	A.003
Section 4: Screens and Settings	A.003
Section 5: Maintenance and Calibration Procedures	A.003
Appendix A: Troubleshooting	A.003
Appendix B: Serial Communication	A.003

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### Section 1 Introduction

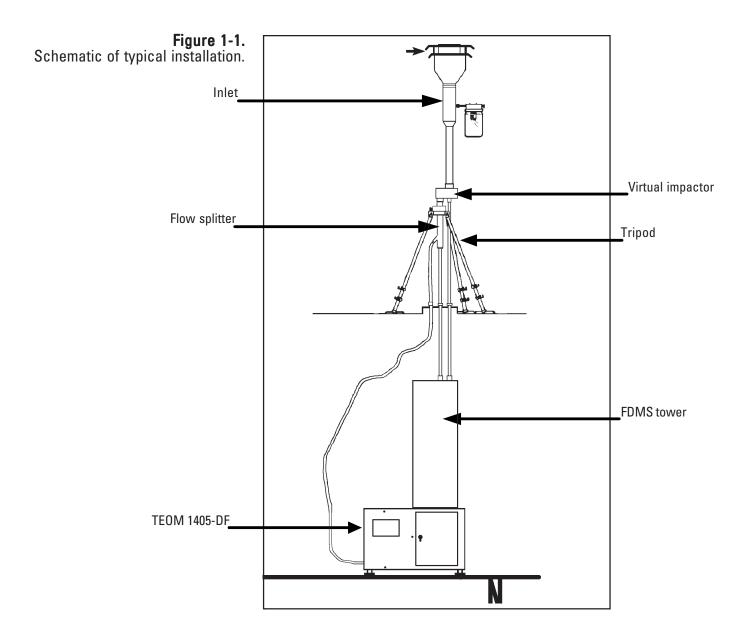
The TEOM® 1405-DF Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor with FDMS is a mass measurement monitor that incorporates the patented Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) to measure particulate matter mass concentrations continuously. The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is a true "gravimetric" instrument that draws ambient air through a sample filter for collection at a constant flow rate. The monitor continuously weighs the filter calculating near real-time mass concentrations.

Unlike conventional sampling systems, the design of the TEOM 1405-DF contains two unique features that greatly expands the functionality of the monitor. The TEOM 1405-DF incorporates two mass sensors coupled with a vitual impactor allowing the TEOM 1405-DF to simultaneously determine the PM-2.5 (fine) and PM-Coarse (coarse) mass concentrations, and by adding the concentrations, the PM-10 mass concentration is obtained as well.

In addition to the dual mass sensors and virtual impactor, the TEOM 1405-DF utilizes the FDMS technology on both the fine and coarse channels of the monitor. The FDMS allows the TEOM 1405-DF to provide a representative determination of the mass concentrations of both the fine and coarse PM as it exists in the ambient air. The FDMS unit automatically determines mass concentration measurements that account for both non-volatile and volatile PM components.

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is composed of two major components (Figure 1-1): the sample inlet assembly with virtual impactor and the TEOM 1405-DF unit with FDMS system. The user enters the system parameters into the TEOM 1405-DF unit using a color touch screen that is located on the front of the unit. The instrument's internal storage buffer can store a large amount of data for later viewing or downloading over a network connection. A USB connection allows easy downloads to a portable USB flash drive. Additionally, the system is furnished with software for personal computers to allow the user to download data and update instrument firmware. The instrument does not require a dedicated computer to function in the field. Analog outputs are available to transmit the measurements to a user's data acquisition system. Ethernet and RS232 ports allow for communication over a network or serial communications.

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The sensor unit contains the two mass measurement hardware systems that monitor particles that continuously accumulate on both PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse particulate filters. PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 particulate, split by a virtual impactor, each accumulate on the system's exchangeable TEOM filters. By maintaining a flow rate of 1.67 l/min through the coarse sample flow channel and 3 l/min through the PM-2.5 sample channel, and measuring the total mass accumulated on each of the TEOM filters, the device can calculate the mass concentrations of PM-2.5, PM-Coarse, and PM-10 sample streams in near real-time.

In addition, the TEOM 1405-DF monitor is equipped with the FDMS System. The FDMS system is composed of the following components:

• air chiller/filter, dryer, and a switching valve that is used to direct the sample flows through system.

The FDMS<sup>TM</sup> Filter Dynamics Measurement System provides a representative determination of the particulate matter (PM) mass concentration as it exists in the ambient air. The FDMS unit automatically generates mass concentration measurements ( $\mu g/m^3$ ) that account for both nonvolatile and volatile PM components.

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#### Overview of Manual

This manual describes the installation and operation of the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor. Follow the setup instructions contained in Section 2 and 3 before attempting to operate the unit.

This manual is divided into five sections. Sections 1 and 2 explain the system's hardware, while later sections describe the system's software and the setup and operation of the monitor. The following list provides an overview of the topics handled in each section of the manual:

#### Section 1: Introduction

This section provides an overview of the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor, as well as the theory of operation of the instrument's mass transducer.

#### Section 2: Setup and Installation

This section describes how to set up and install the system's hardware and sampling system.

#### Section 3: Basic Operation

This section provides instructions on how to turn on the instrument and initiate a sampling run. It also explains how to download data and how to leak check the instrument.

#### Section 4: Screens and Settings

This section explains how to set up the instrument's firmware and its operating modes.

#### Section 5: Maintenance and Calibration Procedures

This section describes the routine maintenance and verification procedures for the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor.

#### Appendix A: Troubleshooting

This appendix includes the information on deciphering status codes and as well as key schematics for troubleshooting purposes.

#### Appendix B: Serial Communication

This appendix includes information on the instrument's program register codes and built-in AK protocol.

#### **Application Range**

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is a real-time device used for measuring the mass concentrations of PM-2.5, PM-10, and PM-Coarse.

TEOM instruments are the only filter-based mass monitors that measure the mass of particulate matter suspended in gas streams in real time. This is made possible through the use of an inertial mass transducer patented in the U.S. and internationally by Thermo Fisher Scientific.

The monitor is ideally suited for applications demanding real-time air particulate matter monitoring in outdoor, indoor or industrial settings. It calculates mass concentration, mass rate and the total mass accumulation on the TEOM filter under the following conditions:

Flow rate through sample inlet 16.7 l/min (1 m³/hr)

PM-2.5 flow rate 3 l/min
PM-Coarse flow rate 1.67 l/min
Temperature of sample stream 30° C

Particulate matter mass concentration less than  $5 \mu g/m^3$  to several

 $g/m^3$ 

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### Theory of Operation

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is a true "gravimetric" instrument that draws ambient air through two filters at constant flow rate, continuously weighing the filters and calculating near real-time mass concentrations of both PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse particulate matter. By adding these two values, the concentration of PM-10 is also determined. In addition, the instrument computes the 1-hour, 8-hour, 12-hour, and 24-hour averages of the mass concentrations for all three sizes of PM.

The sensor unit contains the two mass measurement hardware systems that monitor particles that continuously accumulate on both PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse particulate filters. The PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 fractions of PM-10, split by a virtual impactor, each accumulate on the system's exchangeable TEOM filters. By maintaining a flow rate of 1.67 l/min through the coarse sample flow channel and 3 l/min through the PM-2.5 sample channel, and measuring the total mass accumulated on each of the TEOM filters, the device can calculate the mass concentration of both the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample streams in near real-time.

Utilizing the FMDS allows the TEOM 1405-DF to provide representative measurement of the particulate matter (PM) mass concentration as it exists in the ambient air. The FDMS unit automatically generates mass concentration measurement ( $\mu g/m^3$ ) that account for both nonvolatile and volatile PM components. To accomplish this the FDMS unit constantly samples ambient air, and using a switching valve to change the path of the fine and coarse sample flows, automatically compensates for the semi-volatile faction of the collected sample.

Every six minutes the switching valve alternates the sample flows between the base and reference sample periods. During the base period, sample is collected normally and the base mass concentration is determined. During the reference period, the flow is diverted through a chilled filter to remove and retain the non-volatile and volatile PM. Under normal operation, the chiller is maintained at a temperature of 4° C. However, under ambient conditions of high temperature and humidity, operating the chiller at 10° C is recommended to prevent condensation in the chiller during instrument operation.

Based upon mass concentration (MC) measurements obtained during the base and reference periods, the FDMS system updates a one-hour average of the following results every six minutes:

- Base mass concentration (Base MC) = PM concentration of the particle-laden sample stream.
- Reference mass concentration (Ref MC) = PM concentration of the particle-free sample stream, after passing through the chilled filter.

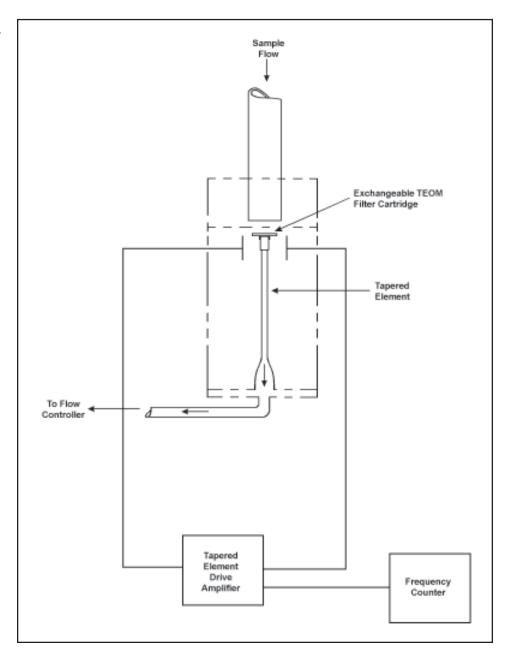
Mass concentration (MC) = Base mass concentration (Base MC) adjusted by the reference mass concentration (Ref MC) — Base MC (usually positive) minus Ref MC (negative when mass volatilizes from the filter). For example, the unit draws a base flow for six minutes and measures a mass concentration of 5 μg/m³ (Base MC = 5). Then the unit draws a reference flow for six minutes and measures a mass concentration of -1 μg/m³ (Ref MC = -1). Therefore, the mass concentration is 6 μg/m³

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# Mass Transducer Operation

The weighing principle used in the unit's tapered element oscillating microbalance (TEOM) mass transducers (Figure 1-2) is similar to that of a laboratory microbalance in that the mass change detected by the sensor is the result of the measurement of a change in a parameter (in this case, frequency) that is directly coupled via a physical law (or from first principles) to that mass change.

Figure 1-2. Schematic of mass transducer.



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The tapered element at the heart of the mass detection system is a hollow tube, clamped on one end and free to oscillate at the other. An exchangeable TEOM filter cartridge is placed over the tip of the free end. The sample stream is drawn through this filter, and then down through the tapered element.

The tapered element oscillates precisely at its natural frequency, much like the tine of a tuning fork. An electronic control circuit senses this oscillation and, through positive feedback, adds sufficient energy to the system to overcome losses. An automatic gain control circuit maintains the oscillation at a constant amplitude. A precision electronic counter measures the oscillation frequency with a 10-second sampling period.

The tapered element is, in essence, a hollow cantilever beam with an associated spring rate and mass. As in any spring-mass system, if additional mass is added, the frequency of the oscillation decreases. This can be seen by observing the frequency on the display of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Section 4), and operating the monitor both with and without a filter in place.

In a spring-mass system the frequency follows the equation:

$$f = (K / M)^{0.5}$$

where:

f = frequency K = spring rate M = mass

K and M are in consistent units. The relationship between mass and change in frequency can be expressed as:

where:

$$dm = K_0 \frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_0^2}$$

dm = change in mass

K<sub>0</sub> = spring constant (including mass conversions)
f<sub>0</sub> = initial frequency (Hz)
f<sub>1</sub> = final frequency (Hz)

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### SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

When this equation is rearranged, you can solve for the spring constant, K<sub>0</sub>:

$$K_0 = \frac{dm}{\frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_0^2}}$$

Thus,  $K_0$  (the calibration constant for the instrument) can be easily determined by measuring the frequencies with and without a known mass (pre-weighed TEOM filter cartridge).

# Mass Flow Controllers

The mass flow controllers (MFCs) in the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor are internally calibrated for a standard temperature and pressure of 25° C and 1 Atmosphere (1013.2 millibars or 760 mm Hg). The system can operate on "Active" or "Passive" flow to maintain constant volumetric flow at sample inlet. For Passive flow control, the user must enter the seasonal average temperature (Ave. Temp.) and average barometric pressure (Ave. Pres.) at the measurement site to allow the instrument to sample at the correct volumetric flow rate (Section 4). The microprocessor calculates the correct mass flow set point (Flow\_Rate<sub>STP</sub>) with this information using the following formula:

$$FlowSP_{Passive} = FlowSP_{Vol} \times \frac{P_{AVG}}{P_{STD}} \times \frac{Temp_{STD} + 273.15}{Temp_{AVG} + 273.15}$$

where:

FlowSP<sub>PASSIVE</sub> = Control set point to mass flow controller (equivalent

flow at 25° C and 1 Atmosphere)

FlowSP<sub>Vol</sub> = Volumetric flow rate set point (l/min)

Temp $_{AVG}$  = Average temperature entered by the user (°C)

Temp<sub>STD</sub> = Standard temperature (25°C)

 $P_{AVG}$  = Seasonal average barometric pressure entered by the

user (Atmospheres, where 1 Atmosphere = 1013.2

millibars or 760 mm Hg)

 $P_{STD}$  = Standard pressure (1 Atm)

Alternately, Active flow control can be set up to automatically measure the ambient temperature and pressure using the hardware supplied.

**Note.** When using actual conditions for active volumetric flow control, substitute the actual (local) temperature and pressure as measured by the instrument for the average temperature and pressure variables in equation above. ▲

# Mass Concentration Reporting

The 1405-DF continuously monitors PM-2.5, PM-10, and PM-Coarse mass concentrations. These mass concentrations are reported to different agencies using different standards. For example, PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse data are required to be reported to the U.S. EPA based on the actual conditions present at the time of collection.

PM-10 mass concentration data reported to the U.S. EPA must be referenced to standard cubic meters of air based on a standard temperature and pressure of 25° C and 1 Atmosphere (atm), respectively. For the instrument to report mass concentrations according to this EPA standard, the user must ensure that the standard temperature (Std. Temp.) and standard pressure (Std. Pres.) entered in the instrument equal 25° C and 1 Atmosphere (Section 4). These are the default values for the instrument.

$$Flow\_Rate_{EPA} = Flow\_Rate_{STP} \times \frac{Std. Temp. + 273.15}{273.15} \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{Std. Pres.}$$

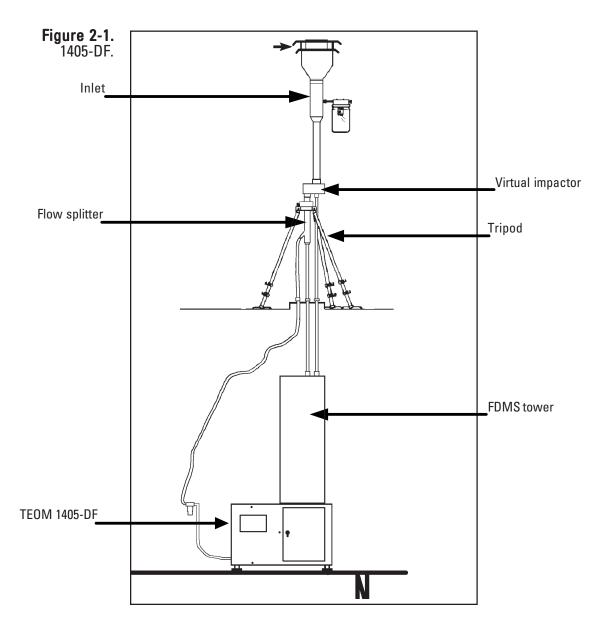
The flow rates referenced internally by the instrument to 0° C are converted to EPA standard conditions.

**Note.** When reporting concentrations to actual conditions, the system must be set for "Active" flow control (Section 4). This will ensure that the monitor uses the current actual values for temperature and pressure in the equation above.  $\blacktriangle$ 

## Section 2 Setup and Installation

This section describes the setup and installation of the TEOM 1405-DF, including the pump, flow splitter, tripod, virtual impactor, sample tube and sample inlet. After you have set up the system, you must perform a leak check on the monitor (Section 3) and install a TEOM filter (Section 5) in the mass transducer before starting a sample run.

If you want to install the monitor in an outdoor location, consult Thermo Fisher Scientific for specific site recommendations.



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# Installation Considerations

The TEOM 1405-DF may be located in any convenient indoor location which is maintained between 8° and 25° C (46° to 77° F). The user must run two sampling tubes through the roof of the monitoring site (refer to the inlet installation instructions later in this section). The entrance to the sample inlet must be 1.8 to 2.1 m (70 to 82 inches) above the roof based on U.S. EPA requirements. Refer to local regulations for the actual inlet height requirements.

Although the TEOM monitor is inherently rugged, it is a precision instrument. The user will obtain the best operating conditions and longest instrument life when the unit is not exposed to extremes of weather. Filter exchange, in particular, may be best accomplished by a technician operating in an indoor environment where there is no possibility of rain or snow contaminating the filter.

Be sure to install the ambient temperature/humidity sensor. If you do not install the ambient temperature/humidity sensor, you must set the instrument to "Passive" flow control (Section 4) or the mass flow controller will attempt to control the sample flow as if the ambient temperature is absolute zero.

The sample lines for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels should proceed in a straight, vertical line from the PM-10 inlet and virtual impactor to the inlet of the unit.

To achieve the best results, locate the TEOM sensor unit in an environment with relatively slow temperature fluctuations. Avoid sampling locations with direct exposure to sunlight or that are in close proximity to a heating or air-conditioning outlet. To avoid condensation in the sample tubing, Thermo Scientific strongly recommends that the user insulate the sample tube extensions with pipe insulation when operating the instrument in areas of high humidity.

#### Standard System Hardware

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is supplied with the following components:

1405-DF TEOM unit

Temperature/humidity sensor and cable, 10 m

3/8" green tubing for bypass flow, 10 m

3/8" green tubing to pump, 5 m (16.5 ft)

5 Sample tubing extensions, 1 m (40")

1 Sample tubing extension, .79 m (31")

Box of 20 TEOM filter cartridges (Pallflex TX40)

Filter exchange tool

1 package FDMS filter cassettes

Box of 25 47mm filters for FDMS

1 small filter element

1 large bypass filter element

Flow splitter

PM-10 inlet

Sample inlet tube

Virtual impactor

Water trap filter assembly

Flow audit adapter/leak check kit

Cooler cleaning kit (2 Y-adapters, orifice)

Vacuum pump

2 Operating Manuals (one hard copy, one on CD)

Quick Start Guide

Pre-filter/silicone tubing

### Pump Connections Follow these steps to attach the pump:

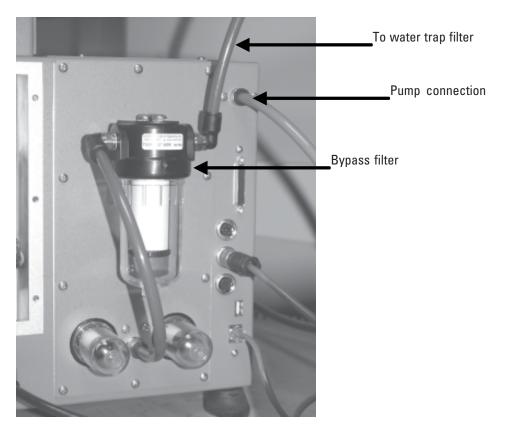
- 1. Locate and cut the piece of the 15m green tubing into two pieces one about (but not less than) 5m (the lengths may be precut). (The typical setup has 5m of tubing for the pump and 10m for the bypass line.)
- 2. Locate the sample pump in a location to minimize vibrations effecting the instrument. Push the one end of the 5m pump tubing into the fitting on the vacuum pump (Figure 2-2).

Figure 2-2. Vacuum pump.



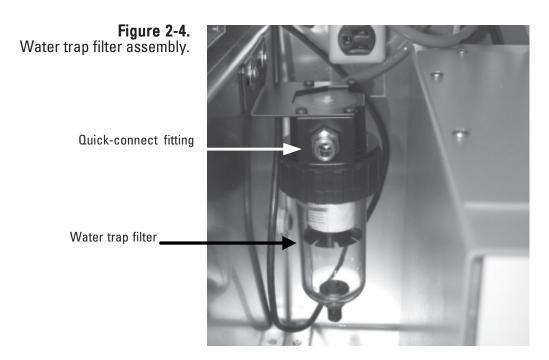
3. Install the other end of the 5m length of pump tubing into the pump connection on the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Figure 2-3).

Figure 2-3. Back of TEOM 1405-DF unit.



2-5

4. Mount the water trap filter assembly near the 1405 unit (Figure 2-4). The water trap should be mounted at the low point of the tubing to the instrument.



**Note.** Drain the water trap as needed.

- 5. From the 10m length of tubing for the bypass line, cut a piece of tubing long enough to reach from the water trap filter to the bypass filter on the back of the 1405 unit (Figure 2-3 and 2-4). Install the tubing into the quick-connect fittings on the water trap filter and bypass filter.
- 6. Insert one end of the remaining section of bypass tubing into the quick-connect fitting at the end of the coiled piece of tubing connected to the water trap filter.

**Note.** The other end of the bypass tubing will be connected to the bypass connection on the flow splitter when you assemble and install the sample inlet and virtual impactor (following section). ▲

**Note.** Thermo Scientific strongly recommends that you use the vacuum pump provided with the unit. If you choose to install a different pump, it must be oil-free and able to maintain a 21" Hg vacuum at a flow of 16.67 l/min. ▲

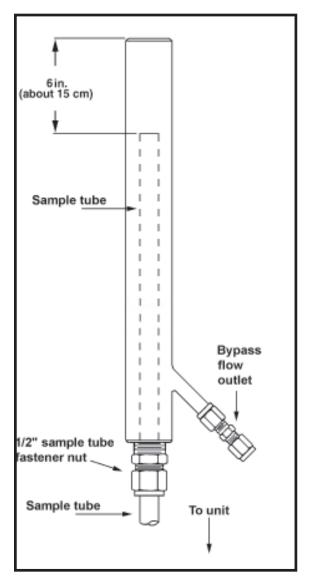
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# Adjusting the Flow Splitter

An isokinetic flow splitter (Figures 2-5 and 2-6) is used in combination with an automatic flow controller to divide the PM-2.5/bypass flow into two components after the air stream passes through the size-selective inlet and virtual impactor. The two sample flow components are the PM-2.5 flow (3 l/min) that flows to the PM-2.5 TEOM mass transducer, and the bypass flow (12 l/min). The PM-Coarse flow (1.67 l/min) moves in a straight line through the virtual impactor into the top of the 1405-DF.

The 1405-DF is designed to have the sample tube installed 6-inches from the top of the flow splitter for ease of installation. It MUST be between 5.75 and 6.25 inches from the top of the flow splitter.

Figure 2-5. Flow splitter.



2-7

The tubing package is designed to use the short sample tube in the flow splitter.

#### To set up the flow splitter assembly:

- 1. Locate the flow splitter (Figures 2-5 and 2-6).
- 2. Loosen the 1/2-inch sample tube fastener nut and slide the short (31-inch) sample tube down into the flow splitter so that the top of the installed sample tube (or flow adapter) is 15.5 cm (6") from the top of the flow splitter (it must be between 5.75 and 6.25 inches from the top of the flow splitter) (Figure 2-7).
- 3. Tighten the 1/2-inch sample tube nut. Ensure that the top of the flow adapter remains 6 inches from the top of the flow splitter (Figure 2-7).

Figure 2-6. Bottom of the flow splitter.

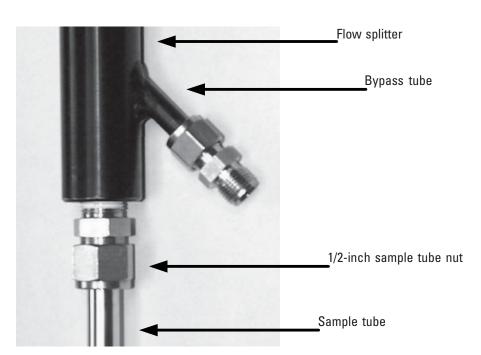
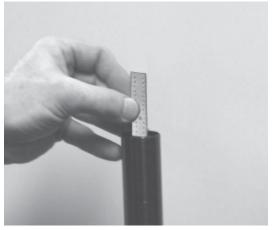


Figure 2-7.
Measuring the distance from the top of the sample tube to the top of the flow splitter.



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# Assembling the Tripod

An optional tripod is available for installation on the roof of a sampling building.

#### To assemble the tripod:

- 1. Locate a tripod foot and remove the rubber leg holder, if one is attached.
- 2. Place one leg of the tripod onto the tripod foot.
- 3. Place a metal bracket over the rubber base of the tripod leg and into the two slots on the tripod foot (Figure 2-8). Ensure that the bracket is placed over the rubber base on the end of the tripod leg.

Figure 2-8. Placing the metal bracket on the tripod foot.



4. Insert a plain washer then a lock washer onto each threaded end of the bracket, then install the nuts on the threaded ends of the bracket and tighten them with a 3/8" (or adjustable) wrench.

**Note.** Hand-tighten both nuts on the bracket before tightening them with the wrench to ensure that the bracket is positioned properly on the tripod leg and tripod foot. ▲

5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 for each leg of the tripod.

2-9

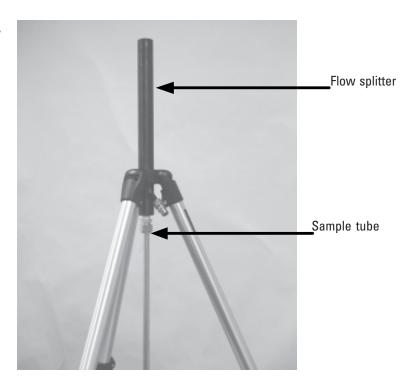
### Installing the Inlet To install the inlet and virtual impactor: and Impactor

1. Set the 1405-DF unit on a bench or other support directly below the location of the inlet on the roof of the sampling structure (Figure 2-1). In its finished state, the entrance to the sample inlet must be 1.8 to 2.1 m (70 to 82 inches) above the roof.

Note. This measurement may vary based on the inlet height required by the local regulatory agency.

2. Install the assembled flow splitter into the tripod and lightly tighten the knob to ensure the flow splitter stays in place (Figure 2-9).

Figure 2-9. Bottom of the flow splitter.



THERMO FISHER SCIENTIFIC OPERATING GUIDE, TEOM 1405-DF 3. Measure and mark two points 1 3/4 inches on center on the roof directly above the two 1/2-inch sample lines on the top of the instrument (Figure 2-10).

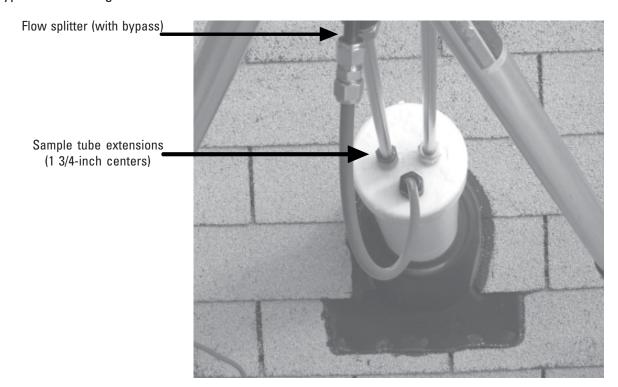
Note. In this example, a hole was cut in the roof to accommodate a 4-inch PVC pipe and seal. The cap of the PVC pipe was then drilled to accommodate the sample lines. A similar 3-inch PVC cap with the necessary fittings is available from Thermo Fisher Scientific (59-011003). ▲

4. Drill the holes in the roof for the two 1/2-inch sample lines and another hole for the 3/8-inch bypass line tubing. (The bypass tubing may also be run through a window or other opening.)

**Note.** The holes for the 1/2-sample lines MUST BE DRILLED 1 3/4-INCHES ON CENTER directly above the sample lines on the top of the instrument. ▲

5. Set the tripod on the roof above the 1405 unit and adjust the legs so the top of the tripod is above the roof opening.

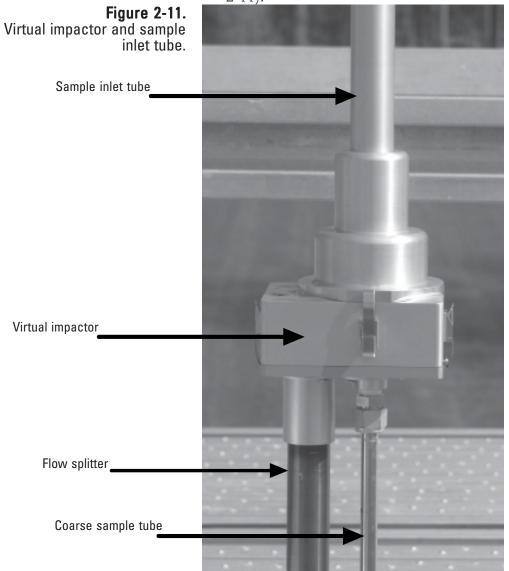
Figure 2-10. Installing the sample tubes and bypass line through the roof.



- 6. Install the virtual impactor on the top of the flow splitter (Figure 2-11).
- 7. Install one of the 1/2-inch sample tube extensions into the coarse sample fitting on the virtual impactor. The tube must be inserted through the fitting and fully seated into the base of the virtual impactor.

**Note.** The coarse flow channel is the right channel as you face the instrument, with the 1/2-inch Swagelok connection on the bottom of the virtual impactor. The 1/2-inch sample tube will run parallel to the PM-2.5/bypass channel of the flow splitter just next to the tripod, and when attached should be even with the bottom of the sample tube in the flow splitter. ▲

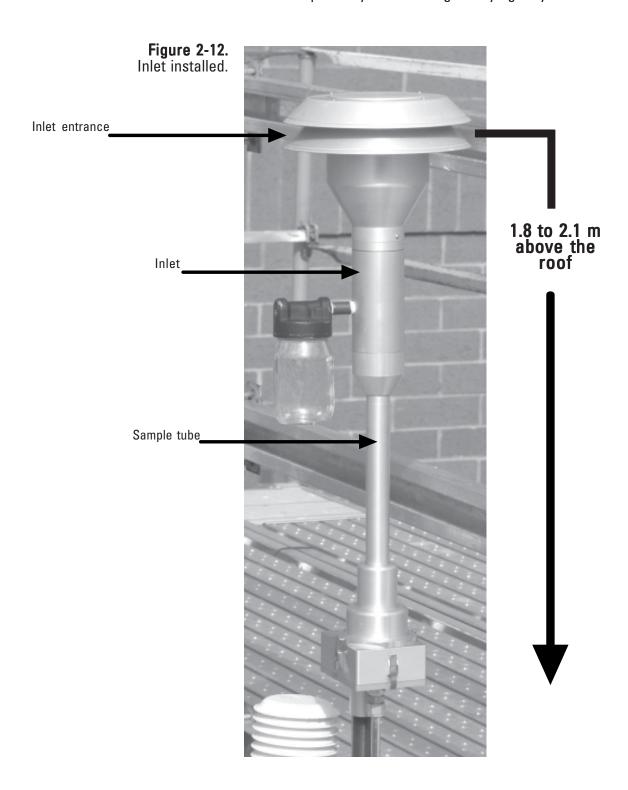
8. Install the sample inlet tube on the top of the virtual impactor (Figure 2-11).



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9. Set the inlet on top of the sample inlet tube and adjust the tripod so the entrance to the sample inlet is 1.8 to 2.1 m (70 to 82 inches) above the roof (Figure 2-12).

