ABI PRISM[®] SNaPshot[™]Multiplex Kit

Protocol

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Product and Protocol Overview

About the Kit	The ABI PRISM [®] SNaPshot [™] Multiplex Kit is designed to interrogate up to ten single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) at known locations on one to ten DNA templates in a single tube.		
	Control Template DNA and Primer Mix included in the SNaPshot Multiplex Kit provides reagents for control reactions.		
Product Overview	Single nucleotide polymorphisms detection using the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit requires the following components:		
	 SNaPshot Multiplex Ready Reaction Mix 		
	Your template and primers		
	The ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Control Template DNA and Primer Mix provides Control Primers and Control Template to perform control reactions only.		
Kit Chemistry Based on Single	The chemistry is based on the dideoxy single-base extension of an unlabeled oligonucleotide primer (or primers).		
Base Extension	 Each primer binds to a complementary template in the presence of fluorescently labeled ddNTPs and AmpliTaq[®] DNA Polymerase, FS. 		
	 The polymerase extends the primer by one nucleotide, adding a single ddNTP to its 3⁻ end. 		

Dye Assignments The fluorescent dye	s are assigned to	o the individual ddNT	Ps as follows:
-------------------------------------	-------------------	-----------------------	----------------

ddNTP	Dye Label	Color of Analyzed Data
A	dR6G	Green
С	dTAMRA™	Black
G	dR110	Blue
T (U)	dROX™	Red

Platforms and Products generated using the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit can be Software analyzed with GeneScan® Analysis Software version 3.1 or higher. The kits can be run on the following platforms:

- ♦ ABI PRISM[®] 310 Genetic Analyzer
- ABI PRISM[®] 3100 Genetic Analyzer ۲
- ABI PRISM[®] 3700 DNA Analyzer ٠

About This This protocol describes how to:

- Protocol ٠ Prepare sample reactions using your own template(s) and primer(s) or the control template and control primers.
 - Perform SNaPshot reactions by thermal cycling and conduct ۲ post-extension treatment of the products.
 - Electrophorese the samples and analyze the data. ٠

To view a flowchart of the procedure refer to "Overview of the Procedure" on page 9.

Kit Contents and Storage

SNaPshot The ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit is available in three reaction Multiplex Kit sizes. Using this kit, you can perform your own reactions and also perform 30 control reactions with the control template and primers provided.

One Kit Available

in Three Formats

Kit	Number of Reactions ^a	Part Number
ABI PRISM SNaPshot™ Multiplex Kit	100	4323151
	1000	4323154
	5000	4323155

a. Each kit contains Multiplex Control Template and Multiplex Control Primers for 30 control reactions

The kit contains the following items:

Kit Components	Contents
SNaPshot Multiplex Ready	AmpliTaq [®] DNA Polymerase, FS
Reaction Mix	Fluorescently labeled ddNTPs
	Reaction buffer
SNaPshot Multiplex Control Primer Mix (30 µL total)	20A primer (0.05 pmol/µL)
	28G/A primer (0.10 pmol/µL)
	36G primer (0.05 pmol/µL)
	44T primer (0.30 pmol/µL)
	52C/T primer (0.30 pmol/µL)
	60C primer (0.30 pmol/µL)
SNaPshot Multiplex Control Template (60 μ L total)	Amplicon from CEPH DNA
Protocol	P/N 4323357
Quick Reference Card	P/N 4323975

Storing the Upon receipt, store the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit at -15 to Reagents -25 °C in a constant-temperature freezer.

Required Software and Materials

Overview	This section describes the software and materials necessary for using the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit.
GeneScan-120 LIZ Size Standard Recommended	Primers used in a single reaction for multiloci interrogation need to differ significantly in length to avoid overlap between the final SNaPshot products. To analyze the final products successfully and robustly, a 5th dye-labeled internal size standard specifically designed for small fragments should be used. The GeneScan [™] -120 LIZ [™] size standard has been designed specifically for use with the SNaPshot Muiltiplex Kit.
Data Collection Software and/or	One of the following Data Collection Software and/or GeneScan Run Modules is required:
GeneScan Run	310 Genetic Analyzer:
Module Required	♦ 310 Data Collection version 2.1
	♦ GS STR POP4 (1 mL) E5
	3100 Genetic Analyzer:
	♦ 3100 Data Collection version 1.0
	 SNP36_POP4 default module
	3700 DNA Analyzer:
	 3700 Data Collection version 1.1 (enabled with 3700 Data Collection 5-Dye Update File P/N 4324208)

- ♦ SNP1_1POP5

Materials The following materials are required but not included:		
Included	Item	Source
Included	One of the following instruments with 5-dye capability:	Applied Biosystems
	♦ ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer	
	 ABI PRISM 3100 Genetic Analyzer with POP-4 polymer and 36-cm array 	
	 ABI PRISM 3700 DNA Analyzers with POP-5 polymer and 50-cm array. 	
	GeneAmp® PCR System 9600 thermal cycler with appropriate tubes or plate, and caps	
	GeneScan® software v. 3.1 or higher	
	Matrix Standard Set DS-02 [dR110, dRGG, dTAMRA [™] , dROX [™] , LIZ [™]]	Applied Biosystems
	310	4323050
	3100	4323014
	3700	4323785
	GeneScan [™] -120 LIZ [™] size standard	4324211
	Hi-Di™ formamide, 25-mL bottle	Applied Biosystems (P/N 4311320)
	1X TE, pH 7.0	Major laboratory supplier (MLS)
	Centrifuge with 96-well plate adapter	MLS
	Deionized water	MLS
	Disposable gloves	MLS
	Pipette tips, aerosol resistant	MLS
	Shrimp Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP)	USB Corporation
		(P/N 70092X, 5000 Units)
		(P/N 70092Z, 1000 Units)
	or	(P/N 70092Y, 500 Units)
	Calf Intestinal Phosphatase (CIP)	New England BioLabs
		(P/N 290L, 5000 Units)
		(P/N 290S, 1000 Units)

