

# **ELISA Kit**

Catalog #KMC1011 (96 tests) KMC1012 (192 tests)

Mouse MCP-1

## www.invitrogen.com

Invitrogen Corporation 542 Flynn Road, Camarillo, CA 93012 Tel: 800-955-6288

E-mail: techsupport@invitrogen.com

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### **PURPOSE**

The Invitrogen Mouse Monocyte Chemoattractant Protein-1 (Ms MCP-1) ELISA is to be used for the quantitative determination of Ms MCP-1 in mouse serum, buffered solution, or cell culture medium. The assay will recognize both natural and recombinant Ms MCP-1.

For Research Use Only. CAUTION: Not for human or animal therapeutic or diagnostic use.

# Read entire protocol before use.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

The Invitrogen Ms MCP-1 kit is a solid phase sandwich Enzyme Linked-Immuno-Sorbent Assay (ELISA). A monoclonal antibody specific for Ms MCP-1 has been coated onto the wells of the microtiter strips provided. Samples, including standards of known Ms MCP-1 content, control specimens, and unknowns, are pipetted into these wells.

During the first incubation, the Ms MCP-1 antigen binds to the immobilized (capture) antibody on one site. After washing, a biotinylated monoclonal antibody specific for Ms MCP-1 is added. During the second incubation, this antibody binds to the immobilized Ms MCP-1 captured during the first incubation.

After removal of excess second antibody, Streptavidin-Peroxidase (enzyme) is added. This binds to the biotinylated antibody to complete the four-member sandwich. After a third incubation and washing to remove all the unbound enzyme, a substrate solution is added, which is acted upon by the bound enzyme to produce color. The intensity of this colored product is directly proportional to the concentration of Ms MCP-1 present in the original specimen.

## REAGENTS PROVIDED

**Note:** *Store all reagents at 2 to 8°C.* 

	96	192
Reagent	Test Kit	Test Kit
Ms MCP-1 Standard, recombinant Ms MCP-1.	2 vials	4 vials
Contains 0.1% sodium azide. Refer to vial label for		
quantity and reconstitution volume.		
Standard Diluent Buffer. Contains 0.1% sodium	1 bottle	2 bottles
azide; 25 mL per bottle.		
Ms MCP-1 High and Low Control, recombinant	2 vials	2 vials
MCP-1, lyophilized. Contains 0.1% sodium azide.		
Refer to vial label for reconstitution volume and		
range. Once reconstituted, aliquot and store at -20°C		
or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	1 1 .	2.1.
Antibody Coated Wells. 12 x 8 Well Strips.	1 plate	2 plates
Ms MCP-1 Biotin Conjugate (Biotin-labeled	1 bottle	2 bottles
anti-MCP-1). Contains 0.1% sodium azide; 11 mL		
per bottle.		
Streptavidin-HRP (100X). Contains 3.3 mM thymol;	1 vial	2 vials
0.125 mL per vial.		
Streptavidin HRP Diluent. Contains 3.3 mM thymol;	1 bottle	1 bottle
25 mL per bottle.		
Wash Buffer Concentrate (25X). 100 mL per bottle.	1 bottle	1 bottle
Stabilized Chromogen, Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB);	1 bottle	1 bottle
25 mL per bottle.		
Stop Solution. 25 mL per bottle.	1 bottle	1 bottle
Plate Covers, adhesive strips.	3	6

**Disposal Note:** This kit contains materials with small quantities of sodium azide. Sodium azide reacts with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush drains with a large volume of water to prevent azide accumulation. Avoid ingestion and contact with eyes, skin and mucous membranes. In case of contact, rinse affected area with plenty of water. Observe all federal, state and local regulations for disposal.

## SUPPLIES REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microtiter plate reader capable of measurement at or near 450 nm.
- Calibrated adjustable precision pipettes, preferably with disposable plastic tips. (A manifold multi-channel pipette is desirable for large assays.)
- 3. Distilled or deionized water.
- Plate washer: automated or manual (squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, etc.).
- Data analysis and graphing software. Graph paper: linear (Cartesian), log-log, or semi-log, as desired.
- 6. Glass or plastic tubes for diluting and aliquoting standard.
- 7. Absorbent paper towels.
- 8. Calibrated beakers and graduated cylinders in various sizes.

### PROCEDURAL NOTES/LAB QUALITY CONTROL

- When not in use, kit components should be refrigerated. All reagents should be warmed to room temperature before use.
- Microtiter plates should be allowed to come to room temperature before opening the foil bags. Once the desired number of strips has been removed, immediately reseal the bag and store at 2 to 8°C to maintain plate integrity.