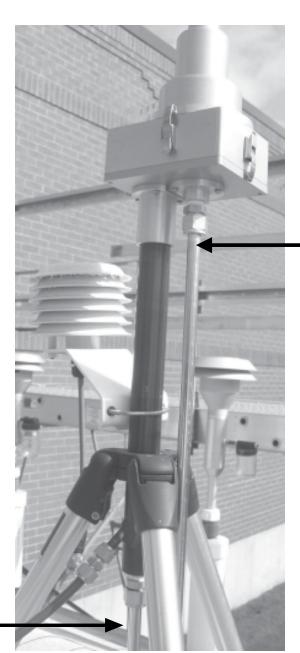
**Note.** This measurement may vary based on the inlet height required by the local regulatory agency. ▲



10. Center the tripod over the roof holes. Measure and cut the sample tube extensions from the top of the instrument, making sure to clean and deburr the cut ends of the sample tube extensions. Install them through the roof and connect the left (PM-2.5 channel) sample tube to the flow splitter sample tube and the right (PM-Coarse channel) sample tube to the sample tube installed into the virtual impactor.

**Note.** The flow splitter and coarse sample tube extension should be seated firmly into the bottom of the virtual impactor (Figure 2-13). ▲

Figure 2-13. Coarse sample tube, flow splitter and virtual impactor installed.

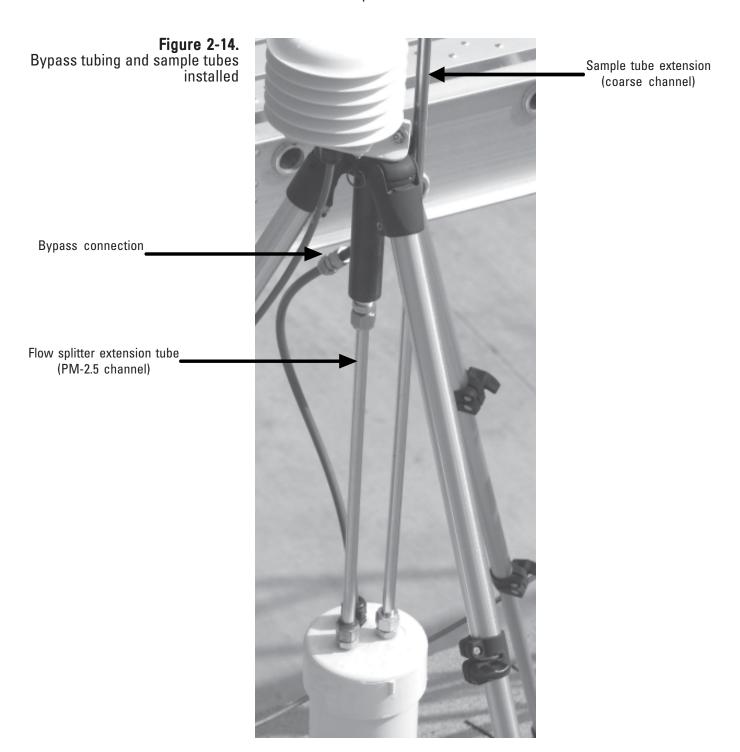


Sample tube extension (coarse channel)

Flow splitter extension tube (PM-2.5 channel)

11. Connect the end of the green bypass tubing (the other end is attached to the coiled tubing of the water trap filter) to the bypass fitting on the flow splitter using the 3/8-inch Swagelok fitting (Figure 2-14).

**Note.** Ensure that the coiled tubing connected to the water trap filter is mounted vertically, so condensed water will drip into the water trap filter. ▲



- 12. Locate the ambient temperature and humidity sensor. Connect the sensor to the flow splitter using the U-bolt provided with the system (Figure 2-15).
- 13. Attach the sensor cable to the sensor and run the sensor cable to the instrument through an opening in the roof or through a window. Attach the sensor to the sensor connection on the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Figure 2-16).
- 14. Fasten the tripod feet to the roof. The length and type of fasteners depends on the type of roof surface. The tripod feet also may be attached to a pallet or 3/4" marine plywood, with the pallet or plywood secured by concrete blocks or sand bags.

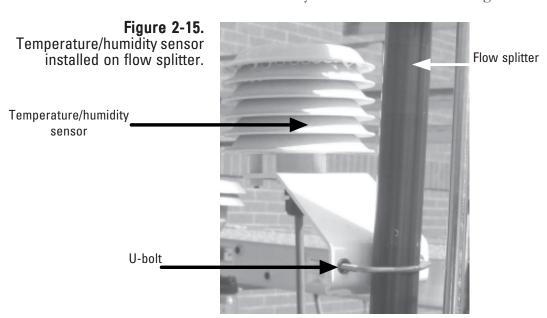
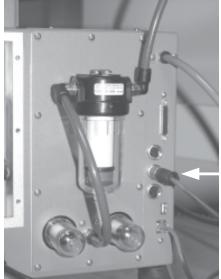


Figure 2-16.
Temperature/humidity sensor connection of the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit.



Temperature/humidity cable connection

# Applying Power to the Instrument

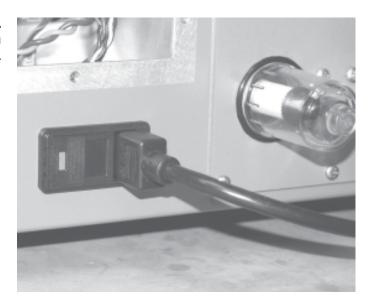
The TEOM 1405-DF unit accepts all voltage inputs between 85 and 240 volts AC. The unit should be connected to an appropriate, code-approved, grounded electrical outlet for the sampler location. The connection should be easily accessible. Contact a qualified electrician if there is doubt as to whether the power service for the instrument is adequate.

#### To turn on the monitor:

1. Install an appropriate power cord into the universal power connection on the back of the instrument at the appropriate voltage.

**Note.** DO NOT attempt to bypass the grounding requirements for the unit.  $\blacktriangle$ 

Figure 2-17.
Power connection on back of unit.



2. Install the other end of the power cord into an appropriate, easily accessible, grounded, code-approved electrical outlet.

**Note.** Contact a qualified electrician if there is doubt as to whether the power service for the instrument is adequate. ▲

- 3. Press the "POWER" switch on the front panel of the control unit (Figure 2-18). The unit will begin its startup routine. After a few moments, the Title screen will appear on the control unit's display and then the TEOM Data (Main) screen. Refer to Sections 3 and 4 for information on the instrument's software screens.
- 4. Plug the pump into an appropriate power source to draw a sample stream through the system.

Figure 2-18. Power switch.



Power switch

The TEOM Data screen will show a warning message (Section 4) because the flow rates and temperatures are outside of tolerance ranges. The warning may remain active during the first 30 minutes after the power switch is pressed while the monitor warms up. The status warning icon automatically disappears after all flow rates and temperatures reach tolerance ranges. The monitor waits until the flow rates and temperatures stabilize within a narrow range before starting data collection. This ensures the validity of all data points computed by the system.

Note. Upon initial instrument start up, the values in the mass concentration fields are the running averages that are accumulated until a 1-hour time period has passed. The values are visible to provide the user with an indication that the instrument is functioning, after instrument power up or reset. These raw values are used for internal calculations only. ▲

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# Turning Off the Instrument

If the instrument needs to be turned off, turn the power switch on the front of the unit to off (0).

**Note.** Wait at least 1 minute after shutdown before reapplying power to the unit.

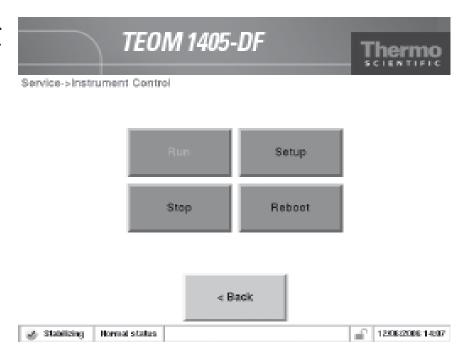
The instrument may also be restarted without turning it off.

# Restarting the Instrument

### To restart the instrument:

- 1. In the Service screen (Section 4), select the **Instrument Control** button to display the Instrument Control screen (Figure 2-19).
- 2. Select the **Reboot** button.

Figure 2-19. Instrument Control screen.



### Using the Outdoor Shelter

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Thermo Fisher Scientific offers an outdoor shelter for the 1405 unit. The shelter is fully climate controlled and includes space for the 1405 unit, pump and accessories such as a data logger or additional monitoring devices. It is available in both 120V and 240V version.

Figure 2-20. 1405 unit in the outdoor enclosure.



#### To install the 1405 unit in an outdoor shelter:

1. Before placing the 1405 unit or pump into the enclosure, install a 3/8-inch elbow fitting provided with the outdoor enclosure into the quick connect-fitting inside the pump compartment, where the pump tubing goes through the bulkhead into the enclosure. Install the other 3/8-inch elbows into the pump connection on the back of the 1405 unit and into the connection on the pump (Figures 2-21, 2-22 and 2-23)).

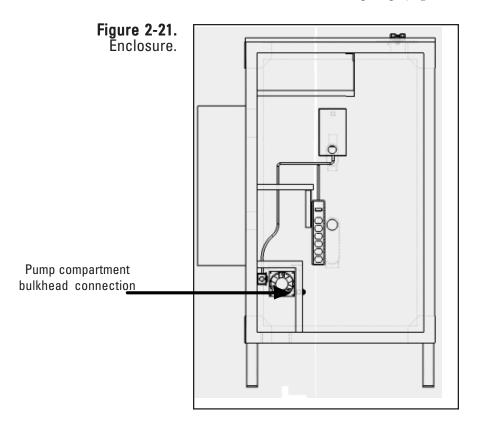
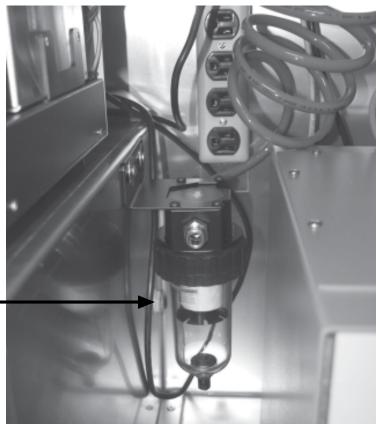


Figure 2-22 (left).
Back of the 1405 unit.

Figure 2-23 (right).
Pump.

2. Install the water trap filter and bracket into the two pre-drilled holes on the side of the pump compartment (Figure 2-24).

**Figure 2-24.** Water trap filter.



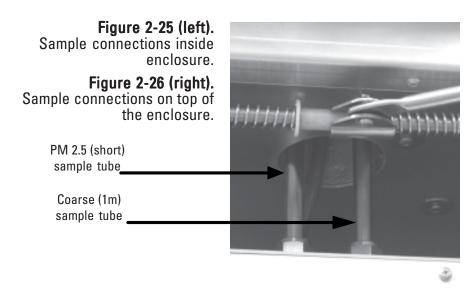
Pump compartment bulkhead connection

- 3. Cut a 14-inch (.35m) piece of tubing from the 3-foot section that came with the enclosure package. Place the pump in the enclosure, and connect the elbow fitting on the pump (Figure 2-23) to the elbow fitting on the inside of the pump compartment using the 14-inch piece of tubing.
- 4. Locate and cut the piece of the 15m green tubing, that came in the 1405 packaging, into two pieces one about (but not less than) 5m.
- 5. Install the one end of the 5m pump tubing into the quick-connect fitting on the outside bulkhead wall of the pump compartment (behind the water trap filter, Figure 2-24).
- 6. Place the 1405 unit into the enclosure install the other end of the 5m tubing that is connected to the bulkhead into the quick-connect elbow fitting for the pump connection on the back of the 1405 unit (Figure 2-22).

- 7. Select a location on the pump tubing to install the vacuum gauge. It should allow the gauge to be easily monitored (Thermo Scientific suggests a location about half a meter from where the tubing is installed in the pump connection on the back of the unit.) Cut the tubing and install the two ends into the quick-connect fittings on the vacuum gauge.
- 8. From the 10m length of tubing for the bypass line, cut a piece of tubing long enough to reach from the water trap filter to the bypass filter on the back of the 1405 unit (Figure 2-22 and 2-24). Install the tubing into the quick-connect fittings on the water trap filter and bypass filter.

**Note.** The bypass tubing will be connected to the bypass connection on the flow splitter and to the water trap when you assemble and install the sample inlet and virtual impactor on top of the enclosure later in this section. ▲

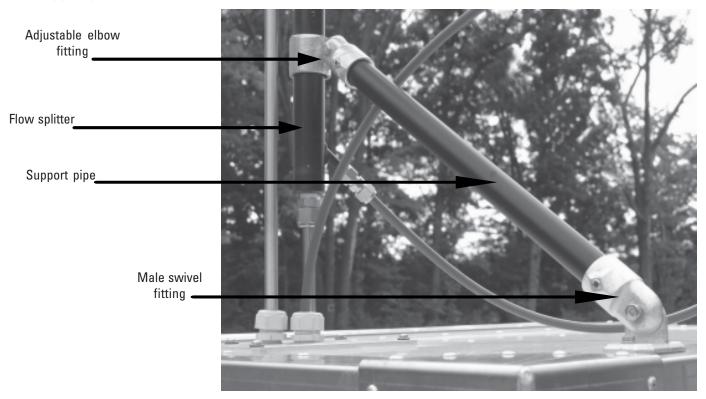
- 9. Ensure that the shorter sample tube is properly installed in the flow splitter (refer to "Adjusting the Flow Splitter" earlier in this section).
- 10. Install the sample tube from the flow splitter (PM 2.5 channel) through the left, front roof opening (as you face the instrument). Install a standard, 1m sample tube through the right, front fitting in the roof of the enclosure (Figures 2-25 and 2-26).





11. Install the adjustable elbow fitting and male swivel fitting from the enclosure package onto the piece of 19-inch section of pipe that came with the enclosure. Lightly tighten the screws. Install the elbow fitting and support pipe onto the flow splitter and enclosure top (Figure 2-27). Slide the support pipe up or down until the flow splitter is sitting plumb, then attach the arm to the shelter and tighten all the screws on the support arm.

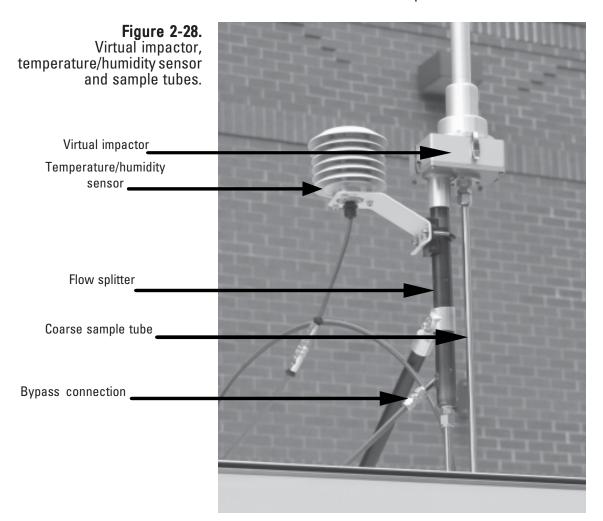
Figure 2-27. Support pipe connections.



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12. Install the virtual impactor on the top of the flow splitter and the coarse sample fitting. The flow splitter and coarse sample tube must be fully seated into the impactor (Figure 2-28).

**Note.** The coarse flow channel is the right channel as you face the instrument, with the 1/2-inch Swagelok connection on the bottom of the virtual impactor. ▲



13. Cut a piece of tubing from the remaining section of bypass tubing (step 8) long enough to reach from the bypass connection to the top of the 1405 unit. The section should be long enough to include a loop (Figure 2-28) to ensure there will be no kinks in the line when it enters the enclosure. Connect the bypass tubing to the bypass fitting on the flow splitter using the 3/8-inch Swagelok fitting (Figure 2-28). Insert the other end through the fitting on the roof (Figure 2-26) and into the enclosure about 4 to 6 inches. Connect the coiled tubing from the water trap filter to the bypass line near the top of the shelter with the quick-connect fitting. Ensure that the coiled water trap tubing is vertical (Figure 2-20).

- 14. Locate the ambient temperature and humidity sensor. Connect the sensor to the flow splitter using the U-bolt provided with the 1405 unit (Figure 2-28).
- 15. Attach the sensor cable to the sensor and run the sensor cable to the instrument through the opening in the back of the enclosure (Figure 2-29). Attach the sensor to the sensor connection on the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Figure 2-30).

**Note.** The opening in the back of the enclosure can also be used for other connections, such as Ethernet connections. ▲

Figure 2-29.
Temperature/humidity sensor cable entering the outdoor enclosure.

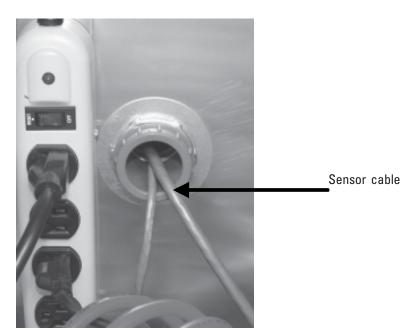


Figure 2-30. Temperature/humidity sensor connection of the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit.

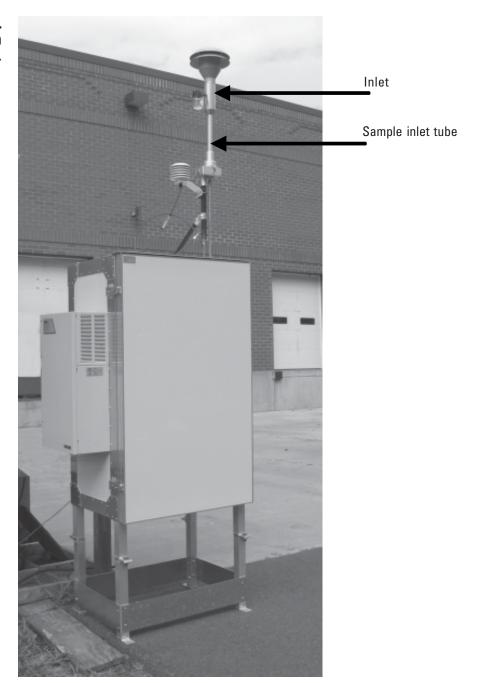


Temperature/humidity cable connection

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16. Install the sample inlet tube on top of the virtual impactor. Install the inlet (Figure 2-31).

Figure 2-31. Outdoor enclosure with inlet installed.



**Note.** Drain the water trap as needed.

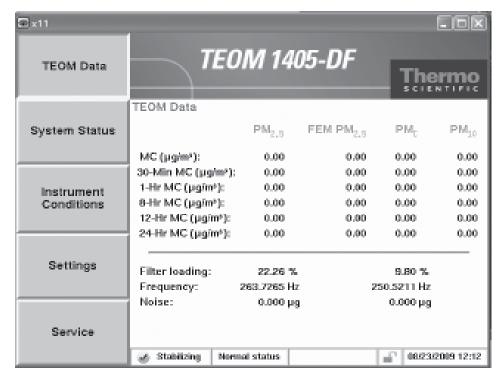
**Note**. Thermo Scientific strongly recommends that you use the vacuum pump provided with the unit. If you choose to install a different pump, it must be oil-free and able to maintain a 21" Hg vacuum at a flow of 16.67 I/min. ▲

# Section 3 Basic Operation

This section describes the steps to begin data collection with the TEOM 1405-DF monitor, as well as leak check the instrument and download data.

The instrument will not begin collecting data until the operating mode message in the status bar reads "Fully Operational" (Figure 3-1). Users must install clean, conditioned filters in the unit prior to sampling. Users can select flow rate, data and other settings while waiting for the unit to become fully operational.

Figure 3-1.
TEOM Data screen with "Fully Operational" message.



L Status bar

**Note.** This screen shows the data for U.S. EPA FEM. Refer to Section 4 to set the equivalency calculations for the local region. ▲

# Starting the Instrument

### To program the instrument and begin collecting data:

- 1. Perform a leak check (refer to the following section for leak check information).
- 2. Install a TEOM filter into the mass transducer on both TEOMs (Section 5).
- 3. Install both 47 mm filters into the FDMS tower (Section 5).
- 4. When in the System Status screen, ensure that the serial number listed for the instrument matches the serial number on the back of the unit.
- 5. When in the Instrument Conditions screen, select the **Flows** button to display the Flows screen. Verify flow rate set points for the PM-2.5, PM-Course, and Bypass flows are 3 LPM, 1.67 LPM, and 12 LPM respectively. Select the **Flow Control** button to select the desired flow control ("Active" or Passive") and the desired standard and average temperatures and pressures. (Refer to Section 4 for more information on screens and settings.)
- 6. When in the Settings screen, select the **System** button, then the **Set Time** button to set the current date and time. (Refer to Section 4 for more information on screens and settings.)
- 7. When in the Settings screen, select the **Advanced** button, then the **Mass Transducer K0 Constants** button to confirm the current K0 settings of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse TEOMs. The numbers programmed into the unit must match the K0 constants on the label near the mass transducer. (Refer to Section 4 for more information on screens and settings.)
- 8. When in the Settings screen, select the **Data Storage** button to display the Data Storage screen. Confirm the desired data is selected to be logged by the instrument. (Refer to "Storing Data" later in this section for more information on selecting storage variables.)
- 9. If you will be setting up the unit to receive an analog input, to transmit analog outputs, or setting up the unit's contact closure circuits, refer to Section 4 for information on the screens and settings used for these parameters.

- 10. If you will be using the password function to control access to the unit's operation, refer to Section 4 for information on setting up the password function.
- 11. Select the TEOM Data button to display the TEOM Data screen. The instrument will begin collecting data when the mode status window displays a "Fully operational" message.

**Note.** Upon initial instrument start up, the values in the mass concentration fields are the running averages that are accumulated until a 1-hour time period has passed. The values are visible to provide the user with an indication that the instrument is functioning, after instrument power up or reset. These raw values are used for internal calculations only. ▲

**Note.** If configuring the instrument for U.S. EPA FEM sampling for PM-2.5, the instrument needs to be configured to calculate and record the FEM values. Press Settings and select U.S. EPA. Turn off and back on for this change to take effect. ▲

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# Performing a Leak Check

The TEOM 1405-DF should be leak-checked once a month or as needed. The system comes with flow audit/leak check adapters for the 1 1/4-inch flow splitter, 1/2-inch coarse sample tube and the 3/8-inch bypass line.

The Leak Check Wizard compares the measured difference between the units "zero" flow with the vacuum disconnected and flow through the instrument with the inlet blocked (which should also be zero). The leak check passes if the PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 flows are within 0.15 l/min and the bypass flow is within 0.60 l/min of their "zero" value with the vacuum disconnected.

In order to ensure proper performance of the instrument and ensure no leaks, the instrument prompts the operator to perform a leak check with the FDMS valve in both the base and reference positions.

**Note.** The Leak Check Wizard automatically disables the switching valve during a leak check. Performing a leak check without the wizard can damage the switching valve. ▲

### To perform a leak check:

- 1. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Verification** button to display the Verification screen.
- 2. Select the **Leak Check** button to display the Leak Check Wizard screen (Figure 3-2). Select the **Next** > button.

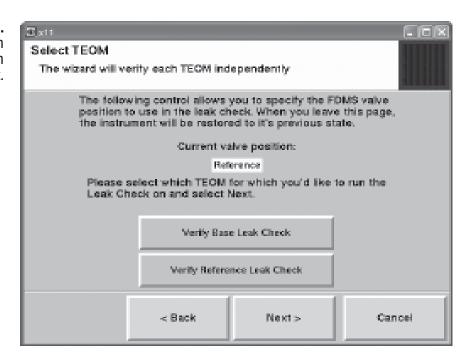
Figure 3-2. Leak Check Wizard start screen.



3. The Select Valve Position screen will display. The current valve position is displayed on the screen. To start the leak check select the current valve position leak check button (Figure 3-3). Select the **Next** > button.

**Note.** If trying to isolate a leak with the valve in a specific position, select the specific valve position desired and proceed. ▲

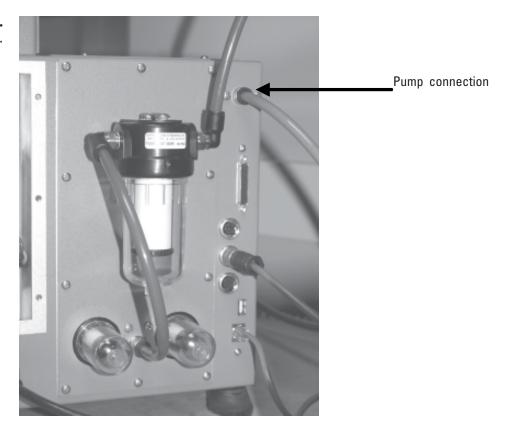
Figure 3-3.
Leak Check Wizard screen with current valve position select.



- 4. The Remove the TEOM filters screen will display. Remove the two TEOM filters from the transducer to ensure they aren't damaged during the leak check procedure. Select the **Next** > button.
- 5. The Disconnect Vacuum Line screen will display. Remove the main vacuum line (pump) connected to the pump from the back of the unit (Figure 3-4). Select the **Next** > button.

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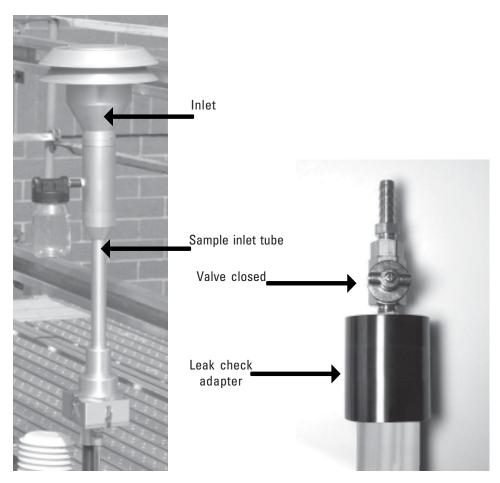
**Figure 3-4.** Back of TEOM 1405-DF unit.



- 6. The Stabilizing screen will display. Allow 1 minute for the flows to stabilize then select the **Next >** button.
- 7. The Reconnect Vacuum Line screen will display. Reinstall the pump/vacuum tubing into the back of the unit. Select the **Next >** button.
- 8. The Remove Inlet screen will display. Remove the inlet (Figure 3-5). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 3-5. Inlet assembly.

Figure 3-6. Leak check adapter.



- 9. The Attach Audit Adapter screen will display. Attach the leak check/ flow audit adapter to the top of the sample tube.
- 10. Slowly close the valve on the leak check adapter. Select the **Next >** button.
- 11. The Stabilizing screen will display. Allow 1 minute for the flows to stabilize then select the **Next** > button.
- 12. Slowly open the leak check adapter valve. Select the **Next** > button. Failure to release the vacuum before proceeding may damage the seals in the switching valve.

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13. The Select Valve Position screen will once again display this time with the just completed valve position unavailable. Select the second valve position (Figure 3-8) and select the **Next** > button.

Figure 3-7.
Leak Check Wizard screen
with completed valve
position unavailable.

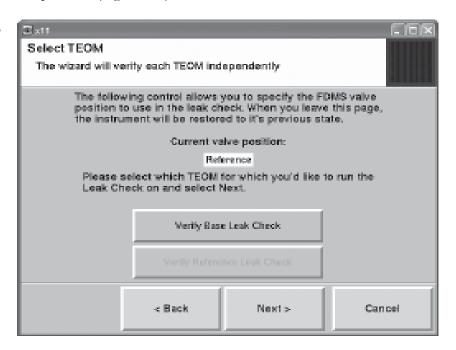


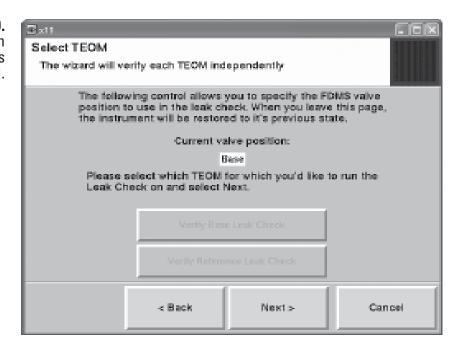
Figure 3-8. Leak Check Wizard screen with second valve position.



14. The Replace Inlet screen will display. Slowly open the leak check valve to restore flow to the system. Remove the flow audit/leak check adapter and attach the inlet to the top of the sample inlet tube (Figure 3-5). Select the **Next** > button.

After completing the leak check with the FDMS in both the base and reference positions, the select valve position screen will again appear, but this time with both valve position buttons disabled. Select the **Next** > button.

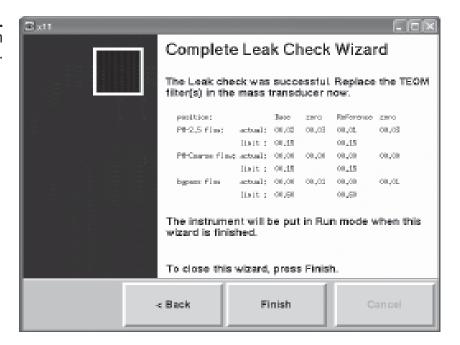
Figure 3-9.
Leak Check Wizard screen
with both valve positions
disabled.



15. The Completing the Leak Check Wizard screen will display. If the leak check passes, a "You have successfully completed the Leak Check" message will display (Figure 3-9).

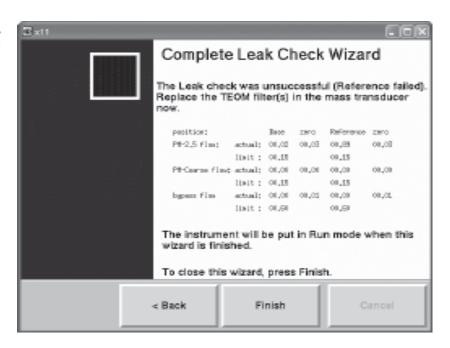
Thermo Fisher Scientific Operating Guide, TEOM 1405-DF 3-9

Figure 3-10. Leak Check Wizard finish screen with pass message.



**Note.** If the leak check failed with the FDMS valve in either the base, reference, or both positions, the complete leak check wizard screen will appear and indicate in which valve position the leak check failed. ▲

Figure 3-11. Leak Check Wizard finish screen with fail message.



15. Install a new TEOM filter in the mass transducer (Section 5).

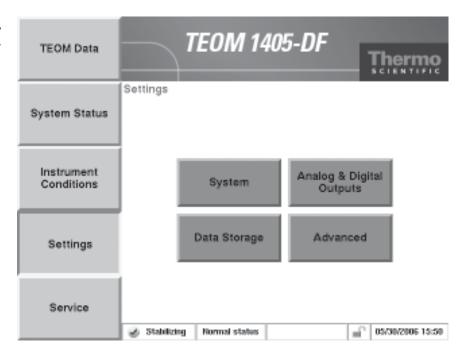
### **Storing Data**

The unit stores only those variables selected by the user. If instrument variables are not set up to be logged, THEY WILL NOT BE SAVED.

### To select data storage variables:

1. Select the Settings menu button to display the Settings screen (Figure 3-12).

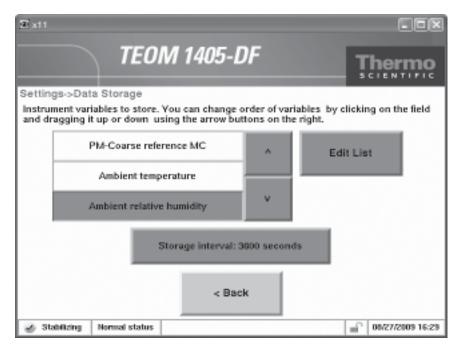
Figure 3-12. Settings screen.