The following materials are required but not included: (continued)

Item	Source
Exol	USB Corporation
or	(Exonuclease I, P/N 70073Z)
PCR Clean Up Kit	Roche Molecular Biochemicals
or	(P/N 1696513, 100 reactions)
High Pure™ PCR Product Purification Kit	Roche Molecular Biochemicals (P/N 1732668, 50 reactions)
	(P/N 1732676, 250 reactions)

Safety

Documentation User Attention Words	Five user attention words appear in the text of all Applied Biosystems user documentation. Each word implies a particular level of observation or action as described below.		
	Note Calls attention to useful information.		
	IMPORTANT Indicates information that is necessary for proper instrument operation.		
	ACAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.		
	A WARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.		
	ADANGER Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations.		

Warning

Chemical Hazard A WARNING CHEMICAL HAZARD. Some of the chemicals used with Applied Biosystems instruments and protocols are potentially hazardous and can cause injury, illness, or death.

- Read and understand the material safety data sheets (MSDSs) ٠ provided by the chemical manufacturer before you store, handle, or work with any chemicals or hazardous materials.
- Minimize contact with and inhalation of chemicals. Wear ٠ appropriate personal protective equipment when handling chemicals (e.g., safety glasses, gloves, or protective clothing). For additional safety guidelines, consult the MSDS.
- Do not leave chemical containers open. Use only with adequate ٠ ventilation.
- Check regularly for chemical leaks or spills. If a leak or spill occurs, ٠ follow the manufacturer's cleanup procedures as recommended on the MSDS.
- Comply with all local, state/provincial, or national laws and ٠ regulations related to chemical storage, handling, and disposal.

and Safety Guide

Site Preparation A site preparation and safety guide is a separate document sent to all customers who have purchased an Applied Biosystems instrument. Refer to the guide written for your instrument for information on site preparation, instrument safety, chemical safety, and waste profiles.

Ordering MSDSs You can order free additional copies of MSDSs for chemicals manufactured or distributed by Applied Biosystems using the contact information below.

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Over the Internet	a. Go to our Web site at www.appliedbiosystems.com/techsupp.		
	D. CIICK MSDSS.		
	If you have	Then	
	The MSDS document number or the Docum on Demand index nun	t Enter one of these nent numbers in the mber appropriate field on this page	
	The product part num	ber Select Click Here, then	
	Keyword(s) keyword(s) in the field this page.		
	c. You can open and do Acrobat Reader) of t can choose to have t email.	ownload a PDF (using Adobe [®] the document by selecting it, or you the document sent to you by fax or	
By automated telephone service	Use "Documents on Demand" under "Technical Support."		
By telephone in the United States	Dial 1-800-327-3002, then press 1 .		
By telephone from Canada	To order in	Dial 1-800-668-6913 and	
	English	Press 1, then 2, then 1 again	
	French	Press 2, then 2, then 1	
By telephone from any other country	See "Regional Offices Sales and Service" under "Technical Support."		

Overview of the Procedure



Preparing Your PCR Template for Primer Extension

Purpose	This section describes how to prepare your PCR product te before primer extension.	mplate
About the Templates	There are two kinds of templates that you can use in primer reactions:	^r extension
-	 Plasmid templates 	
	PCR products	
	While plasmid templates do not require cleanup before primextension, PCR product templates must be purified.	ıer
	Depending on the specific template, 0.01 to 0.40 pmol of th should be used in the SNaPshot reactions.	e template
Methods for Preparing PCR Templates	After PCR amplification, the resulting template is in solution primers, dNTPs, and enzyme and buffer components. To av participation in the subsequent primer-extension reaction, p unincorporated dNTPs must be removed.	, along with oid rimers and
	We recommend the following methods for purifying PCR pro	oducts:
	Tonic	See Page

lopic e Page PCR Purification Kits 10 SAP and Exo I Treatment 11

PCR Purification High Pure™ PCR Product Purification (P/N 1732668, 50 reactions, Kits 1732676, 250 reactions) or PCR Clean Up Kits (P/N 1696513, 100 reactions) can be purchased from Roche Molecular Biochemicals. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for the procedure.

SAP and *Exo* I To treat PCR products using SAP and *Exo* I:

Treatment

Step	Action
1	Add the following to 15 µL of PCR product:
	♦ 5 units of SAP
	◆ 2 unit of <i>Exo</i> I
	Use the following guidelines for enzyme treatment:
	 Reaction volume can be adjusted up or down. PCR products can be from a single PCR reaction or multiple PCR reactions. We recommend that you purify individual PCR products and combine the purified products in the next step.
	◆ To ensure a low background, we strongly recommend that the relative ratio of PCR product, SAP, and Exo I be kept constant, <i>i.e.</i> , 5 units of SAP and 2 units of Exo I for every 15 µL of PCR product.
	 Because of the high glycerol concentration in undiluted SAP and Exo I, add each enzyme into the PCR mixture one at a time.
	 Exo I can be freshly diluted in a buffer containing 80 mM Tris-HCl (pH = 9.05) and 2 mM MgCl₂. Do not store diluted Exo I.
2	Mix thoroughly and incubate at 37 °C for 1 hour.
	Note Because of the high glycerol concentration in undiluted SAP and <i>Exo</i> I, vortex briefly to mix.
3	Incubate at 75 °C for 15 minutes to inactivate the enzymes.
4	Keep on ice or at 4 °C.
	For longer storage, store at –20 $^{\circ}$ C.