- 3. Samples should be collected in pyrogen/endotoxin-free tubes.
- Samples should be frozen if not analyzed shortly after collection.
   Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles of frozen samples. Thaw completely and mix well prior to analysis.
- When possible, avoid use of badly hemolyzed or lipemic sera. If large amounts of particulate matter are present, centrifuge or filter prior to analysis.
- It is recommended that all standards, controls and samples be run in duplicate.
- Samples that are >2500 pg/mL should be diluted with Standard Diluent Buffer.
- When pipetting reagents, maintain a consistent order of addition from well-to-well. This ensures equal incubation times for all wells.
- 9. Cover or cap all reagents when not in use.
- Do not mix or interchange different reagent lots from various kit lots.
- 11. Do not use reagents after the kit expiration date.
- 12. Read absorbances within 2 hours of assay completion.
- 13. The high and low controls should be run with every assay. If control values fall outside established ranges, the accuracy of the assay is suspect.
- 14. All residual wash liquid must be drained from the wells by efficient aspiration or by decantation followed by tapping the plate forcefully on absorbent paper. *Never* insert absorbent paper directly into the wells.
- Because Stabilized Chromogen is light sensitive, avoid prolonged exposure to light. Also avoid contact between Stabilized Chromogen and metal, or color may develop.

#### SAFETY

All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR WASHING

**Incomplete washing will adversely affect the test outcome.** All washing must be performed with *Wash Buffer Concentrate (25X)* provided.

Washing can be performed manually as follows: completely aspirate the liquid from all wells by gently lowering an aspiration tip (aspiration device) into the bottom of each well. Take care not to scratch the inside of the well.

After aspiration, fill the wells with at least 0.4 mL of diluted wash solution. Let soak for 15 to 30 seconds, then aspirate the liquid. Repeat as directed under **ASSAY METHOD**. After the washing procedure, the plate is inverted and tapped dry on absorbent tissue.

Alternatively, the wash solution may be put into a squirt bottle. If a squirt bottle is used, flood the plate with wash buffer, completely filling all wells. After the washing procedure, the plate is inverted and tapped dry on absorbent tissue.

If using an automated washer, the operating instructions for washing equipment should be carefully followed.

#### REAGENT PREPARATION AND STORAGE

#### A. Reconstitution and Dilution of Ms MCP-1 Standard

**Note:** Either glass or plastic tubes may be used for standard dilutions.

- 1. Reconstitute standard to 5000 pg/mL with *Standard Diluent Buffer*. Refer to standard vial label for instructions. Swirl or mix gently and allow to sit for 10 minutes to ensure complete reconstitution. Use standard within 1 hour of reconstitution.
- Add 0.300 mL of the reconstituted standard to a tube containing 0.300 mL Standard Diluent Buffer. Label as 2500 pg/mL Ms MCP-1. Mix.
- 3. Add 0.300 mL of *Standard Diluent Buffer* to each of 6 tubes labeled 1250, 625, 312, 156, 78.1 and 39.0 pg/mL Ms MCP-1.
- Make serial dilutions of the standard as described in the following dilution table. Mix thoroughly between steps.

## B. Dilution of Ms MCP-1 Standard

Standard:	Add:	Into:
2500 pg/mL	Prepare as described in Step 2.	
1250 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the 2500 pg/mL std.	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer
625 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the 1250 pg/mL std.	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer
312 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the 625 pg/mL std.	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer
156 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the 312 pg/mL std.	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer
78.1 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the 156 pg/mL std.	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer
39.0 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the 78.1 pg/mL std.	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer
0 pg/mL	0.300 mL of the Diluent Buffer	An empty tube

Discard all remaining reconstituted and diluted standards after completing assay. Return the *Standard Diluent Buffer* to the refrigerator.

### C. Storage and Final Dilution of Streptavidin-HRP (100X)

**Please Note:** The *Streptavidin-HRP* (100X) is in 50% glycerol. This solution is viscous. To ensure accurate dilution, allow *Streptavidin-HRP* (100X) to reach room temperature. Gently mix. Pipette *Streptavidin-HRP* (100X) slowly. Remove excess concentrate solution from pipette tip by gently wiping with clean absorbent paper.

 Dilute 10 μL of this 100X concentrated solution with 1 mL of Streptavidin HRP Diluent for each 8-well strip used in the assay. Label as Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution.