2. When in the Settings screen, select the **Data Storage** button to display the Data Storage screen (Figure 3-13).

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**Figure 3-13.** Data Storage screen.

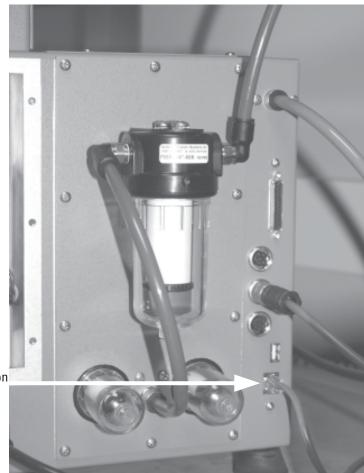


- 3. When in the Data Storage screen, select the Edit List button to display the Edit Data Storage screen. Press the names of the variables you wish to log, up to the maximum allowed of 30. Use the **Next Page** > and < **Previous Page** buttons to scroll through the entire list of variables which can be stored. Select the OK button when all the desired variables have been selected.
- 4. Use the **∨** and **∧** buttons to scroll through the list of selected variables to ensure that all desired variables are selected.
- 5. When in the Data Storage screen, select the **Storage Interval** button to select the interval for data storage. Enter the desired data storage interval into the keypad and select the **Enter** button. For example, if the storage interval is 10 seconds, every 10 seconds the instrument will log (save) the data in the selected variables.
- 6. The storage order of the variables may be set by moving individual storage registers up or down in the list on the screen. To adjust the order, touch the desired variable and then move the position by pressing the ∨ and ∧ arrows to the right of the data variable list. For this ordering to work properly with data dwonloads, version 1.40 or later of ePort is required.
- 7. When all the desired variables are selected and the Storage Interval is set, select the **Sack** button to return to the Settings screen.

### **Downloading Data**

The ePort software allows users to download data from the TEOM 1405-DF monitor using a personal computer (PC) with the Windows XP or later operating system. The monitor must be attached to a local area network (LAN) or directly to a router using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument (Figure 3-14). In order to use ePort, it must have a valid IP address.

**Figure 3-14.** Back of instrument.



Ethernet connection

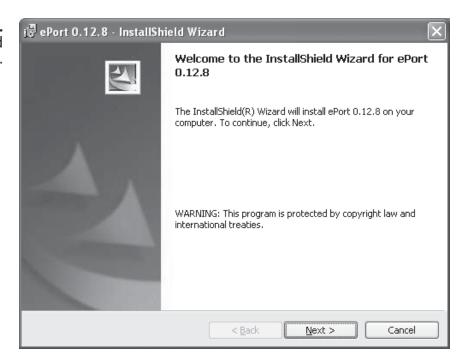
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**Installing ePort** Users must first install the ePort software on a personal computer (PC) connected to the same network as the TEOM 1405-DF that data will be downloaded from. At the same time the ePort software is installed, the installer will install Microsoft .NET Framework software if the PC does not already have an up-to-date version of .NET Framework.

#### To install the ePort software:

1. Locate and double-click on the "setup ePort \_XX.exe" file (where "XX" is the version number)on the software CD that came with the TEOM 1405-DF monitor. The "Welcome to InstallShield Wizard" screen will display (Figure 3-15).

**Figure 3-15.** ePort Welcome to InstallShield Wizard screen.



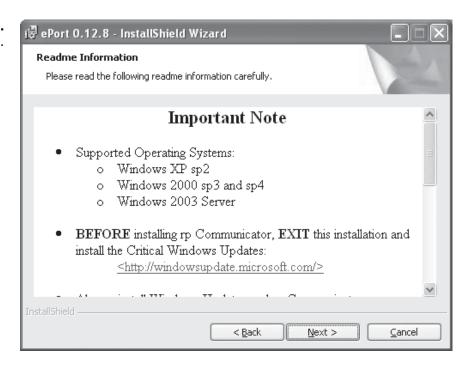
- 2. Select the "Install" button.
- 3. The wizard will display the software license agreement. Select "Yes," then select the Next > button.

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4. The Windows update screen will display (Figure 3-16). If you have recently updated your Windows XP software, select the **Next** > button.

Note. The ePort software MUST be installed on a PC with the latest Windows XP or later updates. If you have not updated your Windows system, select the "Cancel" button and use the Windows Update function of the PC to update the operating system before attempting to install the ePort software. ▲

Figure 3-16. Windows Update notice.

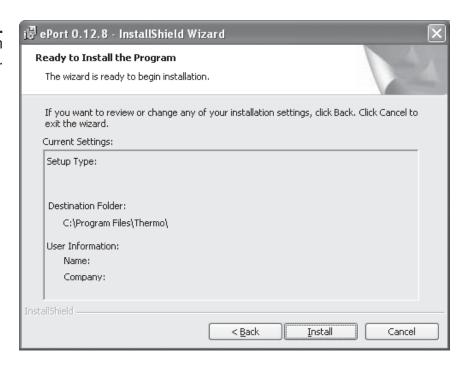


5. The Customer Information screen will display. Type in the information and select the **Next** > button.

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6. The Ready to Install Program screen will display (Figure 3-17). Select the **Install** button.

Figure 3-17.
Ready to Install the Program screen.



7. The wizard will post messages showing the progress of the installation. When the process is complete, the Finish screen will display (Figure 3-18). Select the **Finish** button.

Figure 3-18. InstallShield Wizard Completed screen.



3-17

8. If the PC does not have an up-to-date version of Microsoft .NET Framework software, the system will automatically begin installing that software. The Microsoft .NET Framework Welcome screen will display (Figure 3-19). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 3-19.
Microsoft .NET Framework
Welcome screen.



9. Select **Install**. The system will begin installing the Microsoft .NET Framework software. The wizard will post progress messages during the installation.

**Note.** If the Microsoft .NET Framework software is already installed on the PC, the wizard will ask you to Repair or Remove the software. Select **Repair** to ensure the latest version is installed on the PC, or select **Cancel** to skip the Microsoft .NEW Framework installation.

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10. When the installation is complete, the Setup Complete screen will display (Figure 3-20). Select the **Finish** button to complete the ePort and Microsoft .NET Framework installation.

Figure 3-20. Microsoft .NET Framework Setup Complete screen.



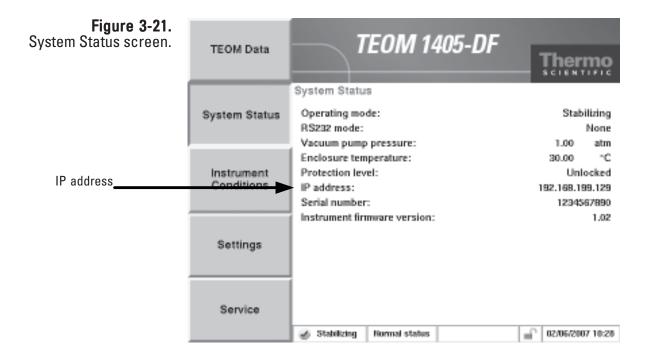
# Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit

When the ePort software is installed, and the TEOM 1405-DF unit and the PC are connected to the same network, the software can connect to the instrument and download data. Additional *Technical Notes* regarding information on connecting to instruments over the network are offered in the library on our website at <a href="https://www.thermo.com/aqi">www.thermo.com/aqi</a>.

Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select **Open Saved Configuration** in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration.

#### To connect to the instrument:

- 1. Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the previous section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. In the System Status screen of the machine from which you want to download data, locate and record the IP address (Figure 3-21) of that unit.

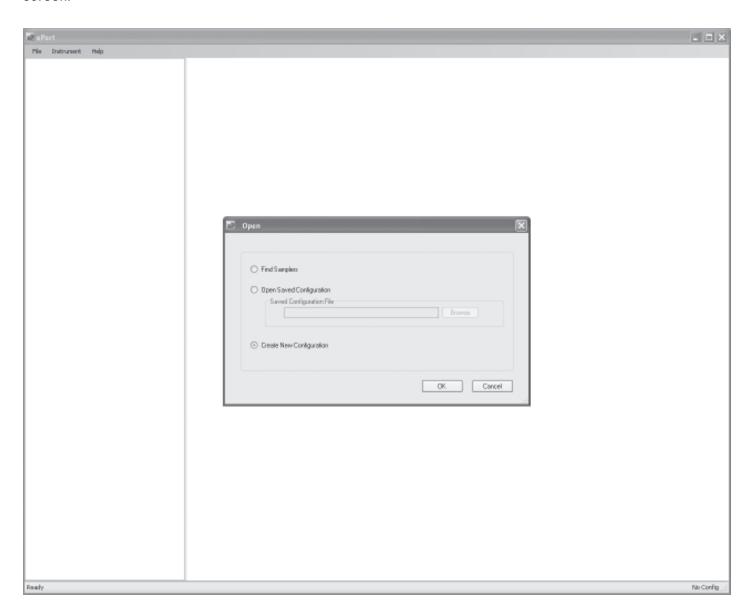


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# SECTION 3 BASIC OPERATION

Figure 3-22. ePort Main screen with Open screen.

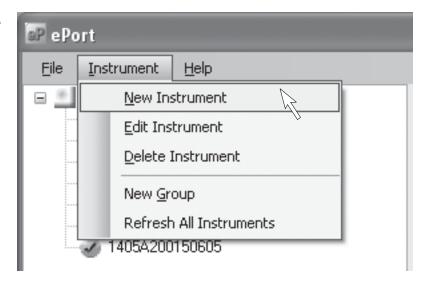
3. Start the ePort PC software, using the icon on the PC desktop or the Start menu of the PC. The ePort Main screen with the Open screen will display (Figure 3-22).



4. In the ePort Open screen (Figure 3-22), select create new configuration. A blank ePort Main screen will display.

5. Select **Instrument** then **New Instrument** from the menu bar at the top of the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-23).

Figure 3-23.
Selecting New Instrument from the menu bar.



6. The Add New Instrument screen will display (Figure 3-24). Enter the IP address, the name assigned to the instrument and the group (if any) assigned to the instrument and select the **OK** button.

**Figure 3-24.** Add New Instrument screen.



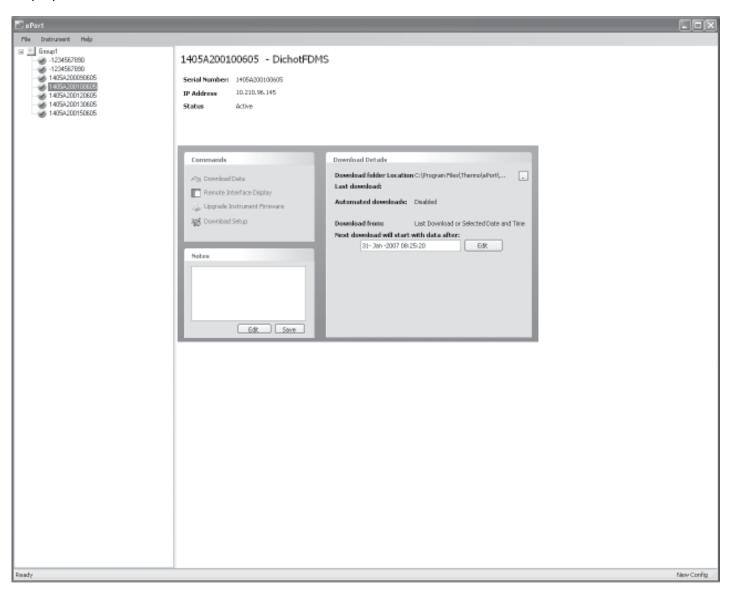
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## SECTION 3 BASIC OPERATION

- 7. The ePort Main screen will display with the selected instrument displayed in the top window (Figure 3-25). Repeat the process to add additional instruments to the list.
- 8. To save this as a configuration, select **File** then **Save** from the menu bar at the top of the Main screen. The Save As screen will display. Type in the desired name for the configuration and select **Save**.

Note. Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select Open Saved Configuration in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration. ▲

Figure 3-25. ePort Main screen with instrument information displayed.



# Finding Instruments On a Network

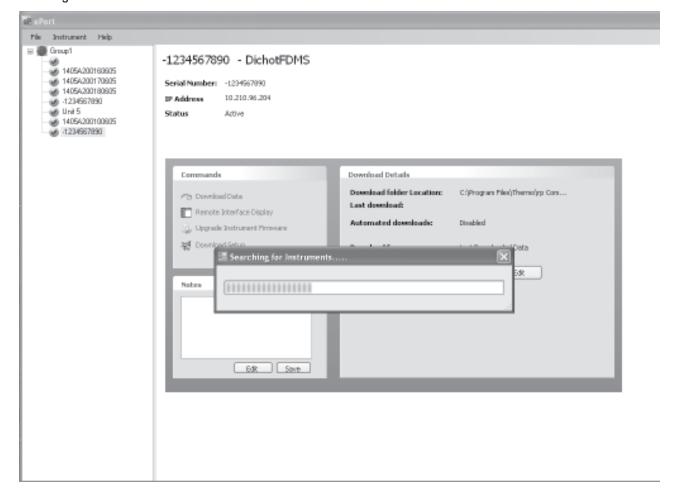
You may use the ePort software to search for all instruments connected to the local network.

This function will only locate instruments on a local network. To connect to instruments on other connected networks, you must know the IP address of the instruments and connect to the unit manually using the **New Instrument** function of the software (Figure 3-23). Refer to the previous section for information on connecting to an instrument off the local network. Instruments on a network must have a unique IP address, or be connected through a router.

#### To locate all instruments on the network:

- 1. Open the ePort software program and select "Find Samplers" in the Open screen (Figure 3-22).
- 2. The ePort Main screen will display with a "Searching for Instruments..." message. As instruments are located by the software they will be added to the list in the Instrument frame on the left side of the screen (Figure 3-26).

Figure 3-26. ePort Main screen with "Searching for Instruments..." message.

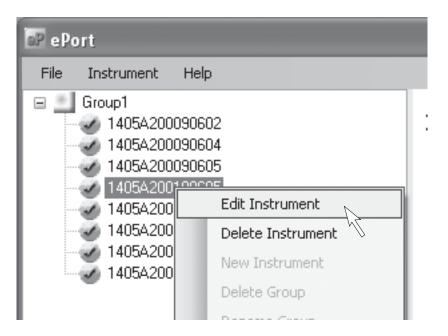


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3. All instruments located on the local network will be displayed in the Instrument frame on the left side of the Main screen. To edit a displayed instrument or delete an instrument from the list, right-click on the instrument and select **Edit Instrument** or **Delete Instrument** (Figure 3-27).

**Note**. To add an instrument from another network connected to the local network select **Instrument** then **New Instrument** from the menu bar. Refer to the previous section for more information on manually adding an instrument to the configuration. ▲

Figure 3-27.
Adding or deleting an instrument from the list.



4. To save this list as a configuration, select **File** then **Save** from the menu bar at the top of the Main screen. The Save As screen will display. Type in the desired name for the configuration and select **Save**.

Note. Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select Open Saved Configuration in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration. ▲

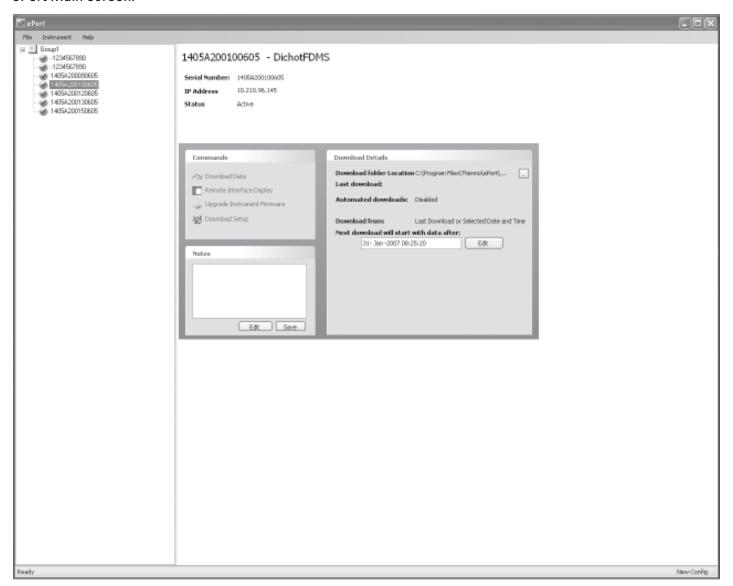
### Setting Up for Manual Data Downloads

Data can be manually downloaded from the TEOM 1405-DF monitor through the built-in Ethernet connection using the ePort software.

#### To set up the software to manually download data:

- 1. Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the previous section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument and display the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-28). (Refer to the previous two sections for information on connecting to the instrument or instruments.)

Figure 3-28. ePort Main screen.



3. Select **Download Setup** in the Commands window of the ePort Main screen. The Download Setup Wizard will display (Figure 3-29). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 3-29. Download Setup Wizard.



- 4. The Select Data screen will display. Select the data to download (either all data on the instrument or the data since the last download). Select the **Next** > button.
- 5. The Select Location screen will display. Use the Browse button to select a location for the data file downloaded by the software. Select the **Next** > button.
- 6. The Download Type screen will display. Select manual downloads. Select the **Next** > button.
- 7. The Completing the Download Setup Wizard screen will display. Select the **Finish** button.

## Setting Up for Automatic Data Downloads

Users can set up automatic downloads for the TEOM 1405-DF monitor using the ePort software.

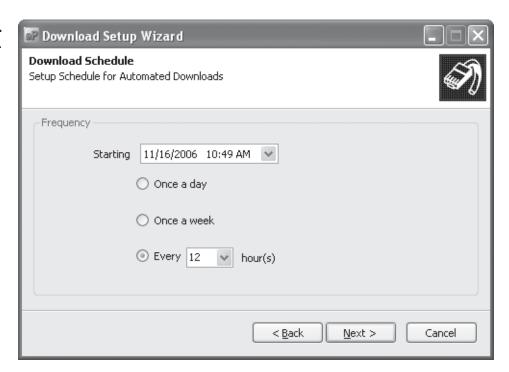
#### To set up the software to automatically download data:

- 1. Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the previous section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument and display the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-28). (Refer to the previous sections for information on connecting to the instrument or instruments.)
- 3. Select **Download Setup** in the Commands window of the ePort Main screen. The Download Setup Wizard will display (Figure 3-29). Select the **Next** > button.
- 4. The Select Data screen will display. Select the data to download (either all data on the instrument or the data since the last download). Select the **Next** > button.
- 5. The Select Location screen will display. Use the Browse button to select a location for the data file downloaded by the software. Select the **Next** > button.
- 6. The Download Type screen will display. Select automatic downloads. Select the **Next** > button.

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7. The Download Schedule screen will display (Figure 3-30). Select a starting date and time, and a download frequency (daily, weekly, hourly). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 3-30. Download Setup Wizard.



8. The Completing the Download Setup Wizard screen will display. Select the **Finish** button.

3-29

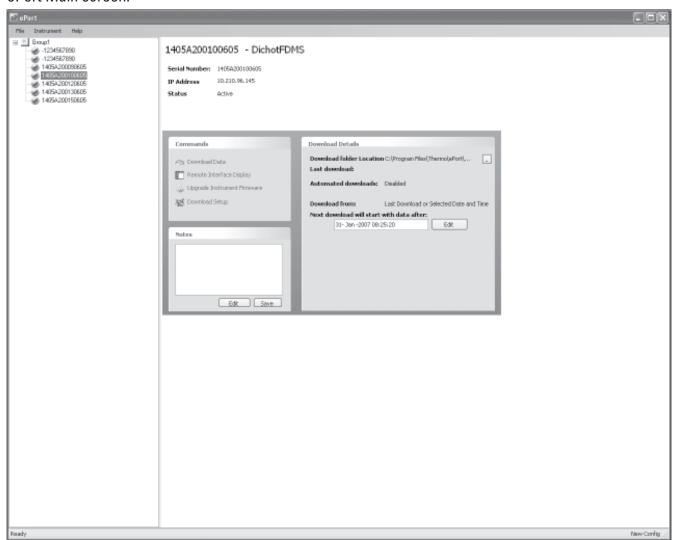
## Performing a Data Download

#### To download data:

- 1. Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument and display the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-31). (Refer to the Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit section for information on connecting to the instrument.)

Note. Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select Open Saved Configuration in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration. ▲

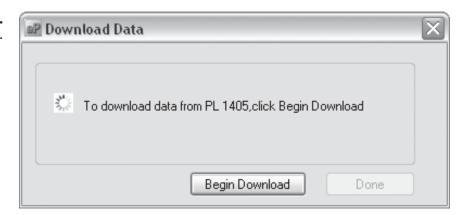
Figure 3-31. ePort Main screen.



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3. Select **Download Data** in the Commands window of the ePort Main screen. The Download Data screen will display (Figure 3-32).

**Figure 3-32.** Download Data screen.



4. Select the **Begin Download** button. The ePort software will download data based on the settings created in the Download Setup wizard. (Refer to the previous section for information on setting up downloads.) The message window will display a "Downloading Data" message while the software is downloading data from the instrument. When the download is complete, it will display a "Download Complete" message. Select the **Done** button to exit the Download Data screen.

3-31

### Downloading Data To a Flash Drive

The TEOM 1405-DF also supports data downloads using the USB connection on the front of the instrument and a USB flash drive.

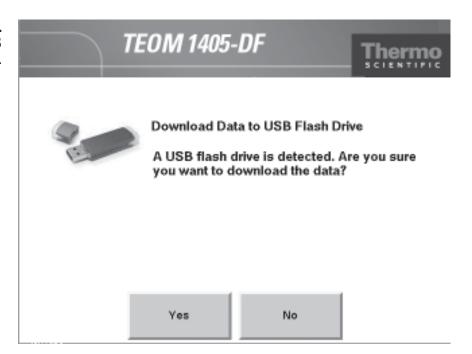
**Note.** Due to the size of the storage buffer, downloading all stored data may take 30 minutes or more. ▲

#### To download data using the USB connection:

1. Plug a flash drive into the USB connection on the front of the instrument. The Download Data to USB Flash Drive screen will display (Figure 3-33).

Figure 3-33.

Download Data to USB
Flash Drive screen.

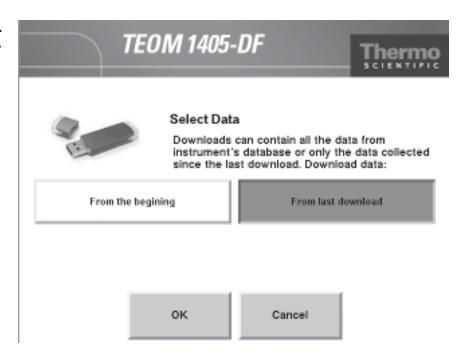


2. To continue with the download, select the **Yes** button. To cancel select the **No** button, then remove the USB drive.

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3. The Select Data screen will display (Figure 3-34). Select the **From the beginning** button to download all the data on the instrument. Select the **From last download** button to download only the data stored since the last data download. Select the **OK** button.

**Figure 3-34.** Select Data screen.



4. The instrument will display a "downloading data" message and begin transferring data to the USB drive.

**Note.** Do not remove the USB drive from the instrument while the data is downloading. ▲

5. When the data download is complete, the instrument will display a "Download complete" message and display the file name as it is stored on the USB flash drive. (The file name format is the instrument serial number followed by a date/time stamp.) Remove the USB flash drive and select the **OK** button to continue.

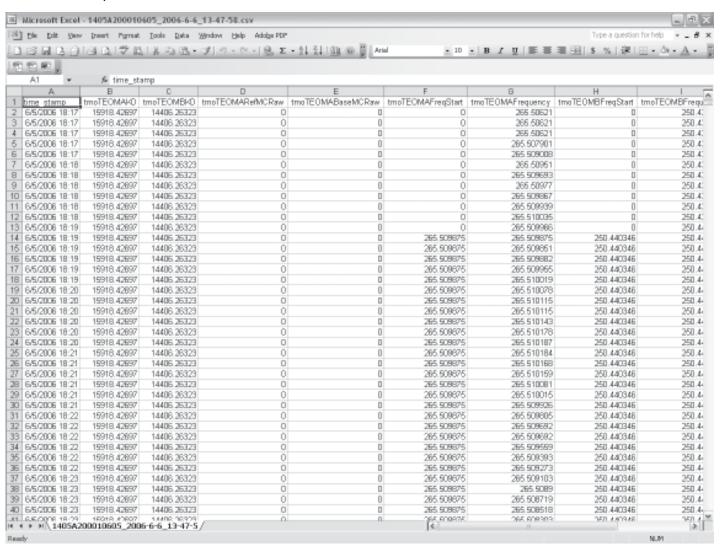
### Viewing Downloaded Data

Data files are downloaded and saved as ".csv" files (.txt files through USB) that can be opened and viewed with Microsoft Excel. The file name format is the instrument serial number followed by a date/time stamp.

The data files will be saved to the folder selected using the Download Setup Wizard. Refer to the Setting Up for a Data Download section for information on setting up a data folder. The default folder location is:

C:\Program Files\Thermo\ePort\Data

Figure 3-35.
Data .csv file opened in Excel.



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# User I/O Connections

The TEOM 1405 allows users additional analog input and analog and digital output capabilities using the 25-pin "USER I/O" connector on the back of the instrument.

The female 25-pin USER I/O connector (Figures 3-36) has connections for eight analog output, four analog input and two digital output (contact closure) connections.

Figure 3-36. USER I/O connector.



Thermo Scientific offers a 25-pin male connector manufactured by Phoenix Contact that can be wired to match to the USER I/O connector on the back of the instrument. (Figure 3-37).

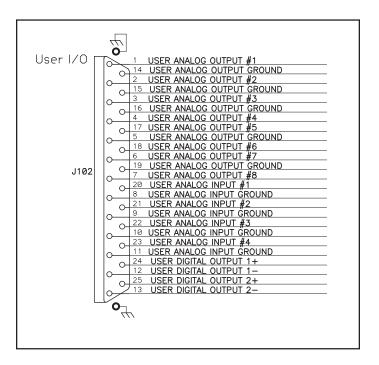
Figure 3-37. 25-pin connector.



# USER I/O Pin Assignments

Wire the desired analog input, analog output or digital output connections to the Phoenix Contact 25-pin male connector according to the manufacturer's instructions and the pin assignments of the TEOM 1405 (Figure 3-38 and Table 3-1).

Figure 3-38. 1405 USER I/O pin assignments.



**Table 3-1.** 1405 USER I/O pin assignments.

Channel	Pin	Channel	Pin
Analog output 1	1	Analog output 1 ground	14
Analog output 2	2	Analog output 2 ground	15
Analog output 3	3	Analog output 3 ground	16
Analog output 4	4	Analog output 4 ground	16
Analog output 5	17	Analog output 5 ground	5
Analog output 6	18	Analog output 6 ground	5
Analog output 7	6	Analog output 7 ground	19
Analog output 8	7	Analog output 8 ground	19
Analog input 1	20	Analog input 1 ground	8
Analog input 2	21	Analog input 2 ground	9
Analog input 3	22	Analog input 3 ground	10
Analog input 4	23	Analog input 4 ground	11
Digital I/O 1+	24	Digital I/O 1-	12
Digital I/O 2+	25	Digital I/O 2-	13

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When the 25-pin Phoenix Contact connector is attached to the unit with the wired digital or analog device connections, the inputs/outputs must be set up using the TEOM 1405 software screens:

When in the Instrument Conditions screen, select the **Analog Inputs** button to set up the analog inputs (1-4) and convert the incoming voltage to the desired scale. The analog inputs are self-calibrating.

When in the Settings screen, select the **Analog & Digital Outputs** screen to set up the analog outputs (1-8) and digital outputs (contact closures 1-2):

- When in the Analog & Digital Outputs screen, select the **Analog Outputs** button to set a minimum and maximum value for the output for the desired output channel. Refer to Section 5 for information on calibrating the analog outputs.
- When in the Analog & Digital Outputs screen, select the **Contact Closure** button to select a variable, operator and compare value for the desired contact closure channel (1-2).

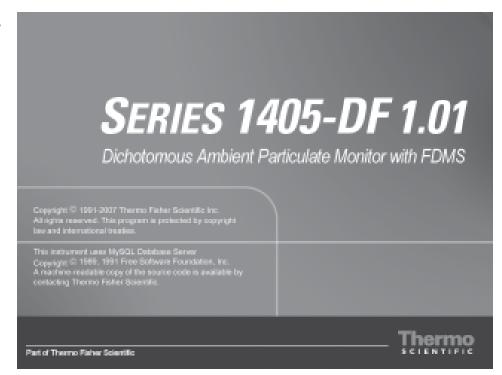
Refer to Section 4 for complete information on setting the inputs/outputs in the Analog Inputs and Analog & Digital Outputs screens.

## Section 4 Screens and Settings

This section describes the screens shown in the instrument software and the system's operating modes, as well as how to change instrument settings.

When the instrument is started, it will display the Title screen for a few seconds (Figure 4-1) after the initialization process.

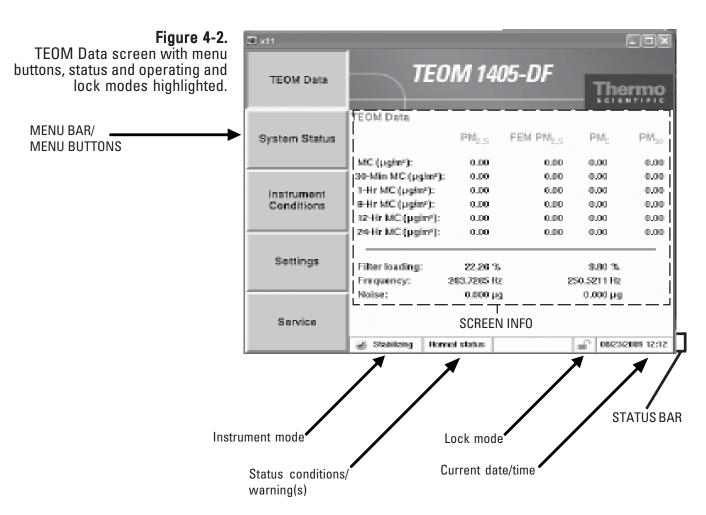
Figure 4-1. Title screen.



The Title screen includes the instrument model and the firmware version of the instrument.

### **TEOM Data Screen**

After the Title screen, the TEOM Data screen will automatically display (Figure 4-2). The TEOM Data screen shows the basic operating information, as well as status conditions and the instrument operating mode. The TEOM Data screen can be displayed by selecting the TEOM Data button in any of the other four main screens (System Status, Instrument Conditions, Settings, Service).



The TEOM Data screen includes menu buttons allowing users to access the other main screens. The status bar at the bottom of the screen displays operating information, including the current operating mode, lock mode and date and time, as well as the current status ("Normal" or "Warning(s)").

Note. Upon initial instrument start up, the values in the mass concentration fields are the running averages that are accumulated until a 1-hour time period has passed. The values are visible to provide the user with an indication that the instrument is functioning, after instrument power up or reset. These raw values are used for internal calculations only. ▲

The TEOM Data screen contains the following information:

- *MC* (µg/m³): This field contains the mass concentration values for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. The unit calculates the mass concentration (MC) value by subtracting the Ref MC from the Base MC. This is a one-hour average updated every 6 minutes. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- 01-Hr MC (μg/m³): This field contains the 1-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- 08-Hr MC (µg/m³): This field contains the XX-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. The user may set value to any whole number greater than 1. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.

**Note**. Mass concentration averages of less than 24 hours can be averaged using data logging equipment to compute sliding 24-hour averages and 24-hour averages that do not necessarily start and end at midnight, as well as averages on other user-defined time scales. ▲

- 12-Hr MC (µg/m³): This field contains the 12-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- 24-Hr MC (μg/m³): This field contains the 24-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- Frequency: This field contains the oscillating frequency of the tapered element (TE) in the mass transducer. This value varies from one TEOM 1405-DF unit to another, but generally ranges between 150 and 400 Hz. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- *Noise:* This field contains the mass transducer's performance. This value should be less than "0.10" after the system has been in Operating Mode 4 for at least 30 minutes. This value cannot be changed by the user.