Preparing the Control Reactions

About the Control Included in each kit are a Multiplex Control Primer Mix tube containing six distinct primers and a Multiplex Control Template tube containing an amplicon from CEPH DNA.

Multiplex Control Primer Mix	Length of Final Products (nt)	Signal Color	Heterozygosity
20A primer	21	Green	Homozygote
28G/A primer	29	Blue/green	Heterozygote
36G primer	37	Blue	Homozygote
44T primer	45	Red	Homozygote
52C/T primer	53	Black/red	Heterozygote
60C primer	61	Black	Homozygote

The control primers are listed in the table below.

Note Due to the influence of the dye on the mobility shift of the DNA fragments, the reported sizes will differ by a few bases from the actual sizes. This is particularly true with the shorter fragments as the relative contribution of the dye is greater.



Control Reactions

Preparing the To prepare the control reactions:

Step Action 1 Label two 0.2-mL MicroAmp® tubes, one for the positive control reaction and one for the negative control reaction. 2 Thaw the SNaPshot Multiplex Ready Reaction Mix, Control Template, and Control Reaction Primer Mix on ice. Prepare the following reaction mix on ice: Positive Negative Control Control Item (µL) (µL) SNaPshot Multiplex Ready 5 5 **Reaction Mix** SNaPshot Multiplex Control 2 0 Template SNaPshot Multiplex Control 1 1 Primer Mix Deionized water 2 4 Total 10 10 3 Mix and spin briefly. **Note** Keep the SNaPshot mixture on ice before putting it into the thermal cycler. Leaving the mixture at ambient temperature for 20 minutes or longer may result in a higher background. Proceed to "Thermal Cycling and Post-Extension Treatment" on 4 page 16.

Preparing Your Sample Reactions

Overview	This section describes how you set up multiplex SNaPshot reactions using your templates and primers.
SNaPshot Primer Design	See "SNaPshot Primer Design and Evaluation Recommendations" on page 29 for recommendations on designing and evaluating primers.
Pooling PCR Amplified SNaPshot	If you have multiple purified PCR amplified samples to run in a single SNaPshot reaction, mix equal volumes (<i>e.g.</i> , $2 \mu L$ each) of these products in a tube and place the tube on ice.
Templates	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
	Note For a description of how to convert nanograms per microliter to picomoles per microliter, refer to Appendix B on page 31.
Pooling SNaPshot Primers	All the primers to be used in a single SNaPshot reaction should be premixed to give a final concentration of 0.2 μ M for each primer. Place the primer mixture on ice.
	Note SNaPshot Multiplex Ready Mix has been designed to exhaust all primers in the reaction. The recommended starting concentration for each primer is 0.2 μ M. If a particular primer has a consistently low or high signal, increase or decrease the concentration of that primer. Successful results have been obtained using primers with concentrations that range between 0.05 μ M and 1 μ M in a six-primer mixture. Adjusting the template concentration is usually not required.

Sample Reaction

Setting Up Your To set up your sample reaction:

Step	Action		
1	Thaw the SNaPshot Multiplex Ready Reaction Mix on ice.		
	 Note Adjust the volume of deionized water to accommodate any changes in primer or template volumes. Note Make a master mix if you are running several samples containing common components. 		
	Combine the following:		
	Item	Volume (µL/ Sample)	
	SNaPshot Multiplex Ready Reaction Mix	5	
	Pooled PCR products	3	
	Pooled SNaPshot primers	1	
	Deionized water	1	
	Total	10	
2	Mix thoroughly and spin briefly.		
	Aliquot 10 µL into each MicroAmp tube/well.		
	Note It is important to keep the reaction miputting it into the thermal cycler. Leaving the temperature for 20 minutes or longer may background.	ixture on ice before e mixture at ambient r lead to higher	
3	Proceed to "Thermal Cycling and Post-Exten page 16.	sion Treatment" on	

Thermal Cycling and Post-Extension Treatment

Overview This section describes how to conduct thermal cycling and how to remove unincorporated ddNTPs after thermal cycling.

Thermal Cycling To conduct thermal cycling:

Step	Action	
1	Place the tubes in a GeneAmp 9600 thermal cycler, and set the volume to 10 $\mu L.$	
2	Repeat the following for 25 cycles:	
	 Rapid thermal ramp to 96 °C 	
	♦ 96 °C for 10 seconds	
	 Rapid thermal ramp to 50 °C 	
	♦ 50 °C for 5 seconds	
	 Rapid thermal ramp to 60 °C 	
	♦ 60 °C for 30 seconds	
	Note Thermal cycling takes approximately 1 hour and 10 minutes to complete.	
3	Rapid thermal ramp to 4 $^\circ\text{C},$ and hold until ready for post-extension treatment.	

Treatment

Post-Extension IMPORTANT Left untreated, the unincorporated [F]ddNTPs will co-migrate with the fragment(s) of interest. Removal of the 5' phosphoryl groups by phosphatase treatment alters the migration of the unincorporated [F]ddNTPs and thus prohibits interference.