### For Example:

# of 8-Well	Volume of Streptavidin-HRP	
Strips	(100X)	Volume of Diluent
2	20 μL solution	2 mL
4	40 μL solution	4 mL
6	60 μL solution	6 mL
8	$80\mu L$ solution	8 mL
10	$100\mu L$ solution	10 mL
12	120 μL solution	12 mL

2. Return the unused *Streptavidin-HRP* (100X) to the refrigerator.

#### D. Dilution of Wash Buffer

Allow the *Wash Buffer Concentrate (25X)* to reach room temperature and mix to ensure that any precipitated salts have redissolved. Dilute 1 volume of the *Wash Buffer Concentrate (25X)* with 24 volumes of deionized water (e.g., 50 mL may be diluted up to 1.25 liters, 100 mL may be diluted up to 2.5 liters). Label as Working Wash Buffer.

Store both the concentrate and the Working Wash Buffer in the refrigerator. The diluted buffer should be used within 14 days.

### ASSAY METHOD: PROCEDURE AND CALCULATIONS

Be sure to read the *Procedural Notes/Lab Quality Control* section before carrying out the assay.

Allow all reagents to reach room temperature before use. Gently mix all liquid reagents prior to use.

**Note:** A standard curve must be run with each assay.

- Determine the number of 8-well strips needed for the assay. Insert these in the frame(s) for current use. (Re-bag extra strips and frame. Store these in the refrigerator for future use.)
- Add 100 μL of the Standard Diluent Buffer to zero wells. Well(s) reserved for chromogen blank should be left empty.
- Add 100 μL of standards, samples or controls to the appropriate microtiter wells. (See REAGENT PREPARATION AND STORAGE. Section B.)
- Cover plate with plate cover and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.

- Thoroughly aspirate or decant solution from wells and discard the liquid. Wash wells 6 times. See DIRECTIONS FOR WASHING.
- Pipette 100 μL of biotinylated Ms MCP-1 Biotin Conjugate solution into each well except the chromogen blank(s). Tap gently on the side of the plate to mix.
- Cover plate with *plate cover* and incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature.
- Thoroughly aspirate or decant solution from wells and discard the liquid. Wash wells 6 times. See DIRECTIONS FOR WASHING.
- Add 100 μL Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution to each well except the chromogen blank(s). (Prepare the working dilution as described in REAGENT PREPARATION AND STORAGE, Section C.)
- Cover plate with the *plate cover* and incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature.
- Thoroughly aspirate or decant solution from wells and discard the liquid. Wash wells 6 times. See DIRECTIONS FOR WASHING.
- 12. Add 100  $\mu$ L of *Stabilized Chromogen* to each well. The liquid in the wells will begin to turn blue.
- 13. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature and in the dark. Please Note: Do not cover the plate with aluminum foil or metalized mylar. The incubation time for chromogen substrate is often determined by the microtiter plate reader used. Many plate readers have the capacity to record a maximum optical density (O.D.) of 2.0. The O.D. values should be monitored and the substrate reaction stopped before the O.D. of the positive wells

- exceed the limits of the instrument. The O.D. values at 450 nm can only be read after the *Stop Solution* has been added to each well. If using a reader that records only to 2.0 O.D., stopping the assay after 15 to 18 minutes is suggested.
- 14. Add  $100 \,\mu\text{L}$  of *Stop Solution* to each well. Tap side of plate gently to mix. The solution in the wells should change from blue to yellow.
- 15. Read the absorbance of each well at 450 nm having blanked the plate reader against a chromogen blank composed of 100 μL each of Stabilized Chromogen and Stop Solution. Read the plate within 2 hours after adding the Stop Solution.
- 16. Plot on graph paper the absorbance of the standards against the standard concentration. (Optimally, the background absorbance may be subtracted from all data points, including standards, unknowns and controls, prior to plotting.) Draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve. If using curve fitting software, the four parameter algorithm provides the best curve fit.
- 17. Read the Ms MCP-1 concentrations for unknown samples and controls from the standard curve plotted in step 16. (Samples producing signals greater than that of the highest standard (2500 pg/mL) should be diluted in *Standard Diluent Buffer* and reanalyzed, multiplying the concentration found by the appropriate dilution factor.)

## TYPICAL DATA

The following data were obtained for the various standards over the range of 0 to 2500 pg/mL Ms MCP-1.