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#### SECTION 4

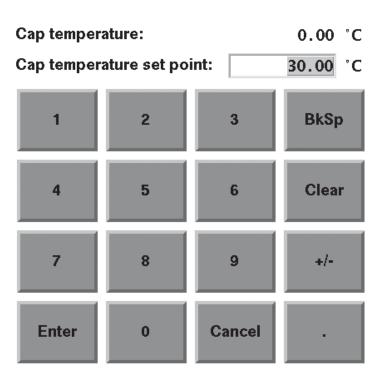
SCREENS AND SETTINGS

• Filter loading: This field contains the filter loading percentage (Section 5). It indicates the portion of the TEOM filter's total capacity that has been used. The instrument will always show a nonzero value even if no filter is mounted in the mass transducer. New filters generally exhibit filter loading percentages of 15% to 30% at a flow rate of 3 l/min, and less at lower flow rates. TEOM filter cartridges must be exchanged before this value reaches 100% to ensure the validity of the data generated by the instrument. At some point above 100%, the main flow drops below its set point. If the filter loading percentage is higher than 30% when a new TEOM filter is placed on the mass transducer, or if the lifetime of consecutive TEOM filter cartridges becomes noticeably shorter, inspect the in-line filters for the PM-2.5 and coarse flow lines (Section 5) and replace them, if necessary.

In addition to the information indicated above, the instrument may be configured to calculate equivalent MC values for the U.S. EPA or other agencies. For U.S. EPA PM-2.5 reporting, this configuration must be selected and data recorded. Refer to Section 4 for instructions to configure this setting. If this configuration is not selected, this column will not appear on the display.

Users enter values into the settings screens using a number keypad (Figure 4-3). Select the button for the value that needs to be changed, such as setpoints for flow rates, temperatures or pressures, and a keypad will automatically display. The keypad will display the current setpoint and the current value (when applicable). Enter the value into the keypad, then select the **Enter** button to set the value or press the **Cancel** button to exit the keypad screen and return to the screen.

Figure 4-3. Number entry keypad showing current value and setpoint.



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### **Operating Mode**

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor displays its current operating mode in the lower left-hand corner of TEOM Data screen (Figure 4-2) and most of the other instrument screens.

The unit's operating modes (Figure 4-2) are defined as follows:

- Stabilizing: This operating mode indicates that the unit has not begun to compute mass values, because the monitor's temperatures and flow rates are stabilizing. The temperatures and flow rates must remain within a very narrow range of values for 30 minutes before the instrument enters the next operating mode. The monitor always starts in Stabilizing Mode when it is turned on or reset.
- Collecting Data: This operating mode indicates that the unit has begun to
  collect data records, but the monitor has not yet computed its first mass
  concentration value.
- *Computing Data:* This operating mode indicates that the unit has computed the first mass concentration value.
- *Fully operational:* This operating mode indicates that the unit is fully operational. The monitor normally resides in this mode. All mass values are being computed by the instrument.
- Setup Mode: When the unit is in this operating mode, it continues to draw a sample flow and maintain operational temperatures but it does not collect any data. Certain operating parameters such as temperatures and flow rates can be changed only in this mode, because doing so during data collection would adversely affect the quality of the data. The instrument will automatically prompt the user to enter the Setup Mode when changing a temperature, flow or other adjustable value. After the new value is entered and saved, it will automatically return to one of the four regular operating modes above. If several parameters need to be changed, the user can enter the Setup Mode manually, avoiding the warning prompts when changing each variable. To manually enter the Setup Mode, select the **Instrument Control** button in the Service screen (page 4-32). In the Instrument Control screen (page 4-34), press the **Setup** button. When the unit is in the Setup Mode, the user can change all of the system's parameters. To manually leave the Setup Mode and start data collection, when in the Instrument Control screen, select the Run button.

• Stop All Mode: Certain situations may arise in which the user may want to turn off all temperatures and flows in the instrument. To enter the Stop All Mode, select the **Instrument Control** button in the Service screen (page 4-32). In the Instrument Control screen select the **Stop** button (page 4-34). When the unit is in this operating mode, it suspends operation of the instrument. In this mode, data collection ceases, flow rates in the system drop to zero, and the output to the temperature circuits is turned off. Also, the monitor will reset its system variables to the original values that were set by the user. However, this does not set the unit to its default parameters. The instrument will remain in the Stop All Mode until you select the **Run** button in the Instrument Control screen.

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# System Status Screen

The current status condition is located in the status bar at the bottom of the TEOM Data screen (Figure 4-4), and most other instrument screens. If there are no status conditions, the field at the bottom of the screen will read "Normal status" (Figure 4-4). If there are status conditions present, the field at the bottom of the screen will read "Warning(s)" and a warning triangle will appear in the instrument title bar at the top of the screen (Figure 4-5). In data files, status codes are reported as decimal/hexadecimal numbers (Appendix A).

Figure 4-4. TEOM Data screen with "Normal status" message.

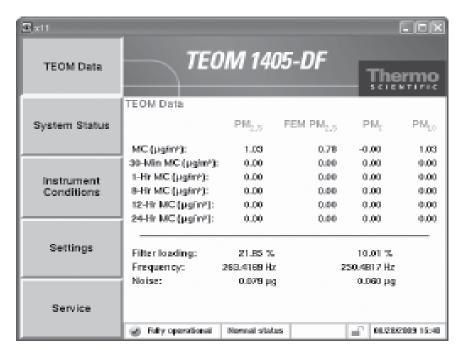
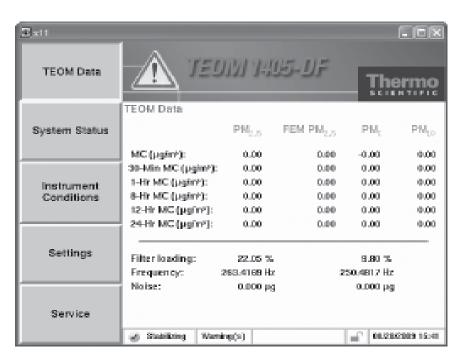


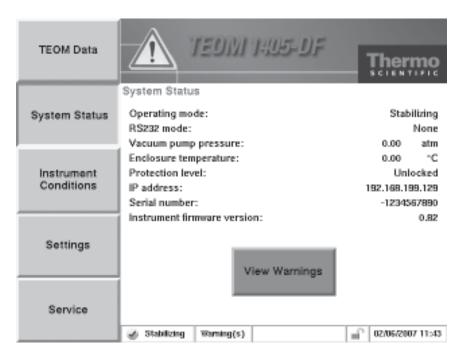
Figure 4-5.
TEOM Data screen with
"Warning(s)" message and
warning triangle.



4-9

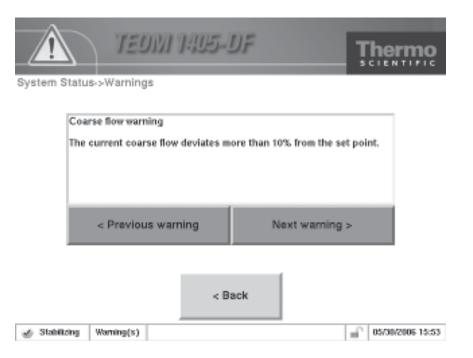
Whenever a status warning is displayed, select the **System Status** button to display the System Status screen (Figure 4-6). The System status screen provides basic operating information and access to the list of the current active status warnings.

**Figure 4-6.** System Status screen.



To view the current status warnings, select the **View Warnings** button or touch the warning triangle (or the title bar) when it is visible in any screen. The Warnings screen will display (Figure 4-7). Select the **Previous Warning** and **Next Warning** > buttons to view the status warnings.

Figure 4-7. Warnings screen.

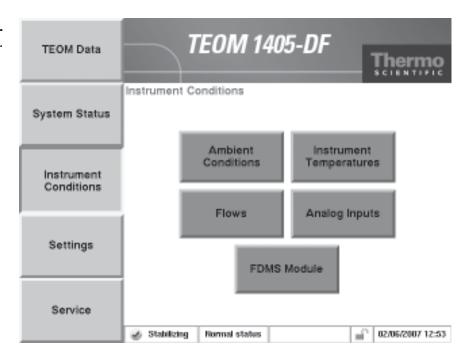


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# Instrument Conditions Screen

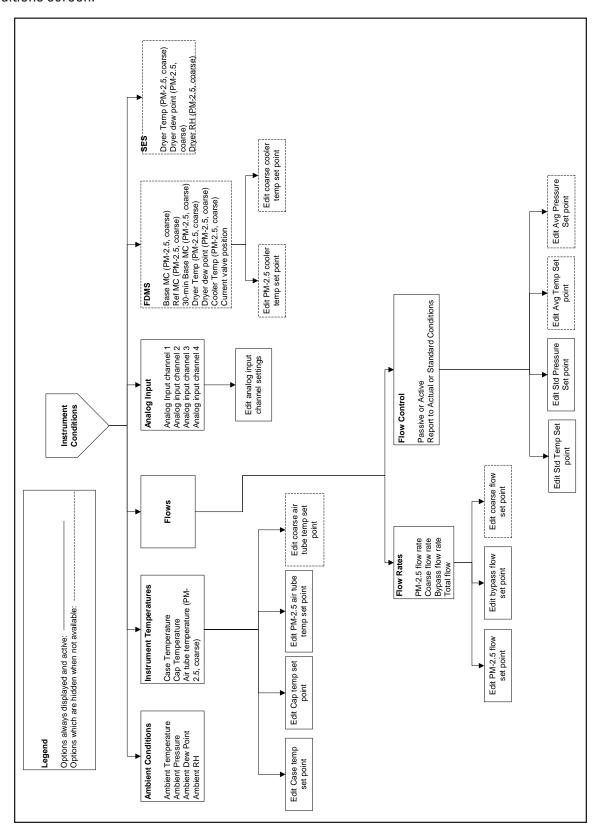
The Instrument Conditions button displays the Instrument Conditions screen (Figure 4-8), and provides access to several temperature and flow settings and the current ambient air conditions for the instrument.

Figure 4-8. Instrument Conditions screen.



When in the Instrument Conditions screen, select the **Ambient Conditions**, **Instrument Temperatures**, **Flows**, **Analog Inputs**, and **FDMS Module** buttons to reach the desired screens (Figure 4-9).

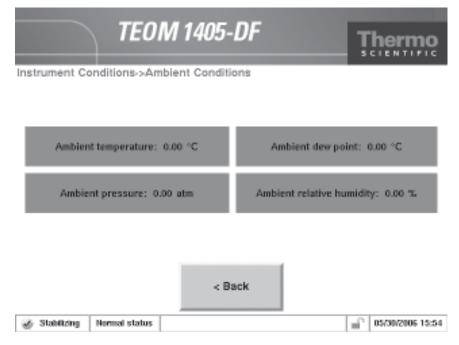
Figure 4-9.
Screens accessible through the Instrument Conditions screen.



## Ambient Conditions Screen

The Ambient Conditions screen (Figure 4-10) shows the current ambient conditions for the monitor.

Figure 4-10. Ambient Conditions screen.



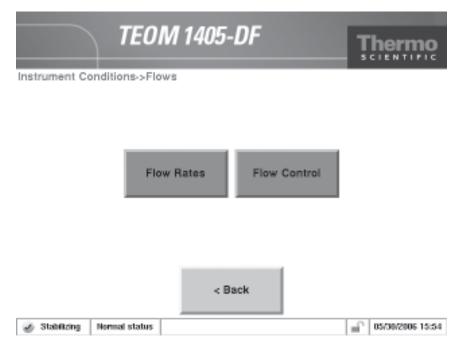
The Ambient Conditions screen contains the following information:

- Ambient Temperature. This field contains the current ambient temperature (°C) at the site. This value cannot be edited and will be correct only when the ambient temperature/humidity sensor is properly installed.
- Ambient Pressure. This field contains the current ambient pressure (atm) at the site. This value cannot be edited.
- Ambient Dew Point. This field contains the current ambient dew point (°C) at the site. This value cannot be edited and will be correct only when the ambient temperature/humidity sensor is properly installed.
- Ambient Relative Humidity. This field contains the current ambient pressure (atm) at the site. This value cannot be edited and will be correct only when the ambient temperature/humidity sensor is properly installed.

#### Flows Screen

The Flows screen (Figure 4-11) offers access to the flow rates and flow controls of the unit.

Figure 4-11. Flows screen.



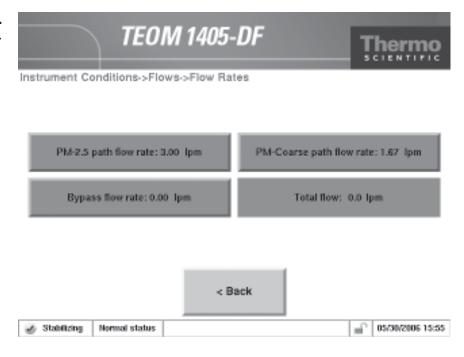
Select the **Flow Rates** button to view or adjust the instrument's flow rates. Select the **Flow Control** button to view or adjust the units standard temperature and pressure settings or select active or passive flow control.

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor uses mass flow controllers to ensure a constant and precise flow through the instrument. The mass flow controllers use the actual (active volumetric flow control setting) or average (passive volumetric flow control setting) temperature and pressure values to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. The active volumetric flow control setting directs the unit to use the actual ambient temperature and pressure to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. The passive volumetric flow control setting directs the unit to use the average temperature and pressure values to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. Refer to the following sections for information on setting flow rates and flow controls.

#### Flow Rates Screen

Select the **Flow Rates** button in the Flows screen to display the Flow Rates screen (Figure 4-12). This screen allows users to adjust the flow rates for the PM-Coarse, PM-2.5 and bypass flow channels.

Figure 4-12. Flow Rates screen.



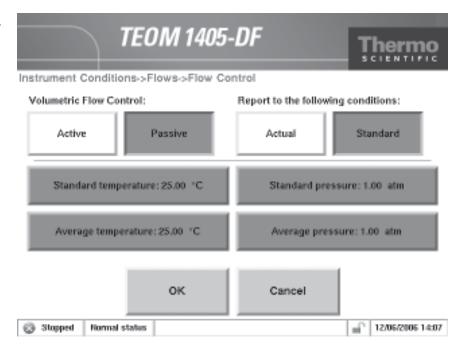
The Flow Rates screen contains the following controls buttons:

- *PM-2.5 path flow rate*. This field contains the current value of the PM-2.5 path flow rate (l/min). The default setting is 3 l/min. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). The current value can not be edited.
- Coarse path flow rate. This field contains the current value of the PM-Coarse path flow rate (l/min). The default setting is 1.67 l/min. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). The current value can not be edited.
- Bypass flow rate. This field contains the current value of the bypass flow rate. The default setting is 12 l/min. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). The current value can not be edited.
- *Total flow.* This field contains the current value of the total flow rate of the instrument (1/min). The current value can not be edited.

#### **Flow Control Screen**

Select the **Flow Control** button in the Flows screen to display the Flow Control screen (Figure 4-13). This screen allows users to adjust the flow control method.

Flow Control screen.



The Flow Control screen contains the following control buttons:

- Volumetric Flow Control (Active or Passive). These buttons allow the user to select "active" (using actual temperature and pressure) or "passive" (using average temperature and pressure) to adjust the flow.
- Report to the following conditions: (Actual or Standard). These buttons allow the user to select "Actual" reporting (the mass concentration measured per actual volume sampled through the inlet) or "Standard" reporting (the mass concentration adjusted based on a set standard temperature and pressure).
- Standard temperature. This field contains the standard temperature (°C) setting. The default setting is 25° C. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).
- Average temperature. This field (visible only when passive is selected) contains the average temperature (°C) setting for passive flow control. The default setting is 25° C. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).
- *Standard pressure.* This field contains the standard pressure (atm) setting. The default setting is 1 atm. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).

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• Average pressure. This field (visible only when passive is selected) contains the average pressure (atm) setting for passive flow control. The default setting is 1 atm. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).

The instrument is delivered with the following temperature and pressure settings:

```
Standard temperature 25° C Standard pressure 1 atmosphere (atm)
Average temperature 25° C Average pressure 1 atmosphere (atm)
```

The user must choose how they want the monitor to control the volumetric flow: actively or passively:

- Active Flow Control uses actual ambient pressure and ambient temperature from instrument sensors to set the flow rates
- Passive Flow Control uses operator input ambient temperature and ambient pressure to control flow. At their discretion, operators can input seasonal average temperature and pressure.

To select *active* flow control, select the **Active** flow control button (Figure 4-13). To use the actual temperature and pressure to control the volumetric flow, you must install the ambient temperature/humidity sensor. The instrument's mass flow controllers measure flow on a mass basis. All of the size-selective inlets, including the PM-10 inlet, operate on a constant volumetric flow basis.

If the user chooses to use *passive* flow control, they must select the **Passive** flow control button (Figure 4-13). The average temperature and average pressure, used by the instrument, may vary with season and altitude. If the user wants the unit to use the average temperature and pressure to control the volumetric flow, they should manually adjust the average temperature and average pressure settings as climatic conditions change. The user usually has to adjust the average pressure only once for the average barometric pressure at the sampling site (i.e., station pressure — not adjusted to sea level). However, the user generally must adjust the average temperature periodically (often 4 times per year) in accordance with changing average ambient temperatures.

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The mass concentration is reported based on the volume sampled through the TEOM inlet. It can be reported in terms of the mass collected per actual volume sampled through the inlet or reported in terms of mass collected per standard volume sampled through the inlet.

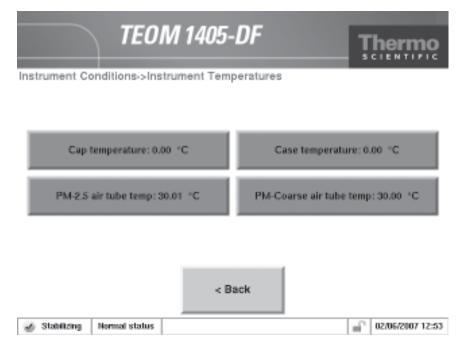
If the user chooses to set the unit to report the mass concentration levels to **Actual** conditions, they must select the **Active** flow control button (Figure 4-13). This will cause the monitor to use the actual ambient temperature and ambient pressure in its flow rate calculations.

If the user chooses to set the unit to report the mass concentration levels to **Standard** conditions, they must set the standard temperatures and pressures to the appropriate standard regulatory values.

## Instrument Temperatures Screen

The Instrument Temperatures screen (Figure 4-14) shows the current temperatures of the unit.

**Figure 4-14.** Instrument Temperatures screen.



The Instrument Temperatures screen contains the following control buttons:

- Cap temperature. This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the mass transducer's cap. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- Case temperature. This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the mass transducer case. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *PM-2.5 air tube temp.* This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the PM-2.5 air stream. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *PM-Coarse air tube temp.* This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the PM-Coarse air stream. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.

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## **Analog Inputs Screen**

The Analog Inputs screen (Figure 4-15) gives the current values of the units four analog input channels. The inputs accept 0-5 VDC, and can be converted to a desired scale. Select the **Analog Input #1**, **Analog Input #2**, **Analog Input #3**, or **Analog Input #4** buttons to convert the analog input to a desired scale.

Figure 4-15. Analog Inputs screen.



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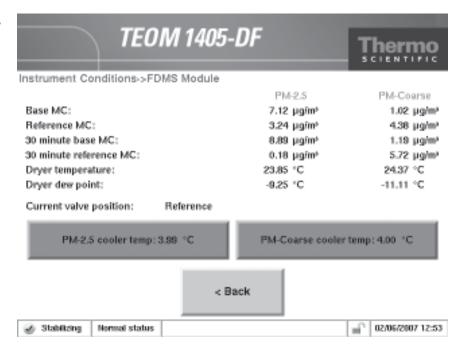
Stabilizing

Normal status

### FDMS Module Screen

The FDMS Module screen (Figure 4-16) allows users to access the values used by the Filter Dynamics Measurement System to generate the mass concentration measurements.

FDMS Module Screen.



The FDMS Module screen contains the following information:

- Base MC. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried ambient air (base flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 1-hour average updated every 6 minutes.
- Reference MC. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried, filtered and cooled ambient air (reference flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 1-hour average updated every 6 minutes.
- 30-minute base MC. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried ambient air (base flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 30-minute average updated every 6 minutes.
- 30-minute reference MC. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried, filtered and cooled ambient air (reference flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 30-minute average updated every 6 minutes.

- *Dryer temperature.* This field contains the dryer temperature of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels.
- *Dryer dew point.* This field contains the current dew point of the air stream (exiting the dryer) of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels.
- Dryer relative humidity. This field contains the current relative humidity of the air stream (exiting the dryer) of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels.

Select the **PM-2.5 cooler temp** or **PM-Coarse cooler temp** buttons to change the temperature (°C) of the FDMS coolers.

## FDMS Cooler Temperature Setting

The default settings for the FDMS cooler temperatures are 4° C. If the dewpoint of either of the fine or coarse sample gases are greater than 2° C, a status warning will occur. Under this condition, check and verify the performance of the sample dryers.

Under certain ambient conditions, the capability of the dryers to remove moisture from the sample gases is insufficient resulting is a high sample dewpoint. High ambient temperature, humidity, or both, may cause this condition to occur. If the high ambient temperature or humidity exists such that the dewpoint of the sample gases may exceed 0° C, Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends the cooler temperatures be adjusted to a 10° C set point for the operating period where the high ambient temperatures or humidity exists. This is accomplished by setting the cooler temperature to 10° C at the beginning of the typical calendar period when these conditions exist and resetting the cooler temperature to 4° C at the end of the calendar period.

When changing the cooler temperature from 4° C to 10° C, follow these steps:

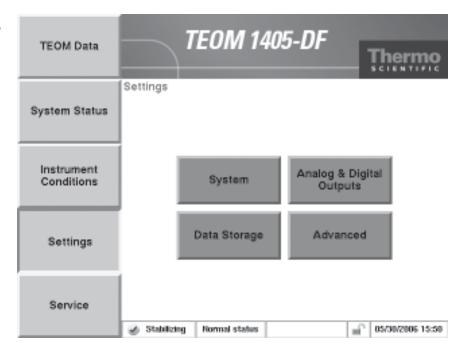
- 1. Remove the TEOM sample filters.
- 2. Perform the Cooler Cleaning as instructed in Section 5.
- 3. Change the Cooler temperature from 4° C to 10° C.
- 4. Install new TEOM Sample filters.

The instrument is now ready to sample at the new FDMS cooler temperature. When changing the cooler temperature setting from 10° C to 4° C, these steps are not necessary.

## **Settings Screen**

The **Settings** button displays the Settings screen (Figure 4-17), and provides access to system, data and advanced settings for the instrument.

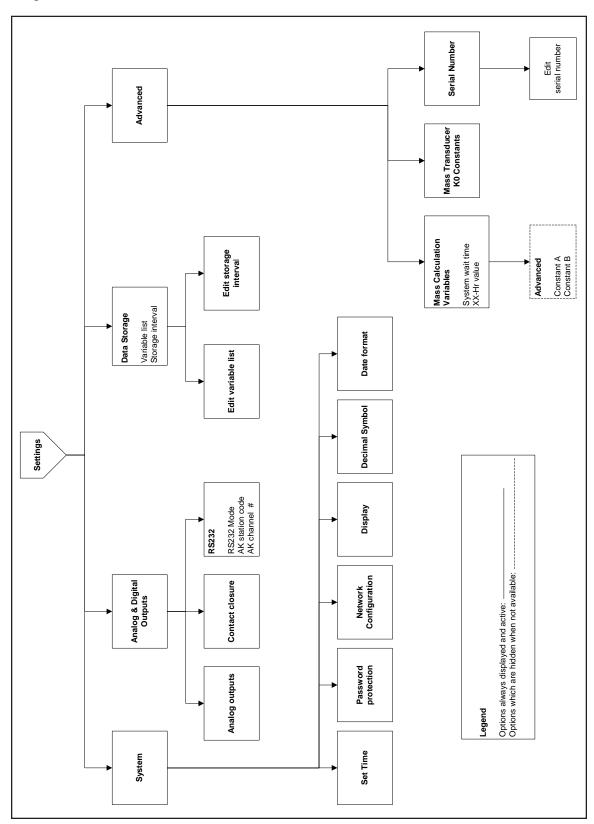
Figure 4-17. Settings screen.



When in the Settings screen, select the **System**, **Analog & Digital Outputs**, **Data Storage** and **Advanced** buttons to reach the desired screens (Figure 4-18).

**Note.** Refer to Section 3 for information on using the Data Storage button to select variables for data storage. ▲

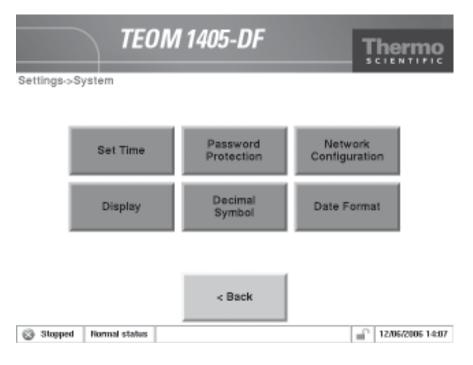
Figure 4-18.
Screens accessible through the Settings button.



### System Screen

The System screen (Figure 4-19) allows users to set the basic configuration of the unit.

Figure 4-19. System screen.



When in the System screen:

- Set Time. Select the **Set Time** button to enter the current time and date.
- Password Protection. Select the Password Protection button to initiate
  High Lock or Low Lock mode. In Low Lock mode, the user can view all
  instrument screens and can change the operating mode to perform filter
  changes. High Lock mode means the user cannot view any screens other
  than the TEOM Data screen. The user can also set the password using this
  button.
- Network Configuration. Select the **Network Configuration** button to determine whether the unit's Internet Protocol (IP) address will be selected automatically or entered manually. If the user wishes to specify an IP address, the user must enter both the correct IP address and the Subnet mask for the system.
- *Display*. Select the **Display** button to choose the preferred viewing mode of the instrument screen: white background with black text or black background with white text.

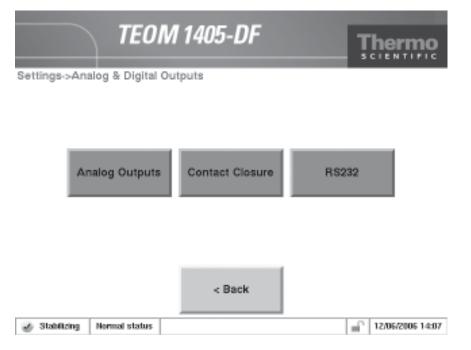
- Decimal Symbol. Select the **Decimal Symbol** button to choose whether to separate decimal numbers with a period (".") or a comma (","). The unit must be restarted for this change to take effect.
- Date Format. Select the **Date Format** button to choose whether to display the date in the "Month/Day/Year" or the "Day/Month/Year" format. The unit must be restarted for this change to take effect.

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# Analog & Digital Outputs Screen

The Analog & Digital Outputs screen (Figure 4-20) allows users to set the basic parameters of the unit.

**Figure 4-20.** Analog & Digital Outputs screen.



When in the Analog & Digital Outputs screen, select the **Analog Outputs** or **Contact Closure** buttons to set up the analog output and contact closure functions. Select the **RS232** button to set up the unit for serial connections using RPComm or other programs using AK protocol.

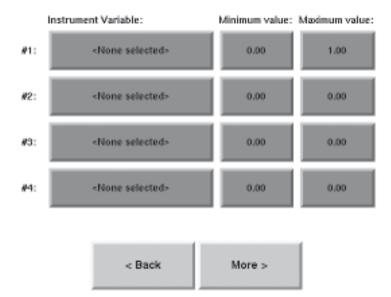
4-27

### **Analog Outputs Screen**

Select the **Analog Outputs** button to display the Analog Outputs screen (Figure 4-21). In the Analog Outputs screen, use the buttons to select a variable, and set a minimum and maximum value for the output for the desired output channel (1-8). Refer to Section 5 for information on calibrating the analog outputs.

Settings->output->Analog Outputs

Figure 4-21. Analog Outputs screen.

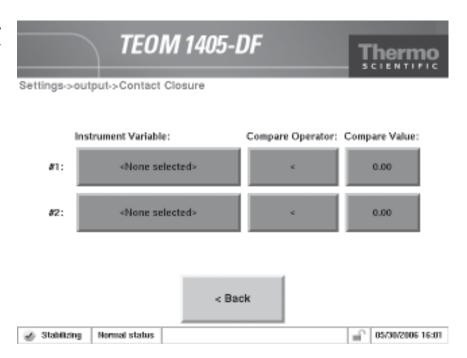


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### **Contact Closure Screen**

Select the **Contact Closure** button to display the Contact Closure screen (Figure 4-22). When in the Contact Closure screen, use the buttons to select a variable, operator and compare value for the desired contact closure channel (1-2).

Figure 4-22. Contact Closure screen.

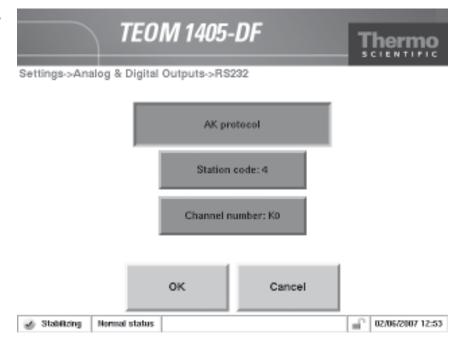


4-29

### RS232 Screen

Select the **RS232** button to display the RS232 screen (Figure 4-23). The RS232 screen allows users to set up the serial port for communication with the RP Comm software, or AK protocol.

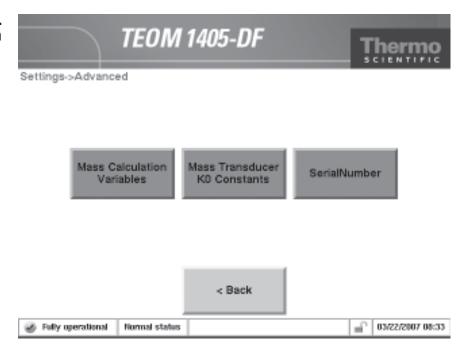
Figure 4-23. RS232 screen.



## Settings Advanced Screen

Select the **Advanced** button to display the Advanced screen (Figure 4-24), which allows users to adjust the advanced settings of the unit.

Figure 4-24. Advanced Screen



When in the Advanced screen, select the Mass Calculation Variables, Mass Transducer or Serial Number buttons to set advanced frequency parameters and check K0 constants or the serial number.

Select the **Serial Number** button to display the Serial Number screen. The screen shows the instrument's serial number. DO NOT adjust this value.

Select the **Mass Calculation Variables** button to display the Mass Calculation Variables screen.

The Mass Calculation Variables screen contains the following control buttons:

• System wait time. This field contains the length of time (sec) in which the temperatures and flow rates must remain (within a range around their setpoints) before the instrument changes from Stabilizing Mode to Collecting Data Mode. The default setting is "1800" seconds. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad.