To conduct post-extension treatment:

Step	Action		
1	Add one of the following to the reaction mixture, mix thoroughly, and incubate at 37 °C for 1 hour.		
	Note Because of the high glycerol concentration in the undiluted SAP, vortex briefly to mix.		
	 1.0 Unit of Shrimp Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) 		
	or		
	 1.0 Unit of Calf Intestinal Phosphatase (CIP) 		

To conduct post-extension treatment: (continued)

Step	Action		
2	Deactivate the enzyme by incubating at 75 °C for 15 minutes.		
3	Samples may be placed at 4 °C for up to 24 hours prior to electrophoresis on the 310/3100/3700 systems.		
	For storage longer than 24 hours, store the samples at –20 $^\circ$ C.		
4	If you are running an	Then proceed to	
	ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer	"Electrophoresis on the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer" on page 18.	
	ABI PRISM 3100 Genetic Analyzer	"Electrophoresis on the ABI PRISM 3100 Genetic Analyzer" on page 22.	
	ABI PRISM 3700 DNA Analyzer	"Electrophoresis on the ABI PRISM 3700 DNA Analyzer" on page 24.	
		·	

Electrophoresis on the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer

This section describes electrophoresis of SNaPshot products on the Overview ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer using the 310 Data Collection version 2.1.

> Note For more information about using the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer, refer to the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual (P/N 903565).

The Polymer The SNaPshot kits may be used with:

POP-4[™] polymer, in conjunction with GS POP-4 (1mL) E5 module

A CAUTION CHEMICAL HAZARD. POP-4 polymer may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Please read the MSDS, and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves. Use for research and development purposes only.

Module **Parameters**

GeneScan E5 Run The GeneScan E5 Run Module encodes the following parameters on the 310 instrument:

	Control Module
Parameter	GS POP-4 (1mL) E5
Injection time	5 seconds
Electrophoresis voltage	15 kV
Collection time	24 minutes
EP voltage	15 kV
Heat plate temperature	0° C
Syringe pump time	150 seconds
Preinjection EP	120 seconds

Adjusting the Run Time

Depending upon primer length, the peaks of interest may appear well before the run ends. For this reason, you may want to shorten the collection time.

Adjusting the Injection Time for Signal Variability

If increased or decreased signal is routinely observed, you may want to decrease or increase injection times, respectively. For a description of

how to adjust the injection time on the 310 Genetic Analyzer, refer to the
ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual (P/N 903565).Running Matrix
StandardsIf you are running the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit reactions for
the first time, you will need a Matrix Standard Set DS-02 [dR110,
dRGG, dTAMRA, dROX, LIZ] for the 310 Genetic Analyzer system. Run
the ABI PRISM DS-02 Matrix Standards Kit (P/N 4323050), along with
the other control and sample reactions.Refer to the DS-02 Matrix Standards Kit product insert for directions on

how to prepare the DS-02 matrix standards.

Preparing Samples	Follow the instructions below if you are using an ABI PRISM 310 Genetic
	Analyzer to run your samples.

To prepare samples for the 310 Genetic Analyzer:

Step	Action	
1	Thaw Hi-Di formamide, SNaPshot products, and the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard. Vortex to mix and spin briefly.	
	A WARNING CHEMICAL HAZARD. Formamide is harmful if absorbed through the skin and may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. It may cause damage to the central nervous system and the male and female reproductive systems, and is a possible birth defect hazard. Please read the MSDS, and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves.	
2	Add 9 µL of Hi-Di formamide into each tube.	
3	Add 0.5 μL of the SNaPshot product and 0.5 μL GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard into each tube.	
	Note Total volume for injection is 10 µL	
	Note Dilute the control reaction 1:2. Mix 0.5 μ L of the diluted products with 0.5 μ L of GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard.	
	Note If you want to use volumes greater than 0.5 μ L, the following mixing steps are suggested:	
	a. Dilute 2 μ L of SNaPshot product in 6 μ L of Hi-Di formamide	
	 b. Dilute 2 μL of GeneScan-120 LIZ in 6 μL of Hi-Di formamide (enough for 4 samples) 	
	c. Mix:	
	 – 2 µL of diluted SNaPshot product 	
	 – 2 µL of diluted GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard 	
	 – 6 μL of Hi-Di formamide 	
4	Vortex briefly and quick spin.	
5	Denature the samples by placing them at 95 °C for 5 minutes.	
6	Place the samples on ice or at 4 °C until you are ready to load them on the 310 Genetic Analyzer.	
7	Quick spin or tap the tubes or plates to bring liquid to the bottom of the tubes.	

To prepare samples for the 310 Genetic Analyzer: (continued)

Step	Action		
8	Refer to the <i>ABI PRISM 310 User's Manual</i> for specific directions on the following:		
	a. Verify that you have chosen GeneScan Run Module E5.		
	b. Confirm the injection time.		
	 c. Verify that you have selected the DS-02 GeneScan Matrix Set for the 310 Genetic Analyzer system. 		
	 d. Verify that you have selected the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard analysis parameter for automatic data analysis. 		
	Note To set up the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard automatic analysis, refer to the instructions in the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard product insert.		

Electrophoresis on the ABI PRISM 3100 Genetic Analyzer

Setting Up the Before any run, make sure that the 3100 Genetic Analyzer is set up with Analyzer a 36-cm capillary array and POP-4 polymer.

Running Matrix If you are running the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit reactions for Standards the first time, you will need a Matrix Standard Set DS-02 [dR110. dRGG, dTAMRA, dROX, LIZ] for the 3100 Genetic Analyzer (P/N 4323014).

> Refer to the DS-02 Matrix Standards Kit product insert for directions on how to prepare the DS-02 matrix standards.

