Evaluation of a New Multiplex PCR Assay for Detection of STEC from Beef Meat Samples

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INTRODUCTION

Shiga toxin-producing Eschericia coli (STEC) are a group of pathogenic organisms that may cause severe disease including hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS). STEC outbreaks have been linked to a number of food sources including beef and vegetables.

The Thermo Scientific[™] SureTect[™] STEC PCR Assay (candidate method) detects multiplex genetic targets for O157:H7 and other STEC from food and environmental samples. The SureTect STEC PCR Assay kit comprises two multiplex reactions for the simultaneous detection of the following targets:

- Screening Assay: O157:H7, stx, eae
- Identification Assay: O26, O103, O111, O145, O45, O121

This study evaluated the performance of the SureTect STEC PCR Assay (candidate method) for the detection of STEC from beef meats vs. the ISO 13136:2012 reference method¹.

METHODS

Three categories of beef meat samples (raw, seasoned and frozen) were divided into 25 g portions and artificially contaminated with a range STEC isolates from different serogroups (Table 1). The samples were then tested using the candidate method workflow (Figure 1) and associated instrumentation (Figure 2). A replicate set of samples was tested according to the ISO reference method.

Beef Matrix Type	Spiked (N)	Spike Level (CFU)	Unspiked (N)
Raw	7	0.4 - 3.6	7
Seasoned	7	0.4 – 2.2	4
Frozen	7	1.8 – 3.0	7

Post enrichment, all candidate method samples were tested and streaked onto isolation agars for confirmation including; Thermo Scientific[™] Oxoid[™] Chromogenic Coliform Agar and Thermo Scientific[™] Oxoid[™] TBX Medium.

In cases where plating direct from enrichment broth was unsuccessful, a purification step using serogroup-specific Dynabeads and Immunomagnetic separation (IMS) was used before plating.





Unpaired Study Key:

Positive Agreement = Candidate Method Positive, Reference Method Positive Positive Deviation = Candidate Method Positive, Reference Method Negative

This information is not intended to encourage use of these products in any manner that might infringe the intellectual property rights of others.

LT 2477A July 2019

Negative Agreement = Candidate Method Negative, Reference Method Negative Negative Deviation = Candidate Method Negative, Reference Method Positive