**Note.** Thermo Scientific recommends that the user set the "Wait Time" to "1000" or higher to avoid damaging the instrument, and to maintain accurate data reporting. ▲

- Frequency gate time. The basis of mass change is raw frequency. Raw frequency is calculated by comparing cycle counts of a highly stable 10 megahertz (Mhz) clock to the cycle counts of the oscillating tapered element (TE). The gate time controls how often the comparisons are made. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad. DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- Frequency wait time. This field contains the time interval (sec) after a valve position change before the instrument begins collecting frequency data. The default setting is 90 seconds. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad. DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- Equivalency Designation. This field contains the current setting of the equivalency designation display of the instrument. Selecting one of the options displays the equivalent mass concentration values on the TEOM Data screen. Select the appropriate regional setting to display the proper values. To record the calculated equivalent mass concentration values, select the appropriate Data Storage variables.
- XX-HrMC. This field contains the XX-Hr MC parameter. This value gives the user a choice of averaging times (hours) shown on the Main screen, following the 1-hour mass concentration average. The default value for this parameter is "8," which causes the monitor to compute 8-hour averages. The user can set an averaging time of any whole hour greater than 1 hour for this parameter. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad.

Select the **Mass Transducer K0 Constants** button to display the Mass Transducer K0 Constants screen.

The Mass Transducer K0 Constants screen contains the following information:

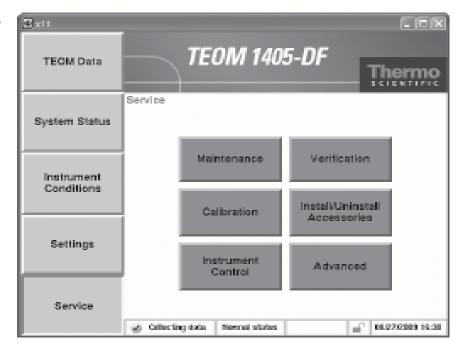
- PM-2.5 TEOM K0. This field contains the calibration constant,  $K_0$  (K0) (Section 1), for the PM 2.5 (left) TEOM.
- *PM-Coarse TEOM K0*. This field contains the calibration constant, K<sub>0</sub> (K0) (Section 1), for the PM-Coarse (right) TEOM.

Note. You can find your monitor's K0 numbers on the label located on the mass transducer (under the insulation). Each TEOM 1405-DF monitor has a unique K0 for each of the two TEOMs in the unit. The constants listed in the Mass Transducer K0 Constants screen must match the value shown on the label near the mass transducer, or the mass concentration data will be incorrect. To adjust the values, select the button to display the keypad. ▲

## Service Screen

The **Service** button displays the Service screen (Figure 4-25) and provides access to maintenance and verification wizards and procedures, as well as advanced troubleshooting and service tools.

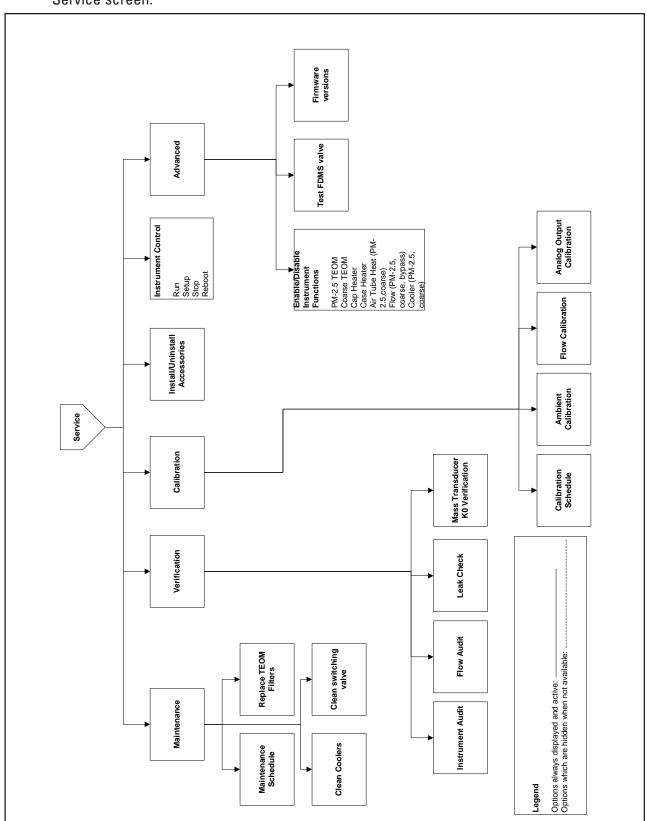
Figure 4-25. Service screen.



When in the Service screen, select the Maintenance, Verification, Calibration, Advanced and Instrument Control buttons to reach the desired screens (Figure 4-26).

**Note.** Refer to Section 5 for information on the Maintenance, Verification and Calibration screens accessible through those buttons. ▲

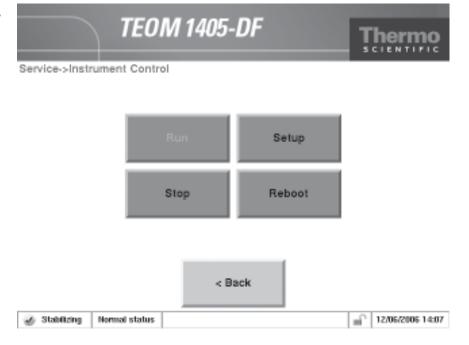
Figure 4-26.
Screens accessible through the Service screen.



# Instrument Control Screen

Select the **Instrument Control** button to display the Instrument Control screen (Figure 4-27). The Instrument Control screen allows users to change the unit operating mode and restart or shut down the instrument..

Figure 4-27. Instrument Control screen.



When in the Instrument Control screen, select the Run, Setup, Stop, Reboot or Shut Down buttons to change the instrument operating mode.

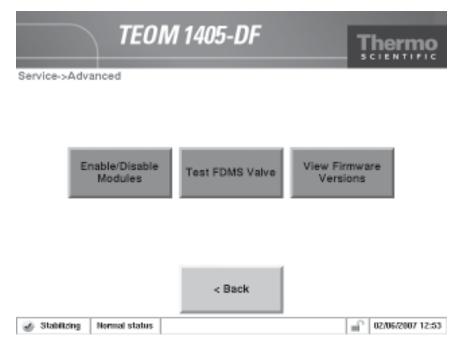
The Instrument Control screen contains the following control buttons:

- Run. This button returns the instrument to normal operating mode (Fully Operational). Refer to the beginning of this section for more information on operating modes.
- *Setup.* This button manually puts the instrument in Setup Mode. Refer to the beginning of this section for more information on operating modes.
- *Stop.* This button manually puts the instrument in Stop All Mode. Refer to the beginning of this section for more information on operating modes.
- Reboot. This button IMMEDIATELY restarts the instrument. Pressing the button returns the unit to Stabilizing Mode and will require the full warm-up period before restarting data collection

# Service Advanced Screen

Select the **Advanced** button to display the Advanced screen (Figure 4-28). The Advanced screen allows users to manually adjust the status, temperatures or flows of several instrument components.

Figure 4-28. Advanced screen.



Only qualified service personnel should attempt to adjust these settings. Contact Thermo Scientific before adjusting any of these settings.

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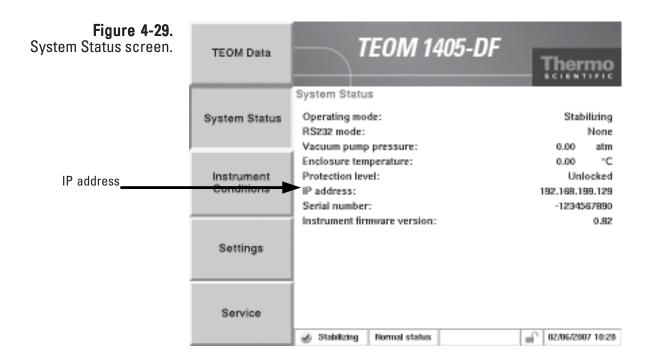
# Installing New Firmware

If the instrument needs new firmware, there are two methods that can be used to update the instrument; using the ePort software or by using a USB flash drive. Refer to Section 3 for information on installing and starting the ePort software. New versions of the TEOM 1405-DF instrument software are periodically made available either on computer CD or in the online library on the company website at <a href="https://www.thermo.com/aqi">www.thermo.com/aqi</a>.

The next section provides instructions on installing new firmware via ePort. Refer to the following section for installing software via USB.

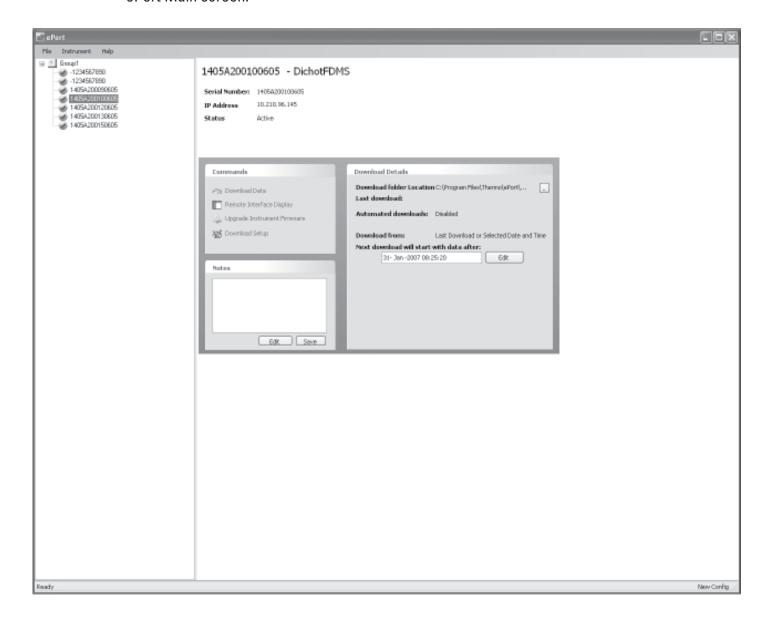
#### To install new firmware using ePort:

- 1. Download the new firmware file onto a personal computer (PC) from the company website or locate the updated version on the software CD. Note the file name.
- 2. Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to Section 3 for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 3. In the System Status screen of the machine you want to update, locate and record the IP address (Figure 4-29).



- 4. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument (refer to Section 3 for information on connection to the instrument.)
- 5. In the ePort Main screen (Figure 4-30), select Upgrade Instrument Software.

Figure 4-30. ePort Main screen.



**Note**. Data will not be collected during the upload procedure and the instrument will be restarted.  $\blacktriangle$ 

6. The Thermo 1405 Installer Wizard screen will display (Figure 4-31). Select the **Next** > button.

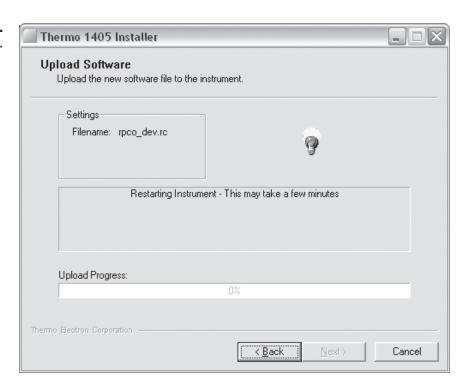
Figure 4-31. Thermo 1405 Installer screen.



7. The Software File screen will display. Select the Browse button to locate and select the file from the CD or the file that was downloaded from the company website. For firmware updates using ePort, the file is named etx.dichotFDMS\_ePort.rc. When the file is selected, it will display in the window below "Choose the File to Upload." Select the Next > button.

8. The Upload Software screen will display (Figure 4-32). The software will restart the instrument then install the firmware. The "Upload Progress" bar will show the status of the upload. When the process is complete, select the **Next** > button.

Figure 4-32. Upload Software screen.



**Note**. It may take several minutes to upload the new firmware, depending on the speed of the uploading PC and the speed of the network. During the upload, the TEOM 1405-DF instrument touch screen will display a text message, then a scrolling cursor to indicate progress. ▲

9. The Software Upload Completed screen will display (Figure 4-33). Select the Finish button. Close ePort and return to normal operation.

Figure 4-33.
Software Upload Completed screen.



Note. The instrument will restart automatically after the firmware is uploaded.  $\blacktriangle$ 

#### To install new firmware using a USB Flash Drive:

**Note**. In order to update the instrument firmware via the USB port, current instrument firmware version 1.51 or later is required to be installed on the monitor. Contact Thermo Fisher Scientific for further information if an earlier version is installed. If updating the firmware using ePort, this limitation does not apply. ▲

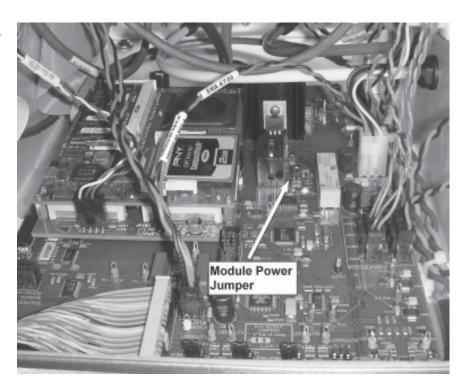
To perform a firmware upgrade using the USB port, first copy the firmware upgrade files to the root folder of a standard USB flash drive. The required files are:

etx\_dichotFDMS.kernel etx\_dichotFDMS\_USB.rc

- 1. Record all important configuration information from the instrument. This includes K0 values, instrument serial number, data storage settings, etc.
- 2. Turn off the instrument.
- 3. Open the front panel that contains the instrument display.
- 4. Compare the inside of the instrument to the following figure. If the instrument interface board matches the figure, proceed to step 4. If the unit is an updated version, close the front panel and continue with step 6. An updated interface board includes the text "Thermo Fisher Scientific" along the front edge of the board.
- 5. Locate the Module Power Jumper on the interface board as indicated in Figure 4-34 and install a jumper across the pins. (One of the analog input jumpers may be temporarily used for this purpose.)
- 6. Insert the USB Flash Drive and turn on the instrument power.
- 7. The instrument will automatically locate and install the necessary files from the USB flash drive and update the instrument firmware.
- 8. At the end of the update process, the instrument will pause for 20 seconds before a blank/white screen appears. Remove the USB Flash Drive. The instrument will reboot automatically to complete the installation of the firmware.
- 9. If you installed a jumper in step 4 above, turn off the instrument power and remove the jumper. If one of the analog input jumpers was used, replace it in the original location. Close the instrument front panel and turn on the instrument power.

- 10. Verify the instrument settings were retained, including serial number and K0. Re-enter these values if necessary.
- 11. Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends performing a calibration of the instrument temperatures, pressure and flows after a firmware update. Refer to Section 5 for calibration instructions.

Figure 4-34. Interface board.



# Section 5 Maintenance and Calibration Procedures

# Periodic Maintenance

Thermo Scientific recommends the following regular maintenance procedures for the TEOM 1405-DF:

Replace/Refurbish the dryer Replace/Refurbish the FDMS dryer once

a year, or as necessary. See page 5-3.

Replace the TEOM filters Replace the PM-Coarse and PM-2.5

TEOM filters when the filter loading percentage (displayed in the Main screen) nears 100% or every 30 days.

Replace the 47 mm filters Replace the 47 mm filters every time you

replace the TEOM filters (every 30

days).

Clean the sample inlet Clean the sample inlet that is mounted

on the tripod each time that you replace

a TEOM filter (every 30 days).

Clean the virtual impactor 
Clean the virtual impactor every time

you replace the TEOM filters (every 30

days).

Replace the in-line filters Replace the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow

in-line filters and the bypass in-line filter

every 6 months, or as necessary.

Clean the coolers Clean the coolers once a year, or as

necessary.

Clean the switching valve Clean the switching valve once a year,

or as necessary.

Clean the air inlet system Clean the air inlet system inside the mass

transducer once a year, or as necessary.

Rebuild the sample pump Rebuild the sample pump once every 18

months, or as necessary. The pump rebuild kit (59-008630) contains instructions for rebuilding the pump.

5-1

These maintenance intervals are guidelines. Requirements for routine maintenance are site-specific, and may vary from one location to another.

## **Maintenance Wizards**

The TEOM 1405-DF software allows users to step through the periodic maintenance procedures. Select the **Service** button to display the Service screen. When in the Service screen, select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen.

Figure 5-1. TEOM Data screen.

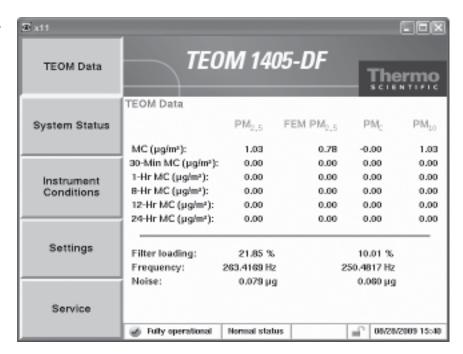
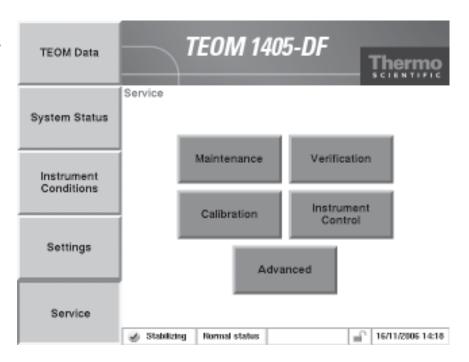
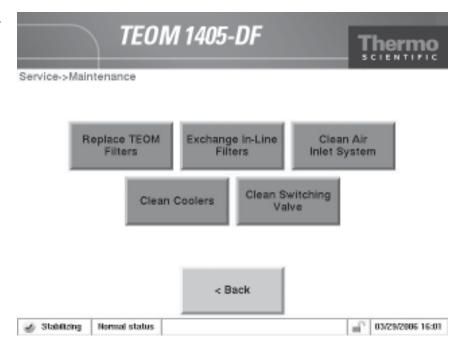


Figure 5-2. 1405 Service screen.



**Figure 5-3.** 1405 Maintenance screen.



## FDMS Dryer Replacement/ Refurbishment

Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends an annual dryer replacement/ refurbishment for the FDMS dryers installed in the 1405-DF TEOM Series. This refurbishment (75-010965) is to minimize sampling artifacts that could effect the measurement of total mass concentration over time. The refurbishment consists of cleaning and any necessary replacement of parts. Contact Thermo Fisher Scientific's Service Department.

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# **TEOM Filter Replacement**

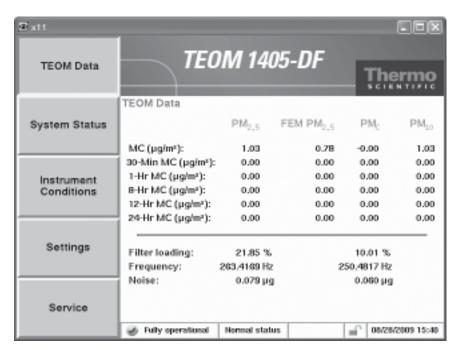
The 1405-DF TEOM filters for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flows need to be changed periodically before filter loading can affect the flow, or at least every 30 days. Change the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse filters at the same time.

**Note.** Change the filters at least every 30 days. The PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse filters should be changed at the same time. Change the FDMS filters at the same time you change the TEOM filters. ▲

#### Filter Loading

The filter loading percentage value indicates the percentage of the TEOM filter's total capacity that has been used. You can check the TEOM filter loading percentage on the monitor's TEOM Data screen (Figure 5-4). Because this value is determined by the pressure drop of the main sample flow line, the instrument always shows a non-zero value even if no TEOM filter is mounted in the mass transducer. New TEOM filters generally exhibit filter loading percentages of 15% to 30% at a main flow rate of 3 l/min, and less at lower flow rates.

Figure 5-4. TEOM Data screen.



TEOM filters must be replaced before the filter loading percentage reaches 100% to ensure the quality of the data generated by the instrument. At some point above 100%, the main flow drops below its set point.

If the filter loading percentage is higher than 30% (at a main flow rate of 3 l/min) when a new TEOM filter is placed on the mass transducer, or if the lifetime of consecutive TEOM filters becomes noticeably shorter, you may need to replace the in-line filter. Refer to "Exchanging the In-Line Filters" later in this section.

Filters should be stored inside the unit for easy access and to keep them dry and warm.

TEOM filter life depends upon the nature and concentration of the particulate matter sampled, as well as the flow rate settings. TEOM filters must be replaced when the filter loading value approaches 100%. This generally corresponds to a total mass accumulation on the filter of approximately 3-5 mg. TEOM filter life at a main flow rate of 3 l/min is generally 21 days at an average PM-10 concentration of 50 µg/m³. TEOM filter life is longer at lower flow rates because the particulate matter accumulation on the TEOM filter is slower.

TEOM filters must be replaced before the filter loading percentage on the status line of the Main screen reaches 100%. When the filter loading percentage is greater than 90%, the unit will trigger a status condition. You must replace the 47 mm filter every time that you replace a TEOM filter.

**Note.** Do not handle new TEOM filters with your fingers. Use the filter exchange tool provided with the instrument to replace filters. ▲

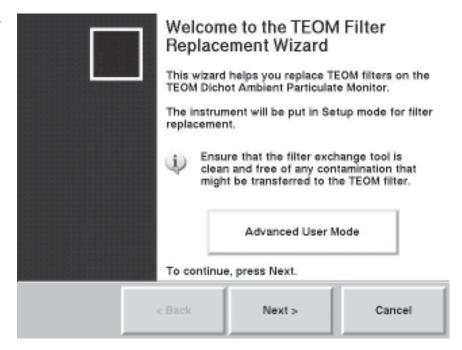
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## Changing the TEOM Filters To install a TEOM filter:

- 1. Ensure that the filter exchange tool is clean and free of any contamination that might be transferred to the TEOM filter.
- 2. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen (Figure 5-3).
- 3. Select the **Replace TEOM Filters** button to start the TEOM Filter Replacement Wizard (Figure 5-5). Select the **Next** > button to begin the procedure.

Note. If you are an experienced user and comfortable with changing TEOM filters, select the Advanced User Mode button to stop the movement of the mass transducer and proceed with a quick exchange procedure. Refer to the next section for a complete explanation of the Advanced User Mode for filter changes. ▲

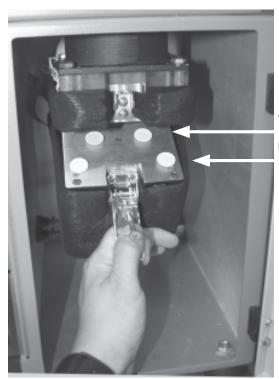
Figure 5-5.
TEOM Filter Replacement Wizard starting screen.



5-7

- 4. The Open Mass Transducer screen will display. Open the door of the sampler.
- 5. Pull the TEOM latch toward you to open the transducer latch.
- 6. With the mass transducer unlatched, swing the bottom of the mass transducer downward, exposing the tapered elements (TE) (Figure 5-6). Select the **Next** > button.

**Figure 5-6.** Opening the mass transducer.

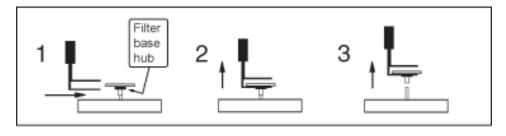


TEOM filters

Conditioned TEOM filters

7. The Remove Old Filters screen will display. Carefully insert the lower fork of the filter exchange tool under one of the used TEOM filter so that the filter disk is between the fork and the upper tab of the filter exchange tool (Figure 5-7). The tines of the fork should straddle the hub of the filter base.

Figure 5-7. Opening the mass transducer.



8. Gently pull straight up, lifting the TEOM filter from the tapered element (TE). Do not twist or tilt the filter exchange tool from side-to-side while removing the filter from the TE. This will damage the TE.

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- 9. Repeat the removal procedure for the second used TEOM filter. Select the Next > button.
- 10. The Replace Filters screen will display. Pick up a new, conditioned TEOM filter from one of the filter holders with the filter exchange tool so that the filter disk lies between the fork and the upper tab of the tool and the hub of the filter lies between the tines of the fork (Figures 5-8 and 5-9).

**Note.** TEOM filters must be preconditioned to avoid excessive moisture buildup prior to their use in the system. Refer to the next section.

**Note.** Do not touch the filter with your fingers while picking it up with the filter exchange tool.

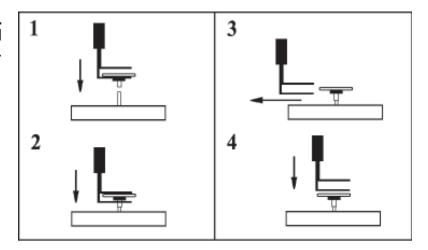
11. Hold the filter exchange tool in line with the tapered element (Figures 5-8 and 5-9) and lightly place the hub of the filter onto the tip of the tapered element. Select the Next > button.





- 12. The Seat Filters screen will display. Gently press down on the TEOM filter to ensure that it is seated properly (Figure 5-9).
- 13. Remove the filter exchange tool by slowly retracting it until it clears the filter (Figure 5-9). Do not disturb the filter.
- 14. Place the bottom of the filter exchange tool on top of the TEOM filter (Figures 5-9) and apply downward pressure (approximately 0.5 kg or 1 lb) to seat the filter firmly in place.

Figure 5-9. Placing the filter on the tapered element.



- 15. Repeat the installation procedure for the other new TEOM filter. Select the **Next >** button.
- 16. The Precondition Filters screen will display. Place new TEOM filters on the conditioning posts on the mass transducer. (Refer to the next section for more information on conditioning filters.) Select the Next > button.
- 17. The Close Instrument screen will display. Raise the mass transducer to the closed position and fasten the holding rod onto the latch plate.
- 18. Close and latch the door to the sensor unit. Keep the door open for as short a time as possible to minimize the temperature change in the system. Select the **Next** > button.

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19. The system will automatically test the two newly installed TEOM filters to ensure they are firmly seated. The system will display a screen with the wait time (Figure 5-11).

**Figure 5-11.** Stabilizing screen.



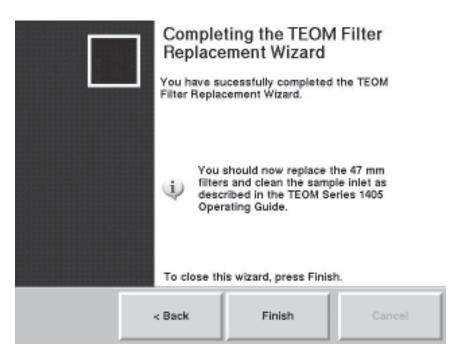
20. If the system is unable to obtain a stable frequency for one or both of the filters, it will display a screen telling which filter (or filters) needs to be re-seated (Figure 5-12). Otherwise, the filter change is complete (go to step 23).

Figure 5-12.
Re-seat Filters screen.



- 21. If the filters need to be re-seated, open the door to the sampler and the mass transducer and press straight down on the appropriate TEOM filter(s) with the bottom of the filter exchange tool (Figure 5-9). This ensures that the filters are properly seated. Close the mass transducer and sensor unit door. Select the **Next** > button
- 22. The system will again display the waiting screen while it is testing for stable frequencies. If it still cannot obtain a frequency for one or both of the filters, it will prompt the user to re-seat the filters a second time. If it still cannot obtain a stable frequency, the procedure will prompt to replace the filters or post a fail message (Figures 5-14 and 15)
- 23. When the frequencies are stable, the system will display the Completing the TEOM Filter Replacement Wizard screen (Figure 5-13). Select the **Finish** > button.

Figure 5-13. Finish screen with successfully completed message.



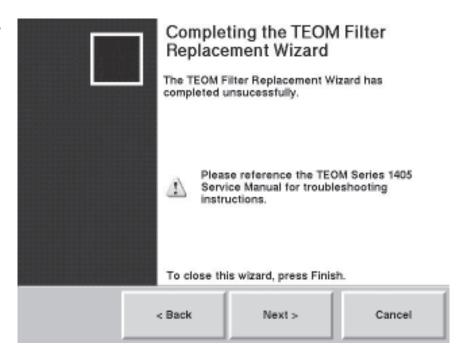
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Note. If the system still cannot detect a stable frequency for one or both of the filters, it will display a "filter could be damaged" message, and prompt for replacement of one or both of the filters (Figure 5-14). If the system fails to establish the frequency again, the filter change procedure will fail completely and recommend appropriate service (Figure 5-15). ▲

Figure 5-14. Try Another Filter message.



Figure 5-15. Fail/service message.



#### **Advanced Filter Change**

For experienced users who are comfortable with the filter change operation, the monitor offers an advanced filter change mode. When the users selects the advanced mode in the TEOM Filter Replacement starting screen, (Figure 5-5), the system automatically stops the TEOM filters and displays a screen to prompt the filter change operation (Figure 5-16).

Open the mass transducer and replace filters

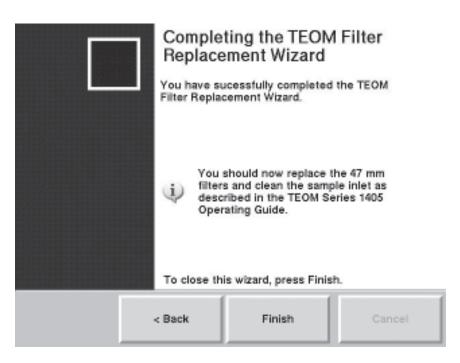
Now that the instrument is in setup mode and the TEOMs are stopped, you may change the filters.

< Back Next > Cancel

Figure 5-16. Advanced filter change screen.

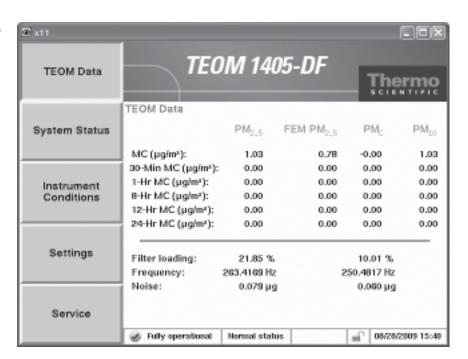
When the screen displays, change the filters and select the **Next** > button. The finished screen will display (Figure 5-17).

Figure 5-17. Wizard complete message.



**Note.** The advanced filter wizard DOES NOT automatically check the frequency. Users MUST ensure that the frequency is stable in order to ensure valid test data. Look at the change in the TE's oscillating frequency on the TEOM Data screen (Figure 5-18). The last two digits of the reading will fluctuate (due to noise) and the rest will remain steady. If more than the last two digits fluctuate in this reading, this indicates that the TEOM filter is loose. Re-seat the filter and check the frequency again.

**Figure 5-18.** TEOM Data screen.



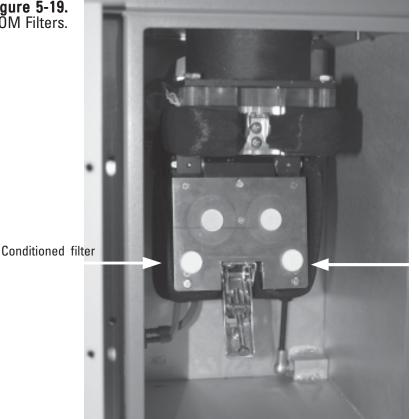
#### **Conditioning the TEOM Filters**

TEOM filters must be preconditioned to avoid excessive moisture buildup prior to their use in the system.

#### To precondition the TEOM filters:

- 1. Place two TEOM filters on the TEOM filter holders of the mass transducer (Figure 5-19) to condition the filters.
- 2. When it is time to install a new TEOM filter, use a conditioned filter from one of the filter holders.
- 3. Replace the conditioned TEOM filter that was on the filter holder with a new filter.