Samples

Preparing the To prepare samples for the 3100 Genetic Analyzer:

Step	Action				
1	Thaw Hi-Di formamide, SNaPshot products, and the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard. Vortex to mix and spin briefly.				
	A WARNING CHEMICAL HAZARD. Formamide is harmful if absorbed through the skin and may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. It may cause damage to the central nervous system and the male and female reproductive systems, and is a possible birth defect hazard. Please read the MSDS, and follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective evewear, clothing, and gloves.				
2	Add 9 µL of Hi-Di formamide to each well.				
3	Add 0.5 μ L of the SNaPshot products and 0.5 μ L of GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard into each well and seal the plates.				
	Note Total volume for injection is 10 µL.				
	Note If you want to use volumes greater than 0.5 µL, the following mixing steps are suggested:				
	a. Dilute 2 μ L of SNaPshot product in 6 μ L of Hi-Di formamide.				
	b. Dilute 2 μ L of GS120 in 6 μ L of Hi-Di formamide (enough for four samples).				
	c. Mix:				
	 – 2 µL of diluted SNaPshot product 				
	 – 2 µL of diluted GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard 				
	 – 6 µL of Hi-Di formamide 				

To prepare samples for the 3100 Genetic Analyzer: (continued)

Step	Action			
4	Vortex briefly and spin briefly.			
5	Denature the samples by placing them at 95 °C for 5 minutes.			
6 Place the samples on ice or at 4 °C until you are ready to load the analyzer.				

GeneScan Run Parameters

Step	Action	
1	In the New Plate setup, select Dye Set E5 and SNP36_POP4 default module.	
2 Start the run.		
	Note To set up the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard automatic analysis, refer to the instructions in the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard product insert.	

Electrophoresis on the ABI PRISM 3700 DNA Analyzer

- Setting Up the Before any run, make sure that the 3700 DNA Analyzer is set up with a 50-cm capillary array and POP-5 polymer. Analyzer
- Running Matrix If you are running the ABI PRISM SNaPshot Multiplex Kit reactions for Standards the first time, you will need a Matrix Standard Set DS-02 for the 3700 DNA Analyzer (P/N 4323785).

Refer to the DS-02 Matrix Standards Kit product insert for directions on how to prepare the DS-02 matrix standards.

Samples

Preparing the To prepare samples for the 3700 DNA Analyzer:

	Action					
Step	Action					
1	Thaw Hi-Di formamide, SNaPshot products, and the					
	GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard. Vortex to mix and spin briefly.					
	A WARNING CHEMICAL HAZARD. Formamide is harmful if					
	absorbed through the skin and may cause irritation to the eyes,					
	nervous system and the male and female reproductive systems.					
	and is a possible birth defect hazard. Please read the MSDS, and					
	follow the handling instructions. Wear appropriate protective					
	eyewear, clothing, and gloves.					
2	Add 9 µL of Hi-Di formamide to each well.					
3	Add 0.5 μ L of SNaPshot products and 0.5 μ L of GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard to each well, and seal the plates.					
	Note Total volume for injection is 10 µL.					
	Note If you want to use volumes greater than 0.5μ L, the following mixing steps are suggested:					
	a. Dilute 2 μ L of SNaPshot product in 6 μ L of Hi-Di formamide.					
	 b. Dilute 2 μL of GeneScan-120 LIZ in 6 μL of Hi-Di formamide (enough for four samples). 					
	c. Mix:					
	 – 2 µL of diluted SNaPshot product 					
	 – 2 μL of diluted GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard 					
	 – 6 μL of Hi-Di formamide 					
4	Vortex briefly and spin briefly.					

To prepare samples for the 3700 DNA Analyzer: (continued)

Step	Action		
5	Denature the samples by placing them at 95 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ for 5 minutes.		
Place the samples on ice or at 4 °C until you are ready to lo analyzer.			

Up	Setting up the GeneScan application:	

Setting Up	Setting up the GeneScan application:			
Parameters	Step	Action		
	1	In the New Plate setup, select Dye Set E5 and SNP1_1POP5 module.		
		Note Data collection time in the default SNP1_1POP5 module is 900 seconds. To ensure that all 9 peaks in GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard are collected, extend the data collection time to 1100 seconds.		
		Note If the signal variation from the left to the right side of the array becomes a concern, try lowering the running voltage to 6 KV. You will also need to extend the data delay time from 900 seconds to 1200 seconds and the data collection time from 900 seconds to 1800 seconds (refer to step 3 for information on modifying the module).		
		Note To set up the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard automatic analysis, refer to the instructions in the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard product insert.		
	2	Start the run.		

Setting up the GeneScan application: (continued)

Step	Action					
3	Use the table below to adjust the signal intensity using the Module Editor .					
	Observation	Possible Cause	Recommended Action			
	Signal varies across the	The run temperature and the run voltage need adjusting	Adjust the run conditions (in the following order):			
	capillary array		a. Lower the temperature to 50 °C			
			b. Lower the run voltage to 6 KV			
			c. Increase the data delay and run times to accommodate the slower run times caused by a. and b. above			
		The cuvette temperature is not optimized	Test in increments of 5 °C through the range 35–50 °C until you identify the temperature that produces the best signal uniformity across the array			

Data Analysis

Overview	This section describes how to perform GeneScan data analysis.
Analyzing Sample Files on the 310 Instrument	Analyze the files using GeneScan Analysis Software version 3.1 and GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard analysis parameter files. For a detailed explanation, refer to the <i>ABI PRISM GeneScan Analysis Software User's Manual</i> (P/N 4303242) and the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard product insert.
Analyzing Sample Files on the 3100 and 3700 Instruments	Analyze the files using GeneScan Analysis Software version 3.5 and GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard analysis parameter files. For a detailed explanation, refer to the <i>ABI PRISM GeneScan Analysis Software User's Manual</i> (P/N 4303242) and the GeneScan-120 LIZ size standard product insert.