Standard Ms MCP-1 (pg/mL)	Optical Density (450 nm)
0	0.175
	0.173
39.0	0.228
	0.225
78.1	0.247
	0.255
156	0.322
	0.344
312	0.457
	0.520
625	0.955
	0.956
1250	1.637
	1.678
2500	2.479
	2.534

#### LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

Do not extrapolate the standard curve beyond the 2500 pg/mL standard point; the dose-response is non-linear in this region and accuracy is difficult to obtain. Dilute samples >2500 pg/mL with *Standard Diluent Buffer*; reanalyze these and multiply results by the appropriate dilution factor.

The influence of various drugs, aberrant sera (hemolyzed, hyperlipidemic, jaundiced, etc.) and the use of biological fluids in place of serum samples have not been thoroughly investigated. The rate of degradation of native Ms MCP-1 in various matrices has not been investigated. The immunoassay literature contains frequent references to aberrant signals seen with some sera, attributed to heterophilic antibodies. Though such samples have not been seen to date, the possibility of this occurrence cannot be excluded.

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#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

#### **SENSITIVITY**

The minimum detectable dose of Ms MCP-1 is <9 pg/mL. This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. obtained when the zero standard was assayed 30 times.

## **PRECISION**

## 1. Intra-Assay Precision

Samples of known Ms MCP-1 concentration were assayed in replicates of 10 to determine precision within an assay.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (pg/mL)	467.6	1034.5	1974.8
SD	25.6	53.6	73.4
%CV	5.4	5.1	3.7

SD = Standard Deviation CV = Coefficient of Variation

## 2. Inter-Assay Precision

Samples were assayed 30 times in multiple assays to determine precision between assays.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (pg/mL)	467.6	1046.2	1958.9
SD	25.6	80.7	144.3
%CV	5.4	7.7	7.4
SD = Standard Deviation CV = Coefficient of Varia	ation		

#### LINEARITY OF DILUTION

A mouse serum pool containing 3800 pg/mL of measured Ms MCP-1 was serially diluted in *Standard Diluent Buffer* over the range of the assay. Linear regression analysis of samples versus the expected concentration yielded a correlation coefficient of 0.99.

#### RECOVERY

The recovery of Ms MCP-1 added to pooled mouse serum averaged 94% (range: 90% to 100%). The recovery of Ms MCP-1 added to tissue culture medium containing 1% fetal bovine serum averaged 105%, while the recovery of Ms MCP-1 added to tissue culture medium containing 10% fetal bovine serum averaged 106%.

### SPECIFICITY

Buffered solutions of a panel of substances at 10,000 pg/mL were assayed with the Invitrogen Ms MCP-1 kit. The following substances were tested and found to have no cross-reactivity: mouse IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-6, IL-10, TNF- $\alpha$ , IFN- $\gamma$ ; rat TNF- $\alpha$ , MCP-1, MIP-2; human IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, TNF- $\alpha$ , IFN- $\gamma$ , MCP-1, SCF.

### REFERENCE

 Luo, Y. et al. (1994) Serologic analysis of the mouse β chemokine JE/monocyte chemoattractant protein-1. J. Immunol. 153:3708. Important Licensing Information - These products may be covered by one or more Limited Use Label Licenses (see the Invitrogen Catalog or our website, <a href="www.invitrogen.com">www.invitrogen.com</a>). By use of these products you accept the terms and conditions of all applicable Limited Use Label Licenses. Unless otherwise indicated, these products are for research use only and are not intended for human or animal diagnostic, therapeutic or commercial use.

**Explanation of symbols** 

Explanation of symbols			
Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
REF	Catalogue Number	LOT	Batch code
RUO	Research Use Only	IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
X	Use by	1	Temperature limitation
***	Manufacturer	EC REP	European Community authorised representative
[-]	Without, does not contain	[+]	With, contains
from Light	Protect from light	Æ	Consult accompanying documents
$\prod_i$	Directs the user to consult instructions for use (IFU), accompanying the product.		

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# **Mouse MCP-1 Assay Summary**

Incubate 100 µL of standards, controls & samples for 2 hours at RT



aspirate and wash 6x

Incubate 100 µL of Biotin Conjugate for 45 minutes at RT



aspirate and wash 6x

Incubate 100 µL of Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution for 45 minutes at RT



aspirate and wash 6x

Incubate 100 µL of Stabilized Chromogen for 20 minutes at RT



Add 100 µL of Stop Solution and read at 450 nm

MCP-1

Streptavidin-HRP

Total time: 3 hours 50 minutes