**Figure 5-19.** Conditioned TEOM Filters.



**Note.** Extra filters should be stored inside the carrier box, in the interior of the unit near the mass transducer to ensure they are at or near the appropriate temperature and humidity level for sampling. ▲

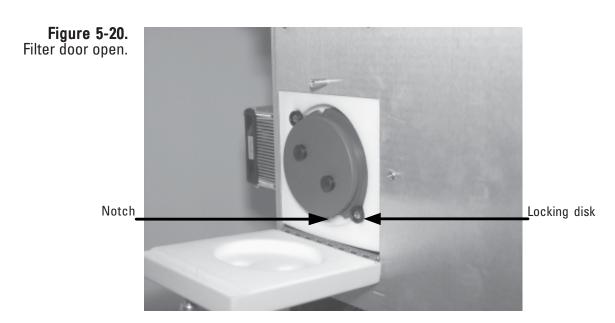
Conditioned filter

# Replacing the 47 mm Filters

Install new 47 mm filters into the TEOM 1405-DF unit before running the first sample run, and every time that you install a new TEOM filter into the unit.

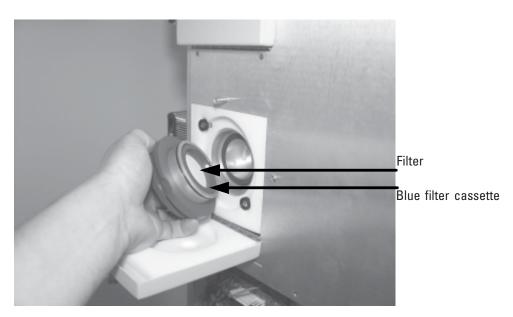
#### To install the 47 mm filters:

1. Locate the two doors on the left side of the TEOM 1405-DF unit. Open one of the small filter doors (Figures 5-20).



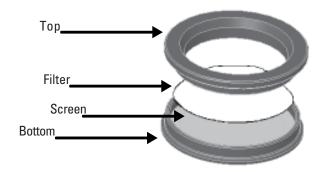
2. Turn the filter holder counterclockwise until the notches line up with the locking disk (Figure 5-21) and then pull outward to remove the holder from the unit.

**Figure 5-21.** Removing the 47 mm filter.



- 3. Locate blue filter cassette and remove the used 47 mm filter.
- 4. Insert a new 47 mm filter into the cassette. Be sure to install the 47 mm filter into the cassette with the face of the filter paper facing the "top" of the cassette. The "top" of the cassette fits *into* the "bottom" of the cassette (Figure 5-22).

Figure 5-22. 47 mm filter cassette with filter and screen.



5. Close the filter cassette (Figure 5-23).

Figure 5-23. Closing the filter cassette.



- 6. Install the filter into the filter holder with the "top" of the cassette and filter surface facing out.
- 7. Line up the notches with the locking disks and install the filter holder into unit. Turn the holder clockwise to lock it in place.

**Note**. Do not overtighten the filter holder. The 0-ring creates the seal, not the force of the turn.  $\blacktriangle$ 

- 8. Close the small filter door.
- 9. Repeat steps 1-8 for the other 47 mm filter.

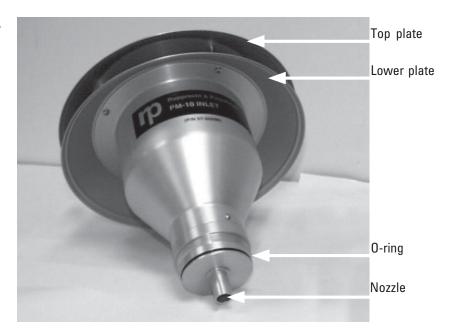
## Cleaning the PM-10 Inlet

The PM-10 inlet should be cleaned every time the TEOM filter is changed, or as necessary. To clean the unit you will need an ammonia-based general-purpose cleaner, cotton swabs, a small soft-bristle brush, paper towels, distilled water, silicone-based stopcock grease, a small screwdriver, a small adjustable wrench and a pocket knife

#### To clean/maintain the PM-10 inlet:

1. Remove rain jar from the inlet and the inlet from the sample tube. Unscrew the top acceleration assembly from the lower collector assembly (Figure 5-24).

Figure 5-24. Top of inlet assembly.



- 2. Mark the top plate deflector cone and lower plate with a pencil to facilitate proper orientation when reassembling, then use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four pan head screws from the top of the top plate (Figure 5-24). Lift the top plate off the four threaded, spacer standoffs and set aside.
- 3. Clean the insect screen (with brush or water) then dry.
- 4. Using a general-purpose cleaner and paper towel, clean the deflector cone on the inside of the top plate.

5. Clean the internal wall surface of the acceleration assembly (Figure 5-25).

**Note**. Ensure the acceleration nozzle is clean. If not, use a cotton swab and cleaner to remove any contamination. ▲

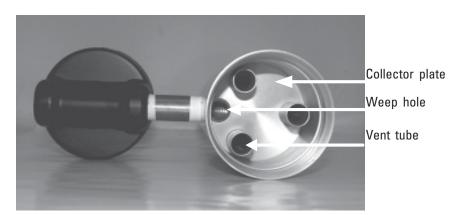
Figure 5-25. Interior wall of inlet.



- 6. Inspect the large diameter, impactor nozzle O-ring for damage or wear (Figure 5-24). Replace it, if necessary. Apply a thin film of silicone grease to the O-ring. Also, apply a light coating of silicone grease to the aluminum threads of the upper acceleration assembly.
- 7. Using a general-purpose cleaner with a paper towel, clean the collector assembly walls and plate (Figure 5-26).

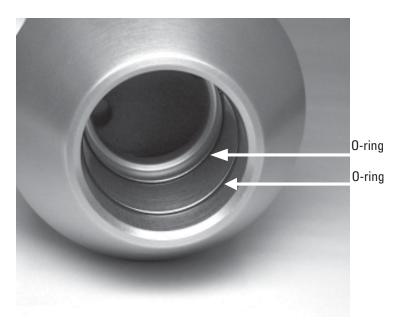
**Note.** Most of the contamination in the inlet is usually found on the collector plate.  $\blacktriangle$ 

Figure 5-26. Inside of inlet collector assembly.



- 8. Clean the three vent tubes (Figure 5-26). You may need to use a cotton swab to clean these vent tubes.
- 9. Clean the bottom side of the collector assembly (Figure 5-27). Inspect the two inlet tube-sealing O-rings for damage or wear. If necessary, replace the O-rings.

Figure 5-27.
Bottom of collector assembly with 0-rings.



- 10. Clean the weep hole in the collector plate where the moisture runs out to the moisture trap (Figure 5-26).
- 11. Clean the rain jar. Inspect the rain jar cover's brass nipple fitting to ensure that it is secure and free from blockages (Figure 5-28).

**Figure 5-28.** Rain jar cover.



- 12. Apply a light coating of silicone grease to the O-rings (Figure 5-27) to ensure that a seal is made when they are reinstalled on the flow splitter.
- 13. Clean the lower collector assembly's threads to ensure a tight seal when the two halves are reassembled.
- 14. Reassemble the top and bottom inlet assemblies until the threads tighten. Hand-tighten only.
- 15. Reinstall the insect screen and align the top plate markings with the lower plate markings. Install the top plate onto the lower plate and tighten the four pan-head screws.
- 16. Place a light coating of silicone grease on the gasket inside the cap of the rain jar. This will ensure a leak-free fit. Reinstall the rain jar.
- 17. Place the inlet on the flow splitter. Take care not to damage the internal O-rings.

# Cleaning the Virtual Impactor

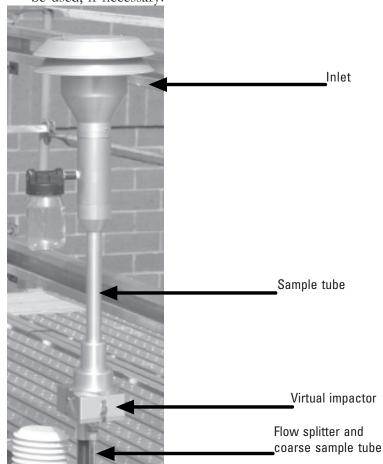
Tools/materials required:

Ammonia-based, general-purpose cleaner O-ring grease Phillips screwdriver

#### To clean and maintain the virtual impactor:

- 1. Remove the inlet from the top of the system, then remove the virtual impactor from the flow splitter coarse sample tube (Figures 5-28).
- 2. Remove the 1 1/4-inch sample tube that connects the inlet to the impactor (Figures 5-28).
- 3. Remove the four screws on each corner of the bottom section of the virtual impactor. Separate its body from its base plate (Figures 5-29).
- 4. Remove the three screws that hold the top of the virtual impactor to the body (Figures 5-28 and 5-29).
- 5. Use water and a mild detergent to wash the inside surfaces of the body, top and bottom sections of the impactor. A general-purpose cleaner can be used, if necessary.

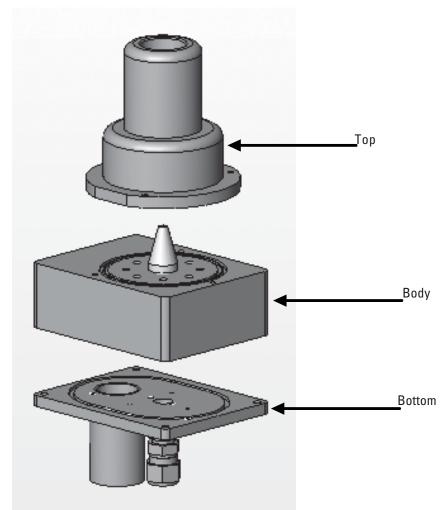
Figure 5-28. Inlet assembly and virtual impactor.



- 6. Inspect all O-rings in each section of the virtual impactor for damage and replace them, if necessary. Apply a thin coating of O-ring lubricant onto the O-rings, if necessary.
- 7. Install the base to the body using the four screws that were removed in step 3 (Figure 5-29).
- 8. Install the top onto the body using the three screws that were removed in step 4 (Figure 5-29).
- 9. Install the adapter tube into the top of the virtual impactor, install the impactor on the flow splitter, and install the inlet on the top of the adapter tube (Figures 5-28).

**Note**. When assembling the virtual impactor ensure that the positions of the parts are correct since incorrect assembly will result in invalid sample data. ▲

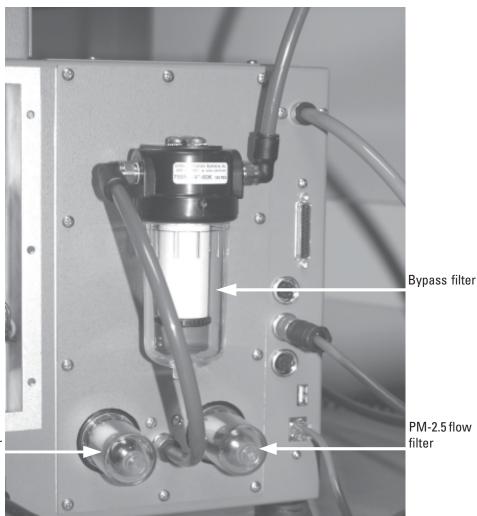




# **Exchanging In-Line Filters**

The small PM-2.5- and PM-Coarse-flow in-line filters (32-010745) and the large bypass flow filter (32-010755) should be changed every 6 months or as necessary. They are located on the back of the unit (Figure 5-29). These filters prevent contamination from reaching the flow controllers. For convenience, replace the large in-line filters immediately following one of the regularly-scheduled TEOM filter exchanges. This allows you to exchange the in-line filters during the 30-minute flow and temperature stabilization period.

Figure 5-29. Back of 1405 unit.



PM-Coarse flow filter

## To exchange the in-line filters:

- 1. Unplug the sample pump.
- 2. Unscrew and remove the small filter covers for both the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels on the back of the unit (Figure 5-30).

Figure 5-30. Removing the fine and coarse filter covers.



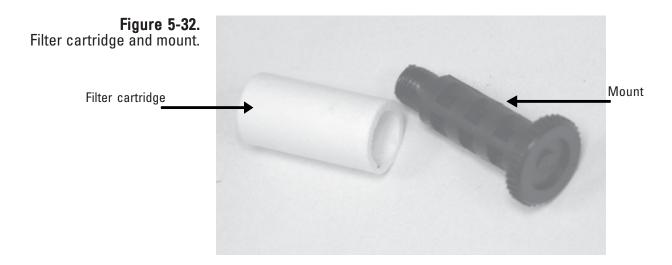
3. Unscrew the filter mounts for both the PM-2.5 and the PM-Coarse flow channels (Figure 5-31).

Figure 5-31. Removing the filter mounts.



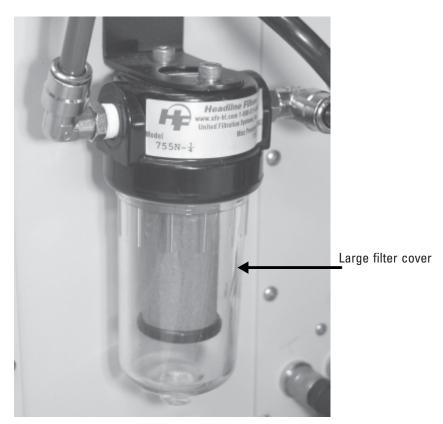
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4. Slide the filter cartridges off the mounts and install new cartridges onto the mounts (Figure 5-32).



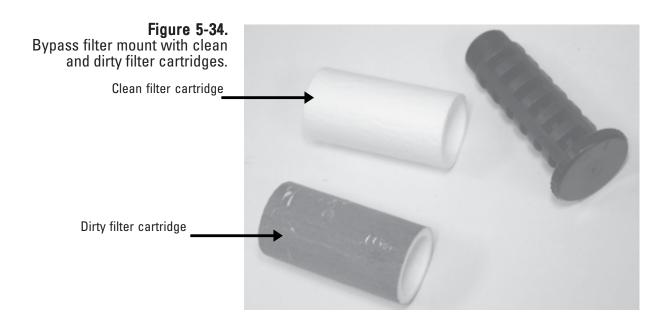
- 5. Install the mounts into the unit, then install the covers.
- 6. Unscrew and remove the large filter cover from the bypass flow channel on the back of the unit (Figure 5-33).

**Figure 5-33.** Bypass in-line filter.



5-27

- 7. Unscrew the filter mount for the bypass flow channel.
- 8. Slide the large filter cartridge off the mount and install a new cartridge onto the mount (Figure 5-34).



- 9. Install the mount into the unit, then install the cover for the bypass flow.
- 10. Plug in the sample pump and return to normal operation.

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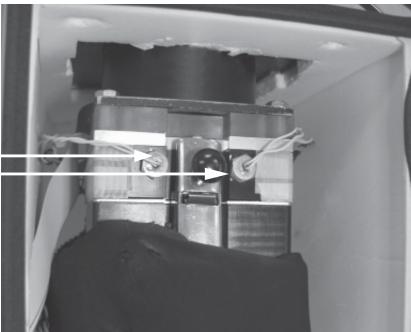
## Cleaning the Air Inlet

You must clean the heated air inlet in the TEOM 1405-DF once a year to remove the buildup of particulate matter on its inner walls. You can order a tapered bristle brush that is appropriate for cleaning the air inlet system from Thermo Scientific. You will need a piece of plastic or another protective material; soapy water, alcohol or freon solution; a 1/2-inch (or adjustable) wrench and a soft brush to clean the air inlet.

### Follow these steps to clean the air inlet system:

- 1. Turn off the TEOM 1405-DF unit.
- 2. Open the door of the unit (Figure 5-35) and locate the thermistors in the top of the mass transducer assembly.

Figure 5-35.
Thermistors on top of mass transducer.



Thermistors

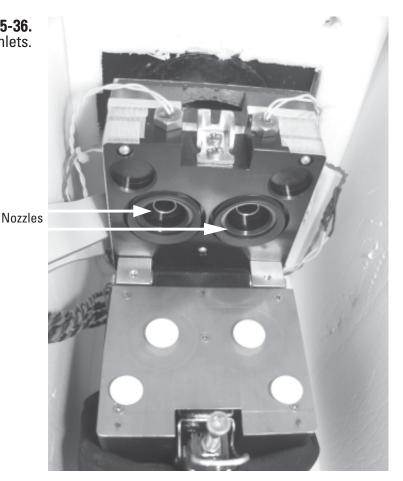
3. Using the 1/2-inch wrench, remove the thermistors from the top of the mass transducer assembly.

**Note**. The thermistors have short thread depths. Installation/removal should take 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 turns. ▲

4. Open the mass transducer (refer to the Replacing the TEOM Filters section earlier in this chapter for instructions on opening the mass transducer).

- 5. Place a piece of plastic or another protective material over the exposed TEOM filters.
- 6. Using a soapy water, alcohol or freon solution, clean the entire air inlet (Figure 5-36). A soft brush may be used to remove particulate matter on the insides of the walls.

Figure 5-36. Air inlets.



- 7. Allow the air inlet to dry.
- 8. Remove the protective material from the exposed TEOM filter.
- 9. Close the mass transducer and latch the latch.
- 10. Install the air thermistors into the cap of the mass transducer assembly and tighten lightly with the wrench.
- 11. Close and latch the door to the unit. Keep the door open for as short a time as possible to minimize the temperature change in the system.
- 12. Turn on the TEOM 1405-DF unit.

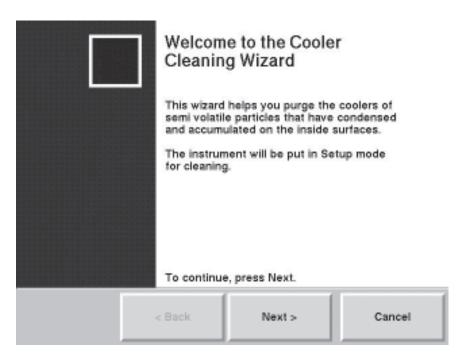
## Cleaning the Coolers

The coolers should be cleaned once per year, or as necessary. The Cooler Cleaning Wizard describes all the steps necessary to clean the cooler. Some additional information is included below.

## Follow these steps to clean the coolers:

- 1. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen (Figure 5-3).
- 2. Select the **Clean Coolers** button to start the Cooler Cleaning Wizard (Figure 5-37). Select the **Next** > button to begin the procedure.

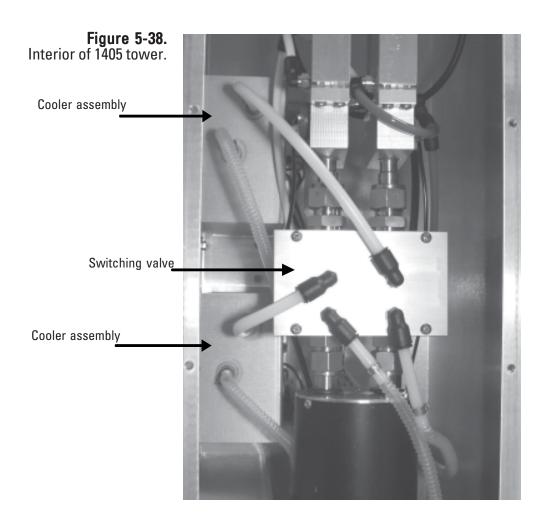
Figure 5-37. Cooler Cleaning Wizard Welcome screen.



3. The Remove Filter Cassettes screen will display. Open the two compartment doors on the side of the unit and remove both 47 mm filter cassettes and filters. (Refer to the "Replacing the 47 mm Filters" section earlier in this chapter for more information on removing the filter cassettes.) Select the **Next** > button.

5-31

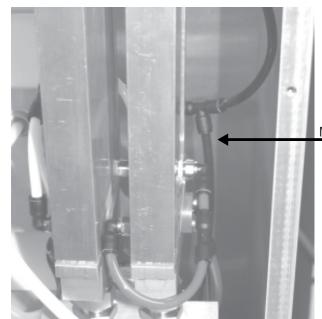
4. The Open Unit screen will display. Remove the front cover from the unit tower and locate the two cooler assemblies, the switching valve and the dryer vacuum connection (Figure 5-38).



5. Remove the tubing from both the top and bottom quick-connect fittings on each of the cooler assemblies (Figure 5-38). Select the **Next** > button.

6. The Disconnect Vacuum Line screen will display. Remove the main line from the bottom of the T-connection of the dryer vacuum line (Figures 5-39 and 5-40). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-39. Main dryer vacuum line T-fitting.

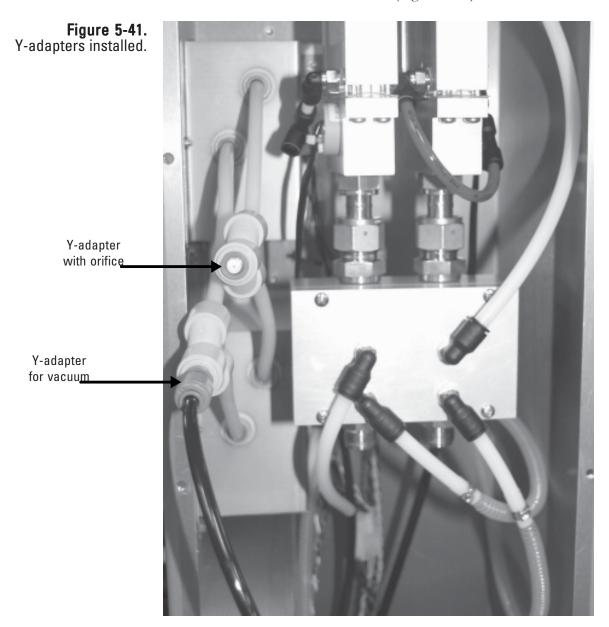


Main dryer vacuum line

Figure 5-40. Main dryer vacuum line removed from T-fitting.



7. The Connect the Vacuum Line screen will display. Install the two pieces of tubing at the top of the Y-adapter with the orifice fitting provided in the instrument package into the top quick-connect fitting of each of the cooler assemblies (Figure 5-41).

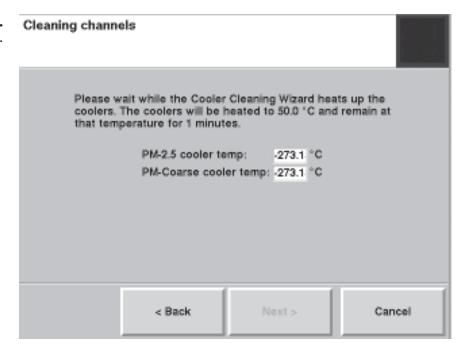


8. Install the main dryer vacuum line removed in step 6 into the bottom of the other Y-adapter (Figure 5-41), and install the two pieces of tubing into the bottom quick connect fitting of each of the cooler assemblies. Select the **Next** > button.

**Note.** Ensure that you use the Y-adapter with the orifice provided with the unit. It restricts the flow through the coolers to the proper rate.  $\blacktriangle$ 

9. The system will automatically begin heating the coolers to 50° C to clean the coolers. The wizard will display a timer screen to show how much time is left to complete the cleaning (Figure 5-42).

Figure 5-42. Cleaning channels screen.



- 10. When the procedure is finished, select the **Next** > button.
- 11. The Close Unit screen will display. Disconnect the Y-adapters and reinstall the tubing into the cooler assemblies as described by the wizard.
- 12. Reinstall the 47 mm filter cassettes (with new filters installed) into the unit. (Refer to the "Replacing the 47 mm Filters" section earlier in this chapter for more information on removing the filter cassettes.)
- 13. Reinstall the tower cover.

14. Select the **Next** > button. The wizard will display a message showing the procedure is complete (Figure 5-43). Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Maintenance screen, or select the < **Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

**Figure 5-43.** Complete screen.



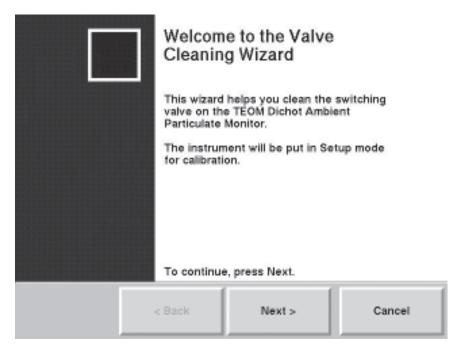
## Cleaning the Switching Valve

The switching valve should be cleaned once a year or as necessary.

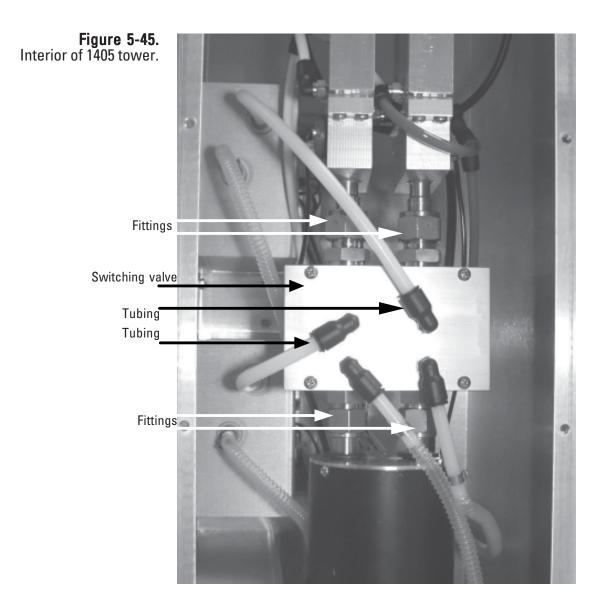
### Follow these steps to clean the switching valve:

- 1. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen (Figure 5-3).
- 2. Select the **Clean the Switching Valve** button to start the Valve Cleaning Wizard (Figure 5-44). Select the **Next** > button to begin the procedure.

Figure 5-44. Valve Cleaning Wizard Welcome screen.



- 3. The Remove Front Cover screen will display. Remove the front cover from the unit and locate the switching valves, fittings and tubing connections (Figure 5-45).
- 4. Remove the tubing from both of the top two quick-connect fittings on the switching valve. Select the **Next** > button.



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5. The Remove Valve screen will display. Using a 1-inch wrench (or an adjustable wrench), completely loosen the two Swagelok fittings on the top of the switching valve and the two Swagelok fittings on the bottom of the switching valve (Figures 5-45 and 5-46).

Figure 5-46. Removing a valve Swagelok fitting.



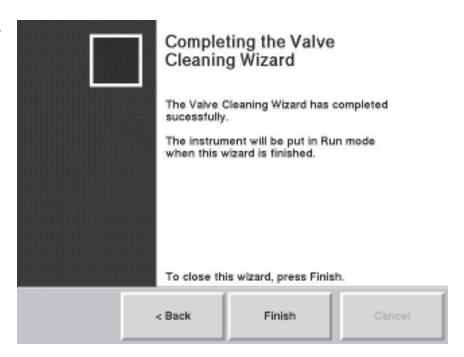
- 6. Loosen the fine and coarse sample tube fittings on the top plate of the 1405-DF tower, then push the dryers back while lifting the switching valve slightly then partially remove it from the tower. It will still be connected by two of the tubes leading to the coolers. Select the **Next** > button.
- 7. The Clean Valve screen will display. Clean the two chambers of the switching valve with the cleaning brush (do not use a cleaning solution) provided with the system (Figure 5-47). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-47. Cleaning the valve with the valve brush.



- 8. The Reinstall screen will display. Set the switching valve back into the system, ensuring that the two empty quick-connect fittings are located on the top of the switching valve.
- 9. Tighten the four Swagelok connections. Tighten them finger-tight at first, then turn them 1-1/4 turns with the wrench.
- 10. Reinstall the tubing into the quick-connect fittings on the top of the switching valve. The short tubing that connects to the lower cooler will only reach the correct fitting (the left quick-connect fitting).
- 11. Reinstall the cover of the unit. Select the **Next** > button.
- 12. The wizard will display a message showing the procedure is complete (Figure 5-48). Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Maintenance screen, or select the **Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Figure 5-48. Completing the Valve Cleaning Wizard screen.



# Audit/Calibration Procedures

Thermo Scientific recommends the following regular maintenance procedures for the TEOM 1405-DF:

Ambient temperature Audit/calibrate the ambient temperature

measurement once per month. The

temperature must be calibrated before a flow

calibration.

Ambient pressure Audit/calibrate the ambient pressure

measurement once per month. The pressure must be calibrated before a flow calibration.

Flow Audit/calibrate the PM-2.5, PM-Coarse and

bypass flows once a month.

Leak check Perform a leak check once a month or as

necessary (refer to Section 3 for leak check

instructions).

Analog outputs Calibrate the analog output channels once a

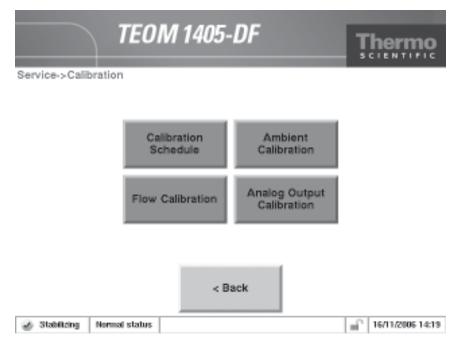
year or as necessary, for example any time the voltage range setting is changed.

Mass transducer Audit the calibration of the mass transducer

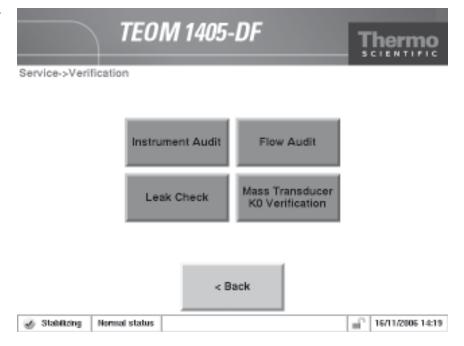
once a year.

The TEOM 1405-DF software allows users to step through the standard calibration and audit procedures. Select the **Service** button to display the Service screen. When in the Service screen, select the **Verification** or **Calibration** buttons to display the Verification and Calibration screens (Figure 5-49 and 5-50).

Figure 5-49. Calibration screen.

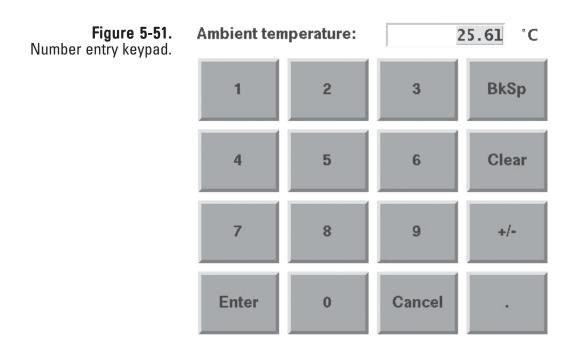


**Figure 5-50.** Verification screen.



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Users enter values into the calibration screens using a number keypad (Figure 5-51). Whenever the user is prompted to enter a value, such as an externally measured temperature, pressure or flow rate, the calibration wizard will automatically display a keypad. Enter the value into the keypad as instructed by the wizard, then select the **Enter** button to set the value or press the **Cancel** button to exit the keypad screen and return to the wizard.

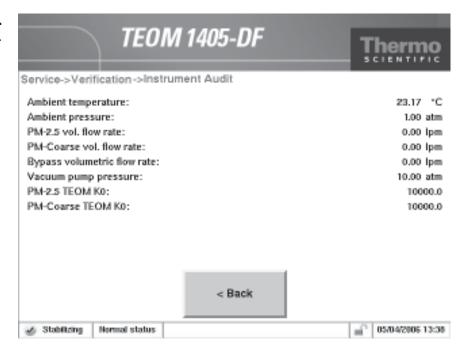


## **Auditing the System**

Users can instantly audit all of the instruments functions through a single software screen. When in the Verification screen, select the **Instrument Audit** button to display the Instrument Audit screen (Figure 5-52).

The Instrument Audit screen shows the temperature, flow and other values that can be audited by the user. Placing a thermometer or barometer in the desired location, allows users to audit those values compared to an external measurement device. Flows can be individually audited for accuracy using the flow audit wizard. For changing or "calibrating" the values, refer to the following sections. Refer to the flow, temperature and pressure calibration section for information on how to attach external measurement devices to the TEOM 1405-DF unit.

Figure 5-52. Instrument Audit screen.