Allele Calling Genotyper 3.7 can be used to analyze this data. Please refer to the *Genotyper User's Manual* for more information. Applied Biosystems is constantly developing new software solutions particularly for SNP analysis. Please check our web site.

Appendix A. SNaPshot Primer Design and Evaluation Recommendations

Follow these recommendations for designing and evaluating primers:

- Primers included in a single reaction need to differ significantly in lengths in order to avoid overlap between the final SNaPshot products. A difference of 4–6 nucleotides between primer lengths is recommended as a starting point.
- The length of a primer can be modified by the addition of nonhomologous polynucleotides at the 5' end. Since the recommended annealing temperature for a SNaPshot control primer is 50 °C, the melting temperature for the complementary region between any primer and its corresponding template should be at least 50 °C.
- Poly (dT), poly (dA), poly (dC), and poly (dGACT) are 5' non-homologous tails which are predicted to have minimal secondary structures. They have all been used successfully. Generally the signal patterns are not affected by the kinds of tails that are used. The 5' poly (dT) tails however may interfere with the addition of 3' ddA.
- The mobility of an oligonucleotide in capillary electrophoresis is determined by its size, nucleotide composition, and dye. Thus the effect of nucleotide composition on mobility can be significant when the primer is short. We strongly recommend that primers shorter than 36 nucleotides be tested before being multiplexed to ensure that the final products are spatially resolved when analyzed on the instrument.
- Check primers for possible extendable hairpin structures within each primer and for extendable dimer formation between primers.
- HPLC purification of primers is recommended for oligonucleotides longer than 30 nucleotides. Heterogenous primer mixtures containing mixed molecular weight oligonucleotides may yield undesired products that will confuse analysis.
- Since SNP interrogation using primer extension does not permit any flexibility with respect to the location of the 3⁻ end of the primer, use primers that are complementary to the negative (–) DNA strand if the positive (+) DNA strand is difficult to assay.

- Run a negative control reaction (lacking template DNA) when evaluating a new primer.
- Certain primer/template combinations may require adjusting the annealing temperature or annealing time. Refer to Appendix C on page 32.
- For an illustration of the use of multiplexed primers in a SNP validation application see the following reference:

Lindblad-Toh, K., *et al.* Large -scale discovery and genotyping of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in the mouse. 2000, *Nature Genetics* 24: 381–386.

Appendix B. Converting Nanograms to Picomoles

Step	Action			
1	Measure the absorbance of your sample and multiply by a dilution factor.			
	a. Using a spectrophotometer, measure the DNA sample absorbance at 260 nm (A_{260}). It may be necessary to dilute the sample for an accurate measurement.			
	b. Multiply the A ₂₆₀ by any dilution factor used.			
	For example, if the A_{260} sample reading is 0.060 and the dilution factor is 10, then:			
	$A_{260} = 0.060 \times 10 = 0.600$			
2	Multiply the A_{260} value by 50 µg/mL (50 ng/µL) to obtain nanograms per microliter of double-stranded DNA.			
	For example, if the A ₂₆₀ =0.600, then:			
	0.600 x 50 μg/mL= 30 ng/μL			
	Note 1.0 OD =50 µg/mL of double-stranded DNA			
3	Determine the molecular weight of the PCR product by multiplying the number of base pairs by 650 daltons/base pair.			
	For example, if the oligo is 120 base pairs in length, then:			
	120 x 650 Da/bp = 78,000 Da			
4	Convert nanograms per microliter to picomoles per microliter by			
	a. dividing the molecular weight into 10 ³			
	b. multiplying by the concentration determined in step 2			
	For example:			
	(10 ³ / 78,000 Da) x 30 ng/µL = 0.38 pmol/µL			

Procedure To convert nanograms per microliter (A_{260}) to picomoles per microliter:

Appendix C. Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Low Signal Here are some possible causes of Low Signal

Observation Possible Cause(s)		Recommended Action
Low signal	Insufficient concentration of annealed primer, possibly because of low annealing and extension efficiency.	Increase the primer concentration to 1 pmol per reaction. Combined primer concentrations greater then 4 pmol are not recommended as they may cause ddNTP mis-incorporation.
	Suboptimized thermal cycling conditions Primers annealing to templates occur at a much slower rate than that of ddNTP incorporation by Taq DNA Polymerase at the suggested temperature.	If you consistently observe low signals, try optimizing the annealing temperature and/or the annealing time. The annealing temperature may be the same as the extension temperature.
	Insufficient amplification of template DNA	Measure the absorbance of the DNA template at 260 nm to confirm the DNA concentration in the amplification products. Satisfactory results have been obtained using 0.01 pmol of DNA template per reaction. Note This is a less likely cause of low signal than insufficient concentration of primers.
	Inappropriate injection time.	Increase the injection time.

Troubleshooting Use the following table to troubleshoot extraneous peaks: **Extraneous Peaks**

Causes of Extraneous Peaks



Causes of	extraneous	peaks (continued):
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Observation	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
Extraneous peaks	PCR-amplified templates. Note These products are usually longer than 60 base pairs.	To determine if the peaks are from templates, run a SNaPshot reaction using the templates without SNaPshot primers. Any peaks that appear will be from the PCR amplification of the templates.
		To decrease the amount of these extraneous peaks, try decreasing the amount of <i>Exo</i> I used. If you are using column purification, try a more stringent elution condition to minimize short fragment recovery. Alternatively you can decrease the concentration of templates in the SNaPshot reaction. See Figure 3.
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Figure 3 Electropherogram of SNaPshot products. Two microliters of PCR-amplified templates (undiluted, 1:2 diluted, 1:4 diluted, 1:8 diluted) was used in the SNaPshot reaction with a SNaPshot primer (top panel) or without a SNaPshot primer (bottom panel). Background peaks (green peaks) are the same in samples with or without SNaPshot primers and decrease as the templates become more diluted.

Causes of extraneous peaks (continued);

Observation	Possible Cause	Recommended Action	
Extraneous peaks that resemble	e a Incomplete removal of	Use fresh SAP.	
conventional Sanger sequencir reaction. The peak of interest h significantly reduced amplitude	ng dNTPs from PCR as reactions. This enables dNTPs to participate in the ddNTP extension reaction. Refer to Figure 4.	Use an alternate means of PCR reaction purification such as those listed on page 9 under PCR Purification Kits.	
	GeneScan™ Project-7/8/99 Disp	ay-1	
+ 2400 2600 28	3000 3200	3400 3600 3800	
700_ 600_ 500_ 400_ 300_ 200_ 100_ 0	esulting from the presence of r	esidual dNTPs.	
Extraneous peaks	Primer hairpin	Carefully analyze the primer	
	Primer dimer extension.	 Avoid using primers that are capable of annealing to themselves and leaving a recessed 3⁻ end. 	
		 Use primer analysis software to help identify problems associated with primer design. 	
		 Try designing primers using the complementary DNA strand. 	

TroubleshootingUse the following table to troubleshoot sizing problems.Sizing Problems

Observation	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
The fragment sizes observed are different from the expected sizes	Incorporation of dye greatly effects the mobility of the extension products. Often shorter fragments will appear to be nearly five bases longer than their actual size.	No action required.
The sizes of identical fragments vary between runs or capillaries.	Size standard improperly called due to low-intensity peaks being called instead of the real peaks.	Reanalyze the samples after increasing the minimum peak height value. Make sure that you change the analysis parameter settings used for your analysis (refer to the <i>GeneScan User's</i> <i>Manual</i> for more information).
	Off-scale peaks in the region of a size standard peak is causing that size standard peak to fail to be recognized. Older versions of GeneScan (earlier than GS 3.52) have a size matching algorithm that can cause this problem.	Get the new patch from the Applied Biosystems web site.

Appendix D. Technical Support

Technical Support

Contacting You can contact Applied Biosystems for technical support by telephone or fax, by e-mail, or through the Internet. You can order Applied Biosystems user documents, MSDSs, certificates of analysis, and other related documents 24 hours a day. In addition, you can download documents in PDF format from the Applied Biosystems Web site (please see the section "To Obtain Documents on Demand" following the telephone information below).

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To Contact Contact technical support by e-mail for help in the following product areas:

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Sequence Detection Systems and PCRpcrlab@appliedbiosystems.comProtein Sequencing, Peptide and DNA Synthesiscorelab@appliedbiosystems.comBiochromatography, PerSeptive DNA, PNA and Peptide Synthesis systems, CytoFluor®, FMAT™, Voyager™, and Mariner™ Mass Spectrometerstsupport@appliedbiosystems.comApplied Biosystems/MDS Sciexapi3-support@sciex.comChemiluminescence (Tropix)tropix@appliedbiosystems.com	Genetic Analysis (DNA Sequencing)	galab@appliedbiosystems.com
Protein Sequencing, Peptide and DNA Synthesiscorelab@appliedbiosystems.comBiochromatography, PerSeptive DNA, PNA and Peptide Synthesis systems, CytoFluor®, FMAT™, Voyager™, and Mariner™ Mass Spectrometerstsupport@appliedbiosystems.comApplied Biosystems/MDS Sciexapi3-support@sciex.comChemiluminescence (Tropix)tropix@appliedbiosystems.com	Sequence Detection Systems and PCR	pcrlab@appliedbiosystems.com
Biochromatography, PerSeptive DNA, PNA and Peptide Synthesis systems, CytoFluor®, FMAT™, Voyager™, and Mariner™ Mass Spectrometerstsupport@appliedbiosystems.comApplied Biosystems/MDS Sciexapi3-support@sciex.comChemiluminescence (Tropix)tropix@appliedbiosystems.com	Protein Sequencing, Peptide and DNA Synthesis	corelab@appliedbiosystems.com
Applied Biosystems/MDS Sciexapi3-support@sciex.comChemiluminescence (Tropix)tropix@appliedbiosystems.com	Biochromatography, PerSeptive DNA, PNA and Peptide Synthesis systems, CytoFluor [®] , FMAT [™] , Voyager [™] , and Mariner [™] Mass Spectrometers	tsupport@appliedbiosystems.com
Chemiluminescence (Tropix) tropix@appliedbiosystems.com	Applied Biosystems/MDS Sciex	api3-support@sciex.com
	Chemiluminescence (Tropix)	tropix@appliedbiosystems.com

Hours for Telephone **Technical Support**

In the United States and Canada, technical support is available at the following times:

Product Hours Chemiluminescence 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time Framingham support 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Eastern Time All Other Products 5:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Pacific Time

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To Contact In North America

portTo contact Applied Biosystems Technical Support, use the telephone orne orfax numbers given below. (To open a service call for other supportFaxneeds, or in case of an emergency, dial 1-800-831-6844 and press 1.)