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## Calibrating the Ambient Temperature

Perform the ambient air temperature calibration, pressure calibration and leak check (Section 3) before executing the flow calibration procedure.

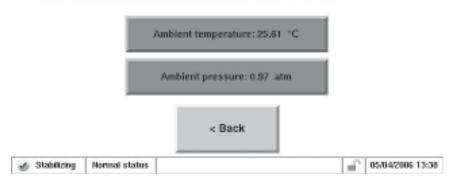
#### To calibrate the ambient air temperature:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 2. Select the **Ambient Calibration** button to display the Ambient Calibration screen (Figure 5-53).

**Figure 5-53.** Ambient Calibration screen.



Click the button to enter the current actual ambient temperature or pressure.



- 3. Determine the current temperature (°C) at the ambient temperature sensor using an external thermometer, [°C =  $5/9 \times (°F 32)$ ].
- 4. If the measured value is within ± 2° C of the temperature displayed in the **Ambient Temperature:** field of the button, no further action is necessary. Select the < **Back** button to return to the Calibration creen. If the value is not within ± 2° C of the temperature displayed in the **Ambient Temperature:** field of the button, select the Ambient Temperature: button. A keypad will display. Enter the actual temperature as measured by the external thermometer and press the **Enter** button. The Ambient Temperature Calibration screen will display with the new entered value. Select the < **Back** button to return to the Calibration screen.

## Calibrating the **Ambient Pressure**

Perform the ambient air temperature calibration, pressure calibration and leak check (Section 3) before executing the flow calibration procedure.

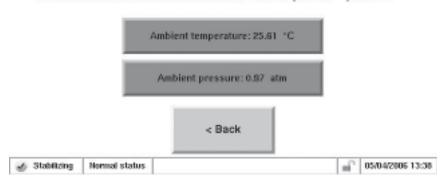
### To calibrate the ambient pressure:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 2. Select the **Ambient Calibration** button to display the Ambient Calibration screen (Figure 5-54).

**Figure 5-54.** Ambient Calibration screen.



Click the button to enter the current actual ambient temperature or pressure.



- 3. Determine the current ambient pressure in atmospheres (absolute pressure, not corrected to sea level).
- 4. If the measured value is within  $\pm$  0.01 atm of the pressure displayed in the Ambient Pressure: field of the button, no further action is necessary. Select the < Back button to return to the Calibration screen. If the value is not within  $\pm 0.01$  atm of the pressure displayed in the Ambient Pressure: field of the button, select the Ambient **Pressure:** button. A keypad will display. Enter the actual pressure as measured by the external device and press the Enter button. The Ambient Pressure Calibration screen will display with the new entered value. Select the < Back button to return to the Calibration screen.

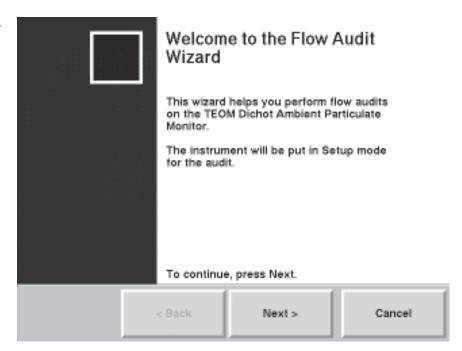
5-45

# Auditing the Flow Rates

### To audit the fine, course or bypass flow:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Verification** button to display the Verification screen (Figure 5-50).
- 2. Select the **Flow Audit** button to begin the Flow Audit Wizard (Figure 5-55). Select the **Next** > button.

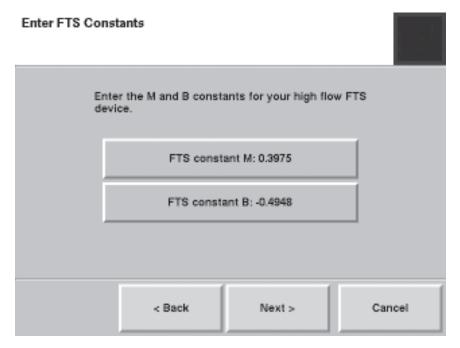
**Figure 5-55.** Flow Audit Wizard.



- 3. The Select a Flow Audit Device screen will display. Select a flow audit device. Select "Direct Flow Device" to audit the flow using a direct flow measuring device (reading "I/min" adjusted for temperature and pressure) such as the Streamline Pro. Select "FTS" to audit the flow using the FTS system. FTS users will enter the device calibration constant and the change in pressure from the FTS. Select the "Next >" button.
- 4. The Select Flow to Audit screen will display. Select which flow to audit. Press the "Next > " button.

**Note**. If you selected the FTS option in the previous screen, you will be prompted to enter the correct calibration constants before proceeding with the audit (Figure 5-56). ▲

**Figure 5-56.** Enter FTS Constants screen.



- 5. The Connect Flow Audit Device screen will display. Attach a flow meter to the appropriate flow channel:
  - a. To audit the PM-2.5 flow channel, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and attach the 1 1/4-inch flow adapter/meter to the top of the flow splitter (Figure 5-57). Disconnect the bypass line from the side of the flow splitter (don't let it fall to the ground) and cap the bypass fitting with the 3/8-inch Swagelok cap provided with the system (Figure 5-58).

**Figure 5-57.** Flow adapter/meter attached to the flow splitter.

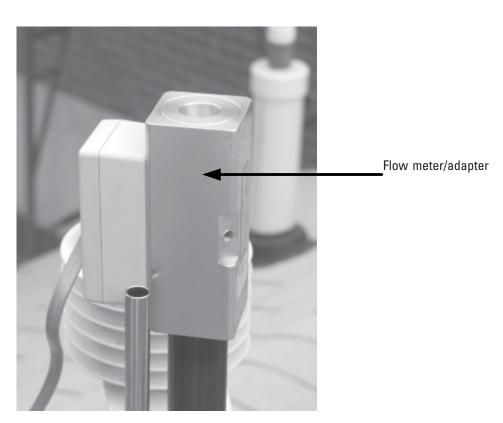
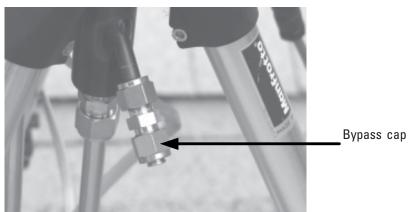


Figure 5-58. Bypass line capped.

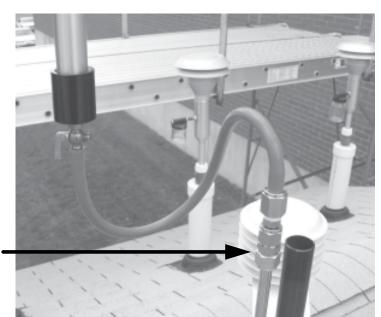


5-49

- b. To audit the **PM-Coarse flow channel**, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and connect the 1/2-inch Swagelok flow audit adapter to the top of the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter (Figure 5-59).
- c. To audit the **bypass flow channel**, remove the bypass line from the flow splitter and connect the 3/8-inch flow adapter to the green tubing of the bypass line. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter.

When the flow meter is attached, select the **Next** > button.

Flow adapter attached to the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet

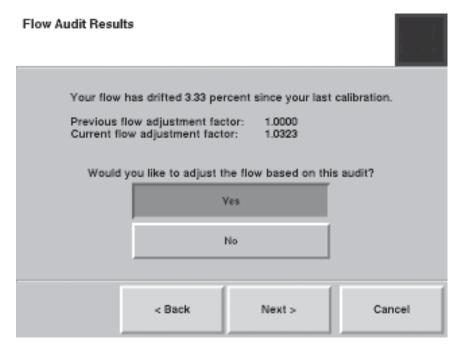


1/2-inch flow adapter

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- 6. The Measure Flow screen will display. *Allow the flow to stabilize*. When the flow is stable, press the flow button and enter the reading from the flow device. Select the **Next** > button.
- 7. The Flow Audit Results screen will display the difference between the flow rate of the instrument and the flow rate on the measurement device (Figure 5-60). If the difference is less than 10 percent, you may adjust the flow rate to reflect the value on the audit device. Select the **Yes** button to adjust the flow based on the results of the flow audit. Select the **No** button to leave the original flow settings in place. Select the **Next** > button to return to the Select Flow screen and audit another flow channel.

Figure 5-60. Flow Audit Results screen.



8. The Select Flow to Audit screen will display again. The flow channel that was just audited will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was audited during this session. If you want to audit another flow channel, select another channel and follow steps 3 - 8 (and the wizard) to complete additional flow channels. Otherwise, ensure that no flow channel buttons are selected, and select the **Next** > button.

**Note**. If the difference is more than 10 percent, the flow will fail the audit and the unit requires a leak check/flow calibration (Figure 5-62. ▲

9. The Completing the Flow Audit Wizard screen will display (Figure 5-61). Remove the flow meter and flow adapter(s) and install the virtual impactor, inlet tube and inlet. Ensure all lines, including the bypass, are reconnected. Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Verification & Calibration screen, or select the **Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Figure 5-61.
Finish screen with flow audit results.

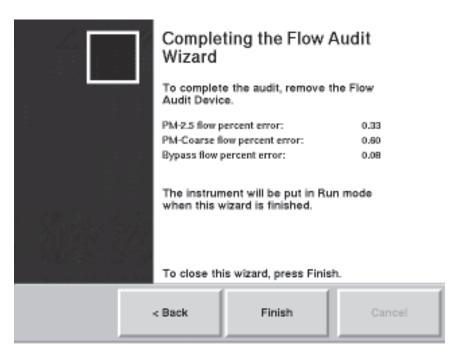
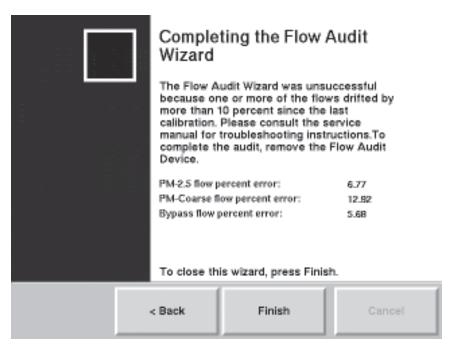


Figure 5-62. Finish screen with a failed audit.



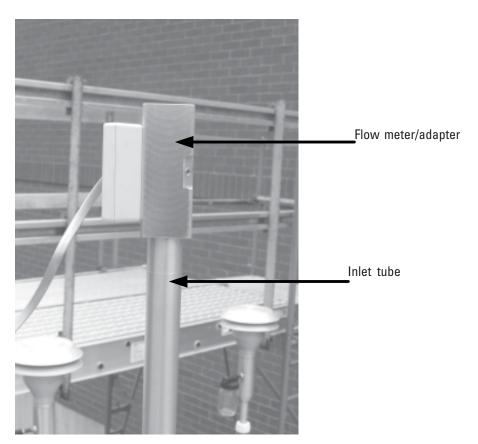
## Calibrating the Flow Rates

Perform the ambient air temperature calibration, pressure calibration and leak check (Section 3) before executing the flow calibration procedure. To calibrate (or audit) the PM-2.5, PM-Coarse and bypass flows, you will need a 1 1/4-inch flow adapter, a 1/2-inch Swagelok flow adapter, a 3/8-inch Swagelok flow adapter and a flow measurement device.

The reference flow meter, such as a bubble meter, dry gas meter, or mass flow meter should have been recently calibrated to a primary standard, and should have an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  at 3 l/min and 16.67 l/min, and a pressure drop of less than 0.07 bar (1 psi). If you are using a mass flow meter, you must make any necessary corrections to translate this reading to volumetric l/min at the current ambient temperature and barometric pressure. No adjustment is necessary in the case of a volumetric flow meter. Thermo Scientific offers the Streamline Pro Multi-Cal system (57-008887) to measure volumetric flow measurements.

**Note.** To audit the total flow, you will need a 1 1/4-inch flow adapter. Remove the inlet and attach the flow adapter and meter to the top of the inlet tube (Figure 5-63). ▲

Figure 5-63.
Flow meter/adapter attached to top of inlet tube for total flow audit.



### To calibrate the fine, course or bypass flow:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 2. Select the **Flow Calibration** button to start the Flow Calibration Wizard (Figure 5-64). Select the **Next** > button to begin the procedure.

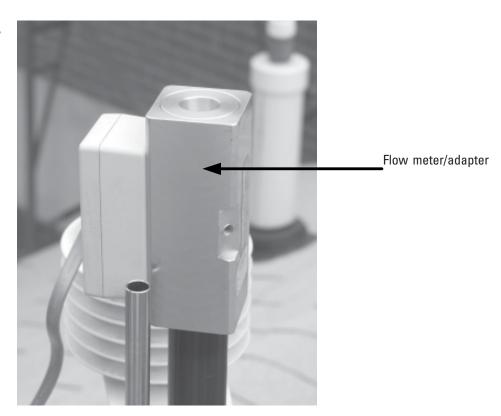
Figure 5-64.
Welcome to the Flow
Calibration Wizard screen.



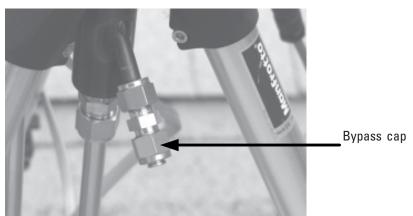
- 3. The Select a Flow Calibration Device screen will display. Select a flow audit device. Select "Direct Flow Device" to audit the flow using a direct flow measuring device (reading "I/min" adjusted for temperature and pressure) such as the Streamline Pro. Select "FTS" to audit the flow using the FTS system. FTS users will enter the device calibration constant and the change in pressure from the FTS. Select the "Next >" button.
- 4. The Select Flow to Calibrate screen will display. Select the Calibrate PM-2.5 Flow, Calibrate PM-Coarse Flow or Calibrate Bypass Flow button to calibrate the selected flow. Select the Next > button.

- 5. The wizard will prompt you to attach a flow meter to the appropriate flow channel:
  - a. To calibrate the **PM-2.5 flow channel**, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and attach the 1 1/4-inch flow adapter/meter to the top of the flow splitter (Figure 5-65). Disconnect the bypass line from the side of the flow splitter (don't let it fall to the ground) and cap the bypass fitting with the 3/8-inch Swagelok cap provided with the system (Figure 5-66).

Flow adapter/meter attached to the flow splitter.

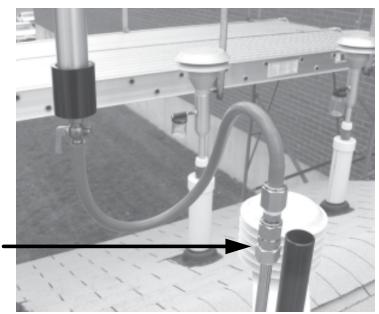


**Figure 5-66.** Bypass line capped.



b. To calibrate the **PM-Coarse flow channel**, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and connect the 1/2-inch Swagelok flow audit adapter to the top of the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter (Figure 5-67).

Figure 5-67. Flow adapter attached to the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet



1/2-inch flow adapter

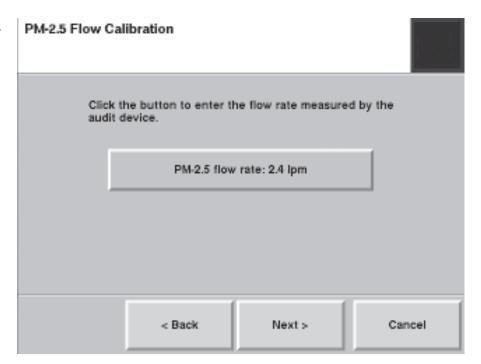
c. To calibrate the **bypass flow channel**, remove the bypass line from the flow splitter and connect the 3/8-inch flow adapter to the green tubing of the bypass line. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter.

When the flow audit device is attached to the correct channel, select the **Next** > button.

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6. The wizard will display a screen that shows the current low-setpoint flow rate (as measured by the instrument) in the **TEOM flow rate:** button (Figure 5-68). *Allow the flow to stabilize.* Select the **TEOM flow rate:** button and enter the current flow rate (to two decimal places) as measured by the flow meter into the number pad and select the **Enter** button. The newly entered flow rate will display in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. Select the **Next >** button.

Flow Calibration screen.

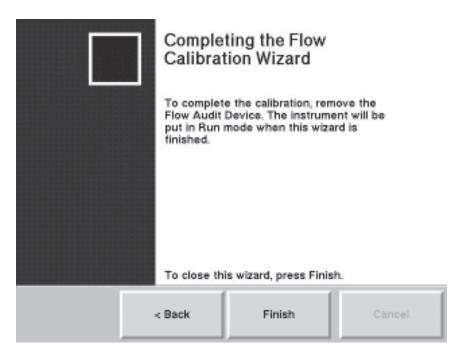


- 7. The wizard will display a screen that shows the current high-setpoint flow rate (as measured by the instrument) in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. *Allow the flow to stabilize*. Select the **TEOM flow rate:** button and enter the current flow rate (to two decimal places) as measured by the flow meter into the number pad and select the **Enter** button. The newly entered flow rate will display in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. Select the **Next** > button.
- 8. The wizard will display a screen that shows the current setpoint flow rate (as measured by the instrument) in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. Allow the flow to stabilize. Select the **TEOM flow rate:** button and enter the current flow rate (to two decimal places) as measured by the flow meter into the number pad and select the **Enter** button. The newly entered flow rate will display in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. Select the **Next** > button.

- 9. After the third flow value has been entered, the Select Flow to Calibrate screen will display again. The flow channel that was just calibrated will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was calibrated during this calibration session. If you want to calibrate another flow channel, select another channel and follow steps 4 9 (and the wizard) to complete additional flow channels. Otherwise, ensure that no flow channel buttons are selected, and select the **Next** > button.
- 10. The Completing the Flow Calibration Wizard screen will display Figure 5-69). Remove the flow meter and flow adapter(s) and install the virtual impactor, inlet tube and inlet. Ensure all lines, including the bypass, are reconnected. Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Calibration screen, or select the **Fack** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

**Note.** If you want to audit the total flow rate following the calibration procedure, see Figure 5-63. ▲

Figure 5-69.
Completing the Flow Calibration Wizard screen.



# Calibrating the Analog Outputs

The Analog Output Calibration Wizard allows users to calibrate the eight analog output channels to either 0-1 VDC or 0-5 VDC.

**Note**. Always wear appropriate anti-static devices when working with the system electronics. ▲

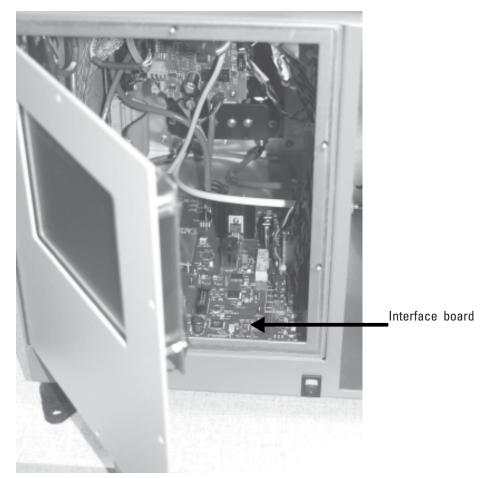
#### To calibrate the analog outputs:

1. Attach an antistatic wrist strap to your wrist. Attach the other end of the wrist strap to the chassis of the control unit to discharge any static electricity while working on the unit.

**Note.** Always wear appropriate anti-static devices when working with the system electronics. ▲

2. Open the door to the unit (Figure 5-70) and locate the interface board mounted to the bottom of the unit.

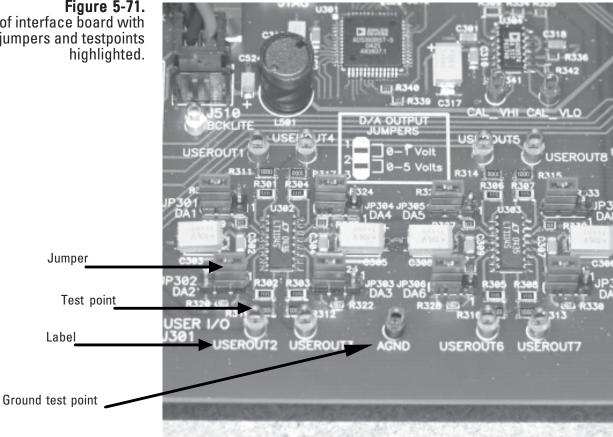
Figure 5-70. 1405-DF unit with left door open.



3. Locate the analog outputs jumpers and test points located at the front of the board and ensure that the jumper for the channel you are calibrating is set to the correct voltage limit (Figures 5-71 and 5-72).

> Note. Set the jumper on the right and middle posts (pictured) for 0-1 VDC and over the middle and left posts for 0-5 VDC.

Front of interface board with jumpers and testpoints



**Figure 5-72.** Close-up of setting guide. Setting guide

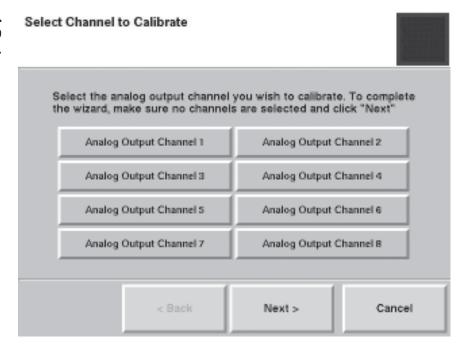
- 4. In the 1405 Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 5. Select the **Analog Output Calibration** button to start the Analog Output Calibration Wizard (Figure 5-73). Select the **Next >** button to begin the procedure.

Figure 5-73.
Welcome to the Analog Output
Calibration Wizard screen.



6. The Select Channel to Calibrate screen will display (Figure 5-74). Select which analog output channel you want to calibrate. Select the **Next >** button.

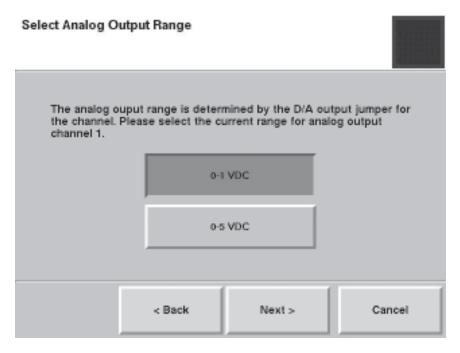
Figure 5-74. Select Channel to Calibrate screen.



7. The Select Analog Output Range screen will display (Figure 5-75). Set the voltage range for the analog output. Select the **Next** > button.

**Note.** Ensure that the voltage range selected for the analog output channel matches the jumper voltage setting for the analog output channel (step 3). ▲

Figure 5-75. Select Analog Output Range screen



8. The Connect Meter screen will display (Figure 5-76). Locate the test point (Figure 5-71) for the analog output being calibrated and attach a voltmeter set to VDC to the test point and to the ground test point on the board. Select the **Next** > button.

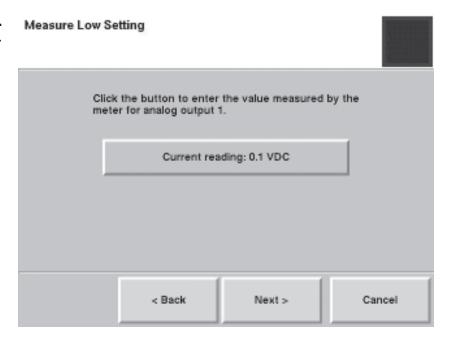
Figure 5-76. Connect Meter screen.



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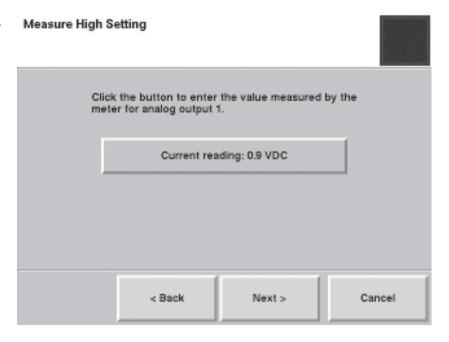
9. The Measure Low Setting screen will display (Figure 5-77). Compare the reading on the volt meter to the reading on the screen. If the readings are different, select the **Current reading:** button to display the number keypad and enter the current reading, and press the **Enter** button. Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-77. Measure Low Setting screen.



10. The Measure High Setting screen will display (Figure 5-78). Compare the reading on the volt meter to the reading on the screen. If the readings are different, select the **Current reading:** button to display the number keypad and enter the current reading, and press the **Enter** button. Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-78. Measure High Setting screen.



- 11. The Select Channel to Calibrate screen will display again. The channel that was just calibrated will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was calibrated during this calibration session. If you want to calibrate another analog output channel, select another channel then the **Next** > button and follow steps 1 9 (and the wizard) to complete additional channels. Otherwise, ensure that no Analog Output Channel buttons are selected, and select the **Next** > button.
- 12. The Completing the Analog Output Calibration Wizard screen will display (Figure 5-79). Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Verification & Calibration screen, or select the **Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Figure 5-79.
Completing the Analog Output
Calibration Wizard screen.



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# Verifying the Calibration Constant

The calibration of the mass transducer in the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is determined by the mass transducer's physical mechanical properties. Under normal circumstances, the calibration does not change materially over the life of the instrument. Contact Thermo Scientific if the results of the verification procedure fails. You can locate the original calibration constant on the "Instrument Checkout Record" or the "Final Test Record" documents that are shipped from the factory with the instrument.

Before the TEOM 1405-DF is shipped to the customer, it is calibrated with new, pre-weighed TEOM filters installed in its mass transducer as a calibration weight. Because the mass of the filter cartridge with particulate matter differs from the mass of a new filter cartridge by only a small fraction, calibrating the system with a calibration mass equivalent to the filter mass allows all measurements to be made at essentially the same operating point as the original calibration. Refer to Section 1 for a detailed explanation of how the calibration constant, K<sub>0</sub>, is derived.

To audit/verify the K0 numbers requires a mass calibration verification kit (59-002107), which includes a pre-weighed filter, a filter exchange tool, desiccant and a humidity indicator, and the pre-filter with tubing that was supplied with the unit.

**Note.** Refill kits for the mass calibration verification kit are available from Thermo Scientific (59-002019). ▲

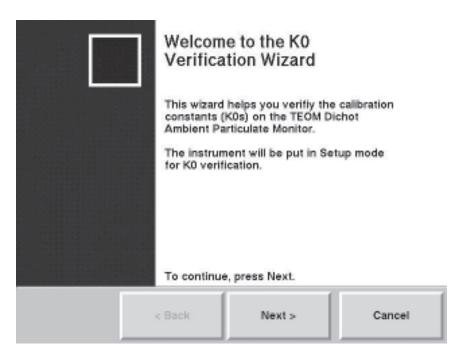
#### To confirm the system's $K_n$ calibration:

- 1. Confirm that the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse K0 numbers entered into the instrument and the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse K0 numbers on the plates on the mass transducer are the same. The K0 numbers entered into the unit can be found in the Audit screen (Figure 5-52)
- 2. Ensure the instrument is at the normal operating temperature and condition.
- 3. Ensure that the pre-weighed filter in the kit matches the humidity conditions for the test, as shown on the card provided with the kit.

**Note.** If the filter does not match the conditions listed on the humidity indicator, follow the instructions provided with the kit to dry the filter to an acceptable level. ▲

- 4. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 5. Select the **Mass Transducer K0 Verification** button to start the K0 Verification Wizard (Figure 5-80). Select the **Next >** button to begin the procedure.

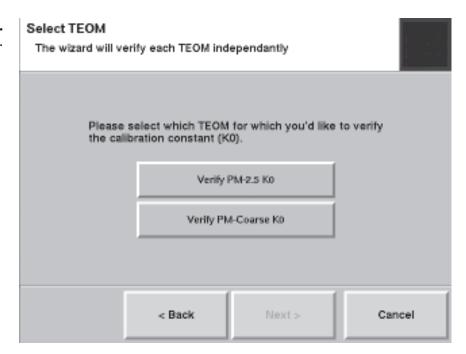
Figure 5-80.
Welcome to K0 Verification
Wizard screen.



6. The Select TEOM screen will display (Figure 5-81). Select the channel (PM-2.5 or PM-Coarse) for which the K0 number will be verified. Select the **Next** > button.

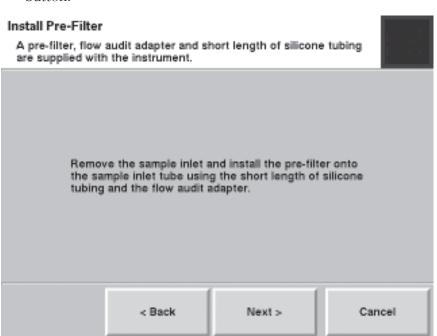
**Note.** The following screens show a "fine" K0 verification.

Figure 5-81. Select TEOM screen.

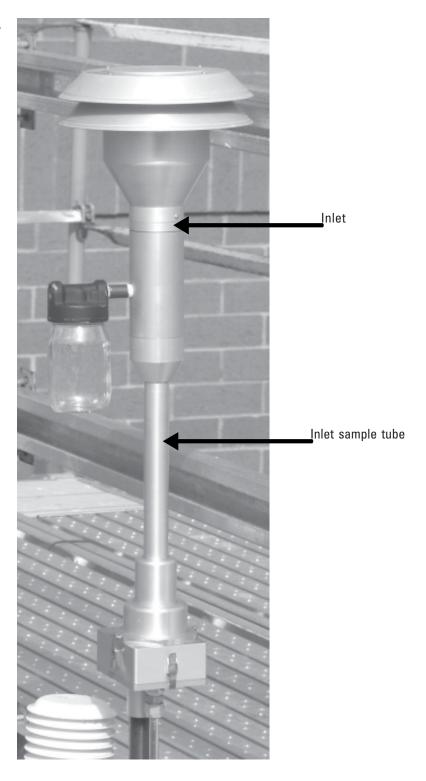


7. The Install Pre-Filter screen will display (Figure 5-82). Remove the inlet and install the flow audit adapter onto the sample inlet tube, then install the pre-filter assembly (the filter and short length of silicone tubing) onto the flow audit adapter (Figure 5-83). Select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-82. Install Pre-Filter screen.



**Figure 5-83.** TEOM 1405 inlet assembly.



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#### SECTION 5

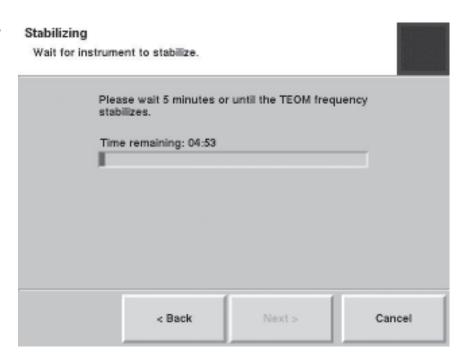
MAINTENANCE AND CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

8. The Remove Sample Filter screen will display. Open the mass transducer and remove the standard TEOM filter from the PM-2.5 (left) side of the mass transducer. (Refer to the section on installing/removing TEOM filter for assistance on removing the filter.) Close the mass transducer (without installing another filter). Select the **Next** > button.

**Note.** DO NOT use the calibration filter exchange tool for installing or removing ANY filter other than the pre-weighed calibration filter. ▲

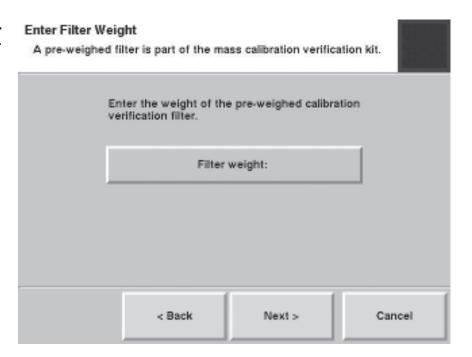
9. The Stabilizing screen will display (Figure 5-84). While the instrument waits to mesaure the frequency of the system with no TEOM filter installed, a countdown timer on the screen will show the progress of the stabilization step. When the stabilization "Complete" message displays, select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-84. Stabilizing screen.



10. The Enter Filter Weight screen will display (Figure 5-85). Select the **Filter Weight:** button. The keypad will display. Enter the weight of the pre-weighed filter into the system and press the **Enter** button to save the value and exit the keypad. Select the **Next** > button.

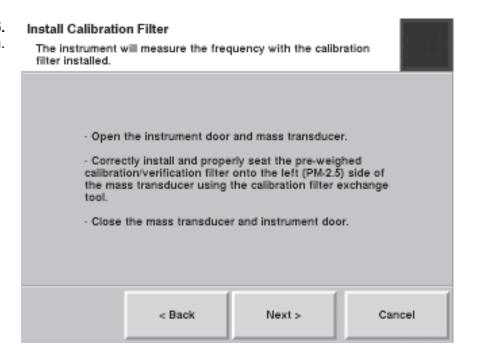
**Figure 5-85.** Enter Filter Weight screen.



11. The Install Calibration Filter screen will display (Figure 5-86). Correctly install and properly seat the pre-weighed calibration/verification filter onto the PM-2.5 (left) side of the mass transducer using the calibration filter exchange tool. (Follow the instructions for changing a filter earlier in this section.) Select the **Next** > button.

**Note.** DO NOT use the calibration filter exchange tool for installing or removing ANY filter other than the pre-weighed calibration filter. ▲

**Figure 5-86.** Install Calibration Filter screen.



12. The Stabilizing screen will display while the instrument waits for the frequency of the TEOM calibration filter. A countdown timer on the screen will show the progress of the stabilization step (Figure 5-84). When the stabilization "Complete" message displays, select the **Next** > button.

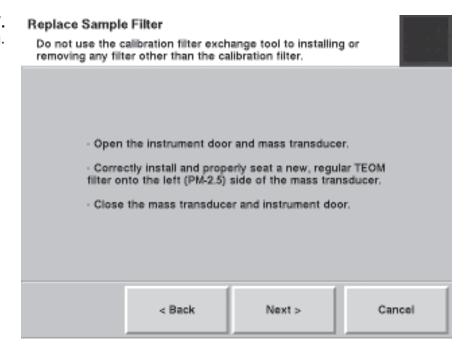
**Note.** If the frequency doesn't stabilize, the wizard will display a screen with instructions to re-seat the filter. Re-seat the filter and select the **Next >** button. The Stabilizing screen will display. If the unit is unable find a stable frequency the second time, the unit will fail the K0 audit (Figure 5-90). ▲

13. The Replace Sample Filter screen will display (Figure 5-87). Remove the calibration filter with the calibration filter removal tool. Correctly install and properly seat a new TEOM filter onto the PM-2.5 (left) side of the mass transducer using the regular filter exchange tool. (Follow the instructions for changing a filter earlier in this section.) Select the **Next** > button.

**Note.** DO NOT use the calibration filter exchange tool for installing or removing ANY filter other than the pre-weighed calibration filter. ▲

**Note.** If the frequency doesn't stabilize, the wizard will display a screen with instructions to re-seat the filter. Re-seat the filter and select the **Next** > button. The Stabilizing screen will display. If the unit is unable find a stable frequency the second time, the unit will fail the K0 audit (Figure 5-90). ▲

Figure 5-87. Replace Sample Filter screen.

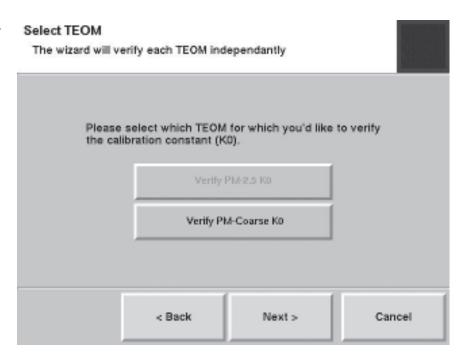


#### SECTION 5

MAINTENANCE AND CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

14. The Select TEOM screen will display again (Figure 5-88). The channel that was just verified will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was verified during this verification session. If you want to verify the other TEOM K0 number, select the other K0 channel and then the **Next** > button. Follow steps 6 - 14 (and the wizard) to complete the other K0 verification. Otherwise, ensure that no K0 buttons are selected, and select the **Next** > button.

Figure 5-88. Select TEOM screen.



15. When the final verification has been performed, the Completing the K0 Verification Wizard screen will display. The screen will display either a pass (Figure 5-89) or a fail (Figure 5-90) message for each K0 number. Select the **Finish** button.

**Note.** If one or both of the K0 verifications fail, repeat the procedure for that K0 number. If the verification fails again, contact Thermo Scientific. ▲

Figure 5-89.
Completing to K0 Verification
Wizard screen with a
pass message.

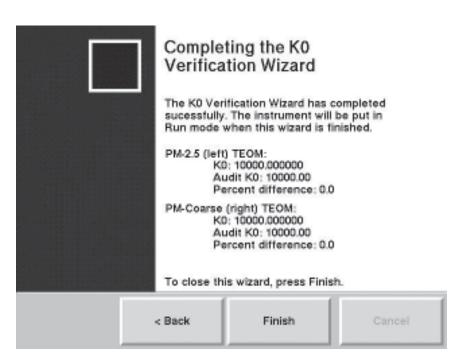
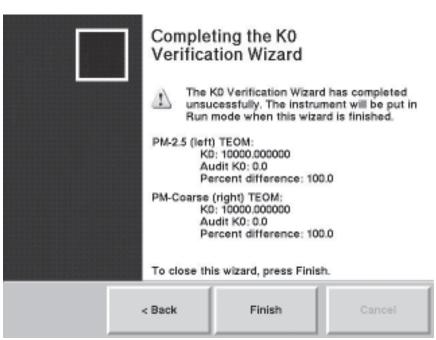


Figure 5-90.
Completing the K0 Verification
Wizard screen with a
fail message.



#### SECTION 5

Maintenance and Calibration Procedures

## **Notes**

## Appendix A Troubleshooting

The current status condition is located in the status bar at the bottom of the TEOM Data screen (Section 4), and most other instrument screens. In data files, however, status codes are reported as decimal/hexadecimal numbers). The decimal number reported by the unit must be compared to the list of status codes (Table A-1). If the exact decimal code does not appear in the list, multiple status codes are present, and the decimal must be converted to hexadecimal number in order to determine which codes are being reported by the unit.

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**Table A–1.** 1405-DF Status Codes

Code	Warning	Decimal	Reason for warning
0x40000000	%RH High Side A	1,073,741,824	>= 98%
0x20000000	Dryer A	536,870,912	>2
0x10000000	Cooler A	268,435,456	> 0.5 C deviation
0x08000000	Exchange Filter A	134,217,728	> 90
0x04000000	Flow A	67,108,864	>10% deviation
0x02000000	Heaters Side A	33,554,432	> 2% deviation
0x01000000	Mass Transducer A	16,777,216	frequency < 10 Hz
0x00400000	%RH High Side B	4,194,304	>= 98%
0x00200000	Dryer B	2,097,152	>2
0x00100000	Cooler B	1,048,576	> 0.5 C deviation
0x00080000	Exchange Filter B	524,288	> 90
0x00040000	Flow B	262,144	> 10% deviation
0x00020000	Heaters Side B	131,072	> 2% deviation
0x00010000	Mass Transducer B	65,536	frequency < 10 Hz
0x00004000	User I/O Device	16,384	
0x00002000	FDMS Device	8,192	
0x00001000	Head 1	4,096	
0x00000800	Head 0	2,048	
0x00000400	MFC 1 Device	1,024	
0x00000200	MFC 0 Device	512	
0x00000100	System Bus	256	
0x00000080	Vacuum Pressure	128	(Ambient -Vac) < 0.1 atm
0x00000040	Case or Cap Heater	64	>2% deviation
0x00000020	FDMS Valve	32	
0x00000010	Bypass Flow	16	> 10% deviation
0x00000008	Ambient %RH & Temp Sensor	8	Ambient %RH & temp sensor disconnected
0x00000004	Database	4	Unable to log to the database
0x00000002	Enclosure Temp	2	temperature exceeds 60 C
0x00000001	Power Failure	1	

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# Converting Decimal/Hexadecimal Numbers

The easiest way to convert the decimal numbers reported by the unit is to use the calculator on a Windows-based PC.

#### To convert a decimal status code to a hexadecimal number:

- 1) Open the Windows calculator (it's located in **Accessories** under **All Programs** in the Start menu.
- 2) Select **View**, then **Scientific** to open the scientific-style calculator.
- 3) Select **Dec** to choose the decimal calculator option, and then enter the decimal status number into the calculator
- 4) Select **Hex** to choose the hexadecimal calculator option. The new number displayed in the calculator is the hexadecimal number you will use to decipher the status code list.

**Note.** To convert a hexadecimal to a decimal number, select  $\mathbf{Hex}$ , type in the hexadecimal number then select  $\mathbf{Dec}$ .

To properly use the hexadecimal numbers converted from the decimal data download, separate the converted number and the status codes on the table into place holders: the "one's," "ten's," "100's," "1,000's," "10,000's," and "100,000's" and the "1,000,000's" place. Each "place" in the converted code will have a hexadecimal digit. Each hexadecimal digit (0 -F) in each place will have a unique status code (or set of status codes) that go with it.

**Table A-2.** Hex digits and status codes.

Decimal Number	Hex Number	Code (Sum of Codes)
0	0	0
1	1	H(1)
2	2	H(2)
3	3	H(1), (H)2
4	4	H(4)
5	5	H(1), H(4)
6	6	H(2), H(4)
7	7	H(1), H(2), H(4)
8	8	H(8)
9	9	H(1), H(8)
10	А	H(2), H(8)
11	В	H(1), H(2), H(8)
12	С	H(4), H(8)
13	D	H(1), H(4), H(8)
14	E	H(2), H(4), H(8)
15	F	H(1), H(2), H(4), H(8)

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# Deciphering Status Codes

When the unit shows more than one status code, it adds the codes together and displays them as a decimal sum. For example, if the unit displays a Memory status code (listed as hexadecimal number "(H)1" on the instrument's specific status code table) and a Valve A status code (listed as hexadecimal number "(H)4" on the instrument's specific status code table) at the same time, the two status codes (when downloaded) would be displayed as the decimal number "5."

The decimal number "5" must then be converted back to hexadecimal (in this case also "5") to match the status code table. Only two status codes would add up to a value of 5 (Table A-2). By looking at instrument's specific table and breaking down the downloaded status codes, you will be able to decipher which status codes the unit has displayed. Repeat the operation for each place in the hexadecimal code (10's, 100's, etc.).

#### Example

For example, decipher the following decimal status code (8433666) for an instrument with the given example status code table (Table A-3).

First convert the decimal status code downloaded from the monitor to a hexadecimal number using the Windows (or another scientific) calculator: 8433666= (H)80B002

Table A-3. Example status code table

Code	Warning	Code	Warning
&H1	Flash Memory	&H4000	Leak on Loop A
&H2	Power Switch (TPIC)	&H8000	Leak on Loop B
&H4	Valve A	&H10000	Audit Failure
&H8	Valve B	&H20000	System Reset
&H10	Filter A Temperature	&H40000	Power Failure
&H20	Filter B Temperature	&H80000	Sample volume low
&H40	Heater A Temperature	&H100000	Meter Out of Range (>98%)
&H80	Heater B Temperature	&H400000	AC Voltage Out of Bounds
&H800	External Sample Tube Temperature	&H800000	Sensor Comm Problem
&H1000	Serial Port Problem	&H10000000	Pinch Valve
&H2000	Line Printer Problem		

- In the "one's" place of the status code, a status code of "2" is displayed. In the "one's" place of the status code table, the "2" status code matches the (H)2 "Power Switch (TPIC)" status code. This is one of the status codes that the unit is displaying in its status code.
- In the "ten's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.
- In the "100's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.
- In the "1,000's" place of the status code, a status code of "B" is displayed. Because there are no status codes in the status code table that match this number, the numbers needs to be broken down further. Convert "B" to a decimal number using Table A-2 which converts B to "11." Next, look at the status code table to decipher the status code. In the "1,000's" place of the table, there are three status codes that, when added together, will total 11: (H)1000 "Serial Port Problem," (H)2000 "Line Printer Problem" and (H)8000 "Leak on Loop B." These are three more of the status codes that the unit is displaying in its status code.
- In the "10,000's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.
- In the "100,000's" place of the status code (800000), a status code of "800000" is displayed, which matches: (H)800000: "Sensor Comm Problem."
- In the "1,000,000's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.

Therefore, the downloaded status code "8433666" ((H)80B002) breaks down into the following status codes, according to the example status code table:

(H)2 "Power Switch (TPIC)"

(H)1000 "Serial Port Problem"

(H)2000 "Line Printer Problem"

(H)8000 "Leak on Loop B"

(H)800000: "Sensor Comm Problem."

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#### APPENDIX A

TROUBLESHOOTING

## **Notes**

## Appendix B Serial Communication

The TEOM 1405 Monitor supports AK Protocol. This protocol permits a locally or remotely located computer to obtain information electronically from the unit. These protocols are described in this appendix.

#### **AK Protocol**

The AK Protocol allows the user to query the present value of any system variable remotely, and allows the user to change those system variable values. The user also can download information from the internal data logger. The RPComm software program uses this protocol for two-way communication directly to a personal computer or through a modem.

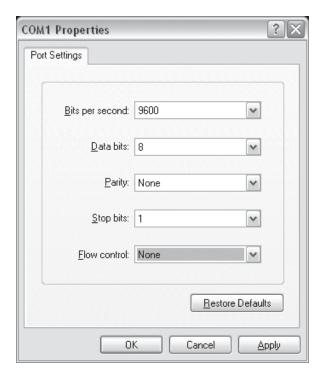
The following AK Protocol commands are presented in detail on the following pages:

- **AREG (Ask Register Command).** The user can query the TEOM 1405 Monitor for the current value of any system variable.
- EREG (Enter Register Command). The user can assign a new value to any system variable. Great care must be taken when using this command, as the value of variables should only be changed when the monitor is in the appropriate operating mode.
- SFxx (Set Function xx Command). The user can send commands using the <RUN> key and the <DATA STOP> key to the instrument. Each command is designated by a two-digit code, xx.
- ASTO (Ask Storage Command). The user can download a specified number of records from the internal data logger from the current position of the data storage pointer. The location of this storage pointer may be defined by the SSTO command. The values on each line of output are delimited by commas.
- SSTO (Set Storage Command). The user can change the location of the data storage pointer in the internal data logger, and is used in conjunction with the ASTO command described above. The data storage pointer is always located immediately after the last record transmitted through the RS232 port via the AK Protocol. If the circular buffer overwrites this location or if the ASTO or SSTO commands have not been used, the data storage pointer is positioned at the oldest record in the internal data logger.

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For AK communication, the COM port settings are:

Figure B-1. AL COM Port Settings.



The following pages list the common PRC codes and show how RS-Para 1 through RS-Para 4 are defined in the AK Protocol, and also detail the format of the transmission and response messages of the commands listed on the previous page.

**Note.** TEOM A is the PM-2.5 channel, TEOM B is the PM-Coarse channel.

Table B-1. 1405-DF Main PRC Codes

PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description	
1	Serial Number	97	FTS High Flow M	151	Analog Output 8 Maximum	
2	Instrument Firmware Version	98	FTS High Flow B	152	Analog Output 1 Cal Low Set	
3	Instrument Model 99 FTS Low Flow M 15		153	Analog Output 2 Cal Low Set		
4	Instrument Model Variant	100	FTS Low Flow B	154	Analog Output 3 Cal Low Set	
5	AK Station Code	104	Analog Output Calibration	155	Analog Output 4 Cal Low Set	
6	AK Channel Number	106	Filter Replace Date	156	Analog Output 5 Cal Low Set	
7	Operating Mode	107	Temperature Calibration Date	157	Analog Output 6 Cal Low Set	
8	System Status	108	Pressure Calibration Date	158	Analog Output 7 Cal Low Set	
9	RS232 Mode	109	Bypass Flow Calibration Date	159	Analog Output 8 Cal Low Set	
12	Storage Interval	110	Analog Out Calibration Date	160	Analog Output 1 Cal Low Actual	
18	Last Database Download Time	111	Anemometer Installed	161	Analog Output 2 Cal Low Actual	
19	AK Set Time	115	TEOM A Air Tube Setpoint	162	Analog Output 3 Cal Low Actual	
28	System Wait Time	119	TEOM B Air Tube Setpoint	163	Analog Output 4 Cal Low Actual	
34	XX-Hour Value	120	Analog Output 1 Value	164	Analog Output 5 Cal Low Actual	
35	Mass Average Time	121	Analog Output 2 Value	165	Analog Output 6 Cal Low Actual	
36	Mass Constant A	122	Analog Output 3 Value	166	Analog Output 7 Cal Low Actual	
37	Mass Constant B	123	Analog Output 4 Value	167	Analog Output 8 Cal Low Actual	
47	Case Temperature	124	Analog Output 5 Value	168	Analog Output 1 Cal High Set	
48	Case Temperature Setpoint	125	Analog Output 6 Value	169	Analog Output 2 Cal High Set	
58	Cap Temperature	126	Analog Output 7 Value	170	Analog Output 3 Cal High Set	
59	Cap Temperature Setpoint	127	Analog Output 8 Value	171	Analog Output 4 Cal High Set	
61	Ambient Temperature	128	Analog Output 1 Raw Value	172	Analog Output 5 Cal High Set	
62	Ambient Temperature Offset	129	Analog Output 2 Raw Value	173	Analog Output 6 Cal High Set	
63	Ambient Relative Humidity	130	Analog Output 3 Raw Value	174	Analog Output 7 Cal High Set	
64	Ambient Dew Point	131	Analog Output 4 Raw Value	175	Analog Output 8 Cal High Set	
65	Ambient Pressure Raw	132	Analog Output 5 Raw Value	176	Analog Output 1 Cal High Actual	
66	Ambient Pressure	133	Analog Output 6 Raw Value	177	Analog Output 2 Cal High Actual	
67	Ambient Pressure Offset	134	Analog Output 7 Raw Value	178	Analog Output 3 Cal High Actual	
70	Wind Direction	135	Analog Output 8 Raw Value	179	Analog Output 4 Cal High Actual	
72	Wind Speed	136	Analog Output 1 Minimum	180	Analog Output 5 Cal High Actual	
73	Wind Velocity	137	Analog Output 2 Minimum	181	Analog Output 6 Cal High Actual	
74	Average Temperature Setpoint	138	Analog Output 3 Minimum	182	Analog Output 7 Cal High Actual	
75	Standard Temperature Setpoint	139	Analog Output 4 Minimum	183	Analog Output 8 Cal High Actual	
76	Average Pressure Setpoint	140	Analog Output 5 Minimum	184	Analog Input 1 Raw	
77	Standard Pressure Setpoint	141	Analog Output 6 Minimum	185	Analog Input 2 Raw	
78	Flow Control	142	Analog Output 7 Minimum	186	Analog Input 3 Raw	
79	Mass Conc Reporting	143	Analog Output 8 Minimum	187	Analog Input 4 Raw	
89			188	Analog Input 1 Constant A		
90	Bypass Flow Volumetric	145	Analog Output 2 Maximum	189	Analog Input 2 Constant A	
91	Bypass Flow Mass Setpoint	146	Analog Output 3 Maximum	190	Analog Input 3 Constant A	
92	Bypass Flow Offset	147	Analog Output 4 Maximum	191	Analog Input 4 Constant A	
93	Bypass Flow Span	148	Analog Output 5 Maximum	192	Analog Input 1 Constant B	
94	Bypass Flow Audit Adjust	149	Analog Output 6 Maximum	193	Analog Input 2 Constant B	
96	Vacuum Pump Pressure	150	Analog Output 7 Maximum	194	Analog Input 3 Constant B	

PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description
195	Analog Input 4 Constant B	268	TEOM A K0 Verification Date	355	Dichot 30-Min Mass Conc
196	Analog Input 1 Constant C	271	TEOM A Dryer Temperature	356	Dichot 1-Hr Mass Conc
197	Analog Input 2 Constant C 272 TEOM A Dryer Dew Point 3		357	Dichot XX-Hr Mass Conc	
198	Analog Input 3 Constant C	273	TEOM A Dryer Relative Humidity	358	Dichot 12-Hr Mass Conc
199	Analog Input 4 Constant C	274	Valve Position Current	359	Dichot 24-Hr Mass Conc
200	Analog Input 1 Value	275	Valve Position Desired	360	Dichot Mass Rate
201	Analog Input 2 Value	276	Clean Cooler Date	361	TEOM B Dryer Temp
202	Analog Input 3 Value	277	Clean Valve Date	362	TEOM B Dryer Dew Point
203	Analog Input 4 Value	287	TEOM A Cooler Temperature	363	TEOM B Dryer Relative Humidity
204	Analog Input 1 Average Value	288	TEOM A Cooler Setpoint	373	TEOM B Cooler Temp
205	Analog Input 2 Average Value	289	TEOM A Base Mass Conc	374	TEOM B Cooler Setpoint
206	Analog Input 3 Average Value	290	TEOM A Ref Mass Conc	375	TEOM B Base Mass Conc
207	Analog Input 4 Average Value	291	TEOM A 30-Min Base Mass Conc	376	TEOM B Ref Mass Conc
208	Contact Closure Register 1	292	TEOM A 30-Min Ref Mass Conc	377	TEOM B 30-Min Base Mass Conc
209	Contact Closure Register 2	293	TEOM A Raw Base Mass Conc	378	TEOM B 30-Min Ref Mass Conc
210	Contact Closure Compare Operator 1	294	TEOM A Raw Ref Mass Conc	379	TEOM B Raw Base Mass Conc
211	Contact Closure Compare Operator 2	295	TEOM A Raw Base Mass Rate	380	TEOM B Raw Ref Mass Conc
212	Contact Closure Compare Value 1	296	TEOM A Raw Ref Mass Rate	381	TEOM B Raw Base Mass Rate
213	Contact Closure Compare Value 2	309	TEOM B Flow Rate	382	TEOM B Raw Ref Mass Rate
214	Contact Closure Value 1	310	TEOM B Flow Volumetric	386	Dichot Base Mass Conc
215	Contact Closure Value 2	311	TEOM B Flow Setpoint	387	Dichot Ref Mass Conc
225	TEOM A Flow Rate	312	TEOM B Flow Offset	388	Dichot Mass Conc Base 30-Min
226	TEOM A Flow Volumetric	313	TEOM B Flow Span	389	Dichot Mass Conc Ref 30-Min
227	TEOM A Flow Setpoint	314	TEOM B Flow Audit Adjust	390	Instrument Time
228	TEOM A Flow Offset	321	TEOM B Air Tube Temperature	392	TEOM A FEM Mass Conc
229	TEOM A Flow Span	325	TEOM B Filter Pressure	393	TEOM A FEM 30-Min Mass Conc
230	TEOM A Flow Audit Adjust	326	TEOM B Filter Load	394	TEOM A FEM 1-Hr Mass Conc
237	TEOM A Air Tube Temperature	327	TEOM B Total Mass	395	TEOM A FEM XX-Hr Mass Conc
241	TEOM A Filter Pressure	328	TEOM B Raw Mass Conc	396	TEOM A FEM 12-Hr Mass Conc
242	TEOM A Filter Load	329	TEOM B Mass Conc	397	TEOM A FEM 24-Hr Mass Conc
243	TEOM A Total Mass	332	TEOM B 30-Min Mass Conc		
244	TEOM A Raw Mass Conc	333	TEOM B 1-Hr Mass Conc		
245	TEOM A Mass Conc	334	TEOM B XX-Hr Mass Conc		
248	TEOM A 30-Min Mass Conc	335	TEOM B 12-Hr Mass Conc		
249	TEOM A 1-Hr Mass Conc	336	TEOM B 24-Hr Mass Conc		
250	TEOM A XX-Hr Mass Conc	337	TEOM B Mass Rate		
251	TEOM A 12-Hr Mass Conc	341	TEOM B Frequency		
252	TEOM A 24-Hr Mass Conc	342	TEOM B Noise		
253	TEOM A Mass Rate	343	ТЕОМ В КО		
257	TEOM A Frequency	344	TEOM B K0 Audit		
258	TEOM A Noise	351	TEOM B Flow Calibration Date		
259	TEOM A K0	352	TEOM B K0 Verification Date		
260	TEOM A K0 Audit	353	Dichot Total Mass		
		354	Dichot Mass Conc		

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#### **Ask Register Command (AREG)**

#### **COM 2-WAY SETTINGS**

	COM 2-WAT CETTINGS							
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.						
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.						
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>						
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.						

	Transmis	sion to Instrument	Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.
3	А	Ask Register command.	3	А	А	
4	R		4	R	R	
5	Е		5	Е	Е	4-digit Ask Register command.
6	G		6	G	G	
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.
8	К	2-digit Channel Number as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	9	S	Program Register Code of the variable
11	9	Program Register Code of the	11		E	whose value is being requested. The PRC may be up to 3 digits long and is
12		variable whose value is being requested. The PRC may be up to 3	12		<etx></etx>	not right-filled in the response.
13		digits long. Do not right-fill if the PRC is less than 3 characters long.	13	<space></space>	<cr></cr>	Space.
14	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	14	9	<lf></lf>	
15			15	7		Current value of the variable referenced
16			16	4		by the Ask Register command.
17			17			NOTE: This value can be of varying
18			18	3		length.
19			19	8		

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#### Ask Register Command (AREG) (continued)

Transmission to Instrument				Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description	
20			20	<etx></etx>		ASCII code 003.	
21			21	<cr></cr>			
22			22	<lf></lf>		Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to	
23			23			the entry for RS-Para 3.	
24	Description	n of Status Codes (PRC 008)	24				
25		ransducer	25				
26	2 Temper 4 Flow Ra	ature ate	26				
27	8 Filter Ex	xchange e	27				
28			28				
29			29				
30			30				
31			31				
32			32				
33			33				
34			34				
35			35				
36			36				
37			37				
38			38				
39			39				
40			40				
41			41				
42			42				
43			43				
44			44				
45			45				
46			46				

#### **Enter Register Command (EREG)**

#### **COM 2-WAY SETTINGS**

	COWI Z-WAY SETTINGS						
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.					
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.					
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>					
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.					

	Transmission to Instrument				Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description		
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.		
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.		
3	Е		3	E	E			
4	R	Enter Register command.	4	R	R	1		
5	Е		5	E	E	4-digit Enter Register command.		
6	G		6	G	G			
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
8	К	2-digit Channel Number, as defined by RS Para 2.	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.		
9	0		9	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	6	S	Program Register Code of the variable		
11	6	Program Register Code of the variable whose value is being	11	3	E	whose value was entered. The PRC may be 1 to 3 digits long and is not		
12	3	requested. The PRC may be up to 3	12		<etx></etx>	right-filled in the response.		
13		digits long. Do not right-fill if the PRC is less than 3 characters long.	13	<etx></etx>	<cr></cr>	ASCII code 003.		
14	<space></space>	Space.	14	<cr></cr>	<lf></lf>	Lin to 2 digits appended to the and of		
15	2	New value to be entered for variable	15	<lf></lf>		Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to		
16	3	referenced by Program Register Code in bytes 11 to 13 above.	16			the entry for RS-Para 3.		
17	8	NOTE: The value entered may be of	17					
18	0	varying length, and is not restricted to 4 bytes.	18					
19	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	19					

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#### **Set Function Command (SFxx)**

RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.

	Transmission to Instrument				esponse	from Instrument	
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description	
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	
3	S	Set Function command, where xx represents a 2-digit code between 00 and 32. These codes are defined below.		S	S		
4	F			F	F	4-digit Set Function command, with the	
5	х			х	х	2-digit xx code corresponding to the function that was set.	
6	х		6	х	х		
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.	
8	К	2-digit Channel Number, as defined	el Number, as defined 8 0	0	Number of current status conditions.		
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<etx></etx>	<space></space>	Space.	
10	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	10	<cr></cr>	S		
			11	<lf></lf>	E	Upto 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to	
	•		12		<etx></etx>	the entry for RS-Para 3.	
	LICTING OF	FUNCTION CODES (sa)	13		<cr></cr>		
5		FUNCTION CODES (xx):	14		<lf></lf>		
06 <da< td=""><td colspan="2">03 <run> 06 <data stop=""></data></run></td><td>15</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></da<>	03 <run> 06 <data stop=""></data></run>		15				
				To Set Time R	emotely:		
	op All> Time		17			nt is in the Stop Mode. es in PRCs 2 through 6.	
			18	3) Execute the			
			19	1			

#### **Ask Storage Command (ASTO)**

#### **COM 2-WAY SETTINGS**

002100							
RS-Para 1 52 ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in ler		ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.					
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.					
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>					
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.					

	Transmission to Instrument				Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description		
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.		
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.		
3	А	Ask Storage command.	3	А	А	- 4-digit Ask Storage command.		
4	s		4	S	S			
5	Т		5	Т	Т			
6	0		6	0	0			
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
8	К	2-digit Channel Number, as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.		
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	3	S	Records to be downloaded from storage. This can be smaller than requested number due to end of file. Storage Marker moved to after last record transmitted. Not right-filled.		
11	5	The number of records to be	11	1	Е			
12	0	downloaded from the instrument's storage. Downloading begins at the	12		<etx></etx>			
13		storage marker, which can be set using the SSTO command.	13	<etx></etx>	<cr></cr>	ASCII code 003.		
14	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	14	<cr></cr>	<lf></lf>	Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to the entry for RS-Para 3.		
15			15	<lf></lf>				
16			16					
17			17	The instrument then transmits the number of storage records shown in response bytes10 through 12 above. Each record is followed by <cr><lf>.</lf></cr>				
18			18					
19			19					

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#### **Set Storage Marker Command (SSTO)**

#### **COM 2-WAY SETTINGS**

	COM 2-WAT SETTINGS							
RS-Para 1	RS-Para 1 52 ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in len							
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.						
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>						
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.						

Transmission to Instrument			Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.
3	S		3	S	S	- 4-digit Set Storage Marker command.
4	S	Set Storage Marker command.	4	S	S	
5	Т		5	Т	Т	
6	0		6	0	0	
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.
8	K	2-digit Channel Number, as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<etx></etx>	<space></space>	ASCII code 003.
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	<cr></cr>	S	Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to the entry for RS-Para 3.
11	В	New location of the Storage Marker.	11	<lf></lf>	E	
12		B:move to beginning of storage buffer. E: move to end of storage	12		<etx></etx>	
13		buffer. Enter positive numbers, such as 250, to move forward by 250	13		<cr></cr>	
14		records, and negative numbers, such as -1000, to move backwards by 1000 records. Do not right fill.	14		<lf></lf>	
15			15			
16	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	16			
17			17			
18			18			
19			19			

#### Response if Command Addressed to Instrument is Unrecognizable

#### **COM 2-WAY SETTINGS**

	COM 2-WAT SETTINGS							
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length						
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.						
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>						
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.						

Transmission to Instrument			Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	В	No Err	Error	Description
1			1		<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.
2			2		4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.
3			3		?	
4			4		?	Question marks inserted in place of
5			5		?	unrecognizable command.
6			6		?	
7			7		<space></space>	Space.
8			8		0	Number of current status conditions.
9			9		<space></space>	Space.
10			10		S	_
11			11		E	Syntax error.
12			12		<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.
13			13		<cr></cr>	Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to the entry for RS-Para 3.
14			14		<lf></lf>	
15			15			
16			16			
17			17			
18			18			
19			19			

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#### APPENDIX B

SERIAL COMMUNICATION