Product or Product Area	Telephone Dial	Fax Dial
ABI PRISM [®] 3700 DNA Analyzer	1-800-831-6844, then press 8	1-650-638-5981
DNA Synthesis	1-800-831-6844 , then press 21	1-650-638-5981
Fluorescent DNA Sequencing	1-800-831-6844 , then press 22	1-650-638-5981
Fluorescent Fragment Analysis (includes GeneScan [®] applications)	1-800-831-6844, then press 23	1-650-638-5981
Integrated Thermal Cyclers (ABI PRISM®877 and Catalyst 800 instruments)	1-800-831-6844, then press 24	1-650-638-5981
ABI PRISM [®] 3100 Genetic Analyzer	1-800-831-6844 , then press 26	1-650-638-5981
BioInformatics (includes BioLIMS [®] , BioMerge [®] , and SQL GT™ applications)	1-800-831-6844, then press 25	1-505-982-7690
Peptide Synthesis (433 and 43X Systems)	1-800-831-6844, then press 31	1-650-638-5981
Protein Sequencing (Procise [®] Protein Sequencing Systems)	1-800-831-6844, then press 32	1-650-638-5981
PCR and Sequence Detection	1-800-762-4001, then press 1 for PCR, 2 for the 7700 or 5700, 6 for the 6700 or dial 1-800-831-6844, then press 5	1-240-453-4613

Product or Product Area	Telephone Dial	Fax Dial
Voyager™ MALDI-TOF Biospectrometry and Mariner™ ESI-TOF Mass Spectrometry Workstations	1-800-899-5858, then press 13	1-508-383-7855
Biochromatography (BioCAD [®] Workstations and Poros [®] Perfusion Chromatography Products)	1-800-899-5858, then press 14	1-508-383-7855
Expedite [™] Nucleic acid Synthesis Systems	1-800-899-5858, then press 15	1-508-383-7855
Peptide Synthesis (Pioneer™ and 9050 Plus Peptide Synthesizers)	1-800-899-5858, then press 15	1-508-383-7855
PNA Custom and Synthesis	1-800-899-5858, then press 15	1-508-383-7855
FMAT [™] 8100 HTS System and CytoFluor [®] 4000 Fluorescence Plate Reader	1-800-899-5858, then press 16	1-508-383-7855
Chemiluminescence (Tropix)	1-800-542-2369 (U.S. only), or 1-781-271-0045	1-781-275-8581
Applied Biosystems/MDS Sciex	1-800-952-4716	1-650-638-6223

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Region	Telephone Dial	Fax Dial
Africa	a and the Middle East	
Africa (English Speaking) and West Asia (Fairlands, South Africa)	27 11 478 0411	27 11 478 0349
South Africa (Johannesburg)	27 11 478 0411	27 11 478 0349
Middle Eastern Countries and North Africa (Monza, Italia)	39 (0)39 8389 481	39 (0)39 8389 493

Region	Telephone Dial	Fax Dial
Eastern Asia, China, Oceania		
Australia (Scoresby, Victoria)	61 3 9730 8600	61 3 9730 8799
China (Beijing)	86 10 64106608	86 10 64106617
Hong Kong	852 2756 6928	852 2756 6968
Korea (Seoul)	82 2 593 6470/6471	82 2 593 6472
Malaysia (Petaling Jaya)	60 3 758 8268	60 3 754 9043
Singapore	65 896 2168	65 896 2147
Taiwan (Taipei Hsien)	886 2 2358 2838	886 2 2358 2839
Thailand (Bangkok)	66 2 719 6405	66 2 319 9788
	Europe	
Austria (Wien)	43 (0)1 867 35 75 0	43 (0)1 867 35 75 11
Belgium	32 (0)2 712 5555	32 (0)2 712 5516
Czech Republic and Slovakia (Praha)	420 2 61 222 164	420 2 61 222 168
Denmark (Naerum)	45 45 58 60 00	45 45 58 60 01
Finland (Espoo)	358 (0)9 251 24 250	358 (0)9 251 24 243
France (Paris)	33 (0)1 69 59 85 85	33 (0)1 69 59 85 00
Germany (Weiterstadt)	49 (0) 6150 101 0	49 (0) 6150 101 101
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Italy (Milano)	39 (0)39 83891	39 (0)39 838 9492
Norway (Oslo)	47 23 12 06 05	47 23 12 05 75
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Russia (Moskva)	7 095 935 8888	7 095 564 8787
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All other countries not listed (Warrington, UK)	44 (0)1925 282481	44 (0)1925 282509
Japan		
Japan (Hacchobori, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo)	81 3 5566 6006	81 3 5566 6505
Latin America		
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Through the Internet

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http://www.appliedbiosystems.com/techsupp

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Step	Action
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2	Under the Troubleshooting heading, click Support Request Forms , then select the relevant support region for the product area of interest.
3	Enter the requested information and your question in the displayed form, then click Ask Us RIGHT NOW (blue button with yellow text).
4	Enter the required information in the next form (if you have not already done so), then click Ask Us RIGHT NOW .
	You will receive an e-mail reply to your question from one of our technical experts within 24 to 48 hours.

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by phone for fax delivery	a. From the U.S. or Canada, call 1-800-487-6809, or from outside the U.S. and Canada, call 1-858-712-0317 .
	 Follow the voice instructions to order the documents you want.
	Note There is a limit of five documents per request.
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delivery	 b. Under Resource Libraries, click the type of document you want.
	 c. Enter or select the requested information in the displayed form, then click Search.
	 d. In the displayed search results, select a check box for the method of delivery for each document that matches your criteria, then click Deliver Selected Documents Now (or click the PDF icon for the document to download it immediately).
